



# AGRRA Standard Product Metadata

## Access Database

**Lynnette Roth, Judith Lang, and Patricia Kramer**  
**Atlantic & Gulf Rapid Reefs Assessment (AGRRA)**

### Introduction

The purpose of this document is to describe AGRRA’s standard products that are provided as a result of analysis of the data within the AGRRA Access database. This document should be used in tandem with the AGRRA training materials which describe the methodology used to collect data within the AGRRA surveys.

For the purposes of this document, the “Key” portion of the transect-level spreadsheets are presented for each summary product below. In the summary products, transects are averaged or summed to create the site level products. For all levels above site (i.e., batch, ecoregion, zone, etc.), site level values are averaged/summed to create the final product set.

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## Algal Abundance

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 1-3 of the AGRRA Methodology
- Quadrat filtering restrictions: quadrats with <80% cover of any algal group excluded
- Starting in Version 3, Macroalgae were partitioned between Fleshy and Calcareous Macroalgae.
- Starting in Version 3, Turf Algae were no longer recorded

In versions 1-3 of the AGRRA protocol, the abundance (but not cover) of the major algal groups was estimated as the average of the percentage estimates in 25 x 25cm quadrats, originally placed (Version 1) at intervals along, or near, a 10m benthic transect. Beginning in Version 2, the number of quadrats/transect was stabilized at five; directions on their placement and amount of sediment cover to remove before observing the algae were progressively standardized. The maximum macroalgal heights recorded in each of the quadrats in V1 was changed to average heights in V2. Starting in version 3, turf algae were removed, and macroalgae were partitioned into fleshy and calcareous groups with separate measurements of their average heights. Macroalgal index, a proxy for algal biomass, was calculated as macroalgal abundance x macroalgal height.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>CCA</b>	% Crustose algae	Crustose coralline algal abundance

<b>TA</b>	% Turf algae	Turf algal abundance; Versions 1 and 2 only
<b>M</b>	% Macroalgae	Macroalgal abundance; calculated as sum of Fleshy and Calcareous Macroalgal abundances in Version 3
<b>MH</b>	Macro height (cm)	Macroalgal height calculated as avg. of Fleshy and Calcareous Macroalgal heights in Version 3
<b>MI</b>	Macro index	Macro abundance x Macro height; All Versions ( <b>M*MH</b> )
<b>FMA</b>	% Fleshy Macroalgae	Avg. Fleshy Macroalgal abundance; Version 3 only
<b>FH</b>	Fleshy Macro height (cm)	Avg. Fleshy Macroalgal height; Version 3 only
<b>FMI</b>	Fleshy Macro index	Avg. Fleshy Macro abundance x Avg. Fleshy Macro height; Version 3 only ( <b>FMA*FH</b> )
<b>CMA</b>	% Calcareous Macroalgae	Avg. Calcareous Macroalgal abundance; Version 3 only
<b>CH</b>	Calcareous Macro height (cm)	Avg. Calcareous Macroalgal height; Version 3 only
<b>CMI</b>	Calcareous Macro index	Avg. Calcareous Macro abundance x Avg. Calcareous Macro height; Version 3 only ( <b>CMA*CH</b> )

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## Algal Cover

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 4 of the AGRRA Methodology
- Quadrat filtering restrictions: quadrats with <80% cover of any algal group excluded
- Algal group measurements as lengths intersecting the benthic transect line

The total intercept lengths of each algal group (but not Turf algae) along the 10-m benthic transect line was recorded. Average macroalgal heights, to calculate macroalgal index (as a function of cover not abundance), were measured in five, 25 cm x 25cm quadrats placed at five, 2-m intervals on the line. Each algal group is calculated as a proportion by summing its total intercept lengths and dividing by the total transect length in meters, i.e., Sum of Group intercept lengths (cm) / [Transect length (cm)]. The percentage cover for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>CCA</b>	% Crustose algae	Percent of crustose coralline algal intercept lengths
<b>M</b>	% Macroalgae	Percent of fleshy and calcareous macroalgal intercept lengths
<b>MH</b>	Macro height (cm)	Weighted avg. of the mean fleshy and mean calcareous macroalgal heights based on their relative intercept lengths
<b>MI</b>	Macro index	Macroalgal cover x Avg. Macroalgal height ( <b>M*MH</b> )
<b>FMA</b>	% Fleshy Macroalgae	Percent of fleshy macroalgal intercept lengths
<b>FH</b>	Fleshy Macro height (cm)	Avg. fleshy macroalgal height
<b>FMI</b>	Fleshy Macro index	Fleshy macroalgal cover x Avg. fleshy macroalgal height ( <b>FMA*FH</b> )
<b>CMA</b>	% Calcareous Macroalgae	Percent of calcareous macroalgal intercept lengths
<b>CH</b>	Calcareous Macro height (cm)	Avg. calcareous macroalgal height
<b>CMI</b>	Calcareous Macro index	Calcareous macroalgal cover x Avg. calcareous macro height ( <b>CMA*CH</b> )

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## Algal Point Cover

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 5 of the AGRRA Methodology
- Values include any SAND/MUD/GRASS cover along transect, i.e., represent absolute percent cover regardless of the extent of any reef or other hard bottom.
- Lobophora heights assumed to be 0.1cm if not explicitly measured.

The code for each algal group that is directly below 100 points marked at 10-cm intervals along the 10-m benthic transects is recorded. Macroalgal heights are measured on at least 2 of the 6 transects and averaged for each transect. Each algal group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of points for all its codes and dividing by the total number of available points in the transect length, i.e.,  $\text{Sum of Group Code Points} / [\text{Transect length (m)} * 10]$ . The percentage cover for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (m)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>CCA</b>	% Crustose algae	Only includes the CCA benthic code
<b>TA</b>	% Turf algae	Includes all benthic codes of turf algae* (TA/OSTR, TAM, TAS/STA benthic codes)**
<b>M</b>	% Macroalgae	Includes all benthic codes for fleshy, calcareous and undefined macroalgal points
<b>MH</b>	Macro height (cm)	Average macroalgal height of all macroalgae ( <b>M</b> data column, not <b>UM</b> )
<b>MI</b>	Macro index	Macroalgal cover x Avg. macroalgal height ( <b>M</b> * <b>MH</b> )
<b>UM</b>	% Undefined Macroalgae	Only includes the undefined macroalgal points (MA)
<b>FMA</b>	% Fleshy Macroalgae	Includes benthic codes of all the fleshy macroalgae*
<b>FH</b>	Fleshy Macro height (cm)	Average fleshy macroalgal height
<b>FMI</b>	Fleshy Macro index	Fleshy macroalgal cover x Avg. fleshy macroalgal height ( <b>FMA</b> * <b>FH</b> )
<b>CMA</b>	% Calcareous Macroalgae	Includes benthic codes of all the calcareous macroalgae*,***
<b>CH</b>	Calcareous Macro height (cm)	Average calcareous macroalgal height
<b>CMI</b>	Calcareous Macro index	Calcareous macroalgal cover x Avg. calcareous macroalgal height ( <b>CMA</b> * <b>CH</b> )

Bolded codes in definitions and descriptions refer to column ("Key") codes, not benthic codes.

\*For listing of all benthic codes, see the training material document "AGRRA Benthos UW Codes.pdf" in the training materials section of the website as well as Table 1 in the Reference Tables section of this document.

\*\*See Benthic Point Cover product to see turf algae codes calculated separately (TA/OSTR, TAM, TAS/STA).

\*\*\*CMA no longer contains the ND-HALI benthic code for newly dead *Halimeda* as of 3/5/2020

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## Algal Point Cover Scaled

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 5 of the AGRRA Methodology
- Percentages based on SCALED transect length with points for SAND/MUD/GRASS excluded, i.e., represents percent cover restricted to any reef or other hard bottom.
- *Lobophora* heights assumed to be 0.1cm if not explicitly measured.

The code for each algal group that is directly below 100 points marked at 10-cm intervals along the 10-m benthic transects is recorded. Macroalgal heights are measured on at least 2 of the 6 transects and averaged for each transect. Each algal group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of points for all its codes and dividing by the total number of available points in the transect length minus the sum of the SAND/MUD/SEAGRASS points, i.e.,  $\text{Sum of Group Code Points} / \{[\text{Transect length (m)} * 10] - \text{Sum of Sand/Mud/Seagrass points}\}$ . The percentage cover for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (m)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>SAND</b>	Number of points coded as SAND	Transect-level product only
<b>MUD</b>	Number of points coded as MUD	Transect-level product only
<b>GRASS</b>	Number of points coded as GRASS, HALO, HSTI, SYRI, and THAL	Transect-level product only
<b>SLength</b>	Scaled length of transect (m) after removing <b>SAND</b> , <b>MUD</b> & <b>GRASS</b>	Transect-level product only
<b>CCA</b>	% Crustose algae	Only includes the CCA benthic code
<b>TA</b>	% Turf algae	Includes all benthic codes of turf algae* (TA/OSTR, TAM, TAS/STA benthic codes)**
<b>M</b>	% Macroalgae	Includes all benthic codes for fleshy, calcareous and undefined macroalgal points
<b>UM</b>	% Undefined Macroalgae	Only includes the undefined macroalgal points (MA)
<b>MH</b>	Macro height (cm)	Average macroalgal height of all macroalgae ( <b>M</b> data column, not <b>UM</b> )
<b>MI</b>	Macro index	Macroalgal cover x Avg. macroalgal height ( <b>M*MH</b> )
<b>FMA</b>	% Fleshy Macroalgae	Includes benthic codes of all the fleshy macroalgae*
<b>FH</b>	Fleshy Macro height (cm)	Average fleshy macroalgal height
<b>FMI</b>	Fleshy Macro index	Fleshy macroalgal cover x Avg. fleshy macroalgal height ( <b>FMA*FH</b> )
<b>CMA</b>	% Calcareous Macroalgae	Includes benthic codes of all the calcareous macroalgae*,***
<b>CH</b>	Calcareous Macro height (cm)	Average calcareous macroalgal height
<b>CMI</b>	Calcareous Macro index	Calcareous macroalgal cover x Avg. calcareous macroalgal height ( <b>CMA*CH</b> )

Bolded codes in definitions and descriptions refer to column ("Key") codes, not benthic codes.

\*For listing of all benthic codes, see the training material document “AGRRA Benthos UW Codes.pdf” in the training materials section of the website as well as Table 1 in the Reference Tables section of this document.

\*\*See Benthic Point Cover product to see turf algae codes calculated separately (TA/OSTR, TAM, TAS/STA).

\*\*\*CMA no longer contains the ND-HALI benthic code for newly dead *Halimeda* as of 3/5/2020

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## Batch

### Highlights:

- This product shows the different batches (i.e., Project groupings of sites) and their attributes that are involved in the entire set of products provided. (Similar to “Site” product)

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## Benthic Index

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 5 of the AGRRA Methodology
- 0.5% scored for combination points (e.g., DICT-HALI =  $\frac{1}{2}$  *Dictyota* &  $\frac{1}{2}$  *Halimeda*)
- Percentages based on SCALED transect length with points for SAND/MUD/GRASS excluded

A dimensionless number between 1 and 4, with high values corresponding to a reef benthos in relatively good condition, Benthic Index expresses the mean amount of reef surface covered by “reef promoters,” i.e., organisms that facilitate reef growth and allow coral larvae to settle, most importantly live corals, crustose coralline algae and sparse turf algae versus “reef detractors,” i.e., spatial competitors of corals and crustose coralline algae (CCA), like macroalgae, turf algal sediment mats and certain invertebrates that displace corals or prevent settlement of coral larvae and CCA spores. Benthic codes are recorded as points set at 10cm intervals along 10m benthic transects. Benthic groups are grouped as “Positive” (can facilitate reef growth and allow settlement of coral larvae/CCA spores) or “Negative” (can displace reef constructors and/or prevent coral larvae/CCA spores from settling). Each benthic group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of points for all its codes and dividing by the total number of available points in the transect length minus the sum of the SAND/MUD/SEAGRASS points, i.e.,  $\text{Point sum of Codes} / \{[\text{Transect length (m)} * 10] - \text{Sum of Sand/Mud/Seagrass points}\}$ . The percentage cover for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100. These benthic components are summed to create percentages and converted to rankings used to calculate the benthic index as detailed in the table below.

For more information, see: [Lang et al. 2016](#)

Key	Product Definition	Description
Length	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only

<b>SAND</b>	Number of points coded as SAND	Transect-level product only
<b>MUD</b>	Number of points coded as MUD	Transect-level product only
<b>GRASS</b>	Number of points coded as GRASS, HALO, HSTI, SYRI, and THAL	Transect-level product only
<b>SLength</b>	Scaled length of transect (meters) after removing <b>SAND, MUD &amp; GRASS</b>	Transect-level product only
<b>LC</b>	% Live Coral (POSITIVE)	Includes all the categories of Coral, Coral-Bleached, and Coral-Pale benthic codes*
<b>CCA</b>	% Algae-Crustose (POSITIVE)	Only includes the CCA benthic code
<b>FILM</b>	% Biofilm (POSITIVE)	Only includes the FILM benthic code
<b>TA</b>	% Algae-Turf (POSITIVE)	Includes all benthic codes of turf algae (TA, OSTR)*,**
<b>TAS</b>	% Algae-Turf-Sediment (NEGATIVE)	Includes all benthic codes of turf-sediment algae (TAS, STA)*
<b>TAM</b>	% Algae-Turf-Mat (NEGATIVE)	Only includes the TAM benthic code**
<b>MA</b>	% Algae-Macro-(mixed) (NEGATIVE)	Only includes the MA benthic code which is an unclassified fleshy or calcareous alga or a mix point of both
<b>CMA</b>	% Algae-Macro-Calcareous (NEGATIVE)	Includes benthic codes of all the calcareous macroalgae*,***
<b>FMA</b>	% Algae-Macro-Fleshy (NEGATIVE)	Includes benthic codes of all the fleshy macroalgae*
<b>CYAN</b>	% Cyanobacteria (NEGATIVE)	Includes all conspicuous cyanobacteria
<b>PEYS</b>	% Algae-Peyssonnelid (NEGATIVE)	Only includes the PEYS benthic code
<b>AINV</b>	% Invertebrates-Aggressive (NEGATIVE)	Includes benthic codes of all the aggressive invertebrates*
<b>NDC</b>	% Newly Dead Coral (NEGATIVE)	Includes all of the category Coral-Dead benthic codes*
<b>NDCCA</b>	% Algae-Crustose-Newly Dead (NEGATIVE)	Only includes ND-CCA benthic code
<b>NDHALI</b>	% Newly Dead Halimeda (NEGATIVE)	Only includes ND-HALI benthic code
<b>POSsum</b>	% POSITIVE benthic components	LC + CCA + FILM + TA
<b>POSrank</b>	Rank of POSITIVE benthic components	1: <15%, 2: <30%, 3: <60%, 4: ≥60%
<b>NEGsum</b>	% NEGATIVE benthic components	TAS + TAM + MA + CMA + FMA + CYAN + PEYS + AINV + NDC + NDCCA + NDHALI
<b>NEGrank</b>	Rank of NEGATIVE benthic components	4: <15%, 3: <30%, 2: <60%, 1: ≥60%
<b>BI</b>	Benthic Index	(POSrank + NEGrank) / 2

Bolded codes in definitions and descriptions refer to column (“Key”) codes, not benthic codes.

