

# IRFP4468PbF

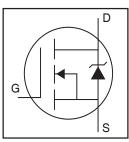
HEXFET® Power MOSFET

## **Applications**

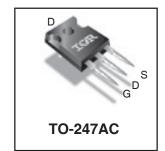
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

## **Benefits**

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dl/dt Capability
- Lead-Free



V <sub>DSS</sub>	100V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> typ.	$2.0$ m $\Omega$
max.	2.6m $Ω$
I <sub>D (Silicon Limited)</sub>	<b>290A</b> ①
I <sub>D (Package Limited)</sub>	195A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	290①	
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	200	
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Wire Bond Limited)	195	— A
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current ②	1120	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	520	W
	Linear Derating Factor	3.4	W/°C
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ④	10	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300	
	(1.6mm from case)		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

## **Avalanche Characteristics**

E <sub>AS (Thermally limited)</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	740	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ②	See Fig. 14, 15, 22a, 22b,	Α
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ®		mJ

## **Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ®		0.29	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface	0.24		°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ® ®		40	

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## Static @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100			٧	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		0.09		V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 5mA <sup>②</sup>
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		2.0	2.6	mΩ	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 180A ⑤
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0		4.0	٧	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			20	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$
				250		$V_{DS} = 80V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
R <sub>G</sub>	Internal Gate Resistance		0.8		Ω	

## Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	310	_	_	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_{D} = 180A$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		360	540	nC	I <sub>D</sub> = 180A
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge		81			V <sub>DS</sub> =50V
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge		89			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V ⑤
Q <sub>sync</sub>	Total Gate Charge Sync. (Q <sub>g</sub> - Q <sub>gd</sub> )		270	_		$I_D = 180A, V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time		52		ns	$V_{DD} = 65V$
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time		230		1	$I_{D} = 180A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		160			$R_G = 2.7\Omega$
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		260	_		V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V ⑤
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		19860	_	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	_	1360			$V_{DS} = 50V$
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		540			f = 100  kHz,  See Fig. 5
C <sub>oss</sub> eff. (ER)	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)		1550			$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $V_{DS} = 0V$ to 80V $\bigcirc$ , See Fig. 11
C <sub>oss</sub> eff. (TR)	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)®		900			$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V  $

## **Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Is	Continuous Source Current			290①	Α	MOSFET symbol
	(Body Diode)					showing the
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current			1120	Α	integral reverse
	(Body Diode) ②					p-n junction diode.
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage			1.3	V	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , $I_S = 180A$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$ $\$$
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time		100		ns	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_R = 85V$ ,
			110			$T_J = 125^{\circ}C$ $I_F = 180A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		370		nC	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ di/dt = 100A/ $\mu$ s $\odot$
			420			$T_J = 125$ °C
I <sub>RRM</sub>	Reverse Recovery Current		6.9		Α	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

## Notes:

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- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction ④  $I_{SD} \le 180A$ ,  $di/dt \le 600A/\mu s$ ,  $V_{DD} \le V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \le 175^{\circ}C$ . temperature. Bond wire current limit is 195A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- $R_G$  = 25 $\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}$  = 180A,  $V_{GS}$  =10V. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400 \mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- © Coss eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{\text{oss}}$  while  $V_{\text{DS}}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{\text{DSS}}.$
- O Coss eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ® When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recom mended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.  $\ \ \,$   $\ \,$   $\ \ \,$   $\ \ \,$   $\ \,$   $\ \ \,$   $\ \ \,$   $\ \,$   $\ \ \,$   $\$

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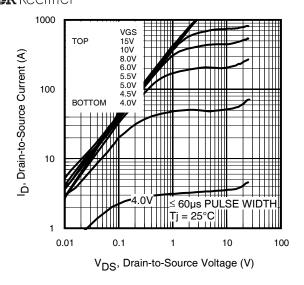


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

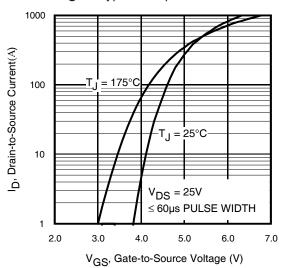
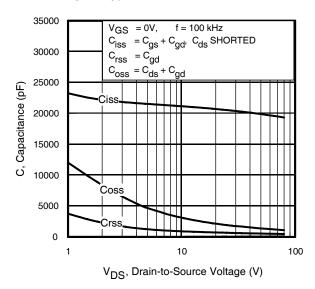


