



Abstract Factory Pattern

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Design Aspect of Abstract Factory

Families of product objects



Outline

- ☐ Requirements Statement
- ☐ Initial Design and Its Problems
- ☐ Design Process
- ☐ Refactored Design after Design Process
- ☐ More Examples
- ☐ Recurrent Problems
- ☐ Intent
- ☐ Abstract Factory Pattern Structure
- ☐ Abstract Factory vs. Factory Method

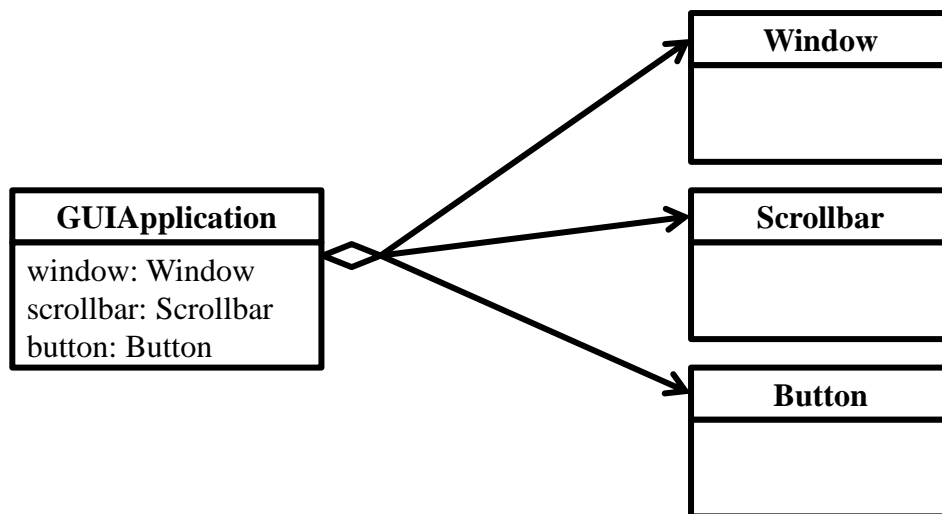


A GUI Application with Multiple Styles (Abstract Factory)



Requirements Statement₁

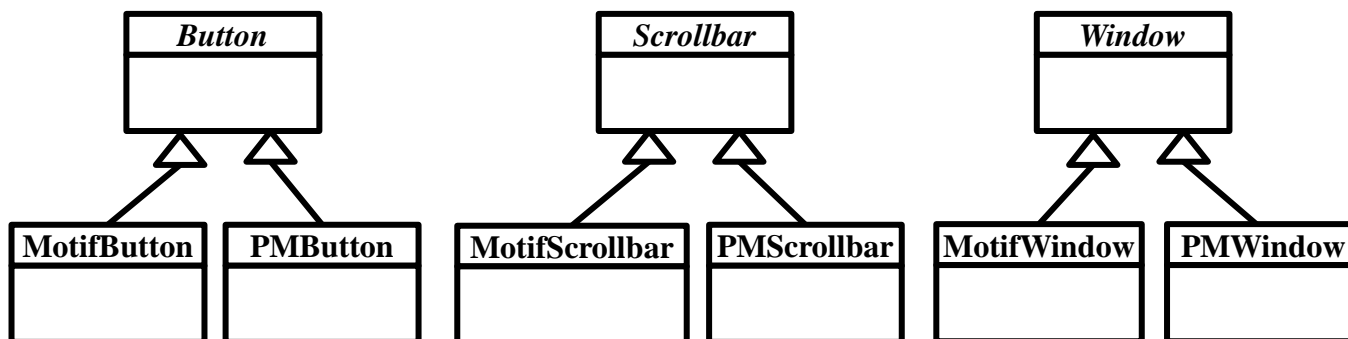
- ❑ A GUI Application consists of some kinds of widgets like window, scroll bar, and button.





Requirements Statement₂

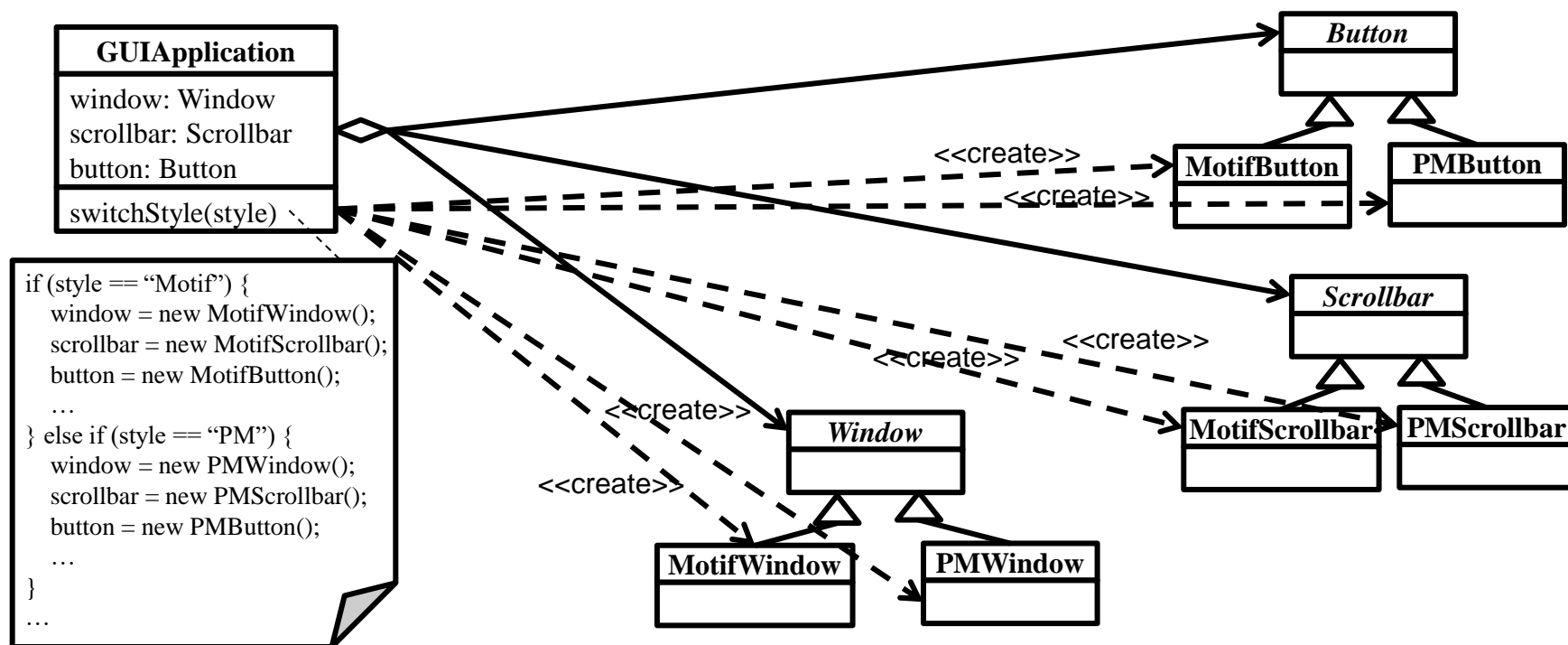
- ❑ Each widget in the GUI application has two or more implementations according to different look-and-feel standards, such as Motif and Presentation Manager.





