



Observer Pattern

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Design Aspect of Observer

Number of objects that
depend on another object; how
the dependent objects stay up
to date



Spreadsheet Application (Observer)



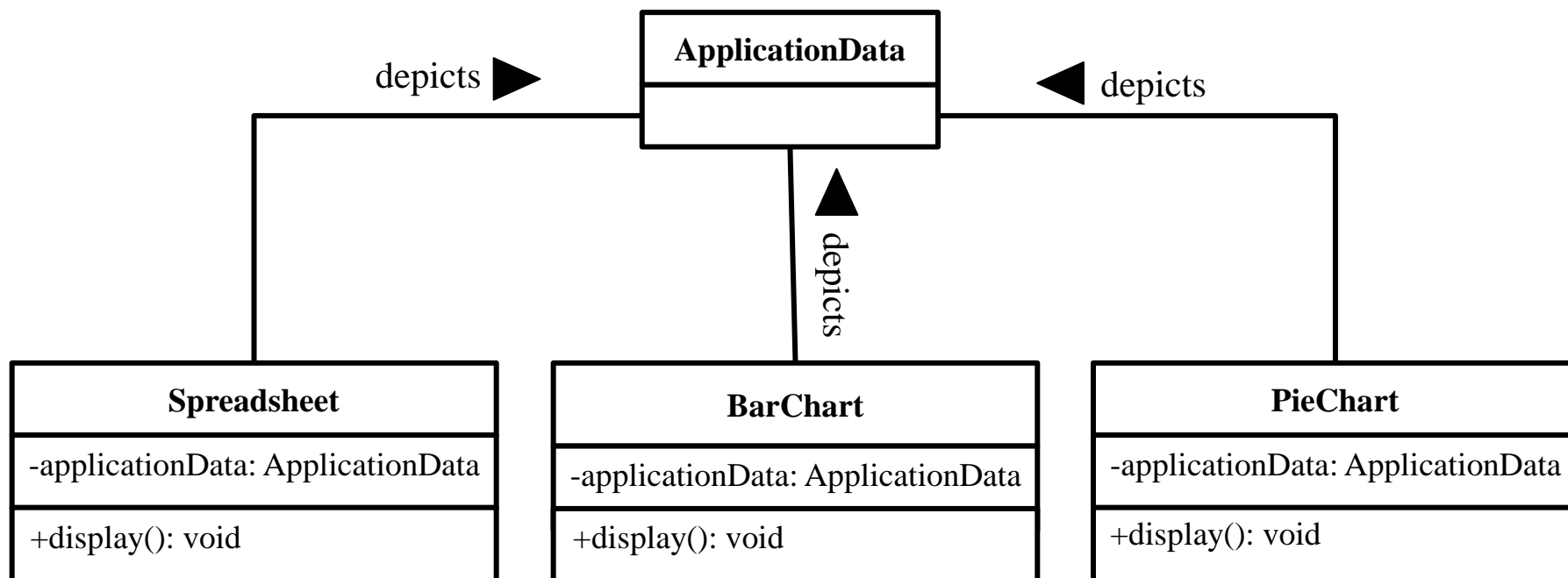
Outline

- ☐ Requirements Statement
- ☐ Initial Design and Its Problems
- ☐ Design Process
- ☐ Refactored Design after Design Process
- ☐ Recurrent Problems
- ☐ Intent
- ☐ Observer Pattern Structure
- ☐ More Examples



Requirements Statement₁

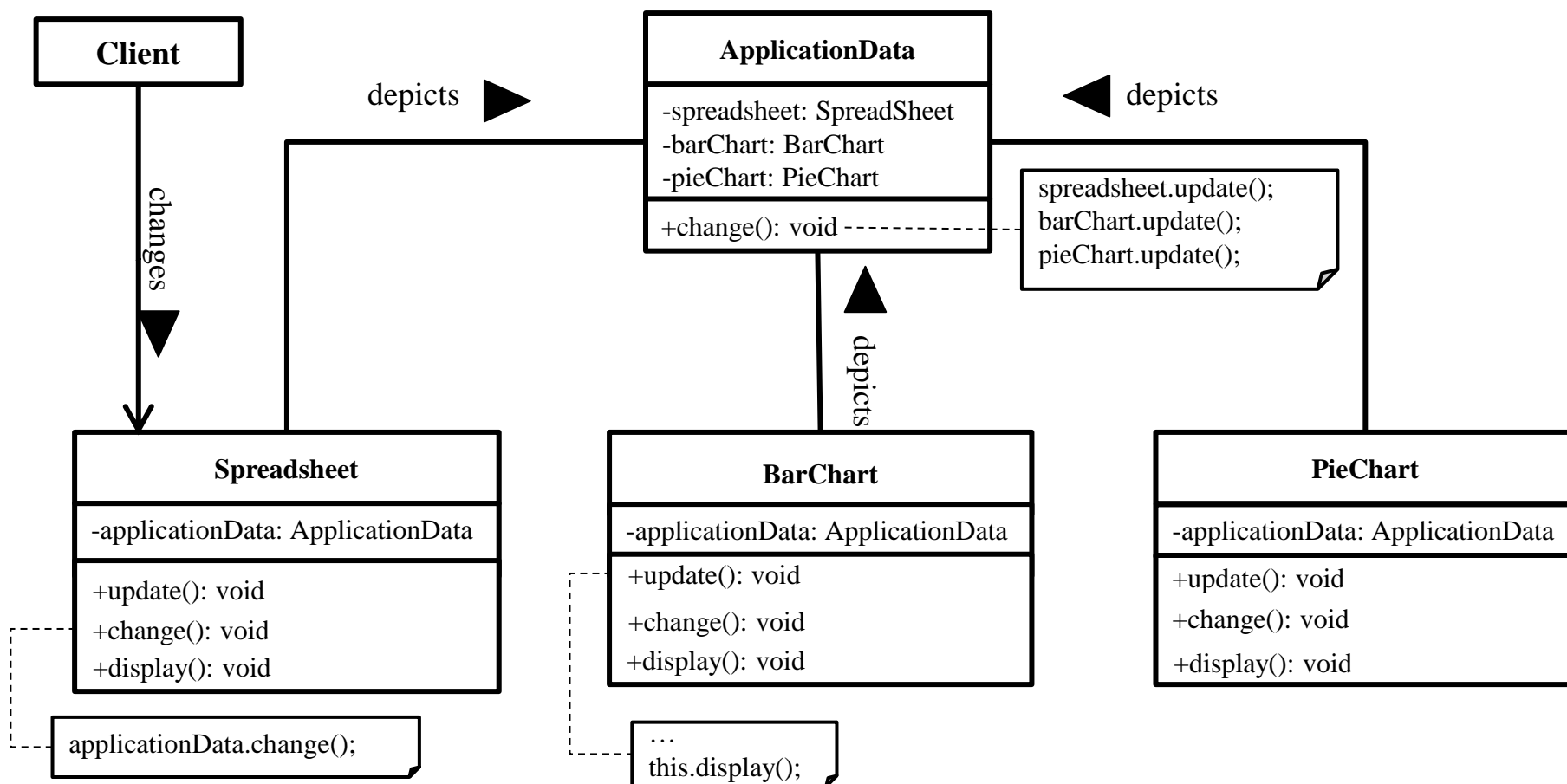
- ❑ In a spreadsheet application,
 - A spreadsheet object, bar chart object, and pie chart object can depict information in the same application data object by using different presentations.