\*For listing of all benthic and coral codes, see the training material document “AGRRA Benthos UW Codes.pdf” in the training materials section of the website as well as Tables 1 and 2 in the Reference Tables section of this document.

\*\*TAM has been separated out from the TA category as of 3/10/2020

\*\*\*CMA no longer contains the ND-HALI benthic code for newly dead *Halimeda* as of 3/5/2020

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## Benthic Point Cover

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 5 of the AGRRA Methodology

- Values include any SAND/MUD/GRASS cover along transect
- 0.5% scored for combination points (e.g., DICT-HALI = ½ *Dictyota* & ½ *Halimeda*)

The code for each benthic group that is directly below 100 points marked at 10-cm intervals along the 10-m benthic transects is recorded. Each benthic group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of points for all its codes and dividing by the total number of available points in the transect length, i.e., Sum of Group Code Points / [Transect length (m) \* 10]. The percentage cover for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>SAND</b>	% Sand	Only includes SAND and SEDI benthic codes
<b>MUD</b>	% Mud	Only includes MUD and SILT benthic codes
<b>GRASS</b>	% Seagrass	Only includes GRASS, HALO, HSTI, SYRI, and THAL benthic codes
<b>LC</b>	% Live Coral	Includes all the categories of Coral, Coral-Bleached, and Coral-Pale benthic codes*
<b>NDC</b>	% Newly Dead Coral	Includes the categories of Coral-Dead benthic codes*
<b>CCA</b>	% Algae-Crustose	Only includes the CCA benthic code
<b>NDCCA</b>	% Algae-Crustose-Newly Dead	Only includes ND-CCA benthic code
<b>OC</b>	% Other-Calcififiers ( <i>Gypsina</i> , Calcified Worm Tubes)	Only includes CWT and GYPS benthic codes
<b>TA</b>	% Algae-Turf	Includes all benthic codes of turf algae (TA, OSTR)**
<b>TAS</b>	% Algae-Turf-Sediment	Includes all benthic codes of turf-sediment algae (TAS, STA)
<b>TAM</b>	% Algae-Turf-Mat	Only includes the TAM benthic code**
<b>MA</b>	% Algae-Macro	Only includes the MA benthic code which is an unclassified fleshy or calcareous alga or a mix point of both
<b>CMA</b>	% Algae-Macro-Calcareous	Includes benthic codes of all the calcareous macroalgae*,***
<b>FMA</b>	% Algae-Macro-Fleshy	Includes benthic codes of all the fleshy macroalgae*
<b>CYAN</b>	% Cyanobacteria	Includes all conspicuous Cyanobacteria
<b>FILM</b>	% Biofilm	Only includes the FILM benthic code
<b>AINV</b>	% Invertebrates-Aggressive	Includes benthic codes of all the aggressive invertebrates*
<b>OINV</b>	% Invertebrates-Other	Includes benthic codes of all the non-aggressive invertebrates*
<b>PEYS</b>	% Algae-Peyssonnelid	Only includes the PEYS benthic code
<b>O</b>	% Other (Rubble, Hole, Unknown, etc., but NOT Sand/Mud/Seagrass)	Includes benthic codes in the Other category excluding the codes given in sand/mud/seagrass*



\*For listing of all benthic and coral codes, see the training material document “AGRRA Benthos UW Codes.pdf” in the training materials section of the website as well as Tables 1 and 2 in the Reference Tables section of this document.

\*\*TAM has been separated out from the TA category as of 3/10/2020

\*\*\*CMA no longer contains the ND-HALI benthic code for newly dead *Halimeda* as of 3/5/2020

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## Benthic Point Cover Code

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 5 of the AGRRA Methodology
- Values include any SAND/MUD/GRASS cover along transect
- Shows percent cover for many of the unique benthic codes in the AGRRA database

The cover of all benthic groupings of benthic organisms (including corals, invertebrates and macroalgae), recorded as points set at 10-cm intervals along 10-m benthic transects. For listing of all coral and other benthic codes, see Tables 1 and 2 in the Reference Tables section of this document.

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## Benthic Point Cover Scaled

### Highlights:

- Only includes data collected on benthic transects using Version 5 of the AGRRA Methodology
- Values SCALED to remove any SAND/MUD/GRASS cover along transect.
- 0.5% scored for combination points (e.g., DICT-HALI = ½ *Dictyota* & ½ *Halimeda*)

The code for each benthic group that is directly below 100 points marked at 10-cm intervals along the 10-m benthic transects is recorded. Each benthic group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of points for all its codes and dividing by the total number of available points in the transect length minus the sum of the SAND/MUD/SEAGRASS points, i.e.,  $\text{Point sum of Codes} / \{[\text{Transect length (m)} * 10] - \text{Sum of Sand/Mud/Seagrass points}\}$ . The percentage cover for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (m)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>SAND</b>	Number of points coded as SAND or SEDI	Transect-level product only
<b>MUD</b>	Number of points coded as MUD or SILT	Transect-level product only
<b>GRASS</b>	Number of points coded as GRASS, HALO, HSTI, SYRI, or THAL	Transect-level product only
<b>SLength</b>	Scaled length of transect (m) after removing SAND, MUD & GRASS	Transect-level product only
<b>LC</b>	% Live Coral	Includes all Coral, Coral-Bleached, and Coral-Pale benthic codes*
<b>NDC</b>	% Newly Dead Coral	Includes all Coral-Dead benthic codes*

<b>CCA</b>	% Algae-Crustose	Only includes the CCA benthic code
<b>NDCCA</b>	% Algae-Crustose-Newly Dead	Only includes CCA-ND benthic code
<b>OC</b>	% Other-Calcififiers ( <i>Gypsina</i> , Calcified Worm Tubes)	Only includes CWT and GYPS benthic codes
<b>TA</b>	% Algae-Turf	Includes all benthic codes for turf algae (TA, OSTR)**
<b>TAS</b>	% Algae-Turf-Sediment	Includes all benthic codes for turf-sediment algae (TAS, STA)
<b>TAM</b>	% Algae-Turf-Mat (NEGATIVE)	Only includes the TAM benthic code**
<b>MA</b>	% Algae-Macro	Only includes the generic MA benthic code
<b>CMA</b>	% Algae-Macro-Calcareous	Includes benthic codes of all the calcareous macroalgae*,***
<b>FMA</b>	% Algae-Macro-Fleshy	Includes benthic codes of all the fleshy macroalgae*
<b>CYAN</b>	% Cyanobacteria	Includes all conspicuous Cyanobacteria
<b>FILM</b>	% Biofilm	Only includes the FILM benthic code
<b>AINV</b>	% Invertebrates-Aggressive	Includes benthic codes of all the aggressive invertebrates*
<b>OINV</b>	% Invertebrates-Other	Includes benthic codes of all the non-aggressive invertebrates*
<b>PEYS</b>	% Algae-Peyssonnelid	Only includes the PEYS benthic code
<b>O</b>	% Other (Rubble, Hole, Unknown, etc., but NOT Sand/Mud/Seagrass)	Includes benthic codes in the Other category excluding the codes given in sand/mud/seagrass*

Bolded codes in definitions and descriptions refer to column (“Key”) codes, not benthic codes.

\* For listing of all benthic and coral codes, see the training material document “AGRRA Benthos UW Codes.pdf” in the training materials section of the website as well as Tables 1 and 2 in the Reference Tables section of this document.

\*\*TAM has been separated out from the TA category as of 3/10/2020

\*\*\*CMA no longer contains the ND-HALI benthic code for newly dead *Halimeda* as of 3/5/2020

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## Coral Area - 4, 10, 25cm

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.
- All areas and percentages are estimates based on the measurements taken of the coral dimensions perpendicular to the axis of growth (planar view roughly parallel to the seafloor).
- Colony area estimate, assuming an overall oval shape, =  $\text{Pi} * [(\text{Length} * \text{Width}) / 4]$
- **New** mortality = Non-living, freshly exposed, white, intact corallite structures
- **Transitional** mortality = Non-living corallite structures are slightly eroded and visible beneath sediment, diatom or cyanobacterial films, or algal turfs
- **Recent** mortality= New + Transitional mortality; used pre-V5
- **Old** mortality= Non-living corallite structures are overgrown by organisms that are not easily removed (e.g., many macroalgae and invertebrates)
- **Dead** = All mortality [(New + Transitional + Old) or (Recent + Old)]

- **Live** = Currently living coral (healthy-looking, pale or bleached) calculated as the coral area – sum of all mortality groups.

Coral measurements (length, width, and height), based on a planar view, are recorded for each coral transect along with the percentages of mortality. In protocol versions 1-4, mortality was made up of “Recent” and “Old.” In version 5, “Recent” was split and became the sum of “New” and “Transitional” mortality. The width measurement was added in version 4 of the protocol as Versions 1-3 had only recorded length and height. Corals measured in versions 1-3 are assumed to have the same width as their length (then called diameter, ie. circular) in order to calculate area. Idealized coral total area is calculated as  $\text{Pi} * [(\text{Length} * \text{Width}) / 4]$  (ie. a circle for versions 1-3 where length and width are equal and an oval for versions 4-5). Once total area is calculated, the amounts of live and dead area per coral (and their relative percentages) can be calculated, based on the recorded mortality percentage. Each coral area group is the sum of all the individual coral calculations per transect.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>TOTAL</b>	Sum of Total colony area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	All coral areas calculated using the average of the width and length measurements
<b>NEW</b>	Sum of New mortality area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Percent of new mortality per colony estimated in field * colony area gives the area of new mortality. This is then summed for all colonies within a transect.
<b>TRAN</b>	Sum of Transitional mortality area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Percent of transitional mortality per colony estimated in field * colony area gives the area of transitional mortality. This is then summed for all colonies within a transect.
<b>REC</b>	Sum of Recent mortality area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Sum of <b>NEW</b> and <b>TRAN</b>
<b>OLD</b>	Sum of Old mortality area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Percent of old mortality per colony estimated in field * colony area gives the area of old mortality. This is then summed for all colonies within a transect.
<b>DEAD</b>	Sum of Dead area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Sum of <b>NEW</b> , <b>TRAN</b> , and <b>OLD</b>
<b>LIVE</b>	Sum of Live area (cm <sup>2</sup> )	<b>TOTAL - DEAD</b>
<b>%NEW</b>	% New mortality area (% of total area)	Percent of all the coral area within the transect that is new mortality ( <b>NEW/TOTAL</b> * 100)
<b>%TRAN</b>	% Transitional mortality area (% of total area)	Percent of all the coral area within the transect that is transitional mortality ( <b>TRAN/TOTAL</b> * 100)
<b>%REC</b>	% Recent mortality area (% of total area)	Sum of <b>%NEW</b> and <b>%TRAN</b>
<b>%OLD</b>	% Old mortality area (% of total area)	Percent of all the coral area within the transect that is old mortality ( <b>OLD/TOTAL</b> * 100)
<b>%DEAD</b>	% Dead area (% of total area)	Sum of <b>%NEW</b> , <b>%TRAN</b> , and <b>%OLD</b>
<b>%LIVE</b>	% Live area (% of total area)	100 - <b>%DEAD</b>

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## Coral Composition - 4, 10, 25cm

Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.

The numbers and percentages of the most common stony coral genera (12 out of 27 included) and species (21 out of 76 included). The percentages are simply the abundance values divided by the total number of corals per transect \* 100. These values cannot be used for estimates of population density in pre-Version 5 batches, as large corals are more likely than small corals to be sampled by line transects (Zvuloni et al. 2008. Limnol. Oceanogr.: Methods 6: 144-15). Fragments are not included in the current version of this calculated product.

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## Coral Cover

### Highlights:

- This is one product for all versions of the AGRRA protocol
- Different protocols measure coral cover differently which may limit comparisons among versions (see below)
- Coral cover not measured for the Bahamas-1997, Bahamas-1998A, Belize-1999A & VirginIslands-1998 batches (Version 1 of the protocol)

As this product spans the majority of all the batches in the database, dating back to Version 2 of the AGRRA protocol, there are a few differences to consider. It is important to know which version of the protocol each batch/survey employed in order to compare data collected in different years.

Protocols V2-3: Coral coverage is measured as the percentage of the total length (to the nearest 10cm) of the 10m transect that intersects live coral. The scaled value of coral coverage is the percentage of live coral in the length of transect that intersects a reef or other hard bottom, i.e., the transect length from which sand has been excluded, calculated as length of live coral under transect / (10m – length of sand patches).

Protocol V4: Coral coverage is measured as the percentage of the total length of the 10m transect that is intersecting live coral. The scaled value of coral coverage is the percentage of live coral in the length of transect that intersects a reef or other hard bottom, i.e., the transect length from which sand has been excluded calculated, as length of live coral under transect / (10m – [length of sand patches]). This is very similar to the V2-3 methodology, except the lengths are measured at a higher precision (and as coral name code by experienced surveyors) along with other benthic categories.

Protocol V5: Coral coverage is calculated as the sum of the benthic points that are categorized as live coral, live coral/bleached, and live coral/pale divided by the total number of points under the transect line (usually 100 points for a full 10m transect). Scaled is the same except the denominator (total points dividing by) removes sand/mud/seagrass (which includes SAND, MUD, GRASS, HALO, HSTI, SYRI, THAL) points (see Table 1 in the Reference Tables section of this document for all AGRRA benthic codes). 2 codes are allowed for each point. If one code exists, it gets the full value of the point. If 2 codes exist, they are each scored as half a point.

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### Coral Cover Species

Same as “Coral Cover” methodology but partitioned by species (only applicable to versions 4 and 5). Absolute values not scaled to remove sand, mud (V5 only) and seagrass (V5 only) from transect length.

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### Coral Cover Species Scaled

Same as “Coral Cover” methodology but partitioned by species (only applicable to versions 4 and 5). Relative values scaled by having any length along transect containing sand, mud (V5 only), or seagrass (V5 only) subtracted from transect length.

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### Coral Density - 4, 10, 25cm

#### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.
- This product is only applicable to protocol Version 4 and later.
- Version 4 of the protocol used a 10-m line transect method while version 5 used a 1x10 m belt for corals; thus, the data from these two versions are not comparable.

The number of colonies and colony density [colonies per meter (Version 4) or per square meter (Version 5)] for all coral species combined at the transect level and above and for each species at the batch level. For version 5, both measured and counted corals were included in the density calculations (Length = measured transect length + counted transect length).

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>COLONY</b>	Colony density (#/10m or /10m <sup>2</sup> )	Number of colonies / Length * 10
<b>CLUMP</b>	Clump density (#/10m or /10m <sup>2</sup> )	Number of clumps / Length * 10
<b>FRAG</b>	Fragment density (#/10m or /10m <sup>2</sup> )	Number of fragments / Length * 10

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### Coral Disease - 4, 10, 25cm

#### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.
- These names are not intended to be diagnostic of any particular pathogen or other causation. Each disease is assigned a code. When an incorrect disease name has been assigned to a coral (e.g. WPD on acroporids) it has been reclassified as UNK.