Requirements Statement₃

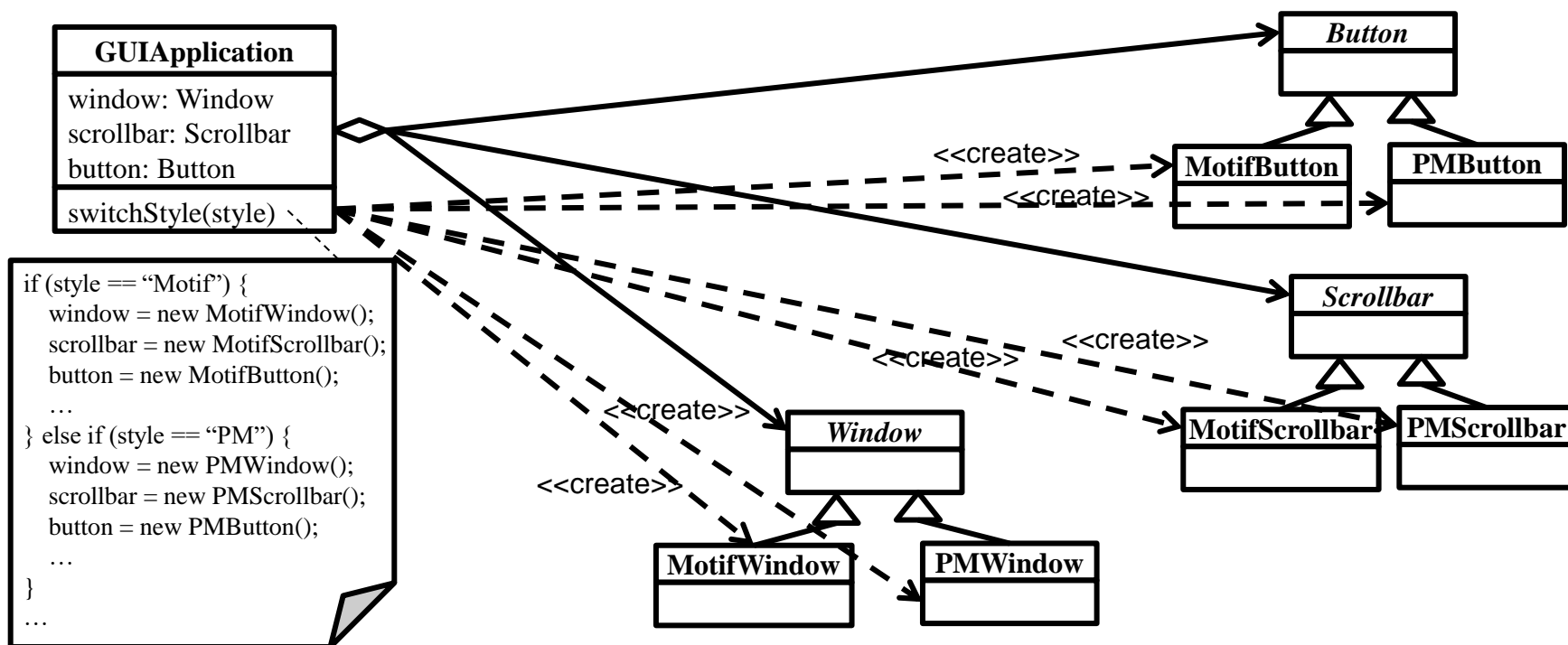
- ❑ The GUI application can switch its look-and-feel style from one to another.





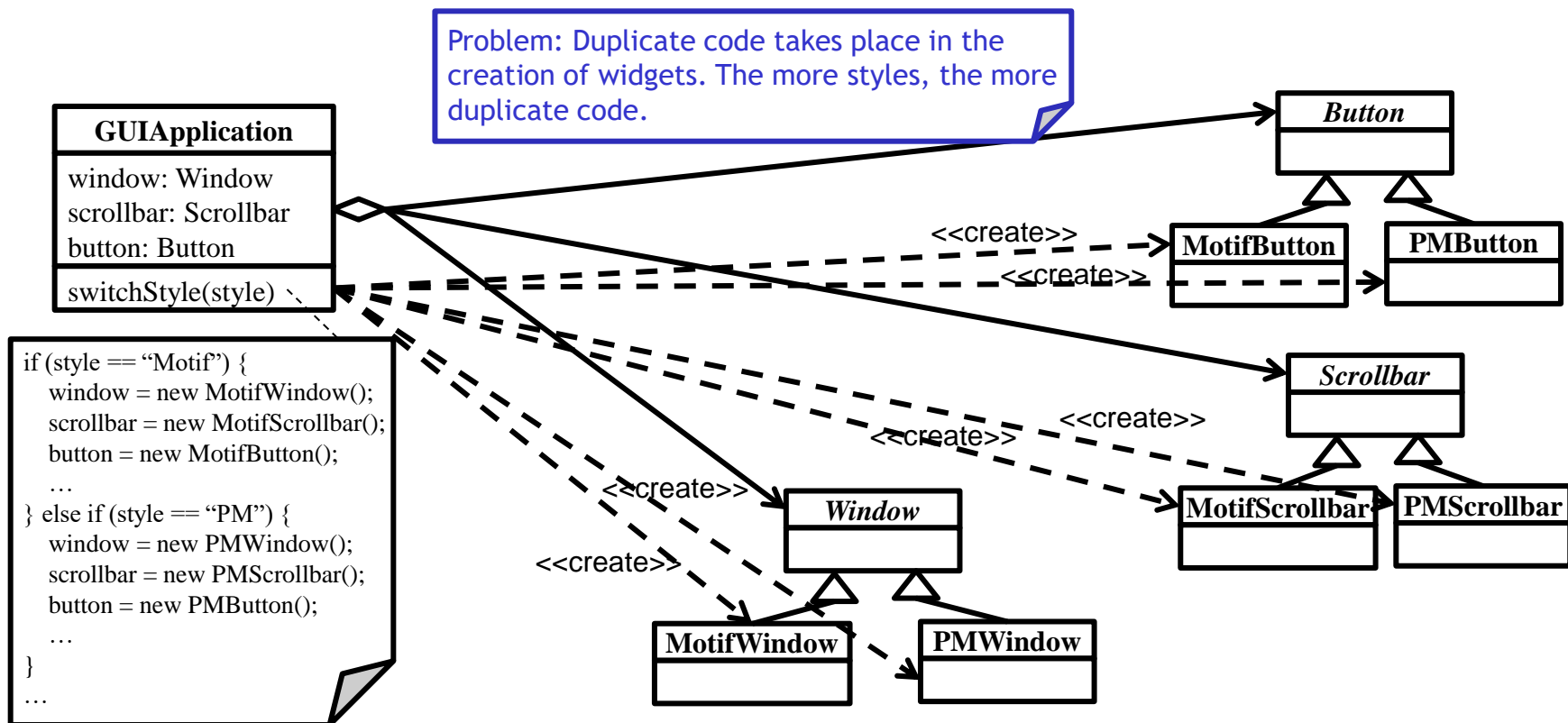
Initial Design

- ❑ The GUI application can switch its look-and-feel style from one to another.



