

ENGR421 – HW7 Report

I first initialized the Gaussian variables; means, covariances and class prior probabilities (which I named as frequencies in the code) and updated the initial memberships with the code provided in lab 11. To calculate the class covariances I first grouped the datapoints by these initialized memberships and calculated the covariances with np.cov.

Then to calculate the E step of the expectation maximisation algorithm that is given with formula,

$$h_{ik} = \frac{p(x_i | c_k, \Phi^{(t)}) \cdot P(c_k)}{\sum_{c=1}^K p(x_i | c_c, \Phi^{(t)}) \cdot P(c_c)}$$

(i denotes the datapoint index, k denotes the class number)

I used the multivariate gaussian distribution for class densities that is given by formula,

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^D |\Sigma_c|}} \cdot \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} (x - \mu_c)^T \underline{\underline{\Sigma_c^{-1}}} (x - \mu_c) \right]$$

I calculated it for each point in the e step for a given datapoint and a given class and multiplied it with the class frequency. During the EM iterations I stored the values (as denoted these as h_{ik} in the first equation) in a list as individual arrays for storing h_{ik} values for every datapoint and appended (1,300) h_{ik} calculations in a list making the total H list in dimensions (5,300) after being turned into a numpy array. Then as stated in its equations I summed the h_{ik} values of each datapoint for a given class and divided for the whole H array during the 100 EM iterations.

Then I wrote an m step method which takes the H_{ik} values for a given class and the corresponding class label index. Here is where I update the class means by multiplying h_{ik} values with the corresponding datapoints for every datapoint and dividing it with the class h_{ik} values' summation. I also updated the class covariances by matrix multiplying the

differences between datapoints and the current class means which is also multiplied with the h_{ik} values for all datapoints. This is also divided by the summation of h_{ik} values. The class prior probabilities are also updated by summing the h_{ik} values for the class divided by the number of datapoints. These all are done abiding the calculations we did in the lecture as follows,

$$\hat{\mu}_k^{(t+1)} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N h_{ik} \cdot x_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N h_{ik}}$$

$$\hat{\Sigma}_k^{(t+1)} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N h_{ik} (x_i - \hat{\mu}_k^{(t+1)}) (x_i - \hat{\mu}_k^{(t+1)})^T}{\sum_{i=1}^N h_{ik}}$$

$$\hat{P}(C_k) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N h_{ik}}{N}$$

To generate the 100 EM iterations, for each iteration I generated a clean H list to store all my h_{ik} values and called the e step for each class and after the H matrix is formed I called the m step for each class to update the class means, covariances and frequencies using the H matrix.

Finally I updated the datapoint memberships with the provided method in Lab 11, and plotted the predicted memberships of the datapoints.