JEE Main 2020 Paper - 4th September 2020 — Shift 1 (Maths)

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QUESTIONS 1-15

- 1) Let y = y(x) be the solution of the differential equation, $xy' - y = x^2(x\cos x + \sin x), x > 0$. If $y(\pi) = \pi$, then $y''(\frac{\pi}{2}) + y(\frac{\pi}{2})$ is equal to
 - a) $2 + \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi^2}{4}$ b) $2 + \frac{\pi}{2}$

 - c) $1 + \frac{\pi}{2}$ d) $1 + \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi^2}{4}$
- 2) The value of $\sum_{r=0}^{20} {}^{50-r}C_6$ is equal to:
 - a) ${}^{51}C_7 {}^{30}C_7$
 - b) ${}^{51}C_7 + {}^{30}C_7$
 - c) ${}^{50}C_7 {}^{30}C_7$
 - d) ${}^{50}C_6 {}^{30}C_6$
- 3) Let $\lfloor t \rfloor$ denote the greatest integer $\leq t$. Then the equation in x,[x]² + 2[x + 2] – 7 = 0 has:
 - a) exactly four integral solutions
 - b) infinitely many solutions
 - c) no integral solution
 - d) exactly two solutions
- 4) Let P(3,3) be a point on the hyperbola, $\frac{x^2}{a^2}$ $\frac{y^2}{h^2}$ = 1. If the normal to it at **P** intersects the x-axis at (9,0) and e is its eccentricity, then the ordered pair (a^2, e^2) is equal to:

 - b) $(\frac{9}{2}, 2)$
- 5) Let $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ (a > b) be a given ellipse, the length of whose latus rectum is 10. If its eccentricity is the maximum value of the function, $\phi(t) = \frac{5}{12} + t - t^2$, then $a^2 + b^2$ is equal
 - a) 135
 - b) 116
 - c) 126
 - d) 145
- 6) Let $f(x) = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^2} dx$. Then f(3) f(1) is equal

- a) $-\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ c) $-\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ d) $\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

- 7) If $1 + (1 2^2 \cdot 1) + (1 4^2 \cdot 3) + (1 6^2 \cdot 5) +$ $\cdots + (1 - 20^2 \cdot 19) = \alpha - 220\beta$, then an ordered pair (α, β) is equal to:
 - a) (10, 97)
 - b) (11, 103)
 - c) (11, 97)
 - d) (10, 103)
- 8) The integral $\int \left(\frac{x}{x \sin x + \cos x}\right)^2 dx$ is equal to (where C is a constant of integration):

 - a) $\tan x \frac{x \sec x}{x \sin x + \cos x} + C$ b) $\sec x + \frac{x \tan x}{x \sin x + \cos x} + C$
 - c) $\sec x \frac{x \sin x + \cos x}{x \sin x + \cos x} + C$ d) $\tan x + \frac{x \sec x}{x \sin x + \cos x} + C$
- 9) Let f(x) = |x-2| and $g(x) = f(f(x)), x \in [0, 4]$. Then $\int_0^3 (g(x) - f(x)) dx$ is equal to:
 - a) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - b) 0
 - c) 1
 - d) $\frac{3}{2}$
- 10) Let x_0 be the point of local maxima of f(x) = $a \cdot (b \times c)$, where $a = x\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}, b = -2\hat{i} + 2\hat{k}$ $x\hat{j} - \hat{k}$, and $c = 7\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + x\hat{k}$. Then the value of $a \cdot b + b \cdot c + c \cdot a$ at $x = x_0$ is:
 - a) -22
 - b) -4
 - c) -30
 - d) 14
- 11) A triangle ABC lying in the first quadrant has two vertices as A(1,2) and B(3,1). If $\angle BAC =$ 90°, and ar($\triangle ABC$) is $5\sqrt{5}$, then the abscissa of the vertex C is:
 - a) $1 + \sqrt{5}$
 - b) $1 + 2\sqrt{5}$

- c) $2\sqrt{5} 1$
- d) $2 + \sqrt{5}$
- 12) Let f be a twice differentiable function on (1,6). If f(2) = 8, f'(2) = 5, $f'(x) \ge 1$ and $f''(x) \ge 4$, for all $x \in [1, 6]$, then:
 - a) $f(5) + f'(5) \ge 28$
 - b) $f'(5) + f''(5) \le 20$
 - c) $f(5) \le 10$
 - d) $f(5) + f'(5) \le 26$
- 13) Let α and β be the roots of $x^2 3x + p = 0$ and γ and δ be the roots of $x^2 - 6x + q = 0$. If $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$ form a geometric progression. Then ratio (2q + p) : (2q - p) is:
 - a) 33:31
 - b) 9:7
 - c) 3:1
 - d) 5:3
- 14) Let $u = \frac{2z+i}{z-ki}$, z = x + iy and k > 0. If the curve represented by Re(u) + Im(u) = 1 intersects the y-axis at the points P and Q where PQ=5, then the value of k is:
 - a) 4

 - b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c) 2 d) $\frac{3}{2}$
- 15) If $A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & i \sin \theta \\ i \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$, $(\theta = \frac{\pi}{24})$ and $A^5 = \frac{\pi}{24}$
 - $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$, where $i = \sqrt{-1}$, then which one of the following is not true?
 - a) $a^2 d^2 = 0$
 - b) $a^2 c^2 = 1$
 - c) $0 \le a^2 + b^2 \le 1$ d) $a^2 b^2 = \frac{1}{2}$