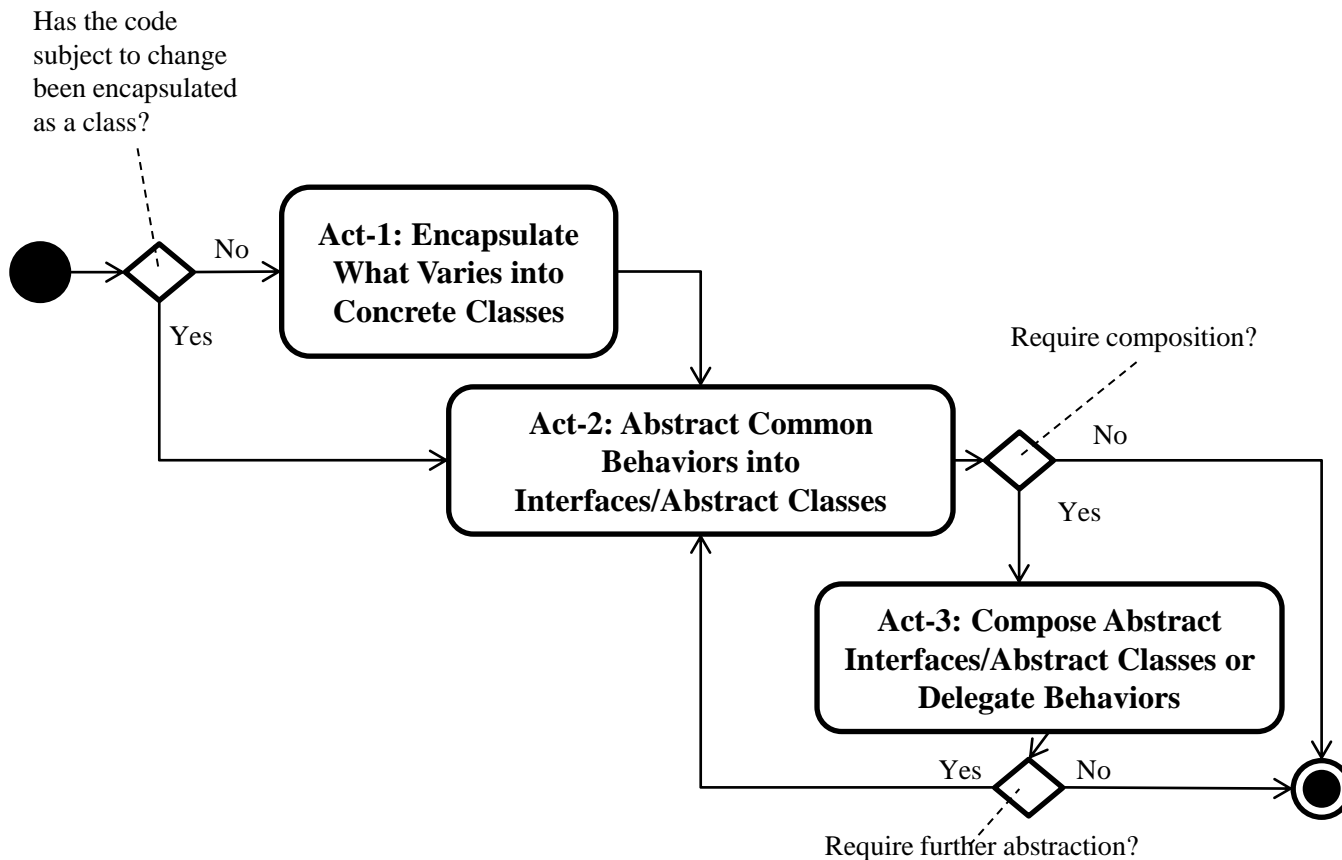


Problems with Initial Design





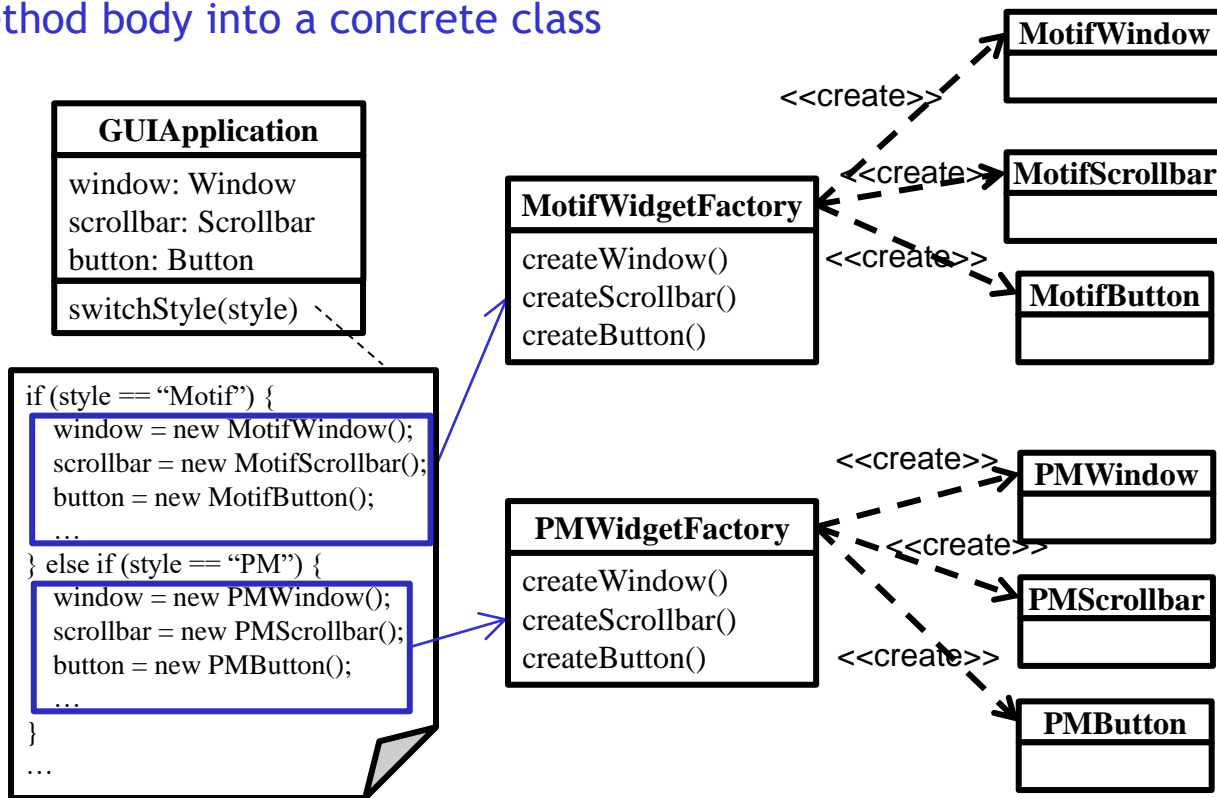
Design Process for Change





Act-1: Encapsulate What Varies

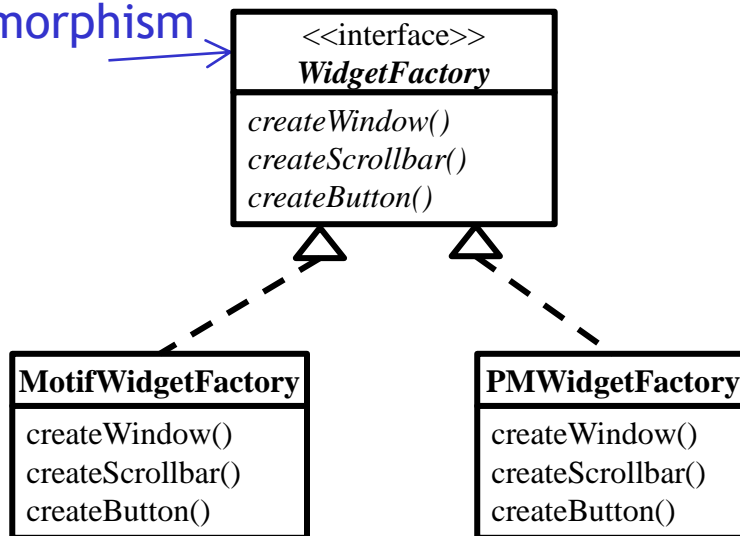
Act-1.3: Encapsulate a part of a method body into a concrete class





Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors

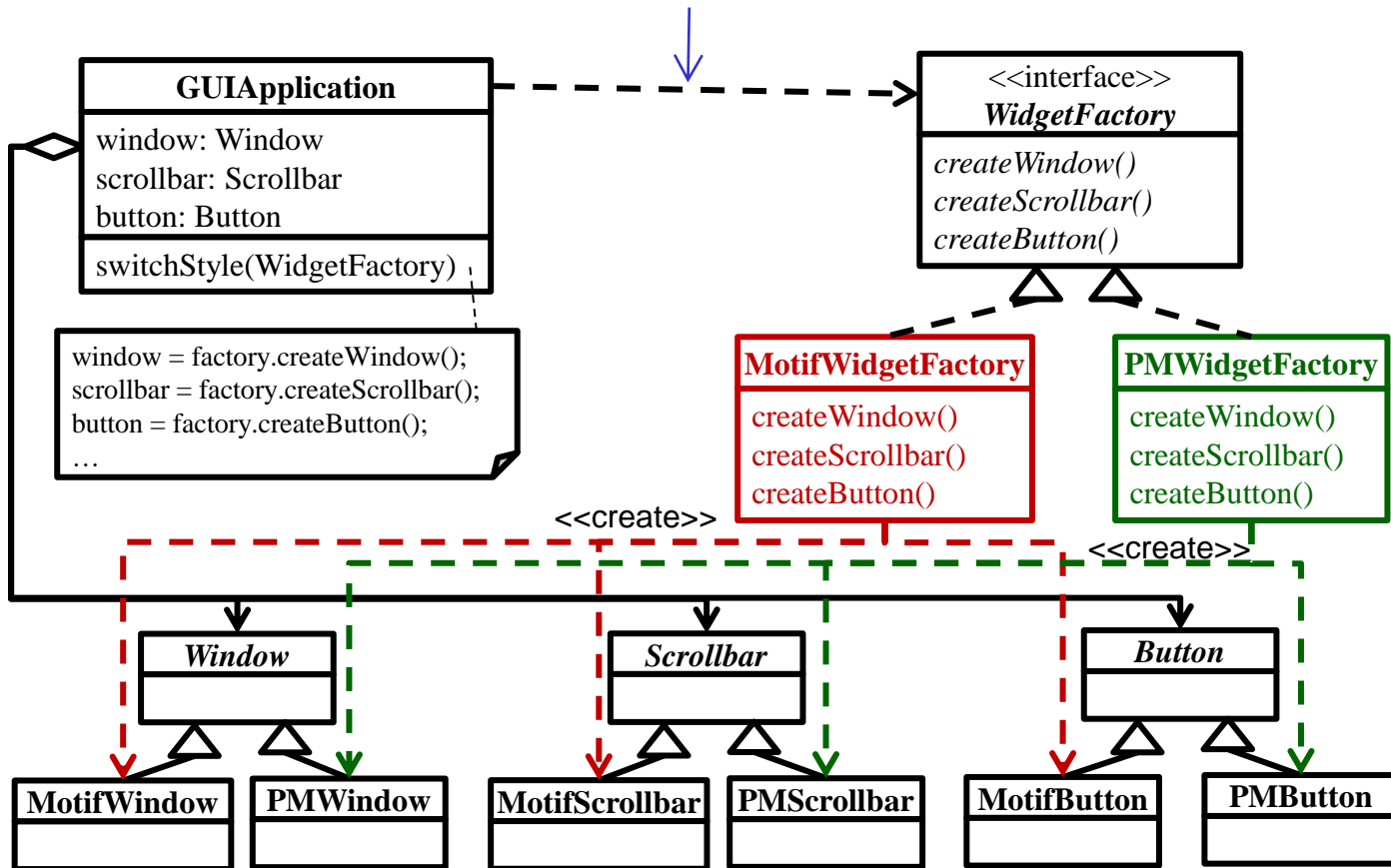
Act-2.1: Abstract common behaviors
with a same signature into interface
through polymorphism





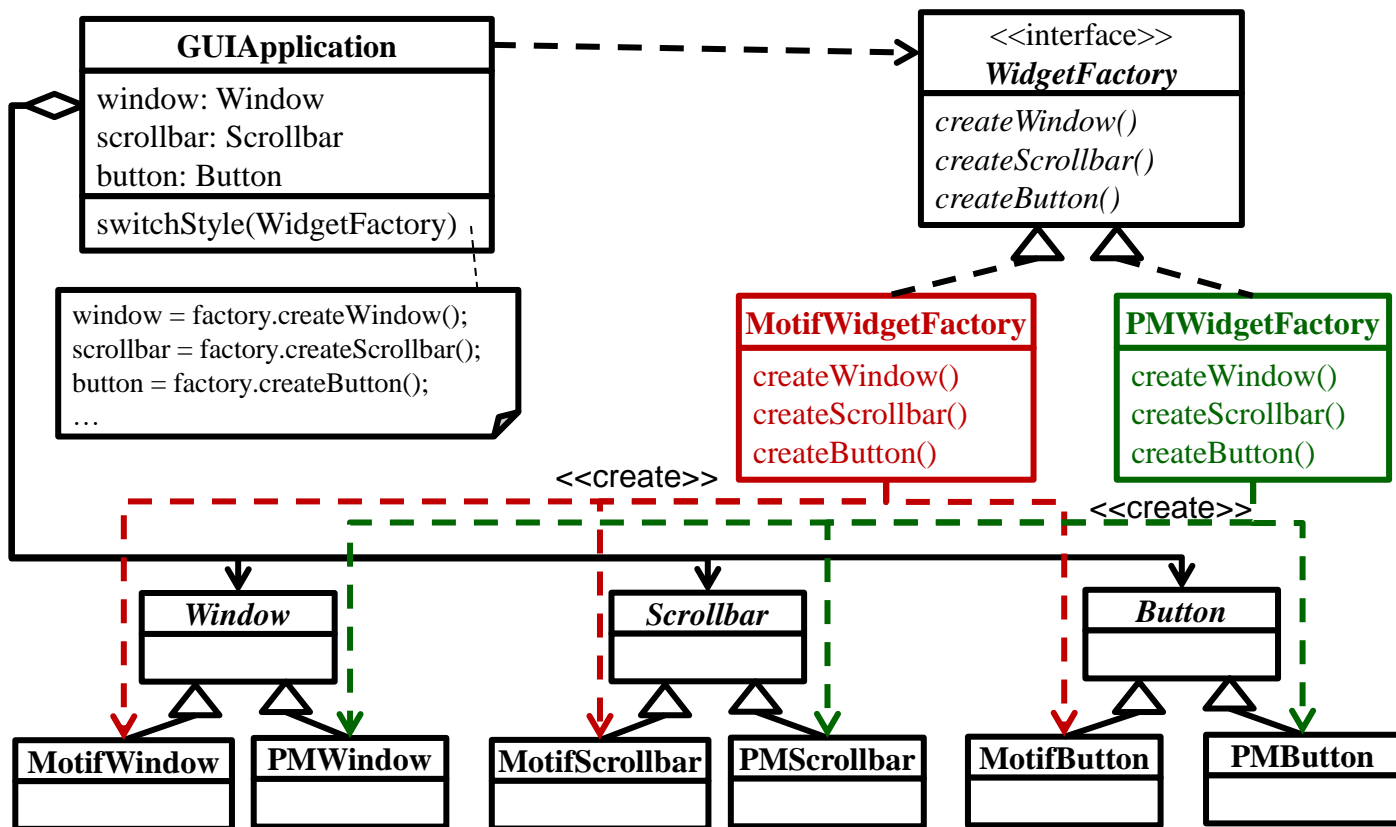
Act-3: Compose Abstract Behaviors

Act-3.3: Delegate
behavior to an interface
or an abstract class





Refactored Design after Design Process



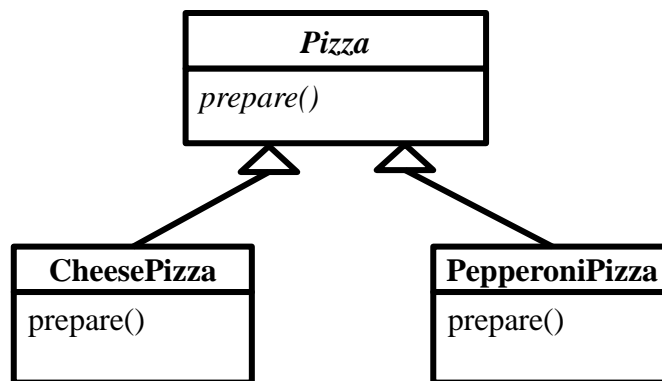


Pizza Store (Extended)



Requirements Statement₁

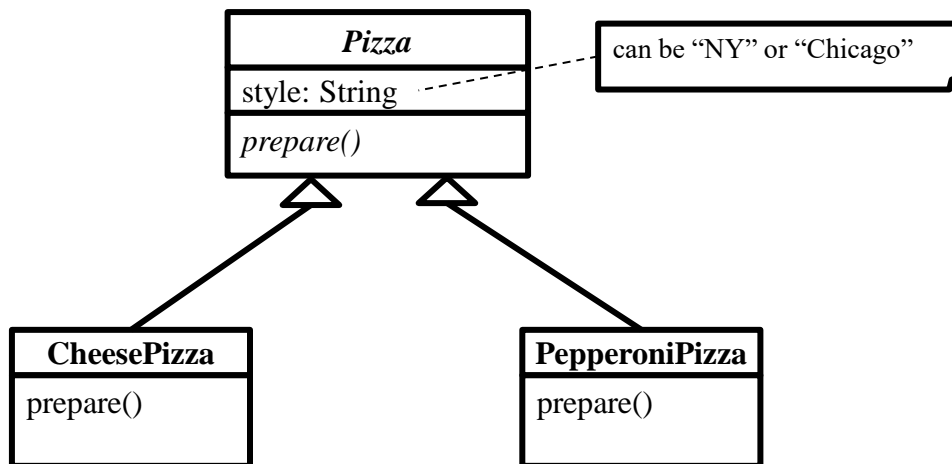
- ❑ In a pizza store system, two flavors of pizza are offered: Cheese Pizza and Pepperoni Pizza.