Prevalence (as percentages) of common coral diseases and of bleached corals for all coral species is combined at the transect level and above and for each species at the batch level. Each disease group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of corals with its code and dividing by the total number of corals in the transect length surveyed. The percentage for each group equals its proportion multiplied by 100.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>NC</b>	Total number of corals	Number of corals measured for each transect
<b>BLEACH</b>	% Bleached	All corals that had paling, partly bleached or bleached recorded
<b>X</b>	% Disease present (Basic surveys)	Corals marked that a disease is present but purposefully not identified as the surveyor was a novice (transect marked as basic)
<b>UNK</b>	% Unknown disease	Corals marked that a disease is present but the surveyor was unable to identify which disease
<b>BBD</b>	% Black Band Disease	-
<b>CCI</b>	% Caribbean Ciliate Infection	-
<b>CHC</b>	% Coral Health Compromised	-
<b>CWS</b>	% Caribbean White Syndrome	-
<b>DSD</b>	% Dark Spot Disease	-
<b>GAN</b>	% Growth Anomaly	-
<b>RTL</b>	% Rapid Tissue Loss	-
<b>RBD</b>	% Red Band Disease	-
<b>AWD</b>	% Acropora White Diseases/Syndromes	-
<b>CBD</b>	% Colored Band Diseases	-
<b>WBD</b>	% White Band Disease	-
<b>WPD</b>	% White Plague Disease	-
<b>WSD</b>	% White Spot/Patchy Necrosis	-
<b>YBD</b>	% Yellow Band/Blotch Disease	-
<b>WDS</b>	% White Diseases/Syndromes	-
<b>SCTLD</b>	% Stony Coral Tissue Loss Disease	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	% Total diseases	Sum of all disease type percentages

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## Coral Family Composition

The number and percentages of coral colonies recorded in each coral family by batch. Percent is calculated as the number of colonies for each group divided by the total number of colonies present per batch \* 100.

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## Coral Mortality Prevalence - 4, 10, 25cm

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.
- Mortality was estimated in a non-comparable method for the V.1 Bahamas-1997 batch (25cm).
- For V5 protocol batches Recent mortality is no longer recorded but computed as New + Transitional mortalities

The number and percentage of corals that are standing dead (ie. completely dead over all parts of the skeleton, and still identifiable to species or at least to genus level) and of corals that show various forms of partial coral mortality (new, transitional, old) or combinations thereof. Originally, the AGRRA protocol measured recent mortality as mortality in which corallite structures are white and either still intact or covered by a layer of turf algae or fine mud; plus, any fresh scars in the live tissues that are exposed by fish bites. Starting in version 5 of the protocol, recent mortality was split and recorded as new and transitional mortality. New mortality means the skeletal structures of the coral have no sediment, bacterial/microalgal biofilms, turf algae, etc., on their bright white surfaces. In transitional mortality, the skeletal structures are slightly eroded at most and covered with a fine layer of sediment, microbial/microalgal biofilms, or sparse turf algae. Old mortality is the stage at which the skeletal structures are completely covered over by organisms that are not easily removed, e.g., thick algal turfs, many macroalgae and invertebrates.

Depending on the AGRRA batch, (ie. project that used the AGRRA methodology) all corals greater than a minimum size of 10, or 25cm were assessed in Versions 1-4 and 4, 10 or 25 cm in Version 5. This product is split into these 3 size categories to allow similar batches of data (followed the same protocol) to be directly compared. Mortality was measured in a non-comparable method for the Bahamas-1997 batch and is therefore excluded from these products.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>NC</b>	Total number of corals	Number of corals assessed for each transect (includes only measured, not counted corals)
<b>NSD</b>	Total number of standing dead corals	Number of corals that are completely dead; Isolates = 0
<b>NRM</b>	Total number of corals with recent mortality	Number based on estimates of recent mortality in protocol versions 1-4; For version 5, <b>NNM+NTM</b>
<b>NNM</b>	Total number of corals with new mortality	Measured in version 5 batches only



<b>NTM</b>	Total number of corals with transitional mortality	Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>NOM</b>	Total number of corals with old mortality	
<b>NAM</b>	Total number of corals with any mortality	<b>NRM+NOM</b> or <b>NNM+NTM+NOM</b>
<b>%SD</b>	Percentage of standing dead corals	<b>NSD / NC</b> * 100
<b>%RM</b>	Percentage of corals with recent mortality	<b>NRM / NC</b> * 100
<b>%NM</b>	Percentage of corals with new mortality	<b>NNM / NC</b> * 100; Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>%TM</b>	Percentage of corals with transitional mortality	<b>NTM / NC</b> * 100; Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>%OM</b>	Percentage of corals with old mortality	<b>NOM / NC</b> * 100
<b>%AM</b>	Percentage of corals with any mortality	<b>NAM / NC</b> * 100

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## Coral Partial Mortality - 4, 10, 25cm

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.
- Mortality was measured in a non-comparable method for the Bahamas-1997 batch
- For V5 protocol batches Recent mortality is no longer recorded but computed as New + Transitional mortalities

The number of corals that are standing dead (defined as 100% OLD mortality in the current version of the products), and the average percentage of recent (Versions 1-4) or alternatively new and/or transitional (Version 5) or old (all Versions) partial mortality among all corals or all corals excluding standing dead (full definitions of each described in the “Coral Mortality Prevalence” product subsection of this document). These percentages differ from the percentages given in the Coral Area product. While the Coral Area product gives the percent of partial mortality area found among all the corals of a given transect, this product gives the average percent of partial mortality found on any given coral of a transect. Mortality was measured in a non-comparable method for the Bahamas-1997 batch and is therefore excluded from these products.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>NC</b>	Total number of corals	Number of corals assessed for each transect (includes only measured, not counted corals)
<b>NSD</b>	Total number of standing dead corals	Number of corals that are completely dead; Isolates = 0
<b>N</b>	% new partial mortality (excluding standing dead)	Average percentage of new partial mortality on assessed colonies that were living; Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>T</b>	% transitional partial mortality (excluding standing dead)	Average percentage of transitional partial mortality on assessed colonies that were living; Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>R</b>	% recent partial mortality (excluding standing dead)	Average percentage of recent partial mortality (new + transitional at the colony level in version 5 batches) on assessed colonies that were living



<b>O</b>	% old partial mortality (excluding standing dead)	Average percentage of old partial mortality on assessed colonies that were living
<b>A</b>	% all (total) partial mortality (excluding standing dead)	Average percentage of total partial mortality (new + transitional + old at the colony level) on assessed colonies that were living
<b>NSD</b>	% new partial mortality (including standing dead)	Average percentage of new partial mortality on all assessed colonies; Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>TSD</b>	% transitional partial mortality (including standing dead)	Average percentage of transitional partial mortality on all assessed colonies; Measured in version 5 batches only
<b>RSD</b>	% recent partial mortality (including standing dead)	Average percentage of recent partial mortality (new + transitional at the colony level in version 5 batches) on all assessed colonies
<b>OSD</b>	% old partial mortality (including standing dead)	Average percentage of old partial mortality on all assessed colonies
<b>ASD</b>	% all (total) partial mortality (including standing dead)	Average percentage of total partial mortality (new + transitional + old at the colony level) on all assessed colonies

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## Coral Recruits

### Highlights:

- Quadrat filtering restrictions for protocol versions 1-4: quadrats with <80% cover of any algal group excluded

This product contains recruit information for what is considered by AGRRA as a recruit. These are by definition small corals with maximum diameters of 2 cm or less. Starting in V5.4 of the AGRRA protocol "large" recruits in the size range between 2-4 cm are now recorded along with the smaller recruits within the quadrats on the benthic transect. Information for the newer large recruits can be found in the "Large" sheet of this workbook along with the standard smaller recruit information. Note that the large recruits in the 2-4 cm range may actually represent mature corals for some smaller species such as SRAD or FFRA. It is also important to note that recording recruits was an optional part of the AGRRA protocol until Version 3 when it became a required part of the process.

The numbers of coral recruits are recorded within quadrats in order to calculate densities with overall totals as well as densities of the most commonly encountered coral recruit genera (5 out of 27 genera). Densities are calculated for all coral species combined at the transect level and above and for each species at the batch level. Densities are calculated by taking the total number of recruits for each group for all recorded quadrats within a transect divided by the number of quadrats. This gives the density per quadrat which is one sixteenth of a square meter (25 x 25cm quadrats). This value is then multiplied by 16 to give the final densities per square meter.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>NQ</b>	Total number of quadrats	Number of quadrats recorded for each transect
<b>ALL</b>	Total number of all recruits	Sum of small and large recruits

<b>AGAR</b>	Total number of <i>Agaricia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits
<b>DICH</b>	Total number of <i>Dichocoenia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits
<b>FAVI</b>	Total number of <i>Favia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits
<b>PORI</b>	Total number of <i>Porites</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits
<b>SIDE</b>	Total number of <i>Siderastrea</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits
<b>UNKN</b>	Total number of Unknown recruits	Sum of small and large recruits
<b>ALL/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of all recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>AGAR/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Agaricia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>DICH/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Dichocoenia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>FAVI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Favia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>PORI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Porites</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>SIDE/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Siderastrea</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>UNKN/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of Unknown recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_ALL/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of all (Small) recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_AGAR/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Agaricia</i> recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_DICH/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Dichocoenia</i> recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_FAVI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Favia</i> recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_PORI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Porites</i> recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_SIDE/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Siderastrea</i> recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>S_UNKN/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of Unknown recruits	Only small recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_ALL/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of all (Large) recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_AGAR/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Agaricia</i> recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_DICH/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Dichocoenia</i> recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_FAVI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Favia</i> recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_PORI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Porites</i> recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_SIDE/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Siderastrea</i> recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>L_UNKN/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of Unknown recruits	Only large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>T_ALL/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of all (Large & Small) recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>T_AGAR/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Agaricia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>T_DICH/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Dichocoenia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter

<b>T_FAVI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Favia</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>T_PORI/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Porites</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>T_SIDE/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of <i>Siderastrea</i> recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter
<b>T_UNKN/m<sup>2</sup></b>	Density of Unknown recruits	Sum of small and large recruits; calculated per square meter

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## Coral Size - 4, 10, 25cm

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.
- Extra coral measurement (Width) only recorded starting with V4 protocol

The maximum diameter, width and height for the most commonly encountered coral species. Colony width was not recorded until version 4 of the protocol. The number, average, and standard deviation is given for each species. Number simply gives the number of colonies for that species that were measured. Average is the mean value (length, width, or height) of all the colonies per transect. Standard deviation is only given if the number of colonies is greater than one.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 10m, but could be shorter if external circumstances arose; Transect-level product only
<b>NC</b>	Total number of corals	
<b>TOTAL</b>	Size for all coral species	Average length, width, or height of all species combined (cm)
<b>&lt;species&gt;</b>	Species abbreviation	Number, average (cm), and standard deviation recorded for the top 20 occurring species

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## Coral Size Frequency - 4, 10, 25cm

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on coral transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Batches are filtered by surveyed coral cutoff size (protocol and selection dependent; 4, 10, or 25cm length) such that batches with cutoffs less than or equal to the chosen cutoff are included. Any corals smaller than the cutoff are ignored.

Size distribution of common coral species in multiple size classes. Size classes based on idealized planar coral areas using measured diameter (length parallel to the substratum) for circular estimate (V1-3) and

measured maximum length and maximum width perpendicular to the direction of growth for elliptical estimate (V4-5; for more details on how this was calculated, see “Coral Area” product subsection of this document).

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## Depth Range Coral

### Highlights:

- The average site depth used when depth not recorded on a transect.
- Data was combined for all reef zones and habitat types.
- The number of transects surveyed at each depth slice is shown at bottom of each worksheet.
- COUNT: Not all the depth ranges were surveyed with equal frequency which likely affects distribution by depth.
- DENSITY: This report attempts to 'normalize' the count at each depth slice by calculating density per 100 transects (an arbitrary value in an attempt to provide a useful range of numbers).
- DENSITY: There are very few surveys below 20m and so the increased variance is likely to produce unusually high-density spikes in some cases.

Colony counts and densities for all species of AGRRA species showing the distribution by depth ranges each meter.

Key	Product Definition	Description
NC	Total number of corals	
<0-19>	Coral count/density at various depth slices	0 = 0.0-0.9m, 1 = 1.0-1.9m, 2 = 2.0-2.9m, etc.

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## Depth Range Fish

### Highlights:

- The average site depth used when depth not recorded on a transect.
- Data were combined for all reef zones and habitat types.
- The number of transects surveyed at each depth slice is shown at bottom of each worksheet.
- COUNT: Not all the depth ranges were surveyed with equal frequency which likely affects distribution by depth.
- DENSITY: This report attempts to 'normalize' the count at each depth slice by calculating density per 100 transects (an arbitrary value in an attempt to provide a useful range of numbers).
- DENSITY: There are very few surveys below 20m and so the increased variance is likely to produce unusually high-density spikes in some cases.

Fish counts and densities for all species of AGRRA species showing the distribution by depth ranges each meter.

Key	Product Definition	Description
NF	Total number of fishes	

<b>&lt;0-19&gt;</b>	Fish count/density at various depth slices	0 = 0.0-0.9m, 1 = 1.0-1.9m, 2 = 2.0-2.9m, etc.
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## Fish Biomass

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on fish transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Commercially Significant defined as species in [FishBase](#) with Fishery Importance of Commercial or Highly Commercial
- Aquarium Ornamentals defined as Angelfishes and Butterflyfishes along with Spanish Hogfish
- Fish biomass is partitioned among Herbivore, Invertivore and Piscivore columns in proportion to the percentage of each species' diet for that category given in [FishBase](#)

Fish biomass estimates from size class and length-weight formulas for each surveyed species are summarized by family, diet, fishery importance and total (all AGRRA fishes). In some cases, if a fish could not be identified to species, its family code may have been recorded. All accepted species and family codes are shown in Reference Table 5 at the end of this document.

Biomass for each individual fish is calculated as  $A * (S * TL2FL)^B$ , where A and B are the species biomass curve coefficients, S is the size (usually the size class midpoint for the AGRRA fishes), and TL2FL is a species total length to fork length conversion factor, if necessary, depending on the species coefficients provided in FishBase.

Summations are then used to calculate the total biomass of a species, group, or family. These summations are then normalized using  $(Biomass / (2 * Transect Length (m))) * 100$  to produce biomass in grams per 100m<sup>2</sup>. The current product release uses coefficient values collected for each species from [FishBase](#) in 2013 (see Reference Table 5 for actual species/family level values used for calculations).

