



# Software Design Patterns

# MVC Pattern

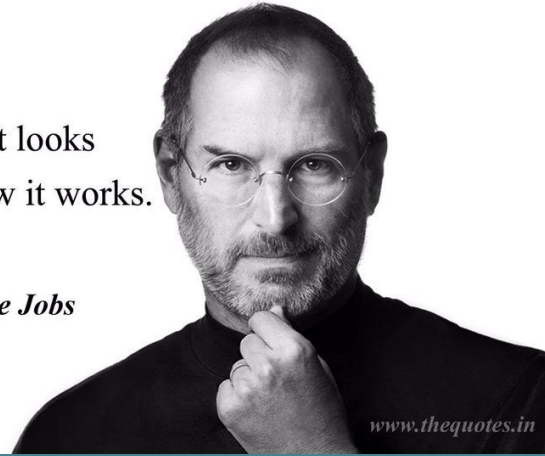
# Team Members:

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- Mohammed ALI (Developer, designer)
- Safak ALPAY (Designer, Architect, Tester)
- Sencer (left the class)

Design is not just what it looks  
and feels like. Design is how it works.

*Steve Jobs*

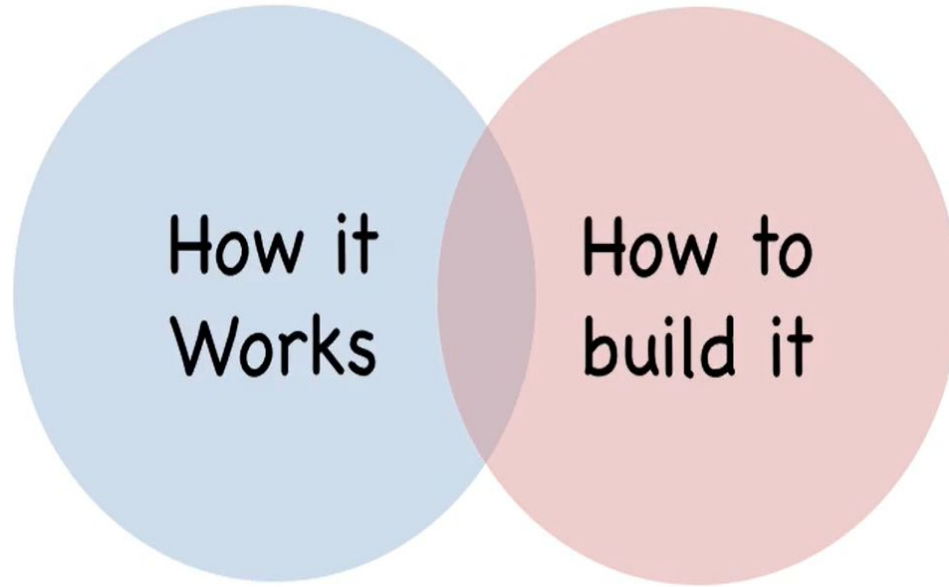


[www.thequotes.in](http://www.thequotes.in)

"Good design goes to heaven;  
bad design goes everywhere."

Mieke Gerritzen

# The Two Aspects of Design



# The Two Aspects of Design

How it  
Works

How to  
build it



# Why do need a design architecture patterns?

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- Complexity in large projects
- To scale
- To manage states

# State Management





# Some architecture patterns?

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- MVC (Model View Controller)
  - SetState
  - BloC
  - Redux
  - Mobex
  - inherited widget
- 
- What is the best architecture?

# MVC Pattern

# Why MVC?

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- Most common used architecture pattern
- 
- Developed by Apple
- Convenient for App development
- Needed design patterns can be used within
- communication between coders, designers and stakeholders easier

# Advantages:

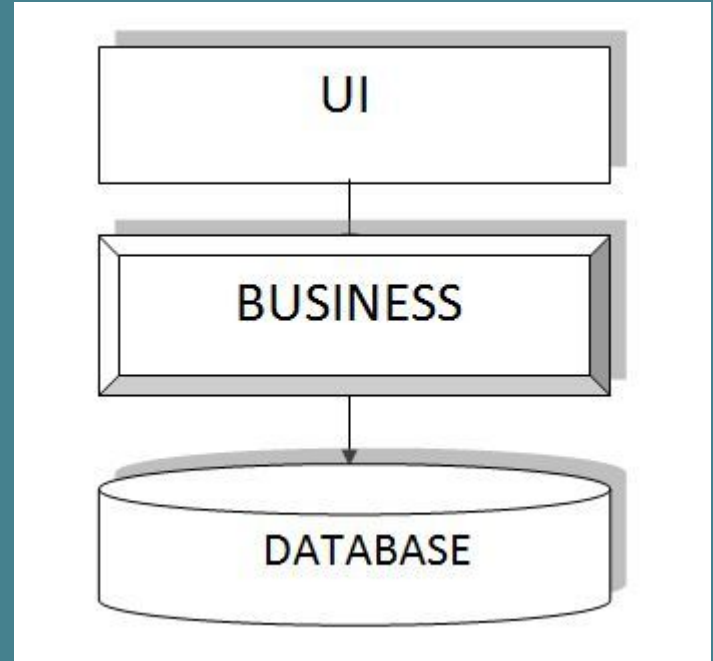
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- Easy to Modify
  - The Modification Never Affects The Entire Model
- Ideal for large size of Apps
- Supports Asynchronous Technique
- Easier to Update
- Easy for multiple developers to collaborate and work together
-

# Separate Concerns (SoC)

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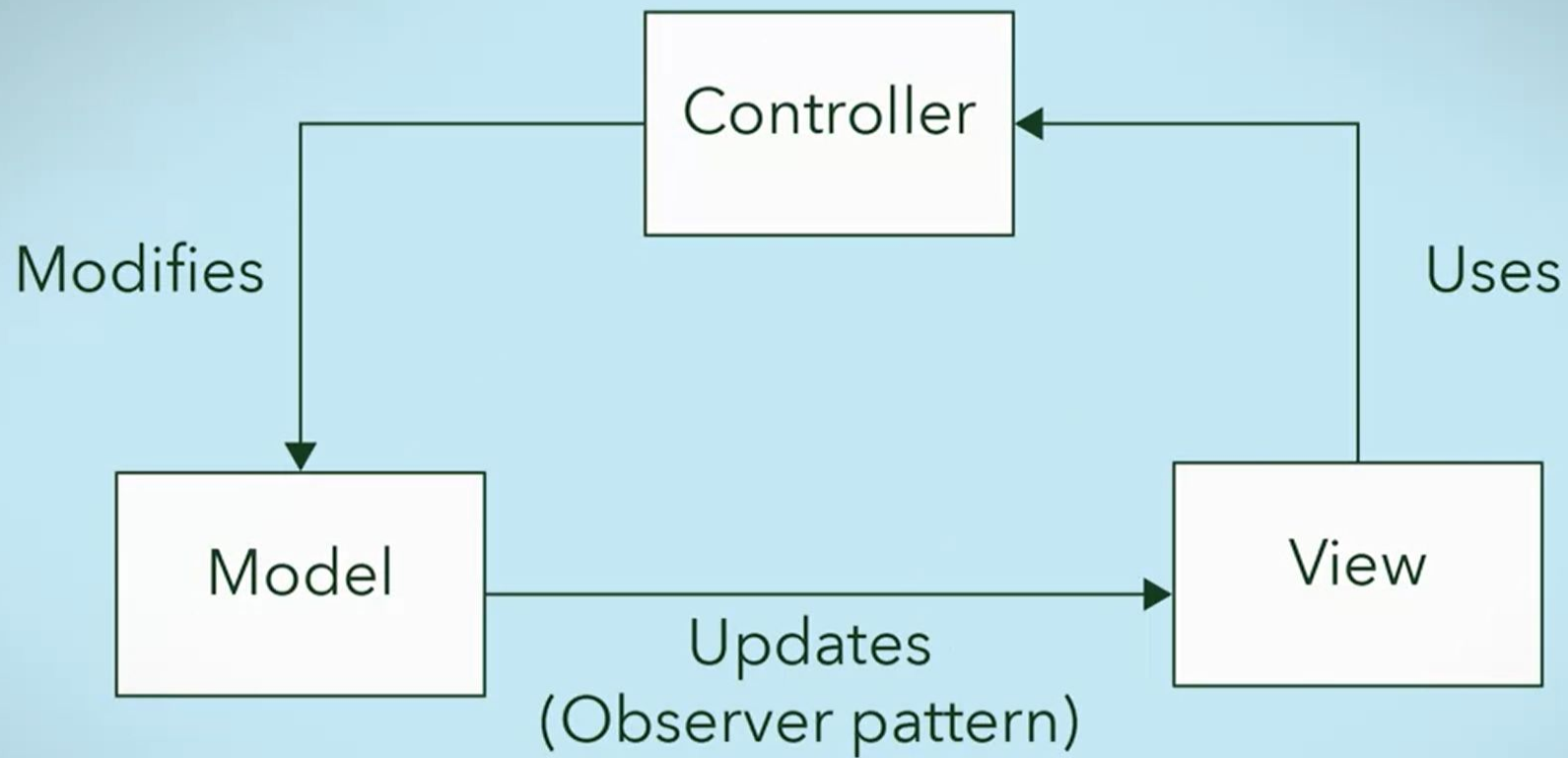
- Each section addresses a separate concern
- Concern is affects the code of a computer program
- Easy to Corporate