Requirements Statement₂

- ❑ Each flavor of pizza can be categorized into two styles: New York Style and Chicago Style.

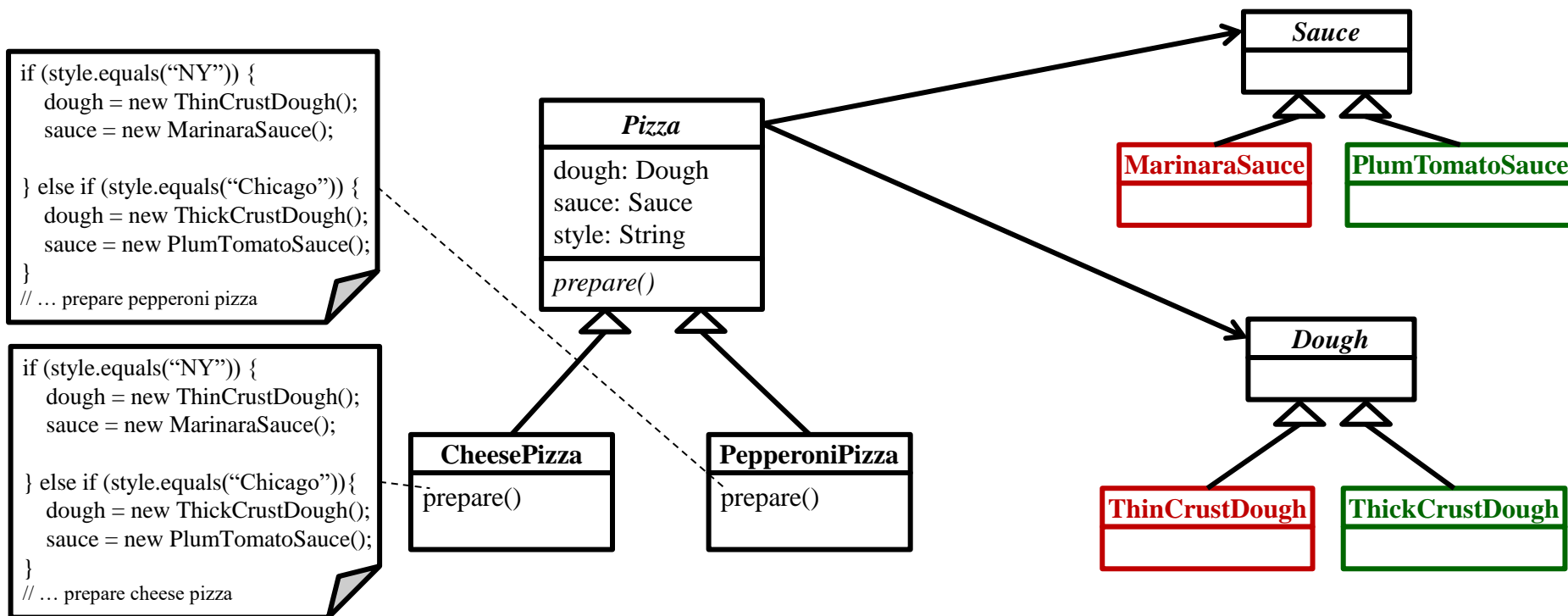




Requirements Statement₃

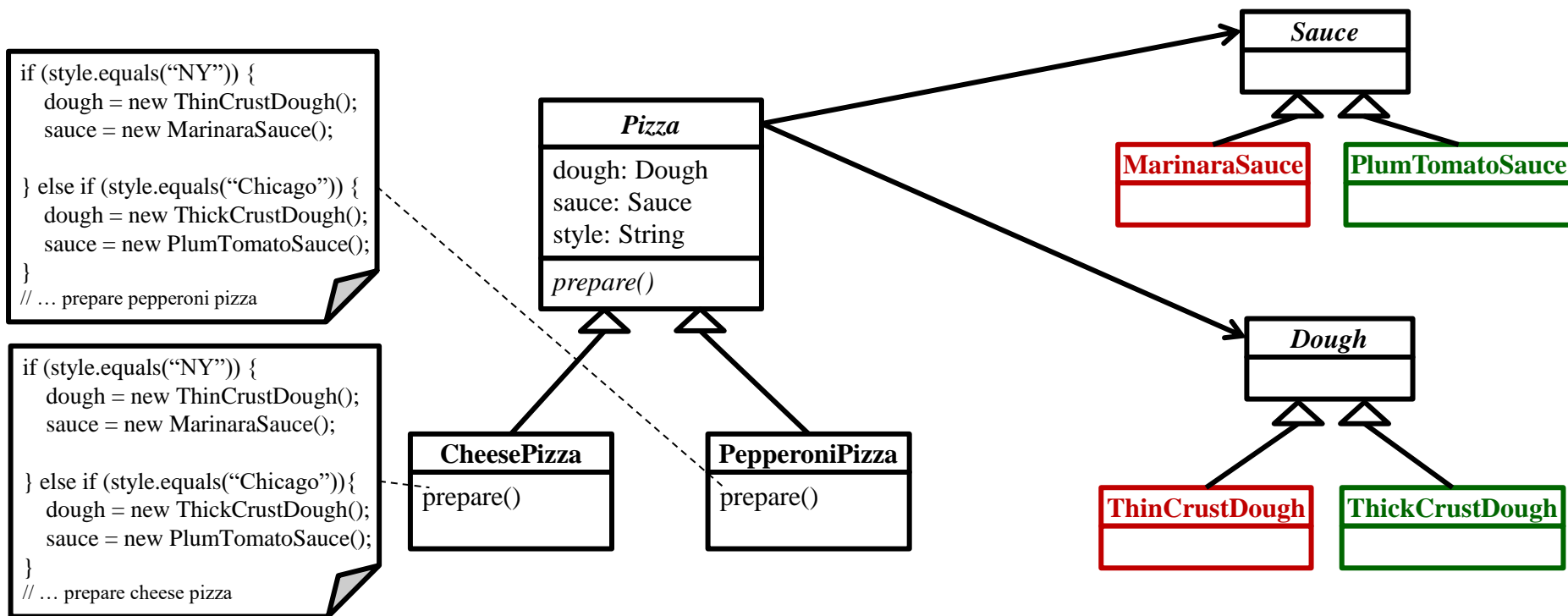
❑ Different pizza style needs different dough and sauce:

- NY Style: Thin Crust Dough, Marinara Sauce
- Chicago Style: Thick Crust Dough, Plum Tomato Sauce