Starting in Release V2.0 of the standard AGRRA products in 2013, the coefficients of fish biomass have been updated. There is a legacy version that still uses the biomass coefficients in place before 2013 to aid in comparisons of earlier uses of AGRRA data in ongoing monitoring projects and prior AGRRA literature. When both versions are available, this replacement fish biomass product should be used as a truer estimate of the actual biomass for all other uses.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in some early batches)
<b>T</b>	Total biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	For all species
<b>H</b>	Herbivore biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated using the percent biomass assigned to the “%Herbivore” category per fish species*
<b>I</b>	Invertivore biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated using the percent biomass assigned to the “%Invertivore” category per fish species*
<b>P</b>	Piscivore biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated using the percent biomass assigned to the “%Piscivore” category per fish species*

<b>CS</b>	Commercially Significant species biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Includes fish species marked as Commercially Significant*
<b>DP</b>	<i>Diadema</i> Predator species biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Includes fish species marked as predators of <i>Diadema</i> *
<b>AO</b>	Aquarium Ornamental species biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Includes fish species marked as ornamentals*
<b>ANGE</b>	Angelfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>BARR</b>	Barracudas biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Great Barracuda
<b>BOXF</b>	Boxfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>BUTT</b>	Butterflyfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>CHUB</b>	Chubs biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>DAMS</b>	Damselfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Threespot and Yellowtail Damselfish
<b>FILE</b>	Filefishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>GROU</b>	Groupers biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>GRUN</b>	Grunts biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>JACK</b>	Jacks biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Bar Jack and Permit
<b>MORA</b>	Morays biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Goldentail, Green, and Spotted
<b>PARR</b>	Parrotfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>PORC</b>	Porcupinefishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Balloonfish and Porcupinefish
<b>PORG</b>	Porgies biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Jolthead, Saucereye, Sheepshead and Pluma
<b>PUFF</b>	Porcupinefishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Bandtail Puffer
<b>SCOR</b>	Scorpionfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only exotic Lionfish
<b>SNAP</b>	Snappers biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>SURG</b>	Surgeonfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>TRIG</b>	Triggerfishes biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>WRAS</b>	Wrasse biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Hogfish, Spanish Hogfish, Slippery Dick, Yellowhead Wrasse, and Puddingwife

\*See Reference Table 5 for actual species level values used for calculations

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## Fish Biomass Legacy

The calculation of this product is exactly the same as “Fish Biomass” except that the equation does not include the “TL2FL” coefficient (See “Fish Biomass” for full equation). This product also uses different biomass coefficient values, taken from [FishBase](#) in 1998 (Version 1.0 of the AGRRA standard products; see Reference Table 5 for legacy coefficient values per species/family). This product continues to be produced in order to aid in comparisons of earlier uses of AGRRA data in ongoing monitoring projects. The “Fish Biomass” product should be used as a truer estimate of the actual biomass unless comparing to old published AGRRA monitoring data.

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## Fish Biomass Grouper

Biomass estimates from size class and length-weight formulas separated by species for all Groupers (Epinephelidae). For full description of equations and calculations, see “Fish Biomass” product section of this document.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)
<b>CCRU</b>	<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Graysby
<b>CFUL</b>	<i>Cephalopholis fulva</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Coney
<b>EADS</b>	<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Rock Hind
<b>EGUT</b>	<i>Epinephelus guttatus</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Red Hind
<b>EMOR</b>	<i>Epinephelus morio</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Red Grouper
<b>ESTR</b>	<i>Epinephelus striatus</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Nassau Grouper
<b>MBON</b>	<i>Mycteroperca bonaci</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Black Grouper
<b>MINT</b>	<i>Mycteroperca interstitialis</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Yellowmouth Grouper
<b>MTIG</b>	<i>Mycteroperca tigris</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Tiger Grouper
<b>MVEN</b>	<i>Mycteroperca venenosa</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Yellowfin Grouper

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## Fish Biomass Parrotfish

Biomass estimates from size class and length-weight formulas separated by species for all Parrotfishes (Scaridae). For full description of equations and calculations, see “Fish Biomass” product section of this document.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)
<b>SCEL</b>	<i>Scarus coelestinus</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Midnight Parrotfish
<b>SCER</b>	<i>Scarus coeruleus</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Blue Parrotfish
<b>SGUA</b>	<i>Scarus guacamaia</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Rainbow Parrotfish
<b>SISE</b>	<i>Scarus iseri</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Striped Parrotfish
<b>STAE</b>	<i>Scarus taeniopterus</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Princess Parrotfish
<b>SVET</b>	<i>Scarus vetula</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Queen Parrotfish
<b>SATO</b>	<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Greenblotch Parrotfish
<b>SAUR</b>	<i>Sparisoma aurofrenatum</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Redband Parrotfish
<b>SCHR</b>	<i>Sparisoma chrysopteron</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Redtail Parrotfish
<b>SRUB</b>	<i>Sparisoma rubripinne</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Yellowtail Parrotfish
<b>SVIR</b>	<i>Sparisoma viride</i> biomass (grams/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Stoplight Parrotfish

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## Fish Density

Highlights:

- Includes data collected on fish transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology

- Commercially Significant defined as species in FishBase with Fishery Importance of Commercial or Highly Commercial
- Aquarium Ornamentals defined as Angelfishes and Butterflyfishes along with Spanish Hogfish

Density of the surveyed fishes by family, fishery importance and total (all AGRRA fishes). The density is calculated as the  $[\text{Count of each species} / (\text{length of transect} * 2)] * 100$ . This value is then summed up for the different groups of interest.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)
<b>T</b>	Total (all species) density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	
<b>CS</b>	Commercially Significant species density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Includes fish species marked as Commercially Significant*
<b>DP</b>	<i>Diadema</i> Predator species density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Includes fish species marked as predators of <i>Diadema</i> *
<b>AO</b>	Aquarium Ornamental species density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Includes fish species marked as ornamentals*
<b>ANGE</b>	Angelfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>BARR</b>	Barracudas density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Great Barracuda
<b>BOXF</b>	Boxfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>BUTT</b>	Butterflyfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>CHUB</b>	Chubs density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>DAMS</b>	Damselfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Threespot and Yellowtail Damselfish
<b>FILE</b>	Filefishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>GROU</b>	Grouper density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>GRUN</b>	Grunts density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>JACK</b>	Jacks density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Bar Jack and Permit
<b>MORA</b>	Morays density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Goldentail, Green, and Spotted
<b>PARR</b>	Parrotfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>PORC</b>	Porcupinefishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Balloonfish and Porcupinefish
<b>PORG</b>	Porgies density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Jolthead, Saucereye, Sheepshead and Pluma
<b>PUFF</b>	Porcupinefishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Bandtail Puffer
<b>SCOR</b>	Scorpionfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only exotic Lionfish
<b>SNAP</b>	Snappers density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>SURG</b>	Surgeonfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>TRIG</b>	Triggerfishes density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	All species in family*
<b>WRAS</b>	Wrasse density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Only Hogfish, Spanish Hogfish, Slippery Dick, Yellowhead Wrasse, and Puddingwife

\*See Reference Table 5 for actual species level values used for calculations

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## Fish Density Grouper

Density of the surveyed fishes separated by species for all Grouper (Epinephelidae). For full description of calculations, see “Fish Density” product section of this document.



Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)
<b>CCRU</b>	<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Graysby
<b>CFUL</b>	<i>Cephalopholis fulva</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Coney
<b>EADS</b>	<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Rock Hind
<b>EGUT</b>	<i>Epinephelus guttatus</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Red Hind
<b>EMOR</b>	<i>Epinephelus morio</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Red Grouper
<b>ESTR</b>	<i>Epinephelus striatus</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Nassau Grouper
<b>MBON</b>	<i>Mycteroperca bonaci</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Black Grouper
<b>MINT</b>	<i>Mycteroperca interstitialis</i> (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Yellowmouth Grouper
<b>MTIG</b>	<i>Mycteroperca tigris</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Tiger Grouper
<b>MVEN</b>	<i>Mycteroperca venenosa</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Yellowfin Grouper

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## Fish Density Parrotfish

Density of the surveyed fishes separated by species for all Parrotfishes (Scaridae). For full description of calculations, see “Fish Density” product section of this document.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)
<b>SCEL</b>	<i>Scarus coelestinus</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Midnight Parrotfish
<b>SCER</b>	<i>Scarus coeruleus</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Blue Parrotfish
<b>SGUA</b>	<i>Scarus guacamaia</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Rainbow Parrotfish
<b>SISE</b>	<i>Scarus iseri</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Striped Parrotfish
<b>STAE</b>	<i>Scarus taeniopterus</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Princess Parrotfish
<b>SVET</b>	<i>Scarus vetula</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Queen Parrotfish
<b>SATO</b>	<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Greenblotch Parrotfish
<b>SAUR</b>	<i>Sparisoma aurofrenatum</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Redband Parrotfish
<b>SCHR</b>	<i>Sparisoma chrysopterus</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Redtail Parrotfish
<b>SRUB</b>	<i>Sparisoma rubripinne</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Yellowtail Parrotfish
<b>SVIR</b>	<i>Sparisoma viride</i> density (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	Stoplight Parrotfish

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## Fish Family Composition

The number and percentages of fish recorded in each fish family by batch. Percent is calculated as the number of fish for each group divided by the total number of fishes present per batch \* 100.

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## Fish Size Frequency

### Highlights:

- Includes data collected on fish transects using all versions of the AGRRA methodology
- Parrotfishes and Grunts in the 0-5 class are not recorded in earlier versions of the protocol.
- Fishes in the 6-10 cm category in the Mexico-1999C batch actually represent a size range of 3-10 cm and no individuals are recorded in the 0-5 cm category.
- Separate sheets are named for each fish family. See Reference Table 6 for code definitions.

Size distribution of all of the AGRRA fish families in multiple size classes. The percentages are calculated by taking the number of fish (sum of all transects per site) in each size class and dividing it by the total number of fish \* 100. This product is split among the fish families on the different sheets of the spreadsheet. A species level product has also been created using this same format for a fixed list of Grouper, Snapper, and Parrotfish species. See Reference Table 5 for fish species code definitions.

This list can easily be adjusted to include other species upon request.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)
<b>NF</b>	Total number of fishes	
<b>Lavg</b>	Average length of fish	Uses midpoints of size classes
<b>0-5</b>	# of fishes in 0-5 cm size category	
<b>6-10</b>	# of fishes in 6-10 cm size category	
<b>11-20</b>	# of fishes in 11-20 cm size category	
<b>21-30</b>	# of fishes in 21-30 cm size category	
<b>31-40</b>	# of fishes in 31-40 cm size category	
<b>&gt;40</b>	# of fishes in >40 cm size category	
<b>% 0-5</b>	% of fishes in 0-5 cm size category	
<b>% 6-10</b>	% of fishes in 6-10 cm size category	
<b>% 11-20</b>	% of fishes in 11-20 cm size category	
<b>% 21-30</b>	% of fishes in 21-30 cm size category	
<b>% 31-40</b>	% of fishes in 31-40 cm size category	
<b>% &gt;40</b>	% of fishes in >40 cm size category	

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## Grouper Index

A product created for a specific purpose in the Bahamas. It calculates the density ( $\#/100m^2$ ) of fish in the Grouper family within different size classes in order to calculate a "Grouper Index" value. The index is defined as:  $[0-5]+[6-10]+[11-20]+2*[21-30]+4*[31-40]+6*[>40]$ , where the size class ranges represent the density of Grouper within that range.

Key	Product Definition	Description
<b>Length</b>	Length of transect (meters)	Usually 30m (50m in early batches)

<b>GI</b>	<b>Grouper Index</b>	<b>Summation of weighted densities defined above</b>
<b>0-5</b>	Density of Grouper within the 0-5cm size class (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	
<b>6-10</b>	Density of Grouper within the 6-10cm size class (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	
<b>11-20</b>	Density of Grouper within the 11-20cm size class (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	
<b>21-30</b>	Density of Grouper within the 21-30cm size class (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	
<b>31-40</b>	Density of Grouper within the 31-40cm size class (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	
<b>&gt;40</b>	Density of Grouper within the >40cm size class (#/100m <sup>2</sup> )	

## Motile Inverts

### Highlights:

- *Diadema*, other urchins, lobster, conch and sea cucumber numbers represent counts per square meter (#/m<sup>2</sup>).
- *Diadema* breakdown by Adult and Juvenile, plus Lobster and Conch counts began in version 4 of the protocol.
- Other urchins and sea cucumber counts were sequentially added to version 5 of the protocol.

The number of motile invertebrates is recorded in a one-meter wide belt centered on the benthic transect in order to calculate the density of each group per square meter (Count /m<sup>2</sup>). In versions 1-3 of the protocol, only total *Diadema* counts were made. Starting in version 4 of the protocol, *Diadema* were split into juvenile and adult categories; (spiny) lobster, and (Queen) conch were added. Other urchins were added to version 5 in 2013 and sea cucumbers in 2017.

<b>Key</b>	<b>Product Definition</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>DT</b>	Number of <i>Diadema</i> (Total) per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for all protocol versions
<b>DJ</b>	Number of <i>Diadema</i> (Juvenile) per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for protocol version 4 and onward
<b>DA</b>	Number of <i>Diadema</i> (Adult) per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for protocol version 4 and onward
<b>OU</b>	Number of Other Urchins per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for protocol version 5 from 2013
<b>L</b>	Number of (Spiny) Lobster per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for protocol version 4 and onward
<b>C</b>	Number of (Queen) Conch per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for protocol version 4 and onward
<b>S</b>	Number of Sea Cucumbers per m <sup>2</sup>	Available for protocol version 5 from 2017

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## Relief

### Highlights:

- Maximum Relief (a proxy for reef rugosity) was not estimated prior to protocol version 3
- Maximum Relief (in cm) was estimated on the benthic transects in versions 3-4 of the protocol
- Maximum Relief estimates along the fish transects, which are longer and potentially cover more variable topography, began in version 5 of the protocol.

Maximum relief in version 3 of the protocol was estimated as the difference (in cm) between the highest and lowest points within a 1-m radius of the 1-, 3-, 5-, 7-, and 9- m marks along each of the 6 benthos transect lines. The definitions of “highest” and “lowest” points in version 4 were clarified as “the tallest

coral or reef rock above the lowest point in the underlying substratum.” Maximum reef relief, was transferred to the fish transects in version 5, where it is estimated at 5m or 15ft intervals for 6 estimates in each of 10 transects. The 5 or 6 estimates were averaged together to give a final transect level relief estimate.

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## Sighting Frequency

Number of surveyed sites (and percentage of these sites) where AGRRA coral and fish species were recorded. These values are for all the sites combined for all the batches included in the product set.

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## Site

Highlights:

- This product shows the different sites (ie. point locations within a batch) and their attributes that are involved in the entire set of products provided. (Similar to “Batch” product)

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## Species Richness

Highlights:

- Comparable across all protocol versions
- Values are by batch level only

The number of AGRRA coral and fish species, genera (coral only), and families that were recorded for each batch are included in the product set. For a list of all coral and fish families/genera/species, see Reference Tables 2, 5, and 6.

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## Substrate

Highlights:

- Substrate values were not recorded until Version 2 of the protocol

Proportion of the predominant substrate codes recorded within quadrats (maximum of 2 codes per quadrat) collected during the coral transect (Versions 2-4 of the protocol) or benthic transect (Version 5 of the protocol). Each substrate group is calculated as a proportion by summing the number of quadrats for all its codes (half a quadrat value given for quadrats with 2 substrate codes) and dividing by the total number of quadrats recorded, i.e., Sum of quadrats per substrate code / [Total number of quadrats].