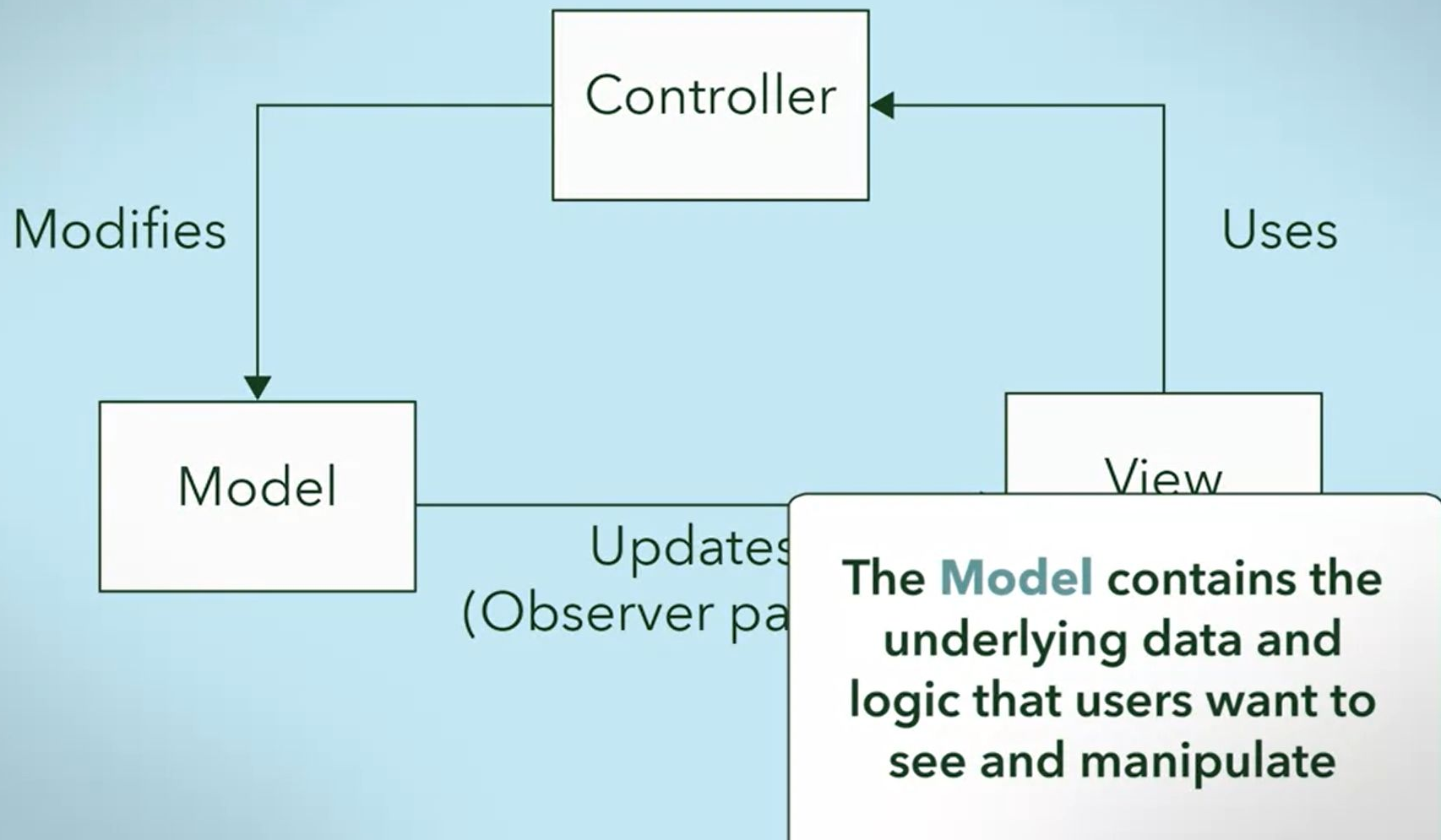


# Disadvantages:

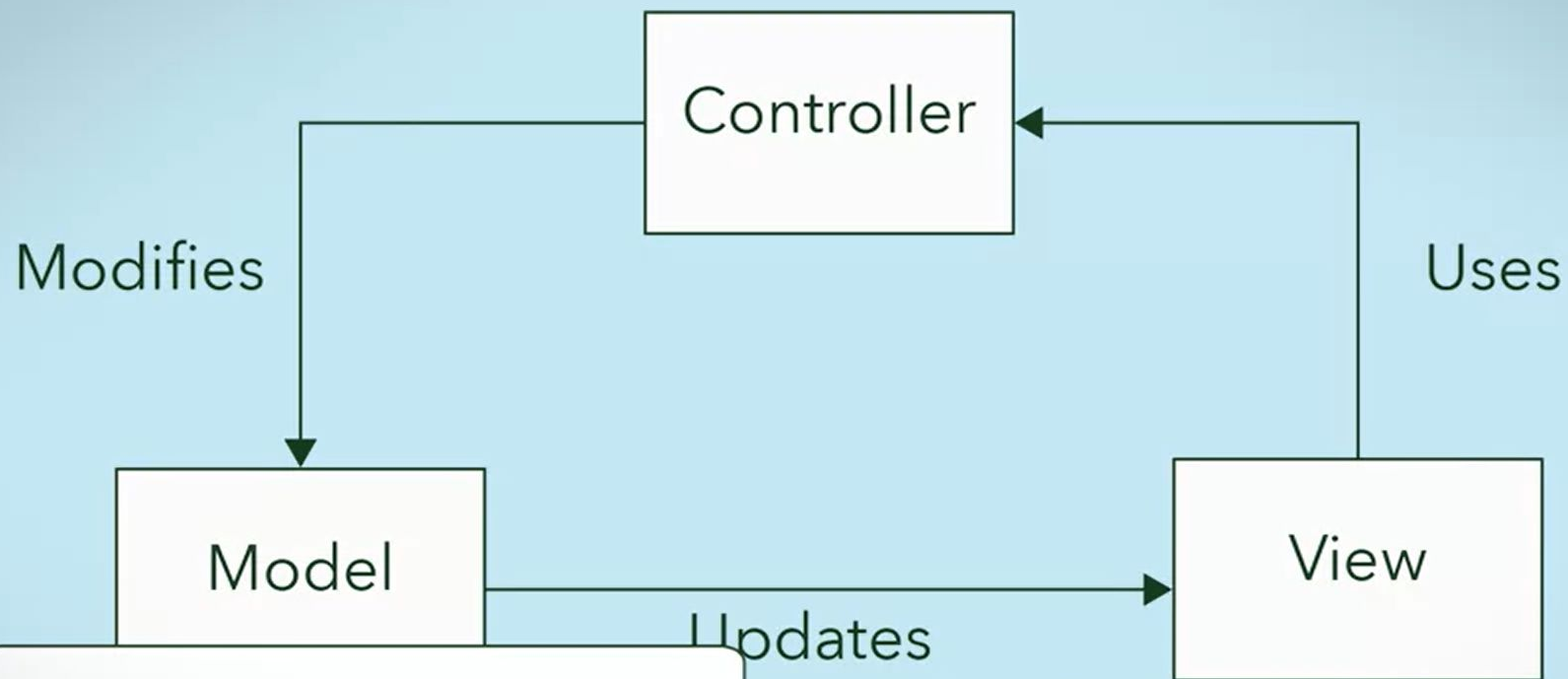
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- Not Suitable for small applications
- Passing data between layers sometimes confusing if they are large

