## milestone3

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```
file_path1<-"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PHW290/phw251_projectdata/main/euro_mpx_cases.csv"
monkey_pox <-read_csv(file_path1, na = c("", "NA", "*", "n/a"))%>% clean_names()
## Rows: 2987 Columns: 5
## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (3): CountryExp, CountryCode, Source
## dbl (1): ConfCases
## date (1): DateRep
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
str(monkey_pox)
## spec_tbl_df [2,987 x 5] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ date_rep : Date[1:2987], format: "2022-05-09" "2022-05-09" ...
## $ country_exp : chr [1:2987] "Austria" "Belgium" "Bulgaria" "Croatia" ...
## $ country_code: chr [1:2987] "AT" "BE" "BG" "HR" ...
## $ source : chr [1:2987] "TESSy" "TESSy" "TESSy" "TESSy" ...
   $ conf_cases : num [1:2987] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
  - attr(*, "spec")=
##
##
    .. cols(
##
         DateRep = col_date(format = ""),
##
    .. CountryExp = col_character(),
       CountryCode = col_character(),
##
         Source = col character(),
         ConfCases = col_double()
##
##
    ..)
## - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
file_path2<-"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PHW290/phw251_projectdata/main/euro_pop_denominators.csv
pop_denominator<- read.csv(file_path2, na = c("", "NA", "*", "n/a")) %>%
 clean_names() %>%
 rename(country_code = geo)
str(pop_denominator)
## 'data.frame':
                   603 obs. of 8 variables:
## $ dataflow : chr "ESTAT:TPS00001(1.0)" "ESTAT:TPS00001(1.0)" "ESTAT:TPS00001(1.0)" "ESTAT:TPS00
```

## \$ last\_update : chr "11/07/22 11:00:00" "11/07/22 11:00:00" "11/07/22 11:00:00" "11/07/22 11:00:00

```
## $ freq
               : chr "A" "A" "A" "A" ...
## $ indic_de : chr "JAN" "JAN" "JAN" "JAN" ...
## $ country_code: chr "AD" "AD" "AD" "AD" ...
## $ time_period : int 2011 2012 2013 2016 2018 2019 2020 2022 2011 2012 ...
## $ obs_value : int 78115 78115 76246 71732 74794 76177 77543 79535 2907361 2903008 ...
## $ obs flag : chr "b" NA NA NA ...
file_path3<-"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PHW290/phw251_projectdata/main/euro_census_stats.csv"
census_stats <- read.csv(file_path3, na = c("", "NA", "*", "n/a"))%>%
 clean_names()
str(census_stats)
## 'data.frame':
                152534 obs. of 10 variables:
## $ country_code: chr "AT" "AT" "AT" "AT" ...
## $ sex : chr "F" "F" "F" "F" ...
## $ age
                : chr "Y_GE85" "Y_GE85" "Y_GE85" "Y_GE85" ...
               : chr "ACT" "ACT" "ACT" "ACT" ...
## $ cas
               : chr "ED1" "ED1" "ED1" "ED1" ...
## $ edu
                ## $ time
## $ flags
                : chr NA "d" "d" NA ...
## $ footnotes : chr NA "For data privacy protection reasons, the statistical disclosure control me
## $ res_pop : chr "500000-999999" "10000-99999" "200000-499999" "100000-199999" ...
## $ pop
                 : int 0 4 5 6 6 8 18 19 21 25 ...
file_path4<-"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PHW290/phw251_projectdata/main/world_country_regions.csv
\label{eq:world_country_region} $$\operatorname{country_region} \leftarrow \operatorname{read.csv}(file\_path4, na = c("", "NA", "*", "n/a"))%>% $$
 clean_names()
str(world_country_region)
## 'data.frame':
                  247 obs. of 10 variables:
## $ name
                       : chr "AFGHANISTAN" "ALAND ISLANDS" "ALBANIA" "ALGERIA" ...
                      : chr "af-4" "ax-248" "al-8" "dz-12" ...
## $ alpha_2
## $ alpha_3
                      : chr "afg-4" "ala-248" "alb-8" "dza-12" ...
## $ country_code
                      : int 4 248 8 12 16 20 24 660 28 32 ...
## $ iso_3166_2
                       : chr "ISO 3166-2:AF" "ISO 3166-2:AX" "ISO 3166-2:AL" "ISO 3166-2:DZ" ...
                      : chr "Asia" "Europe" "Europe" "Africa" ...
## $ region
## $ sub_region : chr "Southern Asia" "Northern Europe" "Southern Europe" "Northern Africa" .
## $ intermediate_region: chr NA "Nordic" "Southeast Europe" NA ...
## $ region_code : int 142 150 150 2 9 150 2 19 19 19 ...
## $ sub_region_code : int 34 154 39 15 61 39 202 419 419 ...
```

Subset rows or columns, as needed

```
joined_df <- merge(monkey_pox, pop_denominator, by.x = "country_code",
             by.y = "country_code", all.x = TRUE, all.y = FALSE)
sub_region_categories<-unique(joined_df$country_code)</pre>
sub region categories
## [1] "AT" "BE" "BG" "CY" "CZ" "DE" "DK" "EE" "EL" "ES" "FI" "FR" "HR" "HU" "IE"
## [16] "IS" "IT" "LT" "LU" "LV" "MT" "NL" "NO" "PL" "PT" "RO" "SE" "SI" "SK"
world_country_region<-world_country_region%>%
  mutate(country_code= case_when(str_detect(alpha_2, "at")~"AT",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "be") ~ "BE",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "bg")~"BG",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "cy")~"CY",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"cz")~"CZ",
                           str detect(alpha 2, "de") ~ "DE",
                           str detect(alpha 2, "dk") ~ "DK",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "ee") ~ "EE",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"el")~"EL",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "es") ~ "ES",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "fi")~"FI",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "fr")~"FR",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "hr")~"HR",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "hu")~"HU",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "ie") ~"IE",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"is")~"IS",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"it")~"IT",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"lt")~"LT",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"lu")~"lu",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"lv")~"LV",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "mt")~"MT",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"nl")~"NL",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"no")~"NO",
                           str_detect(alpha_2,"pl")~"PL",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "pt")~"PT",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "ro") ~ "RO",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "se")~"SE",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "si")~"SI",
                           str_detect(alpha_2, "sk")~"SK",
                          TRUE~NA_character_))
joined_df <- merge(joined_df, world_country_region, by.x = "country_code",
             by.y = "country_code", all.x = TRUE, all.y = FALSE)
#joined_df1 <- merge(joined_df, census_stats, by.x = "country_code",</pre>
            \# by.y = "country_code", all.x = TRUE, all.y = FALSE)
```

Create new variables needed for analysis (minimum 2) New variables should be created based on existing columns; for example Calculating a rate Combining character strings If no new values are needed for final tables/graphs, please create 2 new variables anyway

monkey\_pox<- monkey\_pox%>% mutate(month\_rep= months(date\_rep))

Clean variables needed for analysis (minimum 2) Examples Recode invalid values Handle missing fields Recode categories If not needed for final analysis, please create at least 2 new variables anyway

Data dictionary based on clean dataset (minimum 4 data elements), including: Variable name Data type Description

One or more tables with descriptive statistics for 4 data element  $\alpha$ 

PDF that is professionally prepared for presentation Each part of the milestone is clearly on one page (use

to push to a new page) Only the necessary information is outputted (you should suppress, for example, entire data frame outputs) Use of headers and sub headers to create an organized document