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage www.irf.com

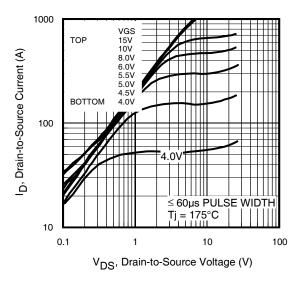


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

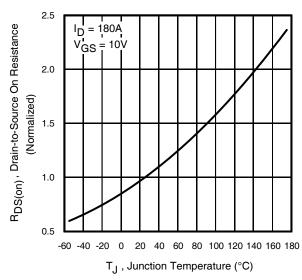


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

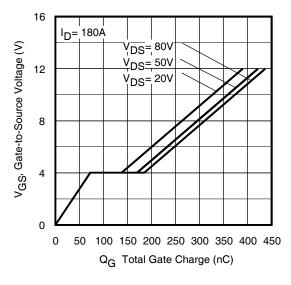


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

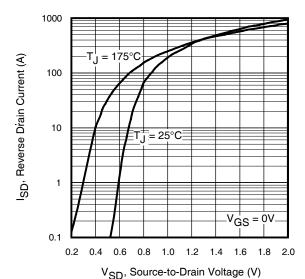
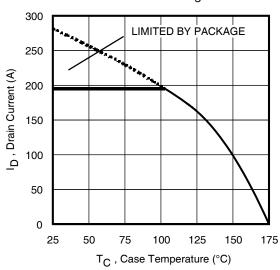


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

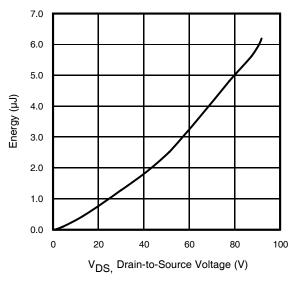


Fig 11. Typical C<sub>OSS</sub> Stored Energy

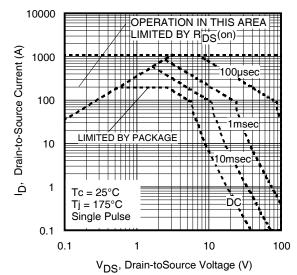


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

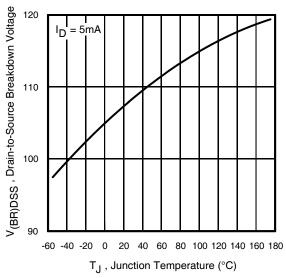


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

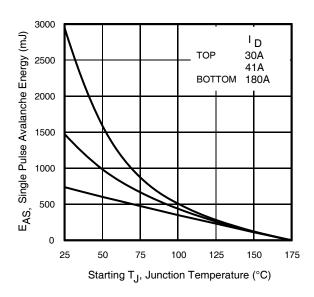


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. DrainCurrent www.irf.com

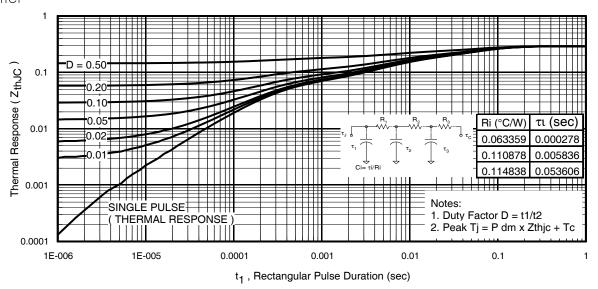


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

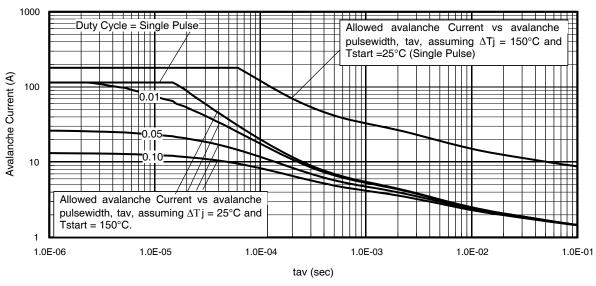


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth

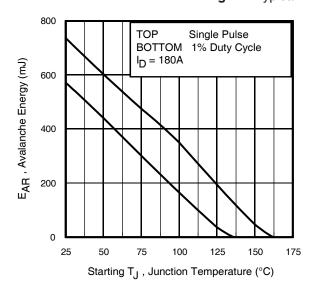


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

## Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

- Avalanche failures assumption:
  - Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
- 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT<sub>imax</sub> is not exceeded.
- 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
- 4.  $P_{D (ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
- BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
- 6. I<sub>av</sub> = Allowable avalanche current.
- 7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).

t<sub>av =</sub> Average time in avalanche.

D = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$ 

 $Z_{th,JC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$\begin{split} P_{D \; (ave)} &= 1/2 \; (\; 1.3 \cdot \text{BV} \cdot \text{I}_{av}) = \Delta \text{T/} \; Z_{thJC} \\ I_{av} &= 2\Delta \text{T/} \; [1.3 \cdot \text{BV} \cdot Z_{th}] \\ E_{AS \; (AR)} &= P_{D \; (ave)} \cdot t_{av} \end{split}$$

IRFP4468PbF International Inte

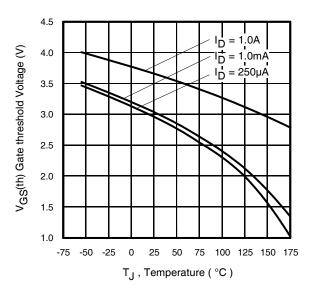


Fig 16. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

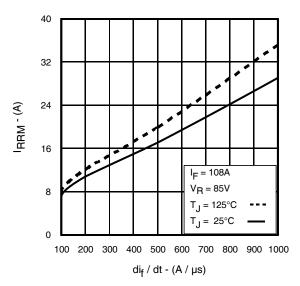


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt

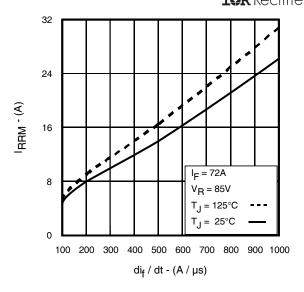


Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

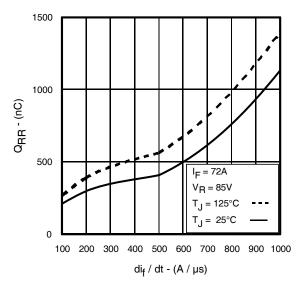


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

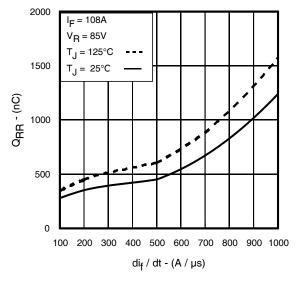


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

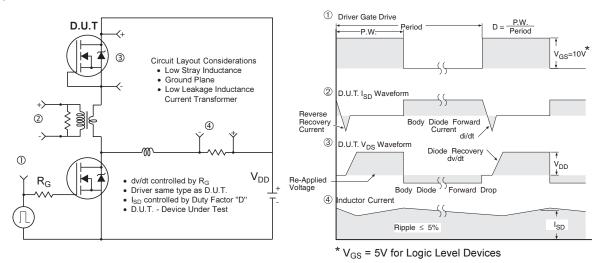


Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

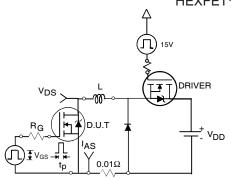


Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

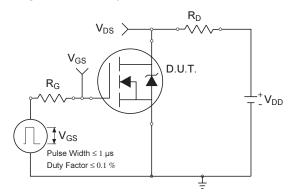


Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit

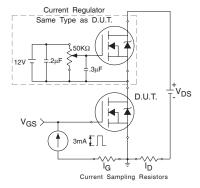


Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit www.irf.com

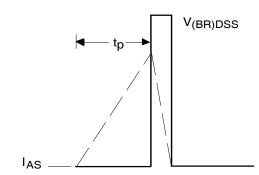


Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

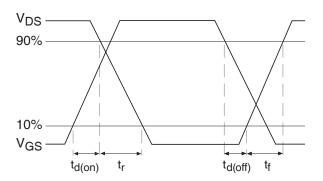


Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms

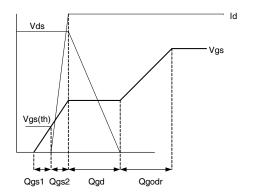
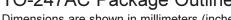


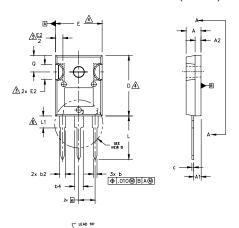
Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform

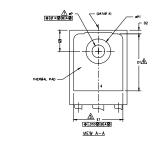
## IRFP4468PbF

## TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)











#### NOTES:

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994. 1.

DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.

CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.

DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.

THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.

LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.

OP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 \* TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.

OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC

		DIMENSIONS					
SYMBOL	INC	HES	MILLIN	ETERS			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES		
Α	.183	.209	4.65	5.31			
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59			
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49			
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40			
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35			
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39			
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34			
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43			
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38			
С	.015	.035	0.38	0.89			
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84			
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	4		
D1	.515	-	13.08	-	5		
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35			
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	4		
E1	.530	-	13.46	-			
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49			
e	.215		5.46	BSC			
Øk	.0	10	0.	25			
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10			
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29			
øΡ	.140	.144	3.56	3.66			
øP1	-	.291	-	7.39			
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69			
S	.217	BSC	5.51	5.51 BSC			

#### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### **HEXFET**

- 1.- GATE 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE 4.- DRAIN

#### IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER 4.- COLLECTOR

#### DIODES

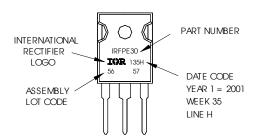
1.- ANODE/OPEN 2.- CATHODE 3.- ANODE

## TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30 WITH ASSEMBLY LOT CODE 5657

ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2001 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free!



TO-247AC packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

Data and specifications subject to change without notice. This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market. Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.



IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903



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