a performative sense as in "[henceforth,] such and such will be the case" or "[henceforth,] such and such will be done."

K. PREPARATIVE

The expression of a state of preparedness for an action is represented by the use of the auxiliary verb [%5] taking its verb in the simple infinitive.

L. INDIRECT INTERROGATIVE

The expression of a questioning doubt or of rhetorically questioning something presumed to be contrary to facts is indicated in some texts by the use of the archaic indirect interrogative marker, \P^{F} ("is something *really* the case?"), sometimes in the subjunctive construction \P^{F} ("if something were *really* the case, …").

M. ABILITATIVE

The expression of the capacity for an action or status is represented by the use of the auxiliary verb ᠳᠭᠭᠯ, sometimes in conjunction with an adverb such as ਵਿੱ ਫ਼ਰੋਨ, ਕਰੈ ਫ਼ਰੋਨ, etc.

N. COMBINATIONS OF AUXILIARIES

Finally, it should be noted that a number of combinations of auxiliaries are possible. For example, the honorific passive imperative ($verb + \stackrel{\neg \neg \neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow})$) can be combined with the future causative ($verb + \stackrel{\neg \neg \neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow})$) to form an honorific passive future causative imperative ($verb + \stackrel{\neg \neg \neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow})$). Other such combinations, as well, are possible: an emphatic reflexive causative with Class V and VI verbs ($verb + \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow})$), an honorific reflexive causative imperative ($verb + \stackrel{\neg \neg \neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\neg}{\rightarrow})$), etc.