Key	Product Definition	Description
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<b>NQ</b>	Number of quadrats	Usually 5, but could be less if suitable areas were not found; Transect-level product only
<b>LCS</b>	Live coral substrata	Only includes “LCS” substrate codes
<b>DCS</b>	Immobile dead coral substrata	Only includes “DCS” substrate codes
<b>MUD</b>	Mud	Only includes “MUD” substrate codes
<b>PAVE</b>	Carbonate pavement	Only includes “PAVE” substrate codes
<b>ROCK</b>	Non-carbonate bedrock or boulders	Only includes “ROCK” substrate codes
<b>RUB</b>	Loose coral rubble	Only includes “RUB” substrate codes
<b>SAND</b>	Sand	Only includes “SAND” substrate codes
<b>SMS</b>	Mixtures of sand and mud	Only includes “SMS” substrate codes
<b>UNK</b>	Unknown	Only includes “UNK” substrate codes

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## Reference Tables

**Table 1:** The AGRRA database’s current acceptable benthos underwater codes.

Code	Category	Description
<b>CCA</b>	Algae-Crustose	Crustose Coralline Algae
<b>ND-CCA</b>	Algae-Crustose-Dead	Crustose Coralline Algae (Newly Dead)
<b>MA</b>	Algae-Macro	Undefined Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>ACET</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Acetabularia</i> / height (cm)
<b>AMPH</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Amphiroa</i> / height (cm)
<b>CMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	Calcareous Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>GALA</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Galaxaura</i> / height (cm)
<b>GCMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	Green Calcareous Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>HALI</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Halimeda</i> / height (cm)
<b>HALM</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Halimeda</i> Mat / height (cm)
<b>JANI</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Jania</i> / height (cm)
<b>PENI</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Penicillus</i> / height (cm)
<b>RCMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	Red Calcareous Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>RHIP</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Rhipocephalus</i> / height (cm)
<b>UDOT</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous	<i>Udotea</i> / height (cm)
<b>ND-HALI</b>	Algae-Macro-Calcareous-Dead	Newly Dead <i>Halimeda</i> / height (cm)
<b>ACAN</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Acanthophora</i> / height (cm)
<b>BATO</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Batophora</i> / height (cm)
<b>BFMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	Brown Fleshy Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>CAUL</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Caulerpa</i> / height (cm)
<b>CLAD</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Cladophora</i> / height (cm)
<b>CODI</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Codium</i> / height (cm)
<b>COEL</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Coelothrix</i> / height (cm)
<b>CRYP</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Cryptonemia</i> / height (cm)

<b>DICT</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Dictyota</i> / height (cm)
<b>DSPH</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Dictyosphaeria</i> / height (cm)
<b>FMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	Fleshy Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>GELI</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Gelidiella</i> / height (cm)
<b>GFMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	Green Fleshy Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>HYPH</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Hypoglossum</i> / height (cm)
<b>LAUR</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Laurencia</i> / height (cm)
<b>LIAG</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Liagora</i> / height (cm)
<b>LOBO</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Lobophora</i> / height (cm)
<b>MART</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Martensia</i> / height (cm)
<b>MICR</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Microdictyon</i> / height (cm)
<b>NEOM</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Neomeris</i> / height (cm)
<b>PADI</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Padina</i> / height (cm)
<b>RFMA</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	Red Fleshy Macro Algae / height (cm)
<b>SARG</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Sargassum</i> / height (cm)
<b>STYP</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Styopodium</i> / height (cm)
<b>TURB</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Turbinaria</i> / height (cm)
<b>ULVA</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Ulva</i> / height (cm)
<b>VAL/VALO</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Valonia</i> / height (cm)
<b>WRAN</b>	Algae-Macro-Fleshy	<i>Wrangelia</i> / height (cm)
<b>PEY/PEYS</b>	Algae-Peyssonnelid	Peyssonnelid Algae
<b>OSTR</b>	Algae-Turf	<i>Ostreobium</i>
<b>TA</b>	Algae-Turf	Turf Algae / height (cm)
<b>TAM</b>	Algae-Turf	Turf Algae Mat / height (cm)
<b>STA</b>	Algae-Turf-Sediment	Turf Algae << Sediment / height (cm)
<b>TAS</b>	Algae-Turf-Sediment	Turf Algae >> Sediment / height (cm)
<b>FILM</b>	Biofilm	Microbial/microalgal/diatom biofilm
<b>LC</b>	Coral	Live Coral
<b>LMC</b>	Coral	Live Milleporid Coral
<b>LSC</b>	Coral	Live Scleractinian Coral
<b>BLC</b>	Coral-Bleached	Bleached (live) coral
<b>DC</b>	Coral-Dead	Dead Coral
<b>NDC</b>	Coral-Dead	Newly Dead Coral (white skeleton)
<b>NDMC</b>	Coral-Dead	Newly Dead Milleporid Coral (white skeleton)
<b>ND-XXX</b>	Coral-Dead	Newly Dead species-specific code from reference Table 2 of coral species
<b>PLC</b>	Coral-Pale	Pale (live) coral
<b>CYAM</b>	Cyanobacteria	Cyanobacteria mat
<b>CYAN</b>	Cyanobacteria	Any conspicuous Cyanobacteria / height (cm)
<b>ANEM</b>	Invertebrates	Anemone
<b>CMOR</b>	Invertebrates	Coralimorph
<b>GORG</b>	Invertebrates	Gorgonian holdfast (including erect Briarium)
<b>HYDR</b>	Invertebrates	Hydroids
<b>OCTO</b>	Invertebrates	Octocorallian holdfast

<b>OINV</b>	Invertebrates	Other Invertebrate
<b>SABE</b>	Invertebrates	Sabellid worms
<b>SERP</b>	Invertebrates	Serpulid worms
<b>SPON</b>	Invertebrates	Epibenthic sponge
<b>TUNI</b>	Invertebrates	Tunicate
<b>XMUT</b>	Invertebrates	<i>Xestospongia muta</i>
<b>AINV</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Aggressive Invertebrate
<b>ASPO</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Aggressive Sponge
<b>BASB</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Briareum asbestinum</i>
<b>BL-ECAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Bleached (live) <i>Erythropodium caribaeorum</i>
<b>BL-PCAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Bleached (live) <i>Palythoa caribaeorum</i>
<b>BRYO</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Bryozoan
<b>CCAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Chondrilla caribensis</i>
<b>CDEL</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Cliothesa delitrix</i> (Red/Orange)
<b>CKOC</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Clionids that Kill & Overgrow Corals/CCA
<b>CLIO</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Clionids that Kill & Overgrow Corals/CCA
<b>CZOO</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Zooxanthellate (Brown/Black) clionid
<b>ECAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Erythropodium caribaeorum</i>
<b>IKOC</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Inverts that Kill & Overgrow Corals/CCA
<b>PCAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Palythoa caribaeorum</i>
<b>P-ECAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Pale (live) <i>Erythropodium caribaeorum</i>
<b>P-PCAR</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Pale (live) <i>Palythoa caribaeorum</i>
<b>RFLO</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Ricordea florida</i> (coralimorph)
<b>SZEA</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Svenzea zeai</i>
<b>TSOL</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	<i>Trididemnum solidum</i>
<b>ZOAN</b>	Invertebrates-Aggressive	Zoanthid
<b>-</b>	Other	Other
<b>BARE</b>	Other	Bare
<b>CABLE</b>	Other	Hydrophone cable (AUTEC)
<b>GRASS</b>	Other	Seagrass
<b>HALO</b>	Other	<i>Halophila decipiens</i>
<b>HOLE</b>	Other	Invisible (in a hole)
<b>HSTI</b>	Other	<i>Halophila stipulacea</i>
<b>MUD</b>	Other	Mud
<b>PAVE</b>	Other	Pavement
<b>ROCK</b>	Other	Rock
<b>RUBB</b>	Other	Rubble
<b>SAND</b>	Other	Sand
<b>SEDI</b>	Other	Sediment
<b>SILT</b>	Other	Silt
<b>SYRI</b>	Other	<i>Syringodium filiforme</i>
<b>THAL</b>	Other	<i>Thalassia testudinum</i>
<b>XXX</b>	Other	Unknown
<b>CWT</b>	Other-Calcififiers	Calcified Worm Tubes

<b>GYPs</b>	Other-Calcififiers	<i>Gypsina</i>
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**Table 2:** The AGRR database's current acceptable coral codes.

<b>Abbr</b>	<b>Species Name</b>	<b>Family Name</b>
<b>ACER</b>	<i>Acropora cervicornis</i>	Acroporidae
<b>APAL</b>	<i>Acropora palmata</i>	Acroporidae
<b>APRO</b>	<i>Acropora prolifera</i>	Acroporidae
<b>ACRO</b>	<i>Acropora sp.</i>	Acroporidae
<b>AAGA</b>	<i>Agaricia agaricites</i>	Agariciidae
<b>AFRA</b>	<i>Agaricia fragilis</i>	Agariciidae
<b>AGRA</b>	<i>Agaricia grahamae</i>	Agariciidae
<b>AHUM</b>	<i>Agaricia humilis</i>	Agariciidae
<b>ALAM</b>	<i>Agaricia lamarcki</i>	Agariciidae
<b>AGAR</b>	<i>Agaricia sp.</i>	Agariciidae
<b>ATEN</b>	<i>Agaricia tenuifolia</i>	Agariciidae
<b>AUND</b>	<i>Agaricia undata</i>	Agariciidae
<b>HCUC</b>	<i>Helioseris cucullata</i>	Agariciidae
<b>MAUR</b>	<i>Madracis auretenra (mirabilis)</i>	Pocilloporidae*
<b>MDEC</b>	<i>Madracis decactis</i>	Pocilloporidae
<b>MFOR</b>	<i>Madracis formosa</i>	Pocilloporidae
<b>MPHA</b>	<i>Madracis pharensis</i>	Pocilloporidae
<b>MADR</b>	<i>Madracis sp.</i>	Pocilloporidae
<b>SINT</b>	<i>Stephanocoenia intersepta</i>	Astrocoeniidae
<b>CARB</b>	<i>Cladocora arbuscula</i>	Scleractinia incertae sedis
<b>DCYL</b>	<i>Dendrogyra cylindrus</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>DSTE</b>	<i>Dichocoenia stellaris</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>DSTO</b>	<i>Dichocoenia stokesii</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>EFAS</b>	<i>Eusmilia fastigiata</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>MJAC</b>	<i>Meandrina jacksoni</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>MMEA</b>	<i>Meandrina meandrites</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>MEAN</b>	<i>Meandrina sp.</i>	Meandrinidae
<b>OANN</b>	<i>Orbicella annularis</i>	Merulinidae
<b>OFAV</b>	<i>Orbicella faveolata</i>	Merulinidae
<b>OFRA</b>	<i>Orbicella franksi</i>	Merulinidae
<b>ORBI</b>	<i>Orbicella sp.</i>	Merulinidae
<b>MALC</b>	<i>Millepora alcicornis</i>	Milleporidae
<b>MCOM</b>	<i>Millepora complanata</i>	Milleporidae
<b>MILL</b>	<i>Millepora sp.</i>	Milleporidae
<b>MSQU</b>	<i>Millepora squarosa</i>	Milleporidae
<b>MSTR</b>	<i>Millepora striata</i>	Milleporidae
<b>MCAV</b>	<i>Montastraea cavernosa</i>	Montastraeidae
<b>CNAT</b>	<i>Colpophyllia natans</i>	Faviidae*
<b>DLAB</b>	<i>Diploria labyrinthiformis</i>	Faviidae
<b>DIPL</b>	<i>Diploria sp.</i>	Faviidae



<b>FFRA</b>	<i>Favia fragum</i>	Faviidae
<b>FAVI</b>	<i>Favia</i> sp.	Faviidae
<b>IRIG</b>	<i>Isophyllia rigida</i>	Faviidae
<b>ISIN</b>	<i>Isophyllia sinuosa</i>	Faviidae
<b>ISOP</b>	<i>Isophyllia</i> sp.	Faviidae
<b>MARE</b>	<i>Manicina areolata</i>	Faviidae
<b>MANG</b>	<i>Mussa angulosa</i>	Faviidae
<b>MALI</b>	<i>Mycetophyllia aliciae</i>	Faviidae
<b>MDAN</b>	<i>Mycetophyllia danaana</i>	Faviidae
<b>MFER</b>	<i>Mycetophyllia ferox</i>	Faviidae
<b>MLAM</b>	<i>Mycetophyllia lamarckiana</i>	Faviidae
<b>MYCE</b>	<i>Mycetophyllia</i> sp.	Faviidae
<b>PCLI</b>	<i>Pseudodiploria clivosa</i>	Faviidae
<b>PSEU</b>	<i>Pseudodiploria</i> sp.	Faviidae
<b>PSTR</b>	<i>Pseudodiploria strigosa</i>	Faviidae
<b>SCUB</b>	<i>Scolymia cubensis</i>	Faviidae
<b>SLAC</b>	<i>Scolymia lacera</i>	Faviidae
<b>SCOL</b>	<i>Scolymia</i> sp.	Faviidae
<b>SWEL</b>	<i>Scolymia wellsi</i>	Faviidae
<b>SBOU</b>	<i>Solenastrea bournoni</i>	Faviidae
<b>SHYA</b>	<i>Solenastrea hyades</i>	Faviidae
<b>SOLE</b>	<i>Solenastrea</i> sp.	Faviidae
<b>ODIF</b>	<i>Oculina diffusa</i>	Oculinidae
<b>OCUL</b>	<i>Oculina</i> sp.	Oculinidae
<b>OVAR</b>	<i>Oculina varicosa</i>	Oculinidae
<b>PDIG</b>	<i>Porites</i> (digitate)	Poritidae
<b>PAST</b>	<i>Porites astreoides</i>	Poritidae
<b>PBRA</b>	<i>Porites</i> cf. <i>branneri</i>	Poritidae
<b>PDIV</b>	<i>Porites divaricata</i>	Poritidae
<b>PFUR</b>	<i>Porites furcata</i>	Poritidae
<b>PPOR</b>	<i>Porites porites</i>	Poritidae
<b>PORI</b>	<i>Porites</i> sp.	Poritidae
<b>SRAD</b>	<i>Siderastrea radians</i>	Siderastreidae
<b>SSID</b>	<i>Siderastrea siderea</i>	Siderastreidae
<b>SIDE</b>	<i>Siderastrea</i> sp.	Siderastreidae
<b>SSTE</b>	<i>Siderastrea stellata</i>	Siderastreidae
<b>UNKN</b>	Unknown species	Unknown

\*Hoeksema, B. W.; Cairns, S. (2020). World List of Scleractinia. Accessed at <http://www.marinespecies.org/scleractinia> on 2020-06-16 .

**Table 3:** The AGRRA database’s current list of public data batches. Coral cutoff describes the smallest coral size measured individually. The protocol columns display the protocol version for that transect type.