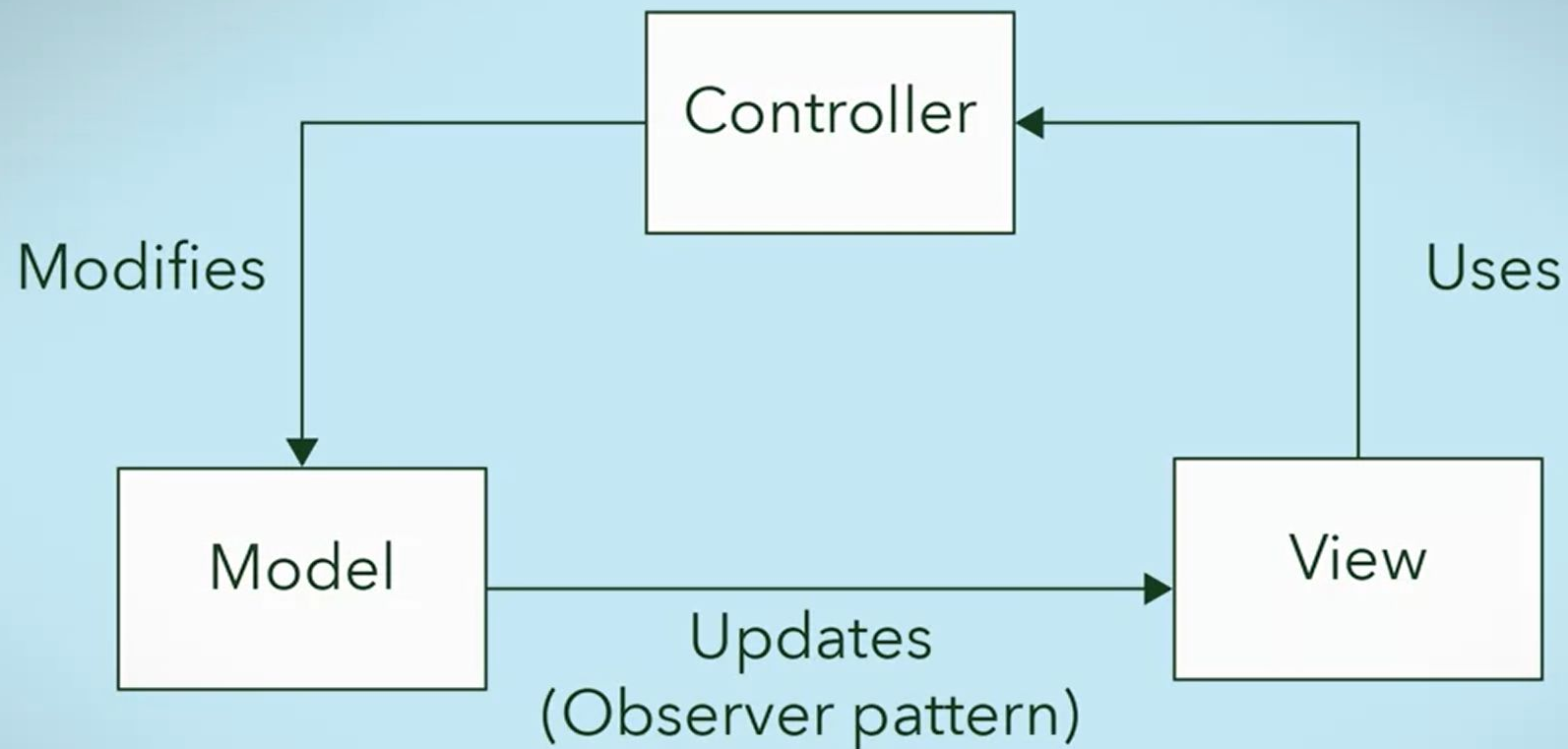






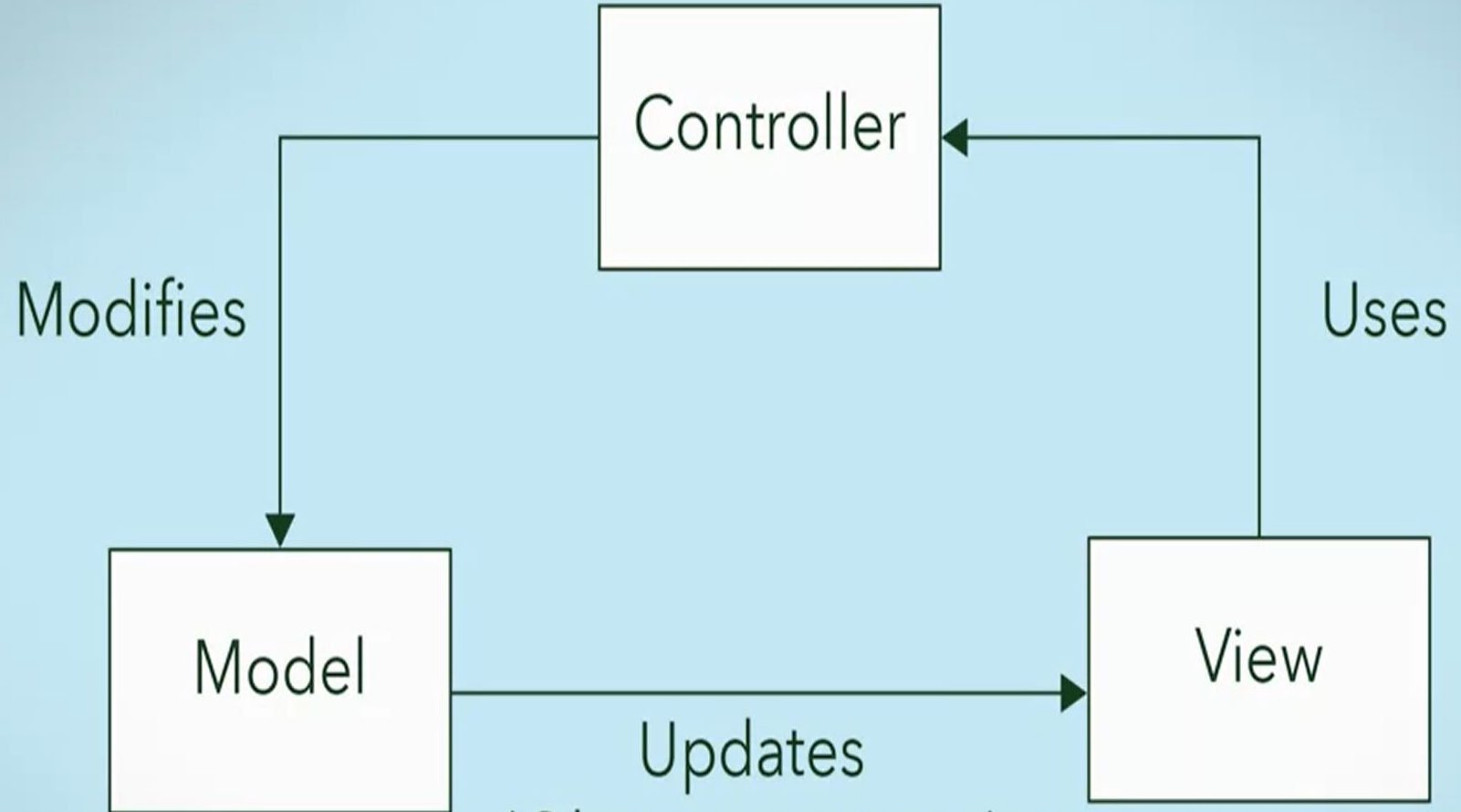


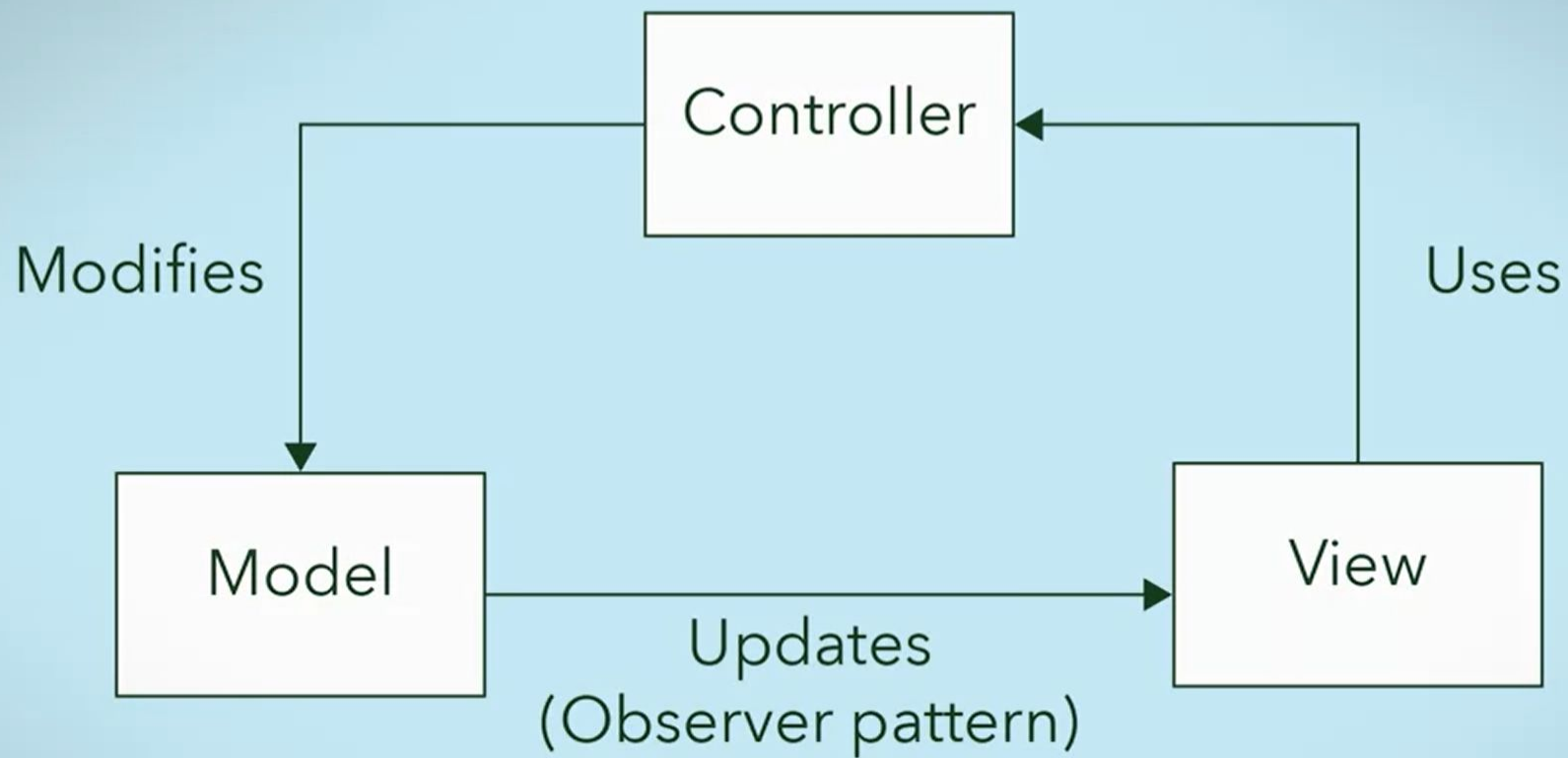
The **View** gives a user a way to see the model, or at least parts of it