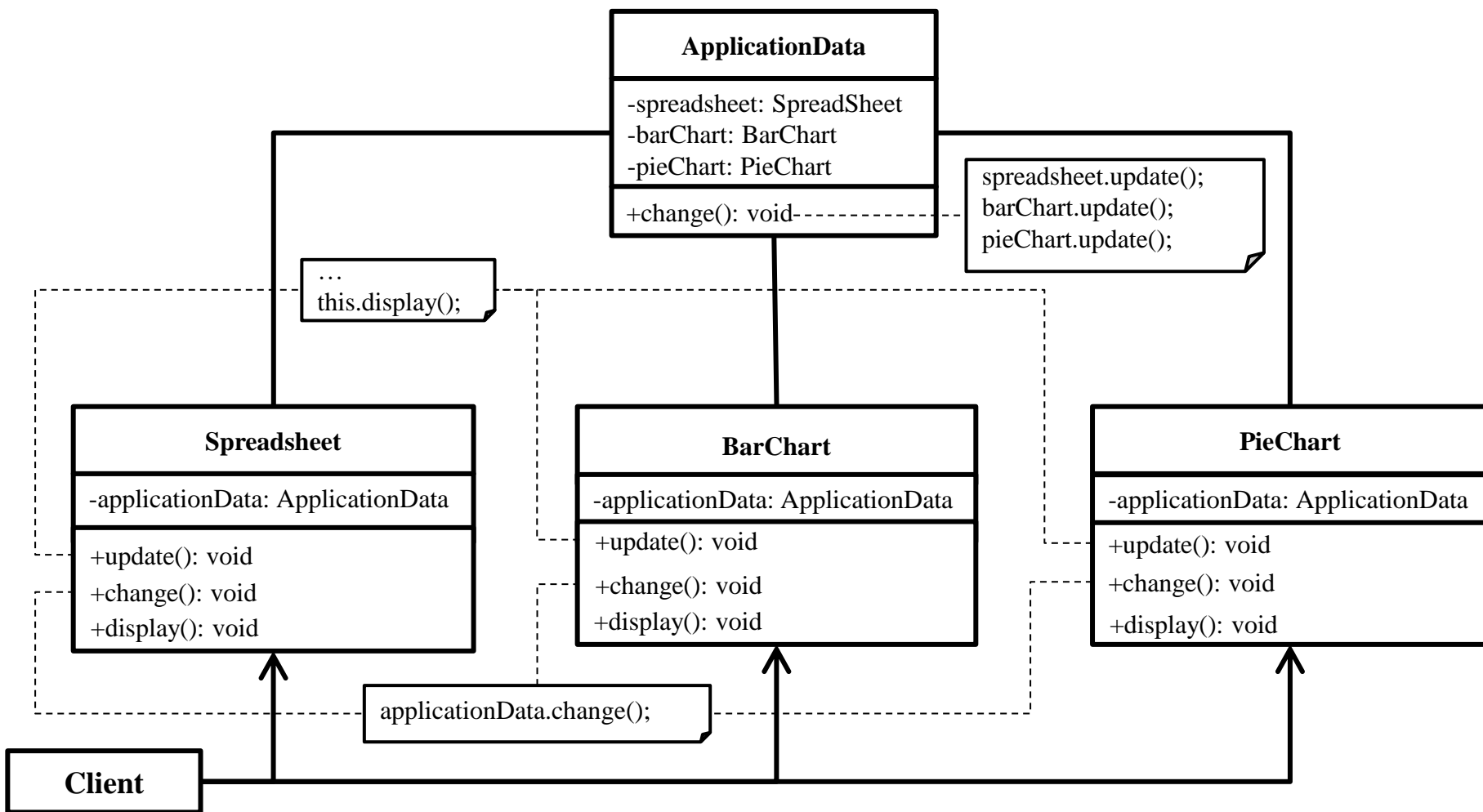
Requirements Statement₂

- When the user changes the information in the spreadsheet, the bar chart reflects the changes immediately, and vice versa.