Initial Design - Class Diagram





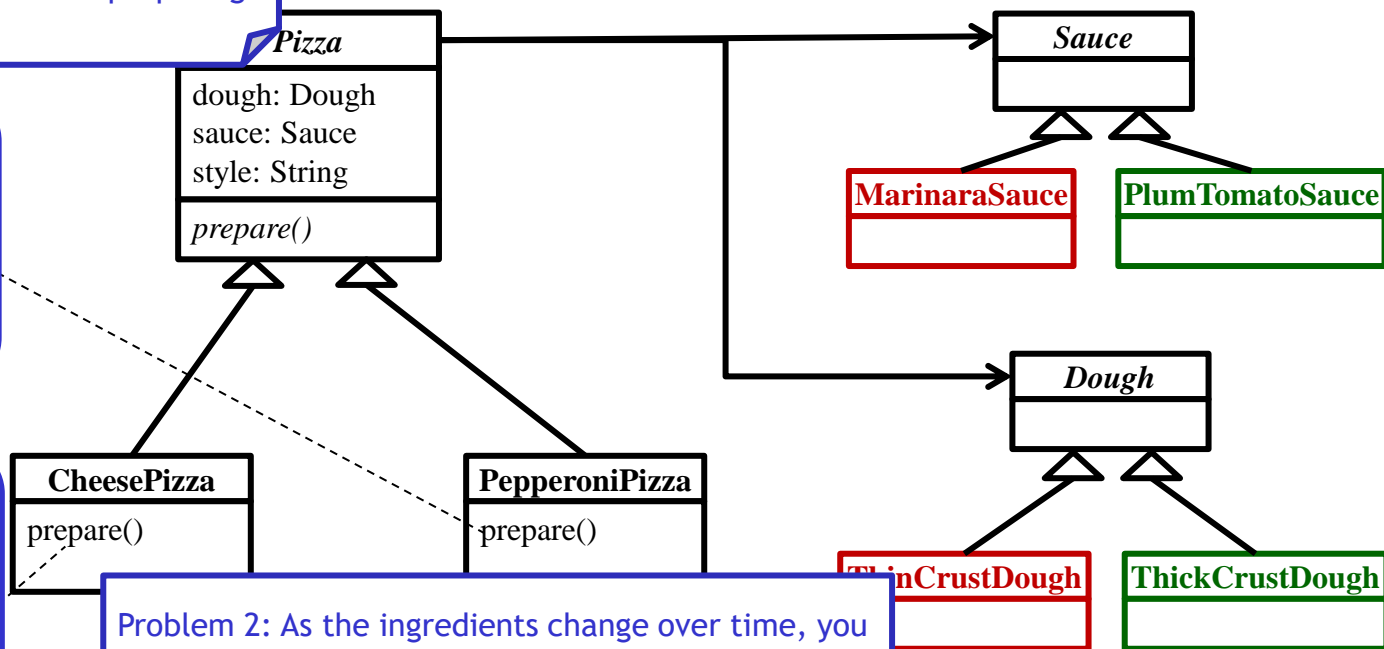
Problems with Initial Design

Problem 1: Duplicate code for preparing dough and sauce.

```
if (style.equals("NY")) {  
    dough = new ThinCrustDough();  
    sauce = new MarinaraSauce();  
}  
  
} else if (style.equals("Chicago")) {  
    dough = new ThickCrustDough();  
    sauce = new PlumTomatoSauce();  
}  
}  
// ... prepare pepperoni pizza
```

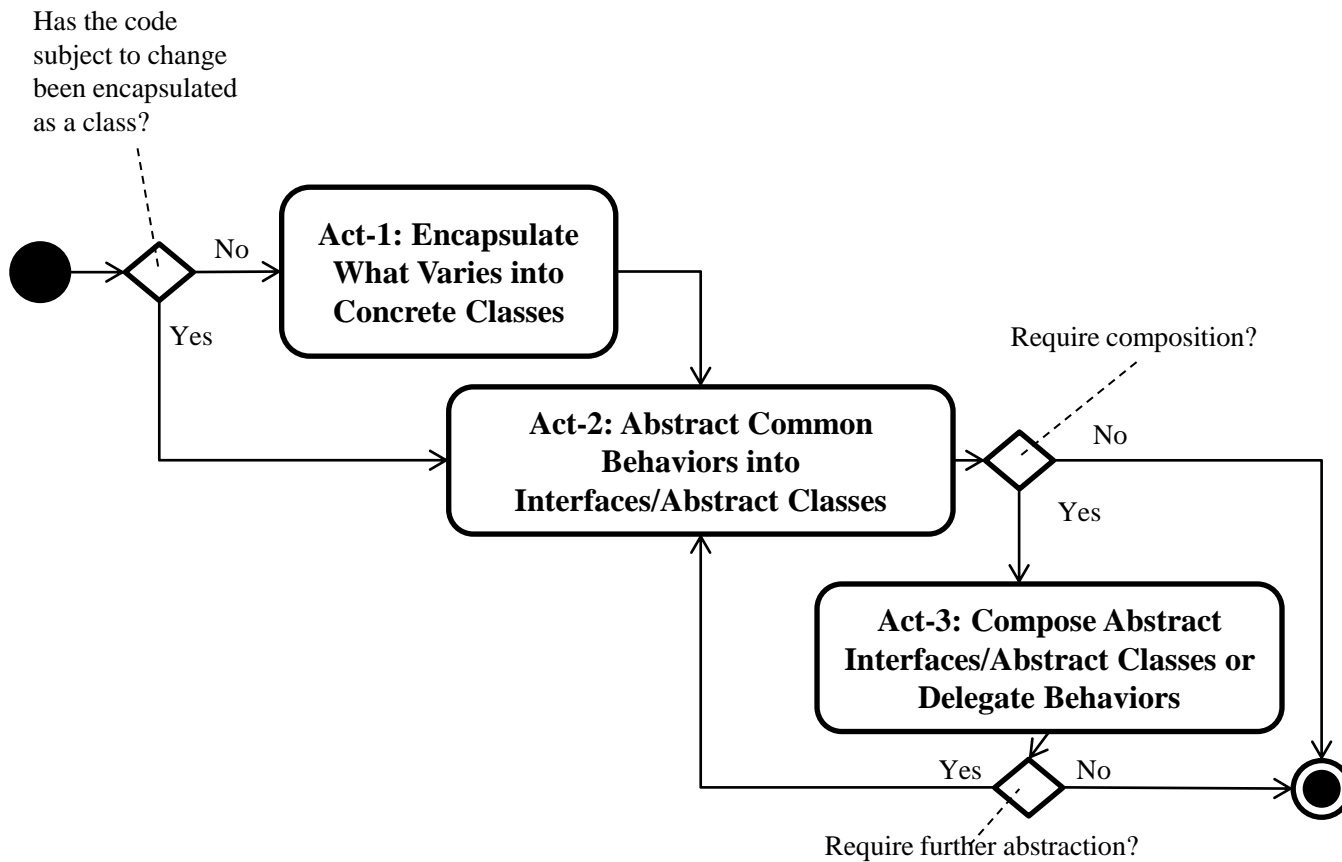
```
if (style.equals("NY")) {  
    dough = new ThinCrustDough();  
    sauce = new MarinaraSauce();  
}  
  
} else if (style.equals("Chicago")) {  
    dough = new ThickCrustDough();  
    sauce = new PlumTomatoSauce();  
}  
}  
// ... prepare cheese pizza
```

Problem 2: As the ingredients change over time, you will have to write new if-else statements for new pizza styles.



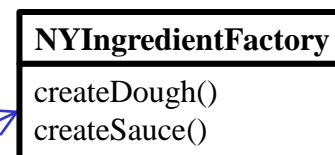
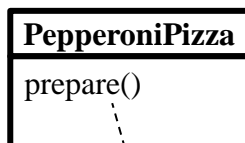
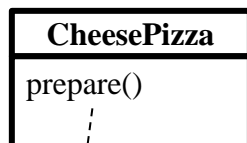


Design Process





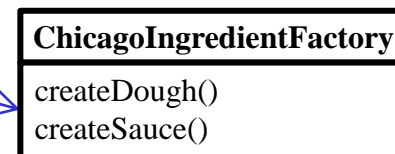
Act-1: Encapsulate What Varies



```
if (style.equals("NY")) {  
    dough = new ThinCrustDough();  
    sauce = new MarinaraSauce();  
  
} else if (style.equals("Chicago")) {  
    dough = new ThickCrustDough();  
    sauce = new PlumTomatoSauce();  
}  
// ... prepare cheese pizza
```