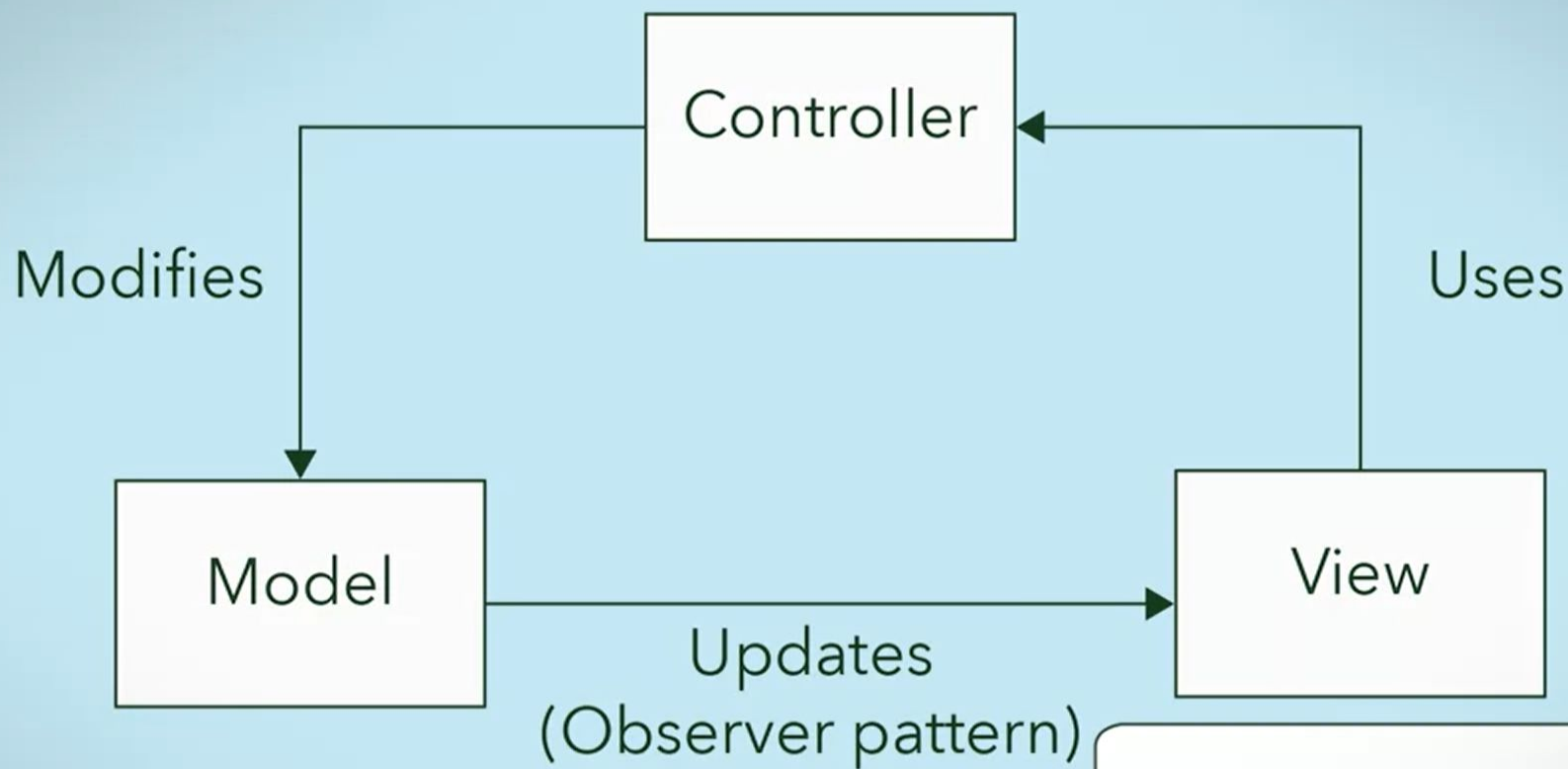
**Back end**

**Front end**





**Controller**



**Separation of  
Concerns**

# Model

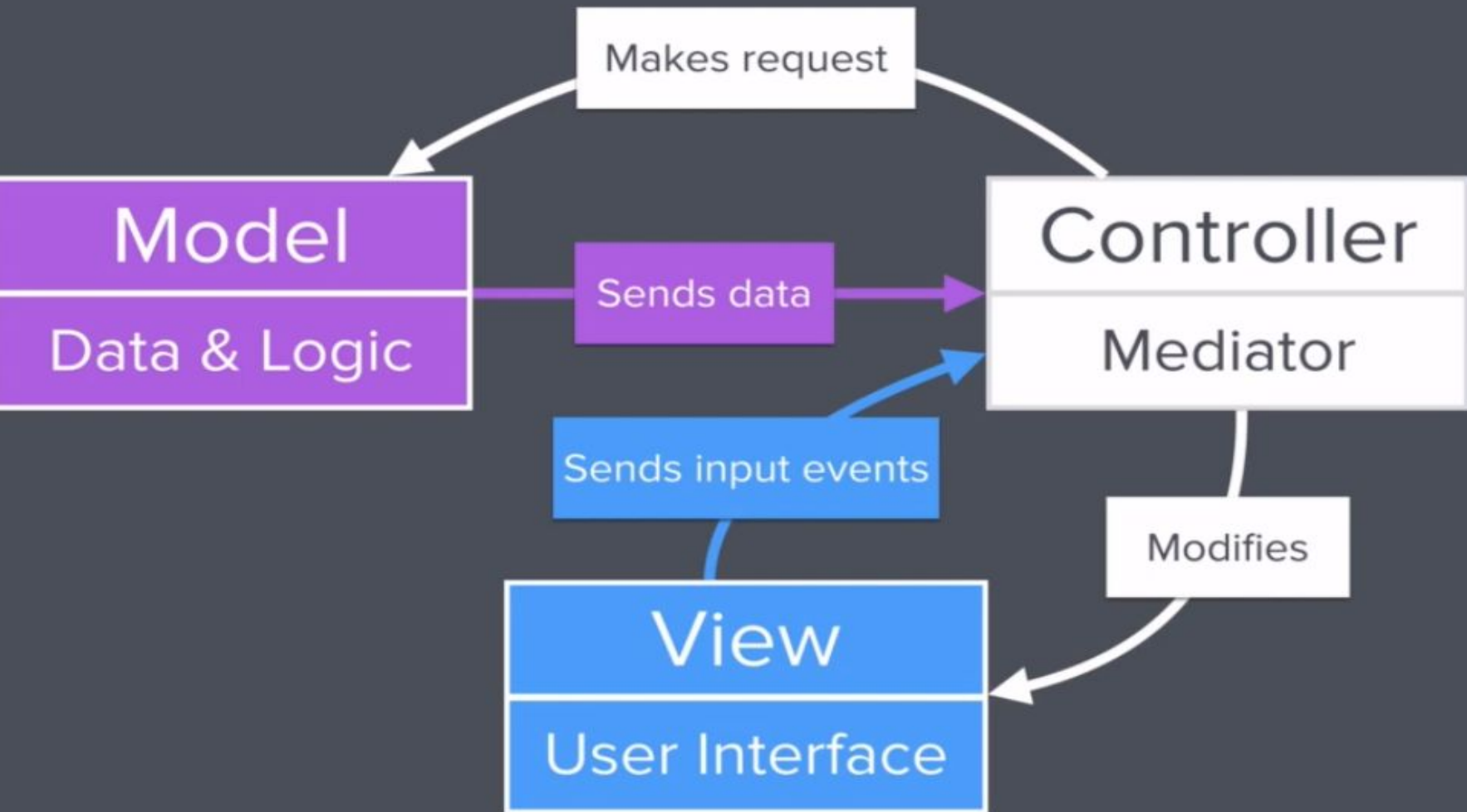


# View



# Controller



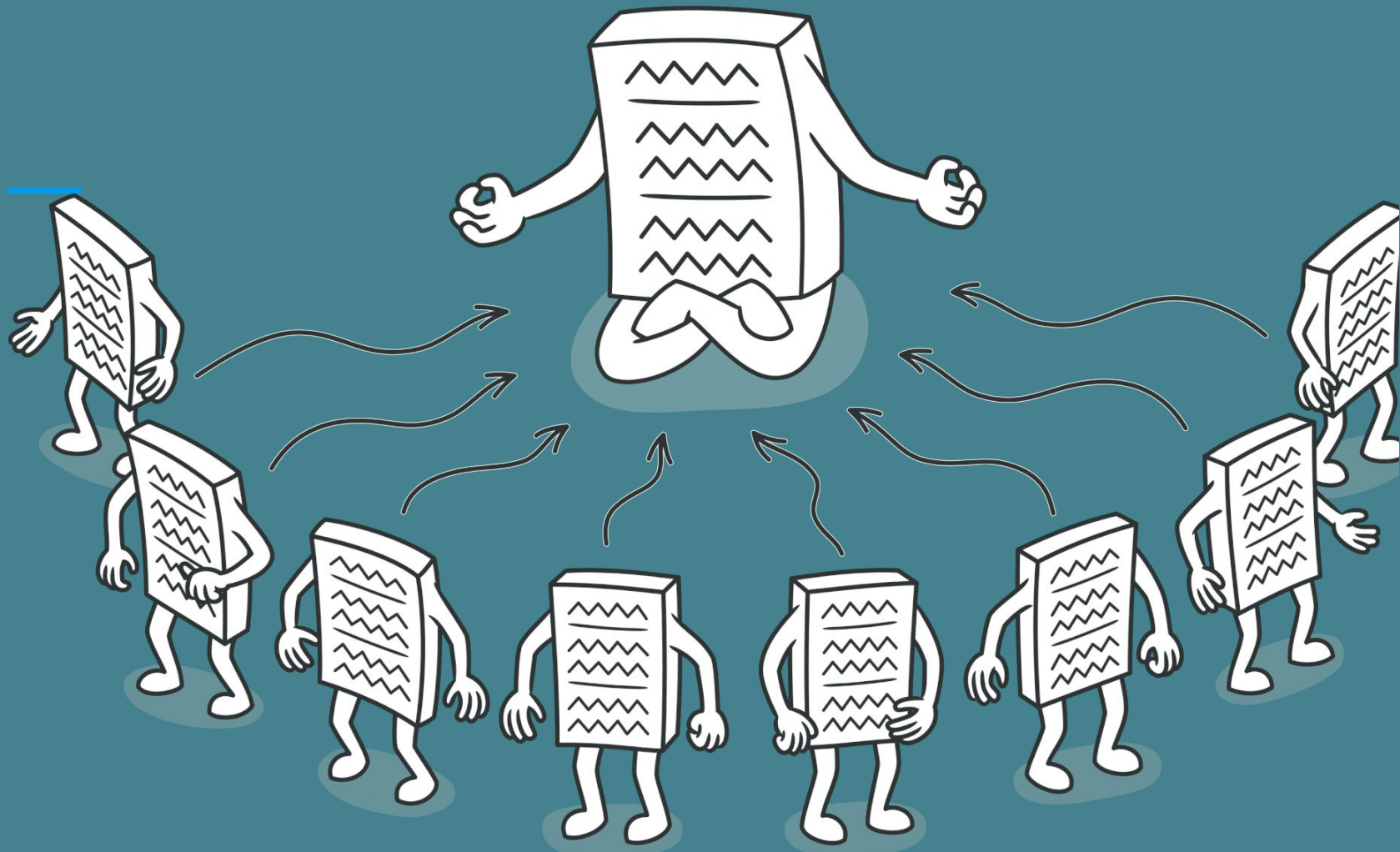


## Model-View-Controller Pattern Components:

- The **Model** contains the underlying data, state, and logic that the user wants to see and manipulate.
- The **View** presents the model information to the user in the way they expect it and allows them to interact with it.
- The **Controller** interprets the user's interaction with elements in the view and modifies the model itself.



# Singleton pattern



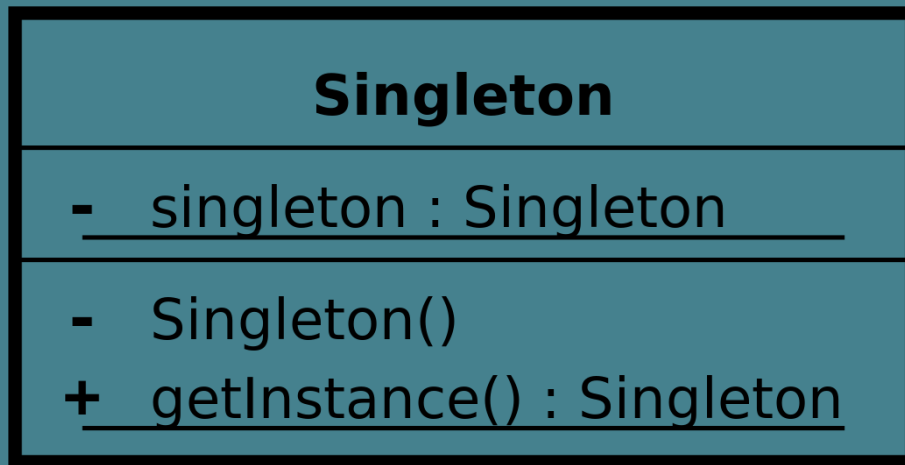
# Definition

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- In software engineering, the singleton pattern is a software design pattern that restricts the instantiation of a class to one "single" instance. This is useful when exactly one object is needed to coordinate actions across the system. The term comes from the mathematical concept of a singleton.

# UML Structure

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# Where we use it? And Why we use it?

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- We use it this pattern to save database connection and not to lose it.
- If we don't use his pattern we need to start connection every time.

Other potential usage in feature:

Store user attributes like its status For example last online time, settings.

# Java Code

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```
public final class Singleton {  
    // other attributes if you want to.  
    private static final Singleton INSTANCE = new Singleton();  
    private Singleton() {}  
    public static Singleton getInstance() {  
        return INSTANCE;  
    }  
}
```

# Dart code

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- In Dart

```
class Singleton {  
  static final Singleton _singleton = Singleton._internal();  
  
