



### Experiment No. 3

**Aim:** To study and Implement Platform as a Service using AWS Elastic Beanstalk.

**Objective:** Understand the concept of PaaS and implement using Own Cloud which gives universal access to files through a web interface.

#### Theory:

Platform as a Service (PaaS) is a complete cloud environment that includes everything developers need to build, run, and manage applications—from servers and operating systems to all the networking, storage, middleware, tools, and more.

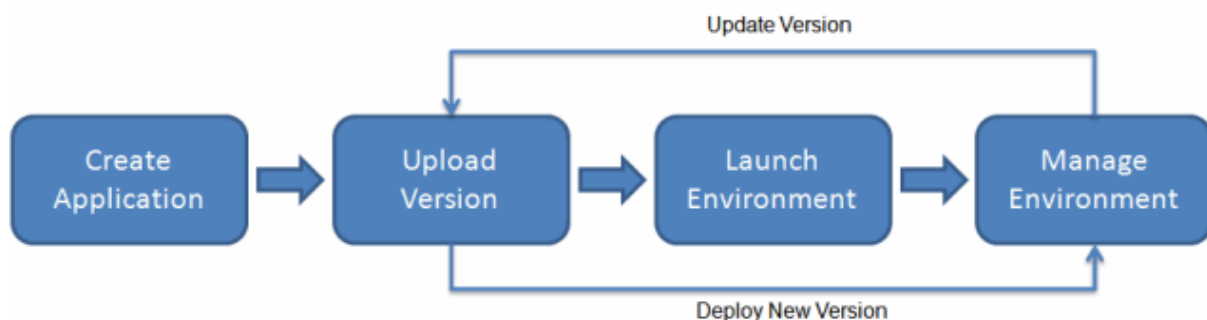
*PaaS* is a platform for programming developers and brings benefits such as ease of use without buying and maintaining web development. PaaS has a similarity with SaaS except that SaaS delivers software over the web.

#### ◆ *Advantages of PaaS:*

- Scalability: Scales to a wide range of users from hundreds to thousands.
- Prebuilt Business Plans: PaaS vendors provide pre-defined business functionality for users to directly start their project.
- Low Cost: Development via PaaS requires a computer & a good internet connection and less investment in hardware & software.
- Instant Community: PaaS providers facilitate user providing online communities where a developer can get new ideas & share their experience & advice.
- Simple & easy to use.

#### ◆ *Disadvantages of PaaS are as follows:*

- Vendor Lock-in: Migration from one PaaS vendor's application to another PaaS vendor can cause problems.
- Data Security: Security of the application completely depends on the PaaS vendor, which may be a concern for some organizations.
- Mix-up Complexity: Some of the applications developed may be local while others are from the cloud, which may increase the complexity of managing them.

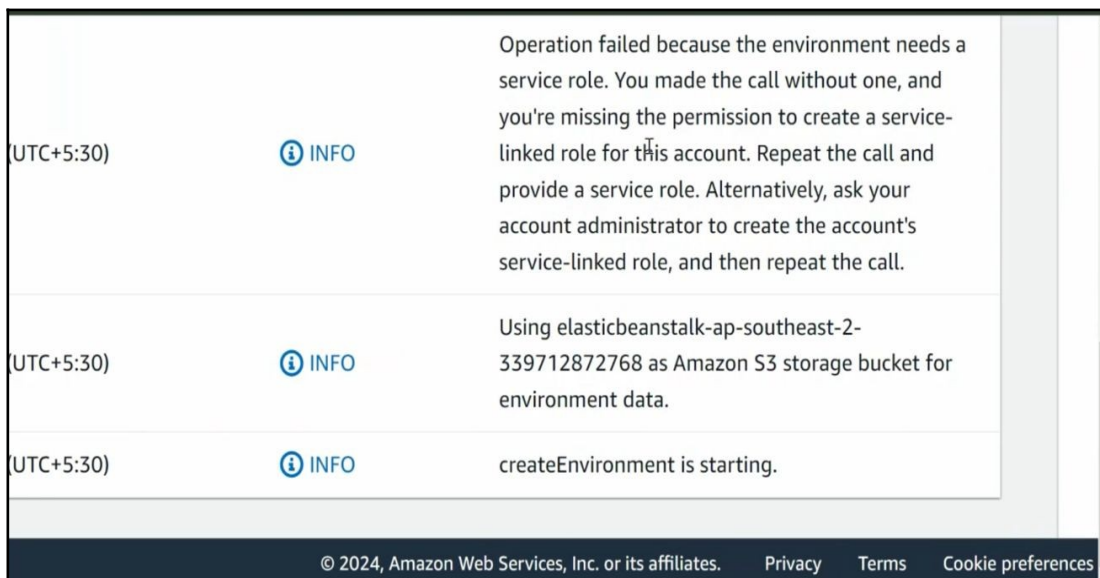
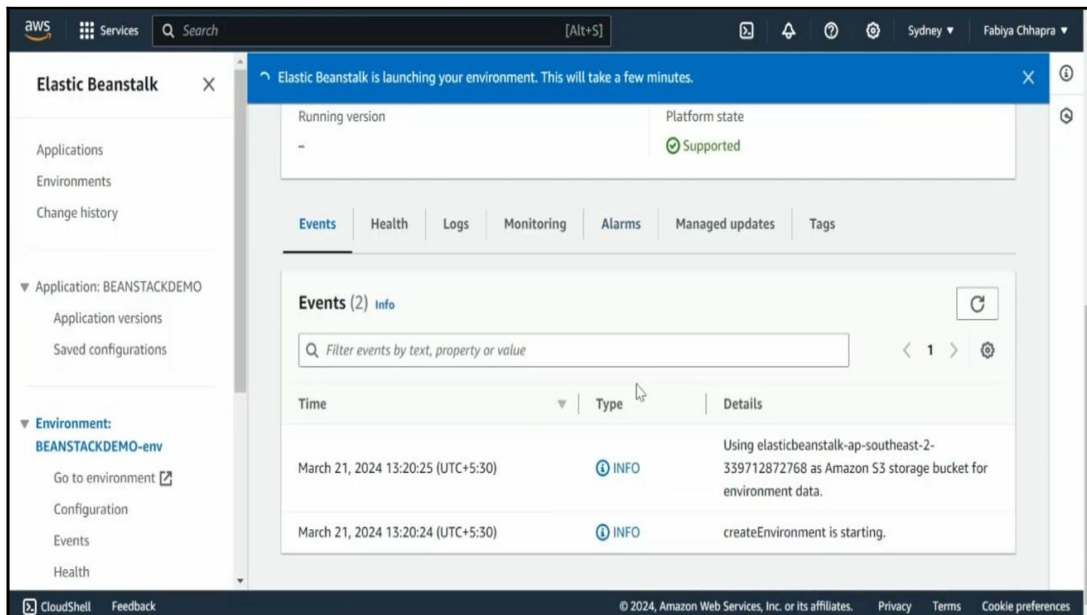




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### Output:



### Conclusion:

#### Comment on the features provided by Elastic Beanstalk

- **Simplified Deployment:** Upload your code and Elastic Beanstalk handles provisioning resources, load balancing, auto-scaling, and monitoring.
- **Broad Language Support:** Works with popular languages like Java, Python, Ruby, etc.
- **Monitoring and Logging:** Provides a unified interface to monitor application health, view key metrics, and access logs. Integrates with CloudWatch for deeper insights.
- **Security Features:** Integrates with IAM for access control and offers built-in security features like SSL/TLS encryption.
- **Multiple Environment Management:** Manage development, staging, and production environments easily within Elastic Beanstalk.