Name	Description	Year	Coral Cutoff	Benthos Protocol	Coral Protocol	Fish Protocol	Site Selection
<b>Bahamas-1997</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas	1997	25		V1 [modified]	V1 [modified]	Representative
<b>VirginIslands-1998</b>	USVI (St. Thomas)	1998	25		V2	V2	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-1998A</b>	San Salvador Island, Bahamas	1998	10		V1	(Bohnsack et al. cylinders)	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-1998B</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas	1998	10		V2	V2	Representative
<b>Curaçao-1998</b>	Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles	1998	25		V2 [modified]	V2 [modified]	Strategic
<b>Bonaire-1999</b>	Bonaire, Netherlands Antilles	1999	25		V2	V2	Representative > Strategic
<b>México-1999A</b>	Akumal & Xcalak, Quintana Roo, México	1999	25		V2	V2 [modified]	Representative
<b>Belize-1999A</b>	Northern and south-central barrier reef, Belize	1999	10		V1	(Bohnsack et al. cylinders)	Representative > Strategic
<b>VirginIslands-1999</b>	USVI (St. Croix, St. Thomas) & BVI (Guana)	1999	25		V2	V2	Strategic
<b>Cayman-1999</b>	Little Cayman & Grand Cayman, British West Indies	1999	10		V2.2	V2.1	mixed Representative & Strategic
<b>StVincent-1999</b>	Horseshoe Reef, Tobago Cays Marine Park, Grenadines, St. Vincent & the Grenadines	1999	25		V2.2	V2.2	Representative > Strategic
<b>México-1999B</b>	Central-southern coast, Quintana Roo, México	1999	25		V2.2	[non-AGRRA belt method]	Strategic & Representative
<b>Cuba-1999</b>	María la Gorda, southeast Ensenada de Corrientes, Cuba	1999	25		V2.2	V2.2 [modified]	Representative > Strategic
<b>México-1999C</b>	Veracruz Reef System, México	1999	25		V2 [modified]		Representative (4); Strategic (2)
<b>Belize-1999B</b>	Lighthouse Atoll, Belize	1999	25		V2.2?	V2.2?	Strategic & Representative
<b>Bahamas-1999</b>	Abaco Islands, Bahamas	1999	10		V2	V2.1?	Representative
<b>TurksCaicos-1999</b>	Caicos, Turks & Mouchoir Banks, Turks & Caicos Islands	1999	10		V2.1 [modified]	V2.2	Strategic & Representative
<b>Venezuela-1999</b>	Archipiélago de los Roques National Park, Venezuela	1999	10		V2.2	V2.2	Representative
<b>CostaRica-1999</b>	Cahuita National Park, Costa Rica	1999	25		V2.2 [modified]	V2.2 [modified]	Representative > Strategic
<b>USA-1999</b>	Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary, Gulf of Mexico	1999	25		V2.1	V2.1	Strategic & Representative
<b>StMaarten-1999</b>	St. Maarten (Windward Netherlands Antilles survey)	1999	10		V2.1	V2.1	Representative & Strategic

<b>Saba-1999</b>	Saba & Saba Bank (Windward Netherlands Antilles survey)	1999	10		V2.1	V2.1	Representative & Strategic
<b>StEustatius-1999</b>	St. Eustatius (Windward Netherlands Antilles survey)	1999	10		V2.1	V2.1	Representative & Strategic
<b>Curaçao-2000</b>	Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles	2000	25		V2 [modified]		Strategic
<b>VirginIslands-2000</b>	USVI (St. Thomas, St. John) & BVI (Anegada, Virgin Gorda)	2000	25		V2 (17); V2 [modified] (5)	V2.1 (St. Croix); V2 (others)	Strategic >> Haphazard
<b>Cayman-2000</b>	Cayman Brac, British West Indies	2000	10		V2.2		mixed Representative & Strategic
<b>Belize-2000</b>	Turneffe Atoll, Glovers Reef & barrier reef, Belize	2000	10		V3	V3	Unbiased >> Strategic
<b>México-2000</b>	Chinchorro Banks, Quintana Roo, México	2000	25		V3	V3	Unbiased >> Strategic
<b>Jamaica-2000</b>	Northern, northwestern, western and southwestern reefs, Jamaica	2000	10		V3	V3	Representative >> Strategic
<b>Cuba-2001A</b>	Batabanó, Cuba	2001	10		V3	V3	Unbiased >> Strategic
<b>Cuba-2001B</b>	Sabana-Camagüey, Cuba	2001	10		V3	V3	Representative
<b>Cuba-2001C</b>	Jardines de la Reina, Cuba	2001	10		V3	V3	Unbiased >> Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2002</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2002	10		V3	V3	Strategic
<b>Panamá-2002</b>	Bocas del Toro & Comarca de Kuna Yala (San Blas Islands), Panama	2002	10		V3	V3	Representative & Strategic
<b>USA-2003</b>	Biscayne Bay National Park & Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, Florida	2003	10		V3	V3	Strategic (reef crests); Representative (others)
<b>Nicaragua-2003</b>	Big and Little Corn Islands, Nicaragua	2003	10		V3	V3	Representative
<b>DominicanRep-2003</b>	Dominican Republic (Punta Cana & Babaro)	2003	10		V3	V3	Representative
<b>PuertoRico-2003</b>	Culebra, Vieques & Cayos de la Cordillera, Puerto Rico	2003	10		V3	V3	Strategic (reef crests); Representative (others)
<b>DominicanRep-2004</b>	Dominican Republic	2004	10		V3	V3	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2004</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2004	10		V3	V3	Strategic
<b>USA-2004A</b>	Broward County, Florida	2004	10		V3	V3	Representative
<b>USA-2004B</b>	Dry Tortugas, Florida	2004	10		V3	V3	Representative > Strategic
<b>Jamaica-2005</b>	Pedro Bank, Jamaica (TNC partnership)	2005	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>Antigua-2005</b>	North Sound NCORE survey	2005	10		V4	V3	Strategic
<b>México-2005</b>	Mexico component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2005	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>Grenada-2005</b>	Carriacou and surrounding islands, Grenada (TNC partnership)	2005	10		V4	V4	Representative

<b>Dominica-2005</b>	Dominica	2005	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>Belize-2006</b>	Belize component of Meso-American Reef survey (WWF partnership)	2006	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>Honduras-2006</b>	Honduras component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2006	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>México-2006</b>	Mexico component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2006	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>Guatemala-2006</b>	Guatemala component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2006	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>USA-2006</b>	Molasses Reef SPA	2006	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2006</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2006	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2007</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2007	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Belize-2008</b>	Belize City, Palencia, & San Pedro (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2008	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>StVincent-2008</b>	St. Vincent, West Indies	2008	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2008A</b>	New Providence & Rose Island REA	2008	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2008B</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2008	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Belize-2009A</b>	Belize City, Palencia, & San Pedro (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>Belize-2009B</b>	Belize City, Caye Caulker, Glovers, Palencia, & Turneffe (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>México-2009</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009	10		V4	V4	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2009</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2009	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2009</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009	10		V4	V4	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2010</b>	Honduras - Cayos Cochinos (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2010	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2011A</b>	Cay Sal Bank, Bahamas (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2011A</b>	Tela, Honduras	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>StKitts-2011</b>	St. Kitts (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>México-2011A</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2011B</b>	Swan Island, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2011C</b>	Roatan, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic

<b>Bahamas-2011B</b>	Inaguas, Bahamas (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Belize-2011</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Honduras-2011D</b>	Roatan, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>México-2011B</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2011C</b>	Andros, Bahamas (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2011D</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2011E</b>	New Providence & Rose Island (Perry Institute)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Honduras-2011E</b>	Roatan & Utila, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Guatemala-2012</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Jamaica-2012</b>	Pedro Bank, Jamaica (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2012A</b>	Guanaja, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Navassa-2012</b>	Navassa (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Colombia-2012</b>	San Andrés, Colombia (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2012B</b>	Utila, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2012C</b>	Cayos Cochinos, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2012A</b>	New Providence & Rose Island (Perry Institute)	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2012B</b>	Lucayan National Park, Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2012	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2013A</b>	Plana, Samana, Mayaguana, Acklins/Crooked Island (The Nature Conservancy REA)	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2013A</b>	Tela, Honduras	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Belize-2013</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Honduras-2013B</b>	Swan Island, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Jamaica-2014</b>	Jamaica (Waitt Foundation partnership)	2014	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2013B</b>	Cross Harbour, Great Abaco, Bahamas	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic

<b>Bahamas-2013C</b>	East Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2013D</b>	Joulter Cays, Bahamas	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Guatemala-2013</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>México-2014</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2014	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Honduras-2014</b>	Swan Island, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2014	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Grenada-2015A</b>	Grenada	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2015A</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Jamaica-2015</b>	Jamaica (TNC contract)	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative >> Strategic
<b>Haiti-2015</b>	Haiti (TNC contract)	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative >> Strategic
<b>DominicanRep-2015</b>	Dominican Republic (TNC contract)	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative >> Strategic
<b>Grenada-2015B</b>	Grenadines [Grenada] (TNC contract)	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative >> Strategic
<b>StVincent-2015</b>	Grenadines [St. Vincent] (TNC contract)	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative >> Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2015A</b>	Andros Island	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2015B</b>	New Providence & Rose Island	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2016A</b>	New Providence & Rose Island	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Guatemala-2016</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>México-2016</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Honduras-2016A</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Belize-2016</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Antigua-2017</b>	Antigua	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2016B</b>	Peterson Cay National Park, Grand Bahama	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2016C</b>	South Abaco, Bahamas	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2016D</b>	Eleuthera, Bahamas	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2016E</b>	New Providence, Bahamas	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2017A</b>	Savana Sound - Eleuthera, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>México-2017</b>	Veracruz, Mexico (AGRRA Training)	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2017B</b>	Exuma Cays, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative
<b>Bahamas-2017C</b>	Cat Island, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic

<b>Bahamas-2017D</b>	Conception Island, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2017E</b>	Eleuthera, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2017F</b>	Long Island, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic
<b>Honduras-2015B</b>	Tela, Honduras	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Honduras-2016B</b>	Tela, Honduras	2016	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2017G</b>	North Eleuthera, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2017H</b>	Walker Cay, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2015C</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2015D</b>	Castaway Cay, Bahamas	2015	4	V5	V5	V5	Representative > Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2017I</b>	South Abaco, Bahamas	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic
<b>Jamaica-2017</b>	Port Royal Cays, Kingston, Jamaica	2017	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Jamaica-2018A</b>	Portland Bight	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Grenada-2018A</b>	Gouyave, Grenada	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Honduras-2013C</b>	Miskito Coast, Honduras	2013	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Grenada-2018B</b>	South Coast, Grenada	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard
<b>Grenada-2018C</b>	Carriacou, Grenada (TNC Contract)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>StVincent-2018</b>	Union Island, St. Vincent and the Grenadines (TNC Contract)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Antigua-2018</b>	Redonda, Antigua and Barbuda	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>DominicanRep-2018</b>	Samaná, Dominican Republic (TNC Contract)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random>Strategic
<b>Haiti-2018</b>	Haiti (TNC Contract)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random>Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Jamaica-2018B</b>	Bluefields, Jamaica (TNC contract)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>TurksCaicos-2018</b>	North Coast, East Caicos	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>México-2018B</b>	Veracruz, México (Veragrra)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2018A</b>	Exuma Sound, Bahamas	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Antigua-2019</b>	Nelson's Dockyard National Park	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>México-2018A</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random>Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Belize-2018A</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random>Strategic
<b>Honduras-2018</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Random>Haphazard
<b>Belize-2018B</b>	Turneffe Atoll (ERI MBRS data), Belize	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random
<b>Belize-2018C</b>	Toledo District (TIDES MBRS data)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic

<b>Guatemala-2018</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Random
<b>Bahamas-2018C</b>	Abaco, Bahamas	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Bahamas-2018E</b>	Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Bahamas-2018F</b>	Lucaya National Park, Bahamas	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Bahamas-2018G</b>	West Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Bahamas-2019A</b>	Ocean Cay, Bahamas	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Random>Strategic
<b>Belize-2018F</b>	Glover's Reef Atoll and the South Water Cayes, Belize (WCS Data)	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random
<b>Belize-2018G</b>	Blue Venture Partner Data	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Random
<b>Grenada-2019A</b>	Grenada 2019	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Grenada-2019B</b>	Grenada Marine Protected Areas program monitoring within MPAs	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Bahamas-2019B</b>	Abaco, Bahamas	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Haphazard>Strategic>Random
<b>Bahamas-2019C</b>	New Providence & Rose Island, Bahamas	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic
<b>Bahamas-2019D</b>	Great Exuma inside National Park	2019	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard
<b>Bahamas-2018B</b>	Rapid Ecological assessment for proposed MPA	2018	4	V5	V5	V5	Strategic>Haphazard

**Table 4:** The AGRRA database's current list of public data batches along with their main points of contact

Name	Description	Year	Benthos Contact	Coral Contact	Fish Contact	Additional Contact
<b>Bahamas-1997</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas	1997		Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	Kenneth Marks
<b>VirginIslands-1998</b>	USVI (St. Thomas)	1998		Richard Nemeth	Richard Nemeth	Christy Pattengill-Semmens
<b>Bahamas-1998A</b>	San Salvador Island, Bahamas	1998		Paulette Peckol	Paulette Peckol	Allen Curran
<b>Bahamas-1998B</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas	1998		Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	Kenneth Marks
<b>Curaçao-1998</b>	Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles	1998		Andrew Bruckner	Andrew Bruckner	
<b>Bonaire-1999</b>	Bonaire, Netherlands Antilles	1999		Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	Kalli De Meyer
<b>México-1999A</b>	Akumal & Xcalak, Quintana Roo, México	1999		Robert Steneck	Robert Steneck	
<b>Belize-1999A</b>	Northern and south-central barrier reef, Belize	1999		Paulette Peckol	Paulette Peckol	Allen Curran
<b>VirginIslands-1999</b>	USVI (St. Croix, St. Thomas) & BVI (Guana)	1999		Richard Nemeth	Richard Nemeth	Christy Pattengill-Semmens
<b>Cayman-1999</b>	Little Cayman & Grand Cayman, British West Indies	1999		Carrie Manfrino	Christy Pattengill-Semmens	Brice Semmens



<b>StVincent-1999</b>	Horseshoe Reef, Tobago Cays Marine Park, Grenadines, St. Vincent & the Grenadines	1999		Alice Deschamps	Kristi D. Klomp	André Desrochers
<b>México-1999B</b>	Central-southern coast, Quintana Roo, México	1999		Miguel Ruiz-Zárate	Enrique Núñez-Lara	Ernesto Arias-González
<b>Cuba-1999</b>	María la Gorda, southeast Ensenada de Corrientes, Cuba	1999		Pedro Alcolado	Rodolfo Claro	
<b>México-1999C</b>	Veracruz Reef System, México	1999		Guillermo Horta-Puga		
<b>Belize-1999B</b>	Lighthouse Atoll, Belize	1999		Julianne Robinson	Julianne Robinson	
<b>Bahamas-1999</b>	Abaco Islands, Bahamas	1999		Joshua Feingold	Joshua Feingold	Kenneth Banks
<b>TurksCaicos-1999</b>	Caicos, Turks & Mouchoir Banks, Turks & Caicos Islands	1999		Bernhard Riegl	Marilyn Brandt	Carrie Manfrino
<b>Venezuela-1999</b>	Archipiélago de los Roques National Park, Venezuela	1999		Estrella Villamizar	Juan Posada	Patricia Richards Kramer
<b>CostaRica-1999</b>	Cahuita National Park, Costa Rica	1999		Ana Fonseca	Carlos Gamboa	Jorge Cortés
<b>USA-1999</b>	Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary, Gulf of Mexico	1999		Christy Pattengill-Semmens	Christy Pattengill-Semmens	Stephen Gittings
<b>StMaarten-1999</b>	St. Maarten (Windward Netherlands Antilles survey)	1999		Kristi D. Klomp	Kristi D. Klomp	David Kooistra
<b>Saba-1999</b>	Saba & Saba Bank (Windward Netherlands Antilles survey)	1999		Kristi D. Klomp	Kristi D. Klomp	David Kooistra
<b>StEustatius-1999</b>	St. Eustatius (Windward Netherlands Antilles survey)	1999		Kristi D. Klomp	Kristi D. Klomp	David Kooistra
<b>Curaçao-2000</b>	Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles	2000		Andrew Bruckner		
<b>VirginIslands-2000</b>	USVI (St. Thomas, St. John) & BVI (Anegada, Virgin Gorda)	2000		Richard Nemeth	Richard Nemeth	
<b>Cayman-2000</b>	Cayman Brac, British West Indies	2000		Carrie Manfrino		
<b>Belize-2000</b>	Turneffe Atoll, Glovers Reef & barrier reef, Belize	2000		Patricia Richards Kramer	Patricia Richards Kramer	
<b>México-2000</b>	Chinchorro Banks, Quintana Roo, México	2000		Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	
<b>Jamaica-2000</b>	Northern, northwestern, western and southwestern reefs, Jamaica	2000		Kristi D. Klomp	Kristi D. Klomp	George Warner
<b>Cuba-2001A</b>	Batabanó, Cuba	2001		Pedro Alcolado	Fabián Pina	Elena de la Guardia
<b>Cuba-2001B</b>	Sabana-Camagüey, Cuba	2001		Pedro Alcolado	Karel Cantelar Ramos	Sergio González-Ferrer
<b>Cuba-2001C</b>	Jardines de la Reina, Cuba	2001		Pedro Alcolado	Fabián Pina	Elena de la Guardia
<b>Bahamas-2002</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2002		Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	