  factory Singleton() {  
    return _singleton;  
  }  
  
  Singleton._internal();  
}
```

# Technology we used:

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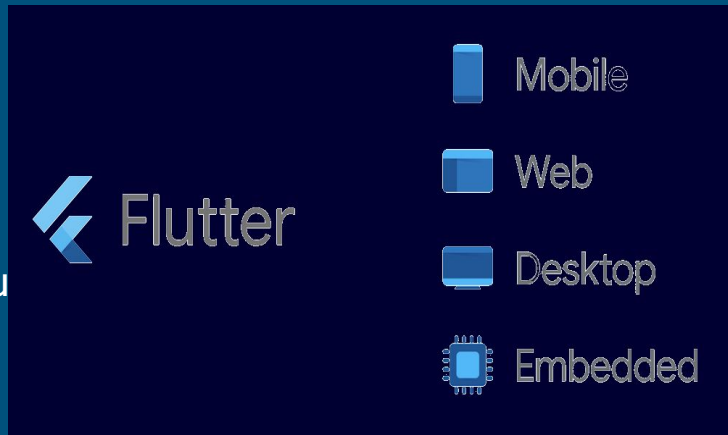
- Dart programming language
  - New and elegant
  - Created and widely by **Google**
  - Nice language for writing modern UI
  - Easy to learn
- Flutter Framework
- Android Studio IDE, VSCode
- Linux os, Window





# What is Flutter?

- Flutter is cross platform SDK
- Flutter is written in Dart programming language
- Open source created by Google
- Stable (Now)
- Android, IOS, Chrome OS
  - Desktop window, Linux, mac os
  - Web
  - Embedded
- In short, Flutter is a truly complete SDK for creating applications  
**“Write once, and deploy everywhere”**

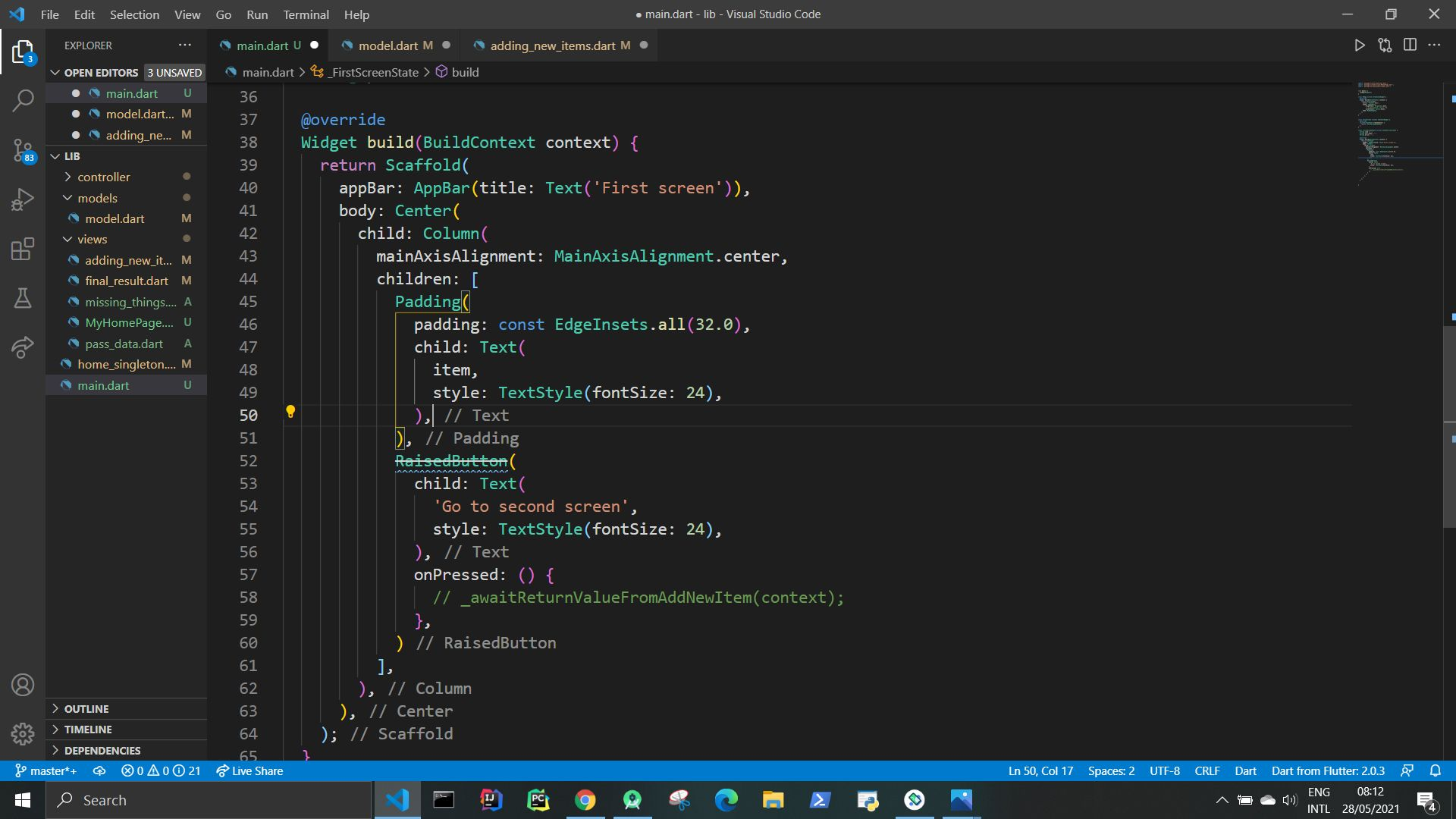


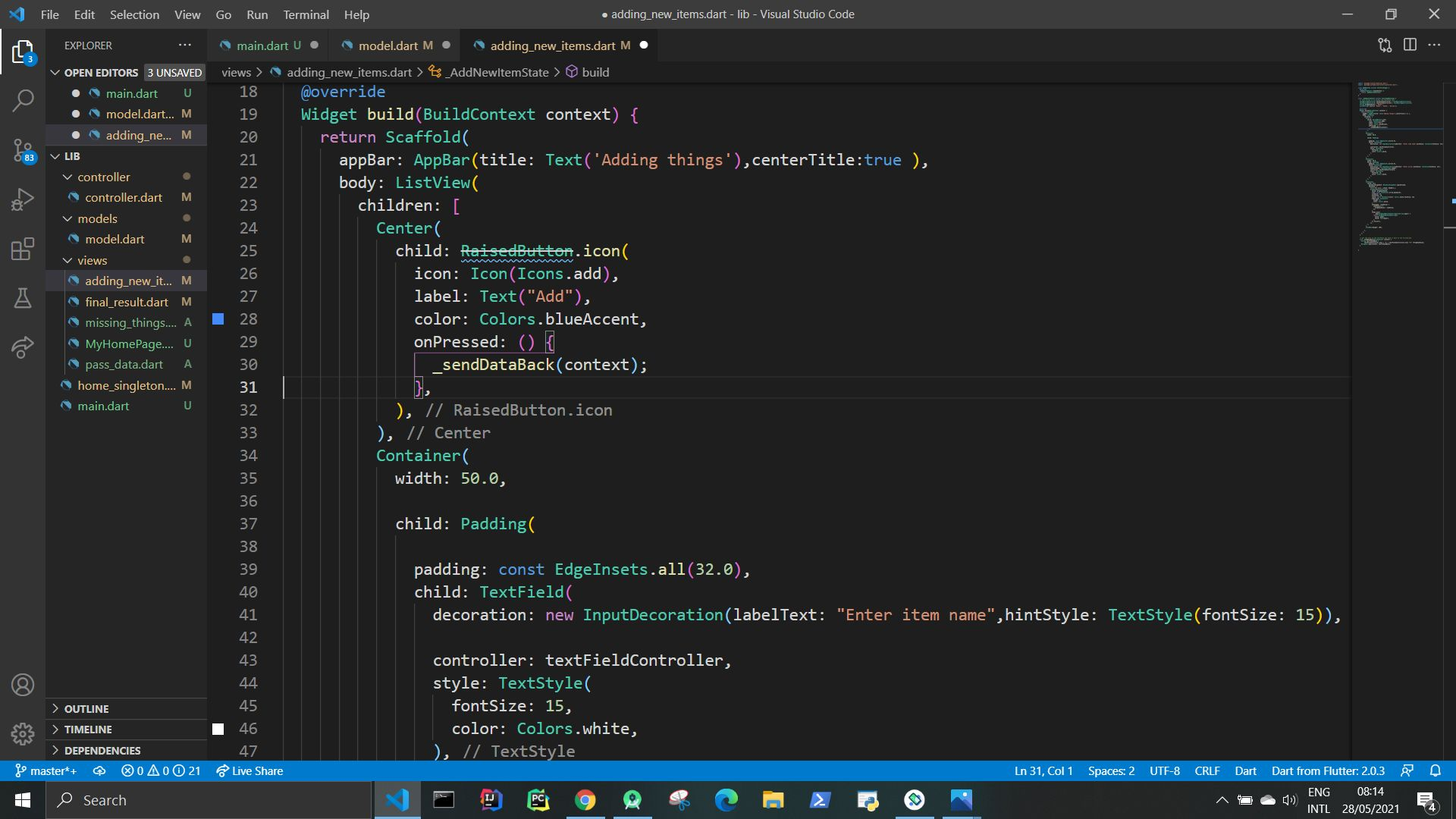
Ref; Flutter in action, flutter documentation

# What is “Evimiz app” (idea)

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- We live together
  - Share their expenses
    - homemates
    - travel mates
    - family numbers.
  - Easy to track with time
  - Can be developed more
  - Real world apps
  - Can be in production soon





3

EXPLORER

...

main.dart U

model.dart M

adding\_new\_items.dart M

3 UNSAVED

main.dart U

model.dart... M

adding\_ne... M

LIB

controller

controller.dart M

models

model.dart M

views

adding\_new\_it... M

final\_result.dart M

missing\_things.... A

MyHomePage.... U

pass\_data.dart A

home\_singleton.... M

main.dart U

OUTLINE

TIMELINE

DEPENDENCIES

views > adding\_new\_items.dart > \_AddNewItemState > build

```
80      ), // Container
81      onChanged: (newValue) {
82        setState(() {
83          dropdownValue = newValue;
84        });
85      },
86      items:users
87        .map<DropdownMenuItem<String>>((String payer) {
88          return DropdownMenuItem<String>(
89            value: payer,
90            child: Text(payer),
91          ); // DropdownMenuItem
92        }).toList(),
93      ), // DropdownButton
94    ), // Row
95  ), // Container
96  SizedBox(height: 100),
97
98  ],
99  ), // ListView
100 ); // Scaffold
101 }
102
103 // get the text in the TextField and send it back to the FirstScreen
104 void _sendDataBack(BuildContext context) {
105   String textToSendBack =
106     |   textFieldController.text + "#" + textFieldController2.text + "#" +dropdownValue;
107   Navigator.pop(context, textToSendBack);
108 }
109
```

Ln 31, Col 1

Spaces: 2

UTF-8

CRLF

Dart

Dart from Flutter: 2.0.3

ENG 08:14

INTL 28/05/2021

The screenshot shows an IDE with a Dart project. The Explorer on the left lists the following files:

- main.dart
- model.dart
- adding\_new\_items.dart
- final\_result.dart
- MyHomePage.dart
- pass\_data.dart
- home\_singleton.dart

The MyHomePage.dart file is open in the editor, showing the following code:

```

@override
void initState() {
  super.initState();
}

@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Scaffold(
    appBar: AppBar(
      title: Text(" May"),
      centerTitle: true,
    ), // AppBar
    body: Column(
      children: <Widget>[
        Expanded(
          child: Container(
            color: Colors.black12,
            child: Column(
              children: [
                Theme(
                  data: Theme.of(context)
                    .copyWith(dividerColor: Colors.white38),
                  child: DataTable(showBottomBorder: true, columns: [
                    DataColumn(label: Text('Member', style: headers)),
                    DataColumn(
                      label: Text('paid', style: headers),
                    ), // DataColumn
                    DataColumn(label: Text('Status', style: headers))
                  ], rows: [
                    DataRow(
                      cells: [

```



The screenshot shows an IDE with a dark theme. The Explorer panel on the left displays a project structure with folders for 'LIB', 'controllers', 'models', and 'views'. The 'MyHomePage.dart' file is selected and highlighted in blue. The main editor area shows the code for 'MyHomePage.dart', which implements a table widget. The table has three columns: 'Status', 'Total/each', and 'Total'. The data is fetched from a 'data' list and displayed in rows. The code uses 'DataColumn' for headers and 'DataRow' for data rows. The 'Status' column is styled with 'memberStyle'. The 'Total/each' and 'Total' columns are styled with 'headers'. The 'Total' column is calculated as 'total/3' and formatted with 'toStringAsFixed(2)'. The table is styled with 'memberStyle' for the data rows and 'headers' for the header row.

