র্ষা সূম্মা Having been suddenly struck by a weapon, rock, stick, etc., [it] was swollen.

• শ্ব্র্যান্ত্র নির্দ্র ক্রান্ত্র নির্দ্র ক্রান্ত্র নির্দ্র ক্রান্ত্র নির্দ্র ক্রান্ত্র ক্রান্ত ক্

気と、11/ 気とが 気と。

to be bereft (of); to be devoid (of); to become destitute; to be lacking (in); to be impoverished ∘ (vi-\ghat): {MSA} vighāta; vighāti; {BSS} vighātasya ь র্ক্রমানা বিদার্শ্বিদর श्चैत.त.धु.क्र्य.ग्रीय.स्ट्य.तर.पर्वेर.पपु.जय. The obstructions—which are a hostility toward the Dharma-are actions that cause one to be bereft of the Dharma. {MSA-B} • ক্ল্ त्योत्यः ह्य र्क्षन् स्यान्त्र विष्यः चन्न-चन्ना चःश्लन्-चत्रेःकन्-स-स्मा-धःचम्मा-धः त्रियः वृषाः श्रा.पाप्पः चेरः चृषाः स्र्रात्रः ग्रायाः 別 [You] clearly [display your intellectual] poverty by saying "[Only] conventional valid cognition refutes permanence," when [you] explain the [passage in Dharmakīrti's] Commentary, "Valid cognition is not a permanent existent." • বরি বেশ র্বার্মার [Those who are] bereft of happiness, ... {BCA} AUX.:

র্মন্ত্রা ofut. to be destitute; to

be bereft (of) □ {SPP} vyasana ▷ 전투자'지지' 리팅지'전치'대체''' An action that will lead to being destitute ... • 문'워지'표지'전치'전투자' 대통기 How does a bodhisattva avoid becoming bereft of the Dharma? {SPP}

त्र्य II श्वम श्वम श्वम

to be rich; to have an abundance (of)

AUX.:

ধুনা'নম'ন্থাম'। ° pt. to become wealthy > ধ্বুনা' ধম'ন্থাম'নমি'ম্বা'টোম'মেবা''' Since [he] was a son who had become wealthy, ...

छेत्। IV छेता छेता

AUX.:

월두'(고ŋ末| ° fut. to be separable ° {SPP} abhedata > 최: 희물국'다'두미'왕희'코씨'국| |미앤피' 대학 '국회자'충' 최'월두'(고ŋ자| When one has brought together the disagreeable, then [one's] entourage will be inseparable. (SPP) 월두'두편제! ° deon. to distinguish

द्वियाया III द्वेचया द्वेचया

to turn (to); to face; to be faced (with); to be inclined (toward); to be oriented (toward)

• {ADV} abhimukha » ম্বান্ত বান্ত্র বিশ্বাসা