<b>Panamá-2002</b>	Bocas del Toro & Comarca de Kuna Yala (San Blas Islands), Panama	2002		Juan Maté	Kenneth Marks	Judith Lang
<b>USA-2003</b>	Biscayne Bay National Park & Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, Florida	2003		Diego Lirman	Marilyn Brandt	Robert Ginsburg
<b>Nicaragua-2003</b>	Big and Little Corn Islands, Nicaragua	2003		Alex Hunt	Alex Hunt	
<b>DominicanRep-2003</b>	Dominican Republic (Punta Cana & Babaro)	2003		Marilyn Brandt	Marilyn Brandt	
<b>PuertoRico-2003</b>	Culebra, Vieques & Cayos de la Cordillera, Puerto Rico	2003		Andrew Bruckner	Kenneth Marks	Amit Hazra
<b>DominicanRep-2004</b>	Dominican Republic	2004		Rodrigo Garza	Rodrigo Garza	
<b>Bahamas-2004</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2004		Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	
<b>USA-2004A</b>	Broward County, Florida	2004		Rodrigo Garza	Rodrigo Garza	
<b>USA-2004B</b>	Dry Tortugas, Florida	2004		Rodrigo Garza	Rodrigo Garza	
<b>Jamaica-2005</b>	Pedro Bank, Jamaica (TNC partnership)	2005		Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	
<b>Antigua-2005</b>	North Sound NCORE survey	2005		Marilyn Brandt	Marilyn Brandt	
<b>México-2005</b>	Mexico component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2005		Alejandro Arrivillaga	Alejandro Arrivillaga	
<b>Grenada-2005</b>	Carriacou and surrounding islands, Grenada (TNC partnership)	2005		Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	
<b>Dominica-2005</b>	Dominica	2005		Sascha Steiner	Sascha Steiner	
<b>Belize-2006</b>	Belize component of Meso-American Reef survey (WWF partnership)	2006		Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Honduras-2006</b>	Honduras component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2006		Alejandro Arrivillaga	Alejandro Arrivillaga	
<b>México-2006</b>	Mexico component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2006		Alejandro Arrivillaga	Alejandro Arrivillaga	
<b>Guatemala-2006</b>	Guatemala component of Meso-American Reef survey (TNC partnership)	2006		Alejandro Arrivillaga	Alejandro Arrivillaga	
<b>USA-2006</b>	Molasses Reef SPA	2006		Rodrigo Garza	Rodrigo Garza	
<b>Bahamas-2006</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2006		Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	
<b>Bahamas-2007</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2007	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	
<b>Belize-2008</b>	Belize City, Palencia, & San Pedro (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2008		Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>StVincent-2008</b>	St. Vincent, West Indies	2008		James Byrne	James Byrne	
<b>Bahamas-2008A</b>	New Providence & Rose Island REA	2008	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Bahamas-2008B</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2008	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	

<b>Belize-2009A</b>	Belize City, Palencia, & San Pedro (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009		Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Belize-2009B</b>	Belize City, Caye Caulker, Glovers, Palencia, & Turneffe (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009		Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>México-2009</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009		Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Bahamas-2009</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2009	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	
<b>Honduras-2009</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2009		Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Honduras-2010</b>	Honduras - Cayos Cochinos (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2010	Melanie McField	Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Bahamas-2011A</b>	Cay Sal Bank, Bahamas (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Honduras-2011A</b>	Tela, Honduras	2011	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>StKitts-2011</b>	St. Kitts (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	Andrew Bruckner	Andrew Bruckner	Andrew Bruckner	
<b>México-2011A</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	
<b>Honduras-2011B</b>	Swan Island, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Honduras-2011C</b>	Roatan, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Bahamas-2011B</b>	Inaguas, Bahamas (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Belize-2011</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Melanie McField	Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Honduras-2011D</b>	Roatan, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>México-2011B</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Melanie McField	Melanie McField	Melanie McField	
<b>Bahamas-2011C</b>	Andros, Bahamas (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2011	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Bahamas-2011D</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas (AUTEC)	2011	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	Patricia Kramer	
<b>Bahamas-2011E</b>	New Providence & Rose Island (Perry Institute)	2011	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Honduras-2011E</b>	Roatan & Utila, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2011	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Guatemala-2012</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	
<b>Jamaica-2012</b>	Pedro Bank, Jamaica (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2012	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Honduras-2012A</b>	Guanaja, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	

<b>Navassa-2012</b>	Navassa (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2012	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	
<b>Colombia-2012</b>	San Andrés, Colombia (Living Oceans Foundation expedition)	2012	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	
<b>Honduras-2012B</b>	Utila, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Honduras-2012C</b>	Cayos Cochinos, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2012	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Bahamas-2012A</b>	New Providence & Rose Island (Perry Institute)	2012	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2012B</b>	Lucayan National Park, Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2012	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	
<b>Bahamas-2013A</b>	Plana, Samana, Mayaguana, Acklins/Crooked Island (The Nature Conservancy REA)	2013	Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	Philip Kramer	
<b>Honduras-2013A</b>	Tela, Honduras	2013	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Belize-2013</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2013	Roberto Pott	Roberto Pott	Roberto Pott	
<b>Honduras-2013B</b>	Swan Island, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2013	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Jamaica-2014</b>	Jamaica (Waitt Foundation partnership)	2014	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	
<b>Bahamas-2013B</b>	Cross Harbour, Great Abaco, Bahamas	2013	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	
<b>Bahamas-2013C</b>	East Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2013	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	
<b>Bahamas-2013D</b>	Joulter Cays, Bahamas	2013	Krista Sherman	Krista Sherman	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Guatemala-2013</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2013	Ana Giro	Ana Giro	Ana Giro	
<b>México-2014</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2014	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Marisol Rueda Flores	
<b>Honduras-2014</b>	Swan Island, Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2014	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Grenada-2015A</b>	Grenada	2015	Stephen Nimrod	Stephen Nimrod	Stephen Nimrod	
<b>Honduras-2015A</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2015	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Jamaica-2015</b>	Jamaica (TNC contract)	2015	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Haiti-2015</b>	Haiti (TNC contract)	2015	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>DominicanRep-2015</b>	Dominican Republic (TNC contract)	2015	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Grenada-2015B</b>	Grenadines [Grenada] (TNC contract)	2015	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>StVincent-2015</b>	Grenadines [St. Vincent] (TNC contract)	2015	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Ken Marks	
<b>Bahamas-2015A</b>	Andros Island	2015	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2015B</b>	New Providence & Rose Island	2015	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2016A</b>	New Providence & Rose Island	2016	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	

<b>Guatemala-2016</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	Ana Giro	Ana Giro	Ana Giro	
<b>México-2016</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Lorenzo Alvarez Filip	Marisol Rueda Flores	
<b>Honduras-2016A</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	Jennifer Myton	Jennifer Myton	Ian Drysdale	
<b>Belize-2016</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2016	Roberto Pott	Roberto Pott	Roberto Pott	
<b>Antigua-2017</b>	Antigua	2017	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	
<b>Bahamas-2016B</b>	Peterson Cay National Park, Grand Bahama	2016	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2016C</b>	South Abaco, Bahamas	2016	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2016D</b>	Eleuthera, Bahamas	2016	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2016E</b>	New Providence, Bahamas	2016	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017A</b>	Savana Sound - Eleuthera, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>México-2017</b>	Veracruz, Mexico (AGRRA Training)	2017	Judy Lang	Judy Lang	Marisol Rueda	
<b>Bahamas-2017B</b>	Exuma Cays, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017C</b>	Cat Island, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017D</b>	Conception Island, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017E</b>	Eleuthera, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017F</b>	Long Island, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Honduras-2015B</b>	Tela, Honduras	2015	Andrea Rivera	Andrea Rivera		
<b>Honduras-2016B</b>	Tela, Honduras	2016	Andrea Rivera	Andrea Rivera		
<b>Bahamas-2017G</b>	North Eleuthera, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017H</b>	Walker Cay, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2015C</b>	Andros Island, Bahamas	2015	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2015D</b>	Castaway Cay, Bahamas	2015	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2017I</b>	South Abaco, Bahamas	2017	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Jamaica-2017</b>	Port Royal Cays, Kingston, Jamaica	2017	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	
<b>Jamaica-2018A</b>	Portland Bight	2018	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	Suzanne Palmer	
<b>Grenada-2018A</b>	Gouyave, Grenada	2018	Olando Harvey	Olando Harvey	Olando Harvey	
<b>Honduras-2013C</b>	Miskito Coast, Honduras	2013	Andrea Rivera	Andrea Rivera	Andrea Rivera	
<b>Grenada-2018B</b>	South Coast, Grenada	2018	Jerry Enoe	Jerry Enoe	Jerry Enoe	
<b>Grenada-2018C</b>	Carriacou, Grenada (TNC Contract)	2018	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>StVincent-2018</b>	Union Island, St. Vincent and the Grenadines (TNC Contract)	2018	Sandy Voegeli	Sandy Voegeli	Sandy Voegeli	
<b>Antigua-2018</b>	Redonda, Antigua and Barbuda	2018	Ruleo Camacho	Ruleo Camacho	Ruleo Camacho	

<b>DominicanRep-2018</b>	Samaná, Dominican Republic (TNC Contract)	2018	Rita Sellares	Rita Sellares	Rita Sellares	
<b>Haiti-2018</b>	Haiti (TNC Contract)	2018	Rita Sellares	Rita Sellares	Rita Sellares	
<b>Jamaica-2018B</b>	Bluefields, Jamaica (TNC contract)	2018	Monique Curtis	Monique Curtis	Llewelyn Meggs	
<b>TurksCaicos-2018</b>	North Coast, East Caicos	2018	Don Stark	Don Stark	Don Stark	
<b>México-2018B</b>	Veracruz, México (Veragrra)	2018	Horacio Perez-España	Horacio Perez-España	Horacio Perez-España	
<b>Bahamas-2018A</b>	Exuma Sound, Bahamas	2018	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Antigua-2019</b>	Nelson's Dockyard National Park	2019	Ruleo Camacho	Ruleo Camacho	Ruleo Camacho	
<b>México-2018A</b>	México (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	Andrea Rivera	Andrea Rivera	Fernando Pardo	
<b>Belize-2018A</b>	Belize (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	Alexander Navarro	Alexander Navarro	Melanie McField	
<b>Honduras-2018</b>	Honduras (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	Andrea Rivera	Andrea Rivera	Angela Randazzo Eisemann	
<b>Belize-2018B</b>	Turneffe Atoll (ERI MBRS data), Belize	2018	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	Jani Salazar	
<b>Belize-2018C</b>	Toledo District (TIDES MBRS data)	2018	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	
<b>Guatemala-2018</b>	Guatemala (Healthy Reefs Initiative partnership)	2018	Ana Giro	Ana Giro	Ana Giro	
<b>Bahamas-2018C</b>	Abaco, Bahamas	2018	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2018E</b>	Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2018	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2018F</b>	Lucaya National Park, Bahamas	2018	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2018G</b>	West Grand Bahama, Bahamas	2018	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Nikita Shiel-Rolle	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2019A</b>	Ocean Cay, Bahamas	2019	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Belize-2018F</b>	Glover's Reef Atoll and the South Water Cayes, Belize (WCS Data)	2018	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	
<b>Belize-2018G</b>	Blue Venture Partner Data	2018	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	Nicole Craig	
<b>Grenada-2019A</b>	Grenada 2019	2019	Lindy Knowles	Olando K. Harvey	Olando K. Harvey	
<b>Grenada-2019B</b>	Grenada Marine Protected Areas program monitoring within MPAs	2019	Olando Harvey	Olando Harvey	Olando Harvey	
<b>Bahamas-2019B</b>	Abaco, Bahamas	2019	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2019C</b>	New Providence & Rose Island, Bahamas	2019	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2019D</b>	Great Exuma inside National Park	2019	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	Craig Dahlgren	
<b>Bahamas-2018B</b>	Rapid Ecological assessment for proposed MPA	2018	Candice Brittain	Candice Brittain	Candice Brittain	

**Table 5:** AGRRA Fish table used for the Fish Biomass product calculations. Family column value refers to the ID value in Reference Table 6 below.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Abbr	Family	%Herbivore	%Invertivore	%Piscivore	Diadema	Ornamental	Commercial	TL2FL	A	B	LegacyA	LegacyB
Doctorfish	<i>Acanthurus chirurgus</i>	ACHI	1	100						0.95	0.00	3.53	0.00	3.53
Blue Tang	<i>Acanthurus coeruleus</i>	ACOE	1	100						0.93	0.04	2.83	0.04	2.83
Ocean Surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus tractus</i>	ATRA	1	100						0.91	0.02	2.98	0.02	2.98
Queen Triggerfish	<i>Balistes vetula</i>	BVET	2		100		Yes			0.79	0.05	2.78	0.03	2.99
Ocean Triggerfish	<i>Canthidermis sufflamen</i>	CSUF	2		100		Yes		Yes	0.99	0.02	3.06	0.02	3.06
Black Durgon	<i>Melichthys niger</i>	MNIG	2	82	18					0.79	0.05	2.78	0.06	2.65
Sargassum Triggerfish	<i>Xanthichthys ringens</i>	XRIN	2		100		Yes			0.79	0.05	2.78	0.03	2.99
Bar Jack	<i>Caranx ruber</i>	CRUB	3		8	92			Yes	0.84	0.02	2.99	0.01	3.24
Permit	<i>Trachinotus falcatus</i>	TFAL	3		100		Yes		Yes	0.85	0.05	2.80	0.05	2.80
Foureye Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon capistratus</i>	CCAP	4		100			Yes		1	0.05	2.86	0.02	3.19
Spotfin Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	COCE	4	5	95			Yes		1	0.03	2.98	0.03	2.98
Reef Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	CSED	4		100			Yes		1	0.03	3.08	0.03	3.08
Banded Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon striatus</i>	CSTR	4		100			Yes		1	0.02	3.14	0.02	3.14
Longsnout Butterflyfish	<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	PACU	4		100			Yes		1	0.05	2.86	0.02	3.19
Balloonfish	<i>Diodon holocanthus</i>	DHOL	5		100		Yes	Yes		1	0.16	2.40	0.02	3.00
Porcupinefish	<i>Diodon hystrix</i>	DHYS	5		100		Yes	Yes		1	0.53	2.28	0.53	2.28
Graysby	<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	CCRU	6		34	66				1	0.01	3.08	0.01	3.04
Coney	<i>Cephalopholis fulva</i>	CFUL	6		54	46			Yes	1	0.02	2.93	0.02	3.00
Rock Hind	<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i>	EADS	6		80	20			Yes	1	0.01	3.22	0.01	3.11