```
...
DataColumn(label: Text('Status', style: headers))
], rows: [
  DataRow(cells: [
    DataColumn(Text(users[0], style: memberStyle)),
    DataColumn(Text(data[users[0]].toString(),
      style: memberStyle)), // Text // DataColumn
    DataColumn(Text(status1, style: memberStyle)),
  ]), // DataRow
  DataRow(cells: [
    DataColumn(
      Text(users[1], style: memberStyle),
    ), // DataColumn
    DataColumn(Text(data[users[1]].toString(),
      style: memberStyle)), // Text // DataColumn
    DataColumn(Text(status2, style: memberStyle)),
  ]), // DataRow
  DataRow(
    cells: [
      DataColumn(Text(users[2], style: memberStyle)),
      DataColumn(Text(data[users[2]].toString(),
        style: memberStyle)), // Text // DataColumn
      DataColumn(Text(status3, style: memberStyle)),
    ],
  ), // DataRow
  DataRow(
    cells: [
      DataColumn(Text('Total/each ', style: headers)),
      DataColumn(Text(total.toString(), style: headers)),
      DataColumn(Text((total/3).toStringAsFixed(2)+ ' ', style: headers)),
    ],
  ), // DataRow
]
```

5

EXPLORER

...

OPEN EDITORS

5 UNSAVED

main.dart

U

176

model.dart...

M

177

adding\_ne...

M

178

final\_result...

M

179

MyHomePa...

U

180

LIB

controller

•

181

controller.dart

M

182

models

•

183

model.dart

M

184

views

•

185

adding\_new\_it...

M

186

final\_result.dart

M

187

missing\_things....

A

188

MyHomePage....

U

189

pass\_data.dart

A

190

home\_singleton....

M

191

main.dart

U

192

OUTLINE

203

TIMELINE

204

DEPENDENCIES

205

views > MyHomePage.dart > \_MyHomePageState > \_awaitReturnValueFromAddNewItem

```
void _awaitReturnValueFromAddNewItem(BuildContext context) async {  
  final result = await Navigator.push(  
    context,  
    MaterialPageRoute(  
      builder: (context) => AddNewItem(),  
    )); // MaterialPageRoute  
  setState(() {  
    List input = result.split("#");  
  
    items.insert(0, input[0]);  
  
    prices.insert(0, input[1]);  
    buyer.insert(0, input[2]);  
  
