Experiment No. 8	
Implement Text Similarity Recognizer for the chosen	text
documents.	
Date of Performance:	
Date of Submission:	



## Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

### Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Aim: Implement Text Similarity Recognizer for the chosen text documents.

**Objective:** Understand the importance of Implementing Text Similarity Recognizer for the chosen text documents.

#### Theory:

#### 1. Preprocess the Text Data:

- Tokenization
- Stopwords removal
- Lemmatization or stemming

#### 2. Feature Extraction:

- TF-IDF Vectorization
- Word Embeddings (e.g., Word2Vec, GloVe)
- Sentence Embeddings (e.g., Sentence-BERT)

#### 3. Compute Similarity:

- o Cosine Similarity
- o Euclidean Distance

#### 4. Evaluate Similarity:

• Compare and interpret the similarity scores.

#### Code:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
# Define two sentences to compare
sentenceOne = 'My house is empty today'
sentenceTwo = 'Nobody is at my home'
documents = [sentenceOne, sentenceTwo]
# Initialize the TF-IDF Vectorizer
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer()
# Fit and transform the documents to get the TF-IDF matrix
sparseMatrix = tfidf.fit transform(documents)
# Convert the sparse matrix to a dense matrix
docTermMatrix = sparseMatrix.todense()
# Create a DataFrame to visualize the TF-IDF matrix
df = pd.DataFrame(
  docTermMatrix,
  columns=tfidf.get_feature_names_out(),
  index=['sentenceOne', 'sentenceTwo']
)
# Calculate the cosine similarity between the two sentences
simScore = cosine_similarity(df, df)[0, 1]
# Identify the words that appear in both sentences (non-zero entries)
match keys = df.isin([0]).sum(axis=0) # Sum of zeros in the columns
match_words = match_keys[match_keys.values == 0].keys() # Words with no zeros in both
sentences
# Print results
print(f'Cosine Similarity: {round(simScore, 2)}')
print(f'Matching Words: {list(match_words)}')
```



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#### Output:

(venv) PS D:\Vartak college\sem 7\NLP\EXP\New folder> python .\exp8.py

Cosine Similarity: 0.25 Matching Words: ['is', 'my']

**Conclusion**: Implementing a Text Similarity Recognizer involves several crucial steps: preprocessing the text data, extracting meaningful features, computing similarity measures, and interpreting the results. In this example, we utilized TF-IDF Vectorization for feature extraction and Cosine Similarity for computing similarity between text documents.