<b>Red Hind</b>	<i>Epinephelus guttatus</i>	EGUT	6		79	21			Yes	1	0.01	3.10	0.01	3.11
<b>Jewfish/Goliath Grouper</b>	<i>Epinephelus itajara</i>	EITA	6		84	16				1	0.01	3.06	0.01	3.06
<b>Red Grouper</b>	<i>Epinephelus morio</i>	EMOR	6		85	15			Yes	1	0.01	3.04	0.01	3.04
<b>Nassau Grouper</b>	<i>Epinephelus striatus</i>	ESTR	6		36	64			Yes	1	0.01	3.04	0.01	3.23
<b>Comb Grouper</b>	<i>Mycteroperca acutirostris</i>	MACU	6			100				1	0.01	3.03	0.01	3.21
<b>Black Grouper</b>	<i>Mycteroperca bonaci</i>	MBON	6			100			Yes	1	0.01	3.21	0.01	3.21
<b>Yellowmouth Grouper</b>	<i>Mycteroperca interstitialis</i>	MINT	6			100			Yes	1	0.02	2.94	0.01	3.21
<b>Gag</b>	<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	MMIC	6		5	95			Yes	0.98	0.01	3.03	0.01	3.03
<b>Scamp</b>	<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	MPHE	6			100			Yes	0.98	0.01	3.03	0.01	3.21
<b>Tiger Grouper</b>	<i>Mycteroperca tigris</i>	MTIG	6			100			Yes	1	0.01	3.12	0.01	3.12
<b>Yellowfin Grouper</b>	<i>Mycteroperca venenosa</i>	MVEN	6		6	94			Yes	0.96	0.01	3.14	0.01	3.14
<b>Black Margate</b>	<i>Anisotremus surinamensis</i>	ASUR	7		100				Yes	0.87	0.01	3.39	0.01	3.39
<b>Porkfish</b>	<i>Anisotremus virginicus</i>	AVIR	7		100					0.9	0.01	3.17	0.01	3.17
<b>Juvenile Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon / Anisotremus</i>	HJUV	7		100				Yes	0.89	0.01	3.16	0.01	3.16
<b>White Margate</b>	<i>Haemulon album</i>	HALB	7		100				Yes	0.87	0.01	3.09	0.02	3.04
<b>Tomtate</b>	<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	HAUR	7		100					0.88	0.01	3.21	0.01	3.21
<b>Caesar Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon carbonarium</i>	HCAR	7		100		Yes			0.93	0.04	2.74	0.01	3.06
<b>Smallmouth Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon chrysargyreum</i>	HCHR	7		100					0.91	0.40	2.16	0.40	2.16
<b>French Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon flavolineatum</i>	HFLA	7		100				Yes	0.86	0.01	3.16	0.01	3.16
<b>Spanish Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon macrostomum</i>	HMAC	7		100		Yes			0.93	0.02	3.06	0.02	3.03
<b>Cottonwick</b>	<i>Haemulon melanurum</i>	HMEL	7		100					0.92	0.02	2.95	0.02	2.95



<b>Sailors Choice</b>	<i>Haemulon parra</i>	HPAR	7		100					0.93	0.02	2.99	0.02	2.99
<b>White Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon plumierii</i>	HPLU	7		95	5	Yes			0.89	0.01	3.16	0.01	3.16
<b>Bluestriped Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon sciurus</i>	HSCI	7		100		Yes			0.9	0.02	3.00	0.02	3.00
<b>Latin Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon steindachneri</i>	HSTE	7		100					0.87	0.00	2.91	0.01	3.12
<b>Striped Grunt</b>	<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	HSTR	7		100					0.9	0.02	3.10	0.02	3.10
<b>Chub</b>	<i>Kyphosus</i> spp.	KYPH	8	100						0.91	0.02	3.08	0.02	3.08
<b>Spanish Hogfish</b>	<i>Bodianus rufus</i>	BRUF	9		100		Yes	Yes		0.92	0.01	3.05	0.01	3.05
<b>Slippery Dick</b>	<i>Halichoeres bivittatus</i>	HBIV	9		97	3	Yes	Yes		1	0.01	3.09	0.01	2.94
<b>Yellowhead Wrasse</b>	<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	HGAR	9		97	3	Yes	Yes		1	0.01	3.37	0.01	3.38
<b>Puddingwife</b>	<i>Halichoeres radiatus</i>	HRAD	9		100		Yes			1	0.01	3.04	0.01	3.04
<b>Hogfish</b>	<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	LMAX	9		100					0.94	0.02	2.99	0.02	2.99
<b>Mutton Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus analis</i>	LANA	10		65	35			Yes	0.92	0.02	3.01	0.02	3.01
<b>Schoolmaster</b>	<i>Lutjanus apodus</i>	LAPO	10		37	63			Yes	0.98	0.02	2.98	0.02	2.98
<b>Blackfin Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus buccanella</i>	LBUC	10		65	35			Yes	0.94	0.03	2.86	0.07	2.74
<b>Cubera Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus cyanopterus</i>	LCYA	10		13	87			Yes	1	0.02	2.98	0.02	3.06
<b>Gray Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	LGRI	10		29	71			Yes	0.95	0.02	2.88	0.02	2.88
<b>Dog Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus jocu</i>	LJOC	10		29	71			Yes	0.95	0.04	2.90	0.03	2.86
<b>Mahogany Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus mahogoni</i>	LMAH	10		25	75			Yes	0.95	0.04	2.72	0.04	2.72
<b>Lane Snapper</b>	<i>Lutjanus synagris</i>	LSYN	10		55	45			Yes	0.94	0.03	2.81	0.03	2.81
<b>Yellowtail Snapper</b>	<i>Ocyurus chrysurus</i>	OCHR	10		39	61			Yes	0.9	0.04	2.72	0.04	2.72
<b>Scrawled Filefish</b>	<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	ASCR	11	43	57			Yes		1	0.82	1.81	0.82	1.81
<b>Whitespotted Filefish</b>	<i>Cantherhines macrocerus</i>	CMAC	11		100			Yes		1	0.06	2.65	0.06	2.65
<b>Orangespotted Filefish</b>	<i>Cantherhines pullus</i>	CPUL	11	55	45					1	0.07	2.56	0.07	2.56

<b>Slender Filefish</b>	<i>Monacanthus tuckeri</i>	MTUC	11		43	57				1	0.01	3.56	0.01	3.56
<b>Green Moray</b>	<i>Gymnothorax funebris</i>	GFUN	12		5	95				1	0.00	2.86	0.00	2.86
<b>Goldentail Moray</b>	<i>Gymnothorax miliaris</i>	GMIL	12		5	95				1	0.00	2.57	0.00	2.57
<b>Spotted Moray</b>	<i>Gymnothorax moringa</i>	GMO	12			100				1	0.00	3.16	0.00	3.16
<b>Spotted Trunkfish</b>	<i>Lactophrys bicaudalis</i>	LBIC	13		84	16	Yes	Yes		0.84	0.12	2.63	0.03	3.00
<b>Cherubfish</b>	<i>Centropyge argi</i>	CARG	14	100				Yes		1	0.13	2.26	0.06	2.69
<b>Blue Angelfish</b>	<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	HBER	14		100			Yes		1	0.03	2.90	0.03	2.90
<b>Queen Angelfish</b>	<i>Holacanthus ciliaris</i>	HCIL	14		100			Yes		1	0.03	2.90	0.03	2.90
<b>Rock Beauty</b>	<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	HTRI	14		100			Yes		1	0.04	2.86	0.04	2.86
<b>Gray Angelfish</b>	<i>Pomacanthus arcuatus</i>	PARC	14	25	75			Yes		1	0.03	2.97	0.03	2.97
<b>French Angelfish</b>	<i>Pomacanthus paru</i>	PPAR	14	19	81			Yes		1	0.02	3.13	0.02	3.13
<b>Yellowtail Damselfish</b>	<i>Microspathodon chrysurus</i>	MCHR	15	93	7					0.88	0.02	3.08	0.02	3.08
<b>Threespot Damselfish</b>	<i>Stegastes planifrons</i>	SPLA	15	28	72			Yes		0.86	0.04	2.86	0.04	2.86
<b>Bluelip Parrotfish</b>	<i>Cryptotomus roseus</i>	CROS	16	100						1	0.01	3.28	0.05	3.18
<b>Juvenile Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus / Sparisoma</i>	SJUV	16	100						1	0.03	2.92	0.03	2.92
<b>Midnight Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus coelestinus</i>	SCEL	16	100						1	0.02	3.02	0.02	3.06
<b>Blue Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus coeruleus</i>	SCER	16	100						1	0.01	3.11	0.01	3.11
<b>Rainbow Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus guacamaia</i>	SGUA	16	100						1	0.02	3.06	0.02	3.06
<b>Striped Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus iseri</i>	SISE	16	100						1	0.02	3.02	0.01	3.05
<b>Princess Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus taeniopterus</i>	STAE	16	100						1	0.14	2.39	0.03	2.71
<b>Queen Parrotfish</b>	<i>Scarus vetula</i>	SVET	16	100						1	0.03	2.92	0.03	2.92

<b>Greenblotch Parrotfish</b>	<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	SATO	16	100				Yes		1	0.01	3.03	0.01	3.03
<b>Redband Parrotfish</b>	<i>Sparisoma aurofrenatum</i>	SAUR	16	100						1	0.00	3.43	0.00	3.43
<b>Redtail Parrotfish</b>	<i>Sparisoma chrysopteron</i>	SCHR	16	100						1	0.01	3.17	0.01	3.17
<b>Bucktooth Parrotfish</b>	<i>Sparisoma radians</i>	SRAD	16	100						1	0.02	3.04	0.01	3.03
<b>Yellowtail Parrotfish</b>	<i>Sparisoma rubripinne</i>	SRUB	16	100						1	0.02	3.06	0.02	3.06
<b>Stoplight Parrotfish</b>	<i>Sparisoma viride</i>	SVIR	16	100						1	0.03	2.92	0.03	2.92
<b>Lionfish</b>	<i>Pterois volitans</i>	PVOL	17		5	95				1	0.02	2.89	0.02	3.01
<b>Jolthead Porgy</b>	<i>Calamus bajonado</i>	CBAJ	18		100		Yes			0.89	0.04	2.82	0.04	2.82
<b>Saucereye Porgy</b>	<i>Calamus calamus</i>	CCAL	18		100		Yes			0.95	0.04	2.80	0.04	2.80
<b>Sheepshead Porgy</b>	<i>Calamus penna</i>	CPEN	18		100		Yes			0.92	0.10	2.54	0.07	2.67
<b>Pluma Porgy</b>	<i>Calamus pennatula</i>	CPET	18		100		Yes		Yes	0.89	0.02	3.11	0.02	3.11
<b>Great Barracuda</b>	<i>Sphyræna barracuda</i>	SBAR	19			100				0.94	0.01	3.08	0.00	3.08
<b>Bandtail Puffer</b>	<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	SSPE	20		100		Yes			1	0.01	3.27	0.02	3.05
<b>Surgeonfishes</b>	Acanthuridae	ACAN	1	100						0.93	0.04	2.83	0.04	2.83
<b>Triggerfishes</b>	Balistidae	BALI	2	82	18					0.79	0.05	2.78	0.06	2.65
<b>Jacks</b>	Carangidae	CARA	3		8	92			Yes	0.84	0.02	2.99	0.01	3.24
<b>Butterflyfishes</b>	Chaetodontidae	CHAE	4		100			Yes		1	0.05	2.86	0.02	3.19
<b>Porcupinefishes</b>	Diodontidae	DIOD	5		100		Yes	Yes		1	0.16	2.40	0.02	3.00
<b>Groupers</b>	Serranidae	SERR	6		54	46			Yes	1	0.02	2.93	0.02	3.00
<b>Grunts</b>	Haemulidae	HAEM	7		100				Yes	0.86	0.01	3.16	0.01	3.16
<b>Chubs</b>	Kyphosidae	KYPH	8	100						0.91	0.02	3.08	0.02	3.08
<b>Wrasses</b>	Labridae	LABR	9		97	3	Yes	Yes		1	0.01	3.37	0.01	3.38
<b>Snappers</b>	Lutjanidae	LUTJ	10		37	63			Yes	0.98	0.02	2.98	0.02	2.98
<b>Filefishes</b>	Monacanthidae	MONA	11	55	45					1	0.07	2.56	0.07	2.56
<b>Morays</b>	Muraenidae	MURA	12			100				1	0.00	3.16	0.00	3.16

<b>Boxfishes</b>	Ostraciidae	OSTR	13		84	16	Yes	Yes		0.84	0.12	2.63	0.03	3.00
<b>Angelfishes</b>	Pomacanthidae	PACA	14		100			Yes		1	0.04	2.86	0.04	2.86
<b>Damselfishes</b>	Pomacentridae	PCEN	15	93	7					0.88	0.02	3.08	0.02	3.08
<b>Parrotfishes</b>	Scaridae	SCAR	16	100						1	0.02	3.02	0.01	3.05
<b>Scorpionfishes</b>	Scorpaenidae	SCOR	17		5	95				1	0.02	2.89	0.02	3.01
<b>Porgies</b>	Sparidae	SPAR	18		100		Yes			0.95	0.04	2.80	0.04	2.80
<b>Barracudas</b>	Sphyraenidae	SPHY	19			100				0.94	0.01	3.08	0.00	3.08
<b>Pufferfishes</b>	Tetraodontidae	TETR	20		100		Yes			1	0.01	3.27	0.02	3.05

**Table 6:** AGRRA Fish family table

ID	Scientific Name	Common Name	Spanish Name	Code
1	Acanthuridae	Surgeonfishes	Cirujanos	SURG
2	Balistidae	Triggerfishes	Cochitos	TRIG
3	Carangidae	Jacks	Jureles y Pámpanos	JACK
4	Chaetodontidae	Butterflyfishes	Peces Mariposa	BUTT
5	Diodontidae	Porcupinefishes	Peces Erizo	PORC
6	Serranidae	Groupers	Cabrillas y Garropas (Meros)	GROU
7	Haemulidae	Grunts	Burros y Roncos	GRUN
8	Kyphosidae	Chubs	Chopas	CHUB
9	Labridae	Wrasses	Doncellas (Labridos?)	WRAS
10	Lutjanidae	Snappers	Pargos	SNAP
11	Monacanthidae	Filefishes	Lijas	FILE
12	Muraenidae	Morays	Morenas	MORA
13	Ostraciidae	Boxfishes	Peces Cofre	BOXF
14	Pomacanthidae	Angelfishes	Ángeles	ANGE
15	Pomacentridae	Damselfishes	Jaquetas (Damiselas)	DAMS
16	Scaridae*	Parrotfishes	Loros	PARR
17	Scorpaenidae	Scorpionfishes	Escorpiones	SCOR
18	Sparidae	Porgies	Plumas	PORG
19	Sphyrnaeidae	Barracudas	Barracudas	BARR
20	Tetraodontidae	Pufferfishes	Botetes	PUFF

\*Sensu Randall, J.E. and P. Parenti. 2014. Parrotfishes are not wrasses. Reef Encounter 29: 16-18.