    if (input[2] == users[2]) {  
      data[users[2]] = data[users[2]] + double.parse(input[1]);  
    } else if (input[2] == users[1]) {  
      data[users[1]] = data[users[1]] + double.parse(input[1]);  
      // print(data[input[1] + input[2]]);  
    } else if (input[2] == users[0]) {  
      data[users[0]] = data[users[0]] + double.parse(input[1]);  
      // print(data[input[1] + input[2]]);  
    } else {  
      print("Errorr");  
    }  
    total = data[users[2]] + data[users[1]] + data[users[0]];  
  }  
}
```

Ln 207, Col 7

Spaces: 2

UTF-8

CRLF

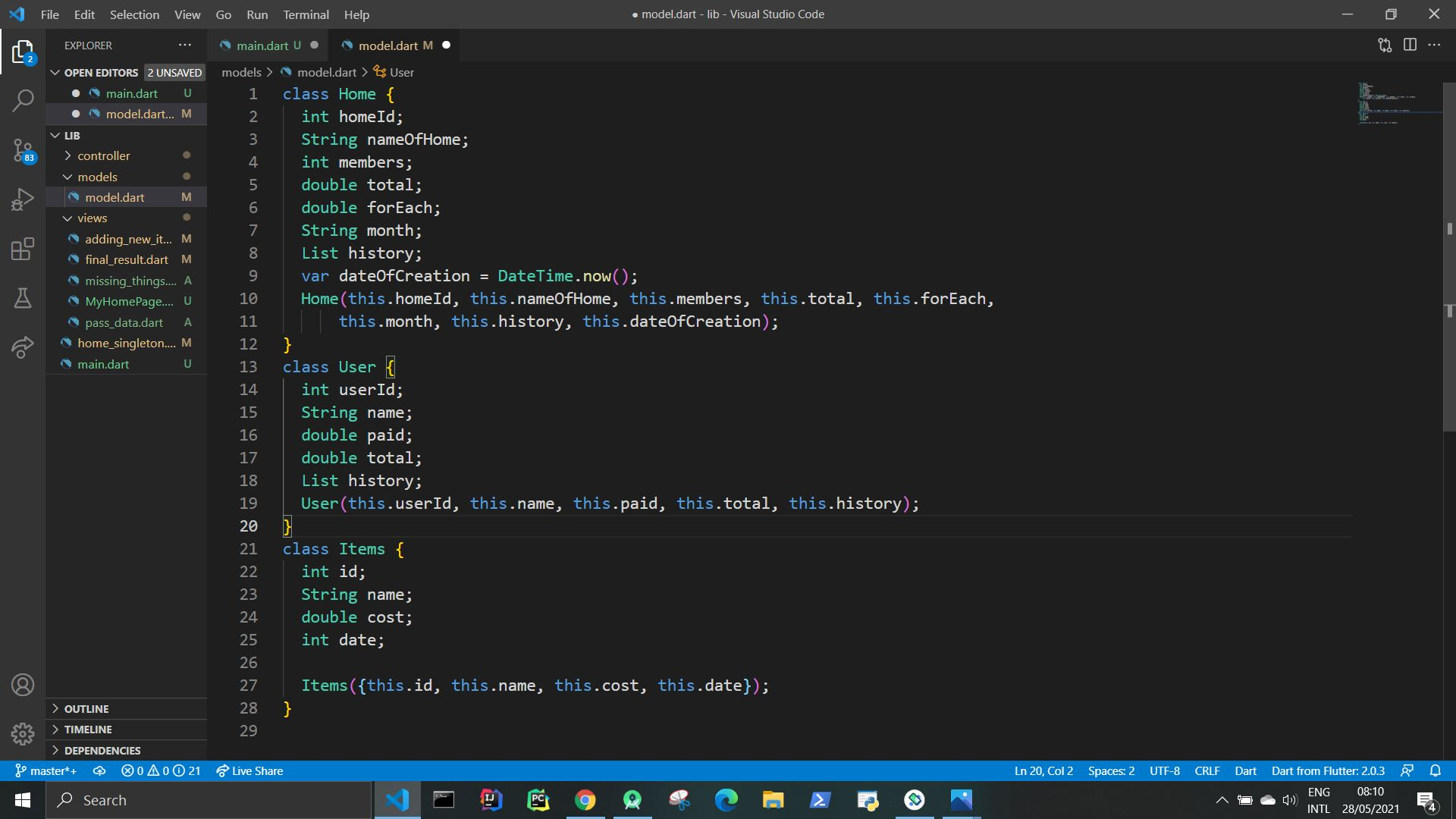
Dart

Dart from Flutter: 2.0.3

ENG 08:16

INTL 28/05/2021





# Month account(may)

- Home members:

- Momen
- Safak
- Sercan

DEBUG

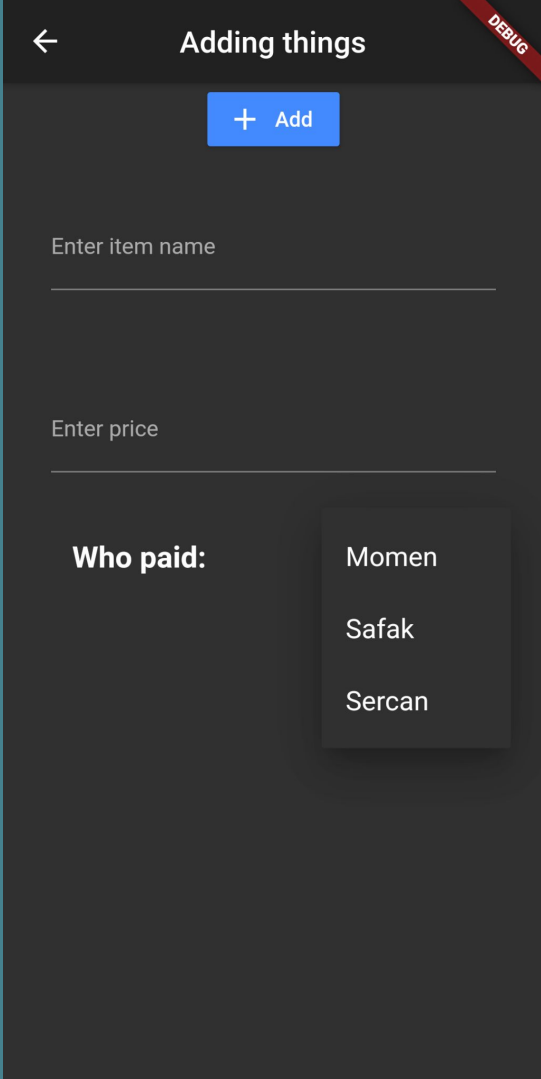
May		
Member	paid	Status
Momen	0.0	+
Safak	0.0	+
Sercan	0.0	+
Total	0.0	-
Reset		

Item Name	Price	by	Edit

+

# Adding new Items

- Name
- Price
- Who paid



The screenshot shows a mobile application interface with a dark theme. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a back arrow on the left, the title "Adding things" in the center, and a red "DEBUG" banner on the right. Below the navigation bar is a blue button with a white plus sign and the text "Add". Underneath the button are two text input fields. The first field is labeled "Enter item name" and the second is labeled "Enter price". Below the "Enter price" field is a label "Who paid:" followed by a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing three options: "Momen", "Safak", and "Sercan".

← Adding things DEBUG

+ Add

Enter item name

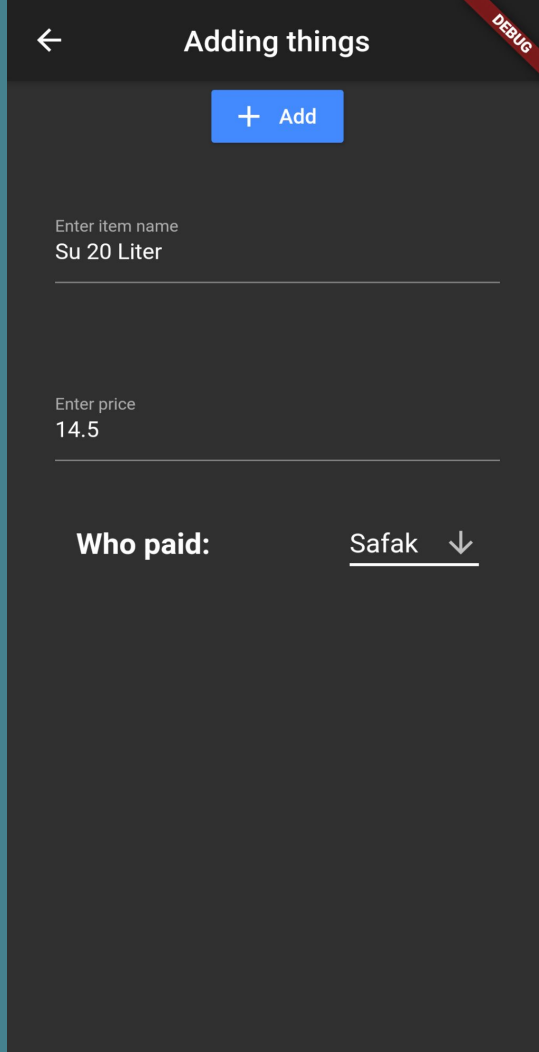
Enter price

Who paid:

- Momen
- Safak
- Sercan

# Adding new Items

- Name
- Price
- Who paid



The screenshot shows a mobile application interface with a dark theme. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a back arrow on the left, the title "Adding things" in the center, and a red "DEBUG" banner on the right. Below the navigation bar is a blue button with a white plus sign and the text "Add". The main content area contains two input fields. The first field is labeled "Enter item name" and has the text "Su 20 Liter" entered. The second field is labeled "Enter price" and has the text "14.5" entered. At the bottom, there is a label "Who paid:" followed by a text input field containing "Safak" and a downward arrow icon, indicating a dropdown menu.