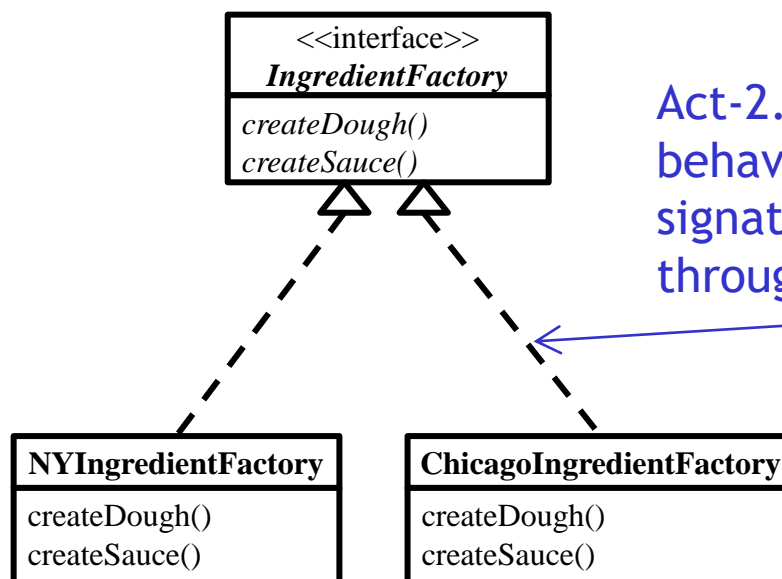
```
if (style.equals("NY")) {  
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    sauce = new MarinaraSauce();  
  
} else if (style.equals("Chicago")) {  
    dough = new ThickCrustDough();  
    sauce = new PlumTomatoSauce();  
}  
// ... prepare pepperoni pizza
```

Act-1.3: Encapsulate a part of a method body into a concrete class





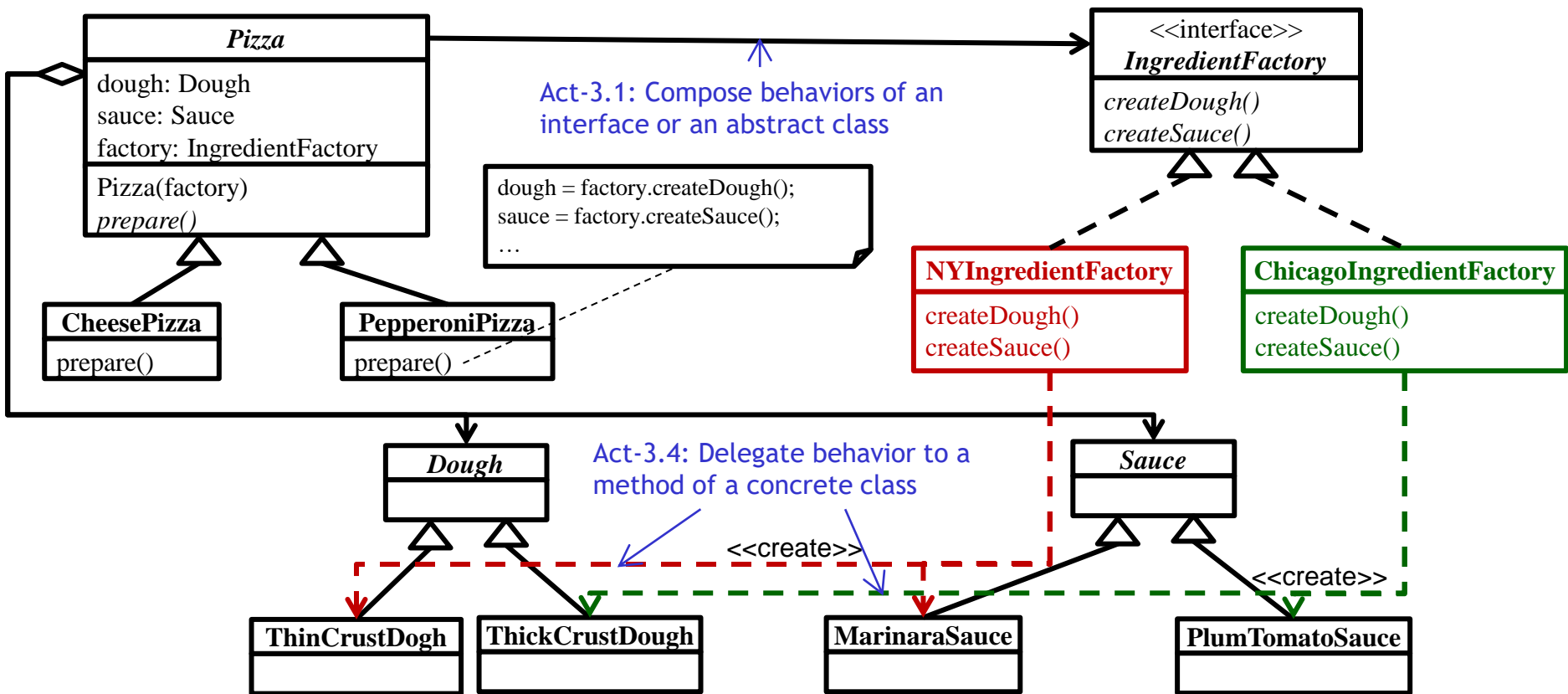
Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors



Act-2.1: Abstract common behaviors with a same signature into interface through polymorphism

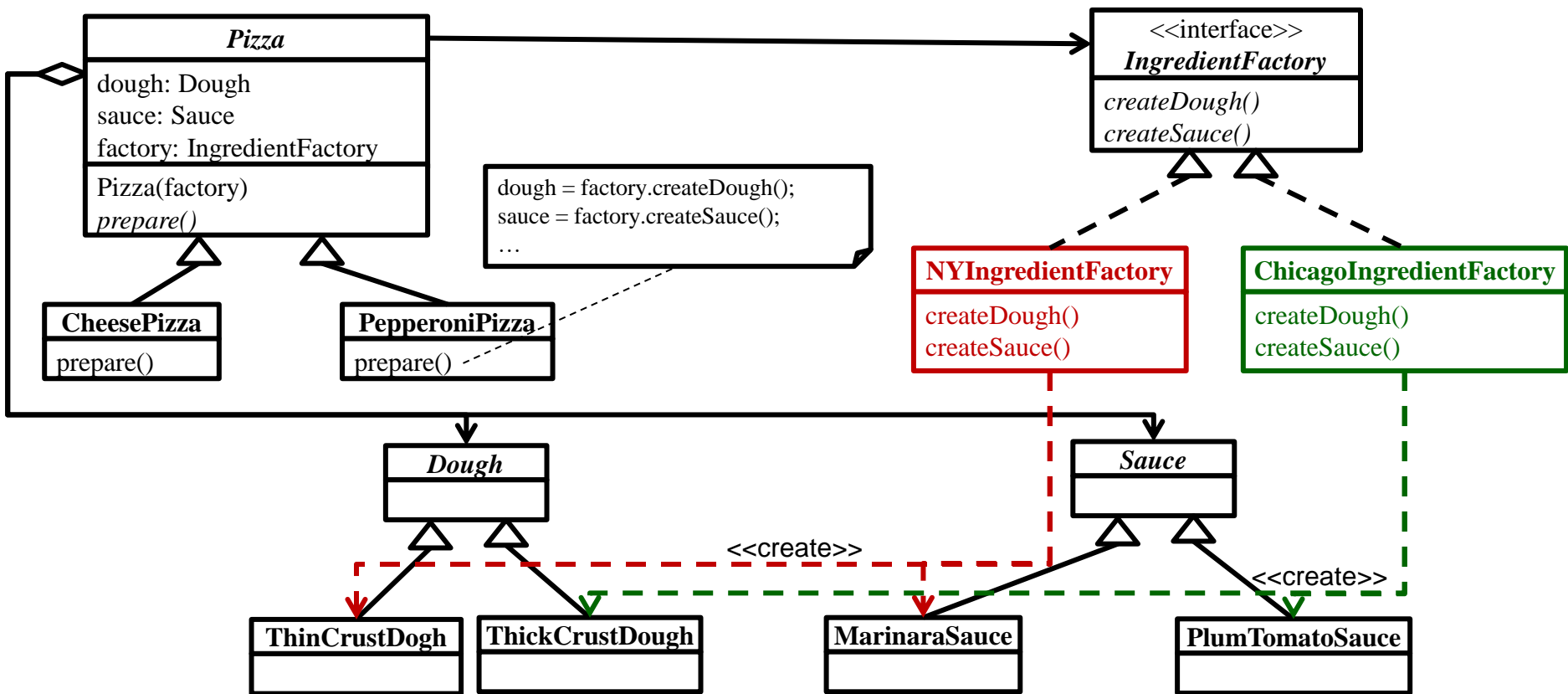


Act-3: Compose Abstract Behaviors





Refactored Design after Design Process





Recurrent Problem

- ❑ As the families of related or dependent objects are added, we need to write new object classes for the new families
 - For example, different look-and-feels define different appearances and behaviors for user interface "widgets" like scroll bars, windows, and buttons.

