Stat 154 HW7

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```
library('SimDesign')
```

Q4) kNN Regression

a) Function

```
kNNr <- function(k, z, x, y){

yhat <- c()
for (i in 1:length(z)){
  ix <- sort(abs(x-z[i]), index.return=T)$ix
  ## Note: ix = order(abs(x-z[i])) would also work
  ix <- ix[1:k]
  ynn <- y[ix]
  yhat <- c(yhat, mean(ynn))
}
return(yhat)
}</pre>
```

b) Running the experiment

```
yhat_tbl <- c()
z <- c(-1,0,1)
for (i in 1:100){

set.seed(i)

# (i) generating data set
x <- runif(-2,2, n=30)
e <- rnorm(length(x), mean=0, sd=1)
f <- function(x){ return(x^3 - 3*x)}
y <- f(x) + e

# (ii) run kNN regression
yhat_temp <- kNNr(k=4, z, x, y)
yhat_tbl <- rbind(yhat_tbl, yhat_temp)</pre>
```

```
}
colnames(yhat_tbl) <- c('neg_one', 'zero', 'one')</pre>
yhat_tbl <- as.data.frame(yhat_tbl)</pre>
# Squared Bias
bias_sq__n1 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$neg_one)-2)^2
bias_sq_0 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$zero)-0)^2
bias_sq_1 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$one)+2)^2</pre>
# Variance
var_n1 <- var(yhat_tbl$neg_one)</pre>
var_0 <- var(yhat_tbl$zero)</pre>
var_1 <- var(yhat_tbl$one)</pre>
k4_sq_bias <- rbind(bias_sq__n1, bias_sq_0, bias_sq_1)</pre>
k4_var <- rbind(var_n1, var_0, var_1)</pre>
k4_sq_bias
##
                         [,1]
## bias_sq__n1 2.056543e-02
## bias_sq_0 8.876057e-07
## bias_sq_1 2.311360e-02
k4_var
##
                [,1]
## var_n1 0.1946582
## var_0 0.2905230
## var_1 0.2509568
```

It should be noted that the bias squared for the kNNr estimate at point = 0.

c) Repeat for k=1 & k=100

```
## k=1
yhat_tbl <- c()
z <- c(-1,0,1)
for (i in 1:100){

    set.seed(i)

    # (i) generating data set
    x <- runif(-2,2, n=30)
    e <- rnorm(length(x), mean=0, sd=1)
    f <- function(x){ return(x^3 - 3*x)}
    y <- f(x) + e</pre>
```

```
# (ii) run kNN regression
  yhat_temp \leftarrow kNNr(k=1, z, x, y)
  yhat_tbl <- rbind(yhat_tbl, yhat_temp)</pre>
}
colnames(yhat_tbl) <- c('neg_one', 'zero', 'one')</pre>
yhat_tbl <- as.data.frame(yhat_tbl)</pre>
# Squared Bias
bias_sq__n1 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$neg_one)-2)^2
bias_sq_0 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$zero)-0)^2</pre>
bias_sq_1 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$one)+2)^2</pre>
# Variance
var_n1 <- var(yhat_tbl$neg_one)</pre>
var_0 <- var(yhat_tbl$zero)</pre>
var_1 <- var(yhat_tbl$one)</pre>
k1_sq_bias <- rbind(bias_sq__n1, bias_sq_0, bias_sq_1)</pre>
k1_var <- rbind(var_n1, var_0, var_1)</pre>
k1_sq_bias
                          [,1]
## bias_sq__n1 2.049416e-04
## bias sq 0 2.248254e-05
## bias_sq_1 1.211484e-02
k1_var
                 [,1]
## var_n1 0.8850729
## var_0 0.8937837
## var_1 1.0285162
## k=10
yhat_tbl <- c()</pre>
z \leftarrow c(-1,0,1)
for (i in 1:100){
  set.seed(i)
  # (i) generating data set
  x \leftarrow runif(-2,2, n=30)
  e <- rnorm(length(x), mean=0, sd=1)
  f \leftarrow function(x) \{ return(x^3 - 3*x) \}
  y \leftarrow f(x) + e
  # (ii) run kNN regression
  yhat_temp \leftarrow kNNr(k=10, z, x, y)
  yhat_tbl <- rbind(yhat_tbl, yhat_temp)</pre>
```

```
}
colnames(yhat_tbl) <- c('neg_one', 'zero', 'one')</pre>
yhat_tbl <- as.data.frame(yhat_tbl)</pre>
# Squared Bias
bias_sq__n1 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$neg_one)-2)^2</pre>
bias_sq_0 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$zero)-0)^2</pre>
bias_sq_1 <- (mean(yhat_tbl$one)+2)^2</pre>
# Variance
var_n1 <- var(yhat_tbl$neg_one)</pre>
var_0 <- var(yhat_tbl$zero)</pre>
var_1 <- var(yhat_tbl$one)</pre>
k10_sq_bias <- rbind(bias_sq__n1, bias_sq_0, bias_sq_1)</pre>
k10_var <- rbind(var_n1, var_0, var_1)</pre>
k10_sq_bias
                        [,1]
##
## bias_sq__n1 0.276086429
## bias_sq_0 0.005184387
## bias_sq_1 0.290785863
k10_var
##
                [,1]
## var_n1 0.1364805
## var_0 0.2332195
## var_1 0.2193662
```

It is seen that as **k** increases, the kNN bias increases, and the variance decreases.

To summarise:

- k increase => bias increase
- k increase => variance decrease