← Adding things DEBUG

+ Add

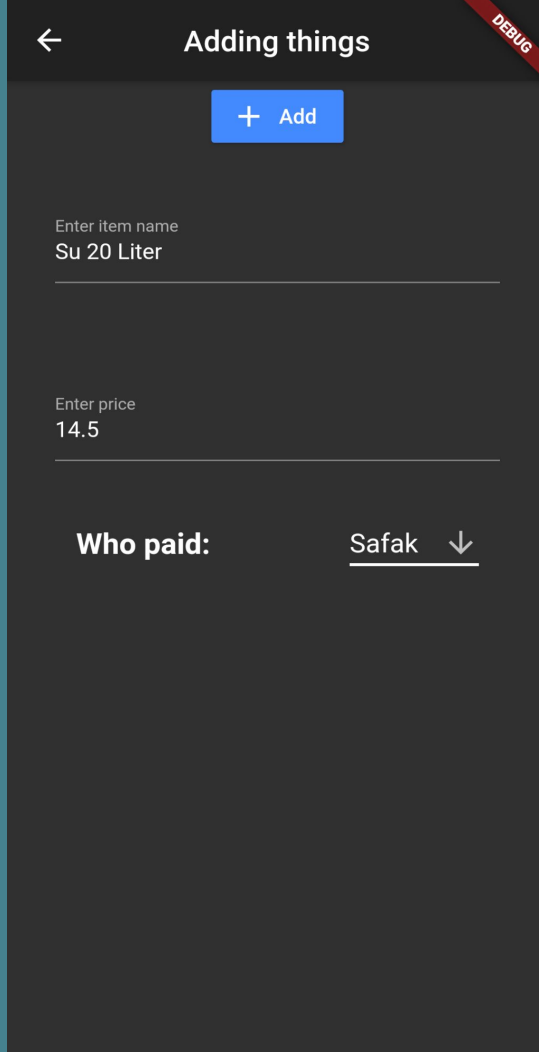
Enter item name  
Su 20 Liter

Enter price  
14.5

Who paid: Safak ↓

# Adding new Items

- Name
- Price
- Who paid



The screenshot shows a mobile application interface with a dark theme. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a back arrow on the left, the title "Adding things" in the center, and a red "DEBUG" banner on the right. Below the navigation bar is a blue button with a white plus sign and the text "Add". The main content area contains two input fields. The first field is labeled "Enter item name" and has the text "Su 20 Liter" entered. The second field is labeled "Enter price" and has the text "14.5" entered. Below these fields is a label "Who paid:" followed by a dropdown menu showing "Safak" and a downward arrow.

← Adding things DEBUG

+ Add

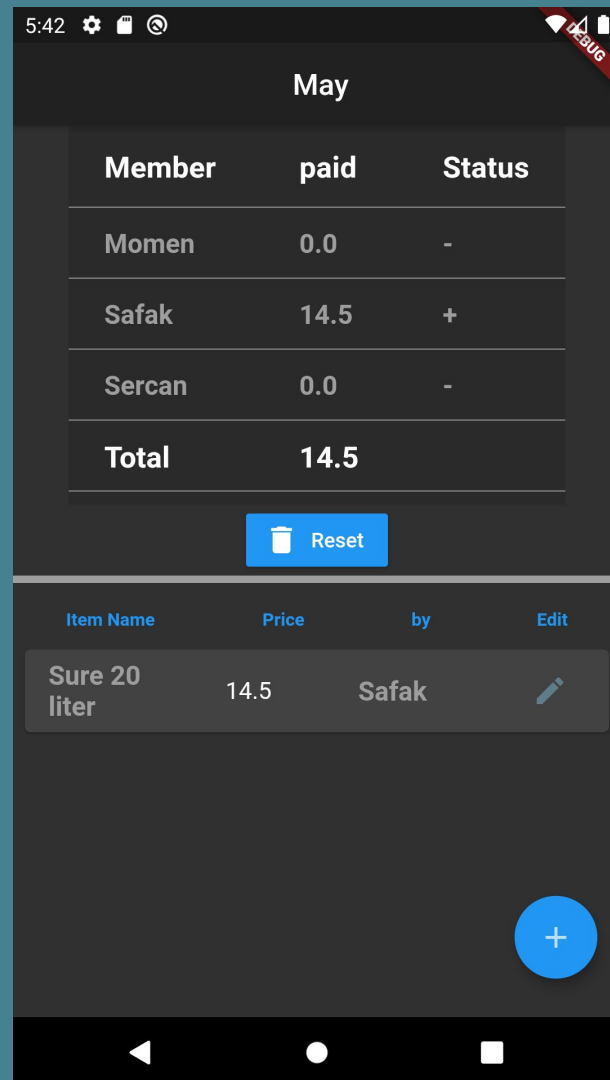
Enter item name  
Su 20 Liter

Enter price  
14.5

Who paid: Safak ↓







# Inserting

- Momen is -
- Safak is +
- Sercan -
- Total = 14.5







# Inserting

- Momen is +
- Safak is -
- Sercan -
- Total = 73.0
- Each one: 24.33

6:26      

Member	paid	Status
Momen	55.0	+
Safak	14.0	-
Sercan	4.0	-
<b>Total/each</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>24.33</b>

Item Name	Price	by	Edit
coffee	4	Sercan	
chicken, rice	55	Momen	
water	14	Safak	



# Future improvement:

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- Support multiple languages (Turkish, Arabic)
- Push notifications
- Using factory patterns for item data
- In production soon !



# Conclusion

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- Good software design can save a lot of money and time
- Select Software patterns wisely
- Don't repeat yourself

# Thank you !

- Mohammed ALI
- Safak ALPAY

**Any questions?**