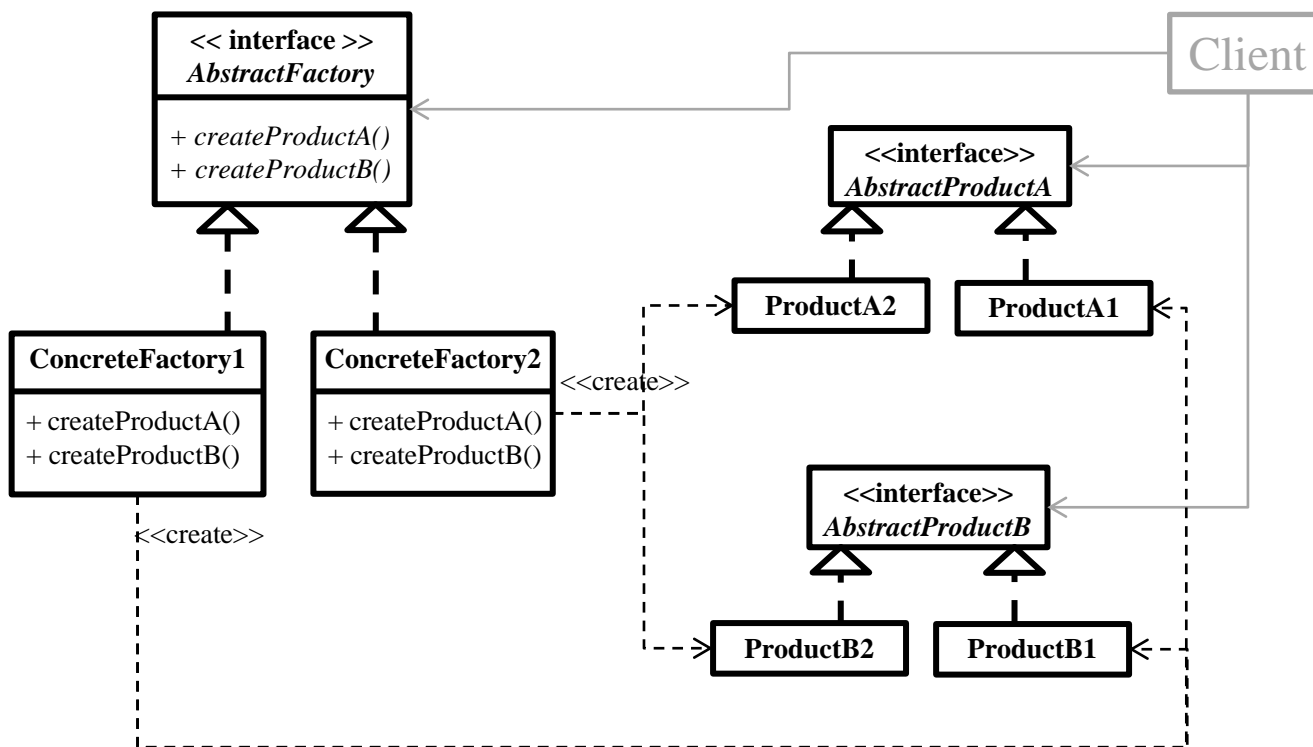


Intent

- ❑ Provide an interface for creating families of related or dependent objects without specifying their concrete classes.

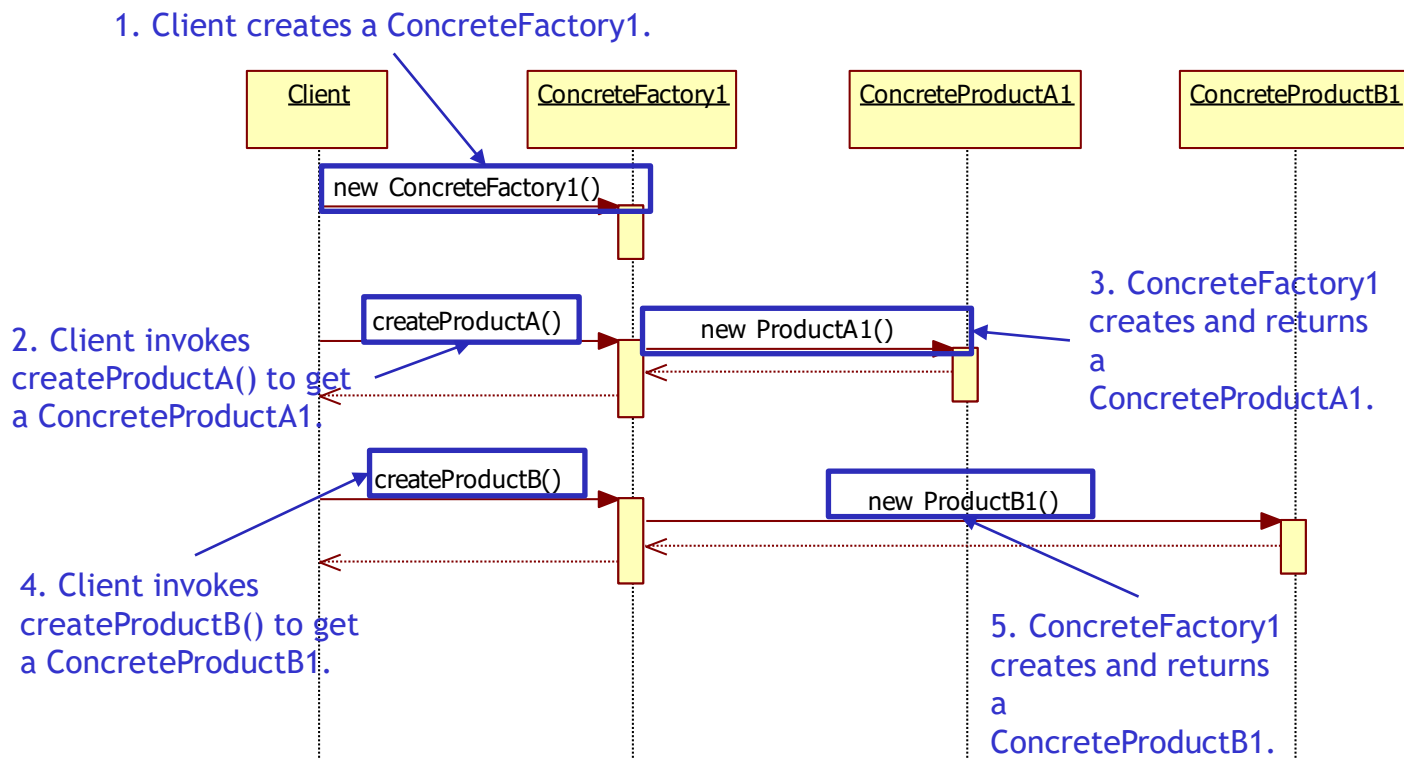


Abstract Factory Structure₁





Abstract Factory Structure₂





Abstract Factory Structure₃

	Instantiation	Use	Termination
Client	Other class except classes in the AbstractFactory	Other class except classes in the Abstract Factory	Other class except classes in the AbstractFactory
Abstract Factory	X	Client class uses this interface to get a product which is produced by ConcreteFactory through polymorphism	X
Concrete Factory	Other class or the client class	Client class uses this class to get a product through AbstractFactory	Other class or the client class
Abstract ProductA	X	Client class uses ConcreteProductA through this interface	X
Concrete ProductA	ConcreteFactory	Client class	Other class or the client class
Abstract ProductB	X	Client class uses ConcreteProductB through this interface	X
Concrete ProductB	ConcreteFactory	Client class	Other class or the client class



Abstract Factory vs. Factory Method

☐ Factory Method

- creates single products

☐ Abstract Factory

- consists of multiple factory methods
- each factory method creates a related or dependent product