$$\frac{1}{n_2} = \frac{0.54 - 0.52}{\sqrt{0.531(1 - 0.531)\left(\frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{150}\right)}} = 0.371 \circ$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{1.645}{\sqrt{0.531(1 - 0.531)\left(\frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{150}\right)}} = 0.371 \circ$$

$$\frac{1}{200} = \frac{1.645}{\sqrt{0.531(1 - 0.531)\left(\frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{150}\right)}} = 0.371 \circ$$

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無假設,即男性投保意外險的比例並沒有多於女性。

$$\frac{1}{p} = \frac{x + y}{n_1 + n_2} = \frac{108 + 18}{100 + 18}$$

$$= 0.531$$

通常先選擇控制第一型誤差發生的機率在顯著 定過程的好壞。

暖假設|當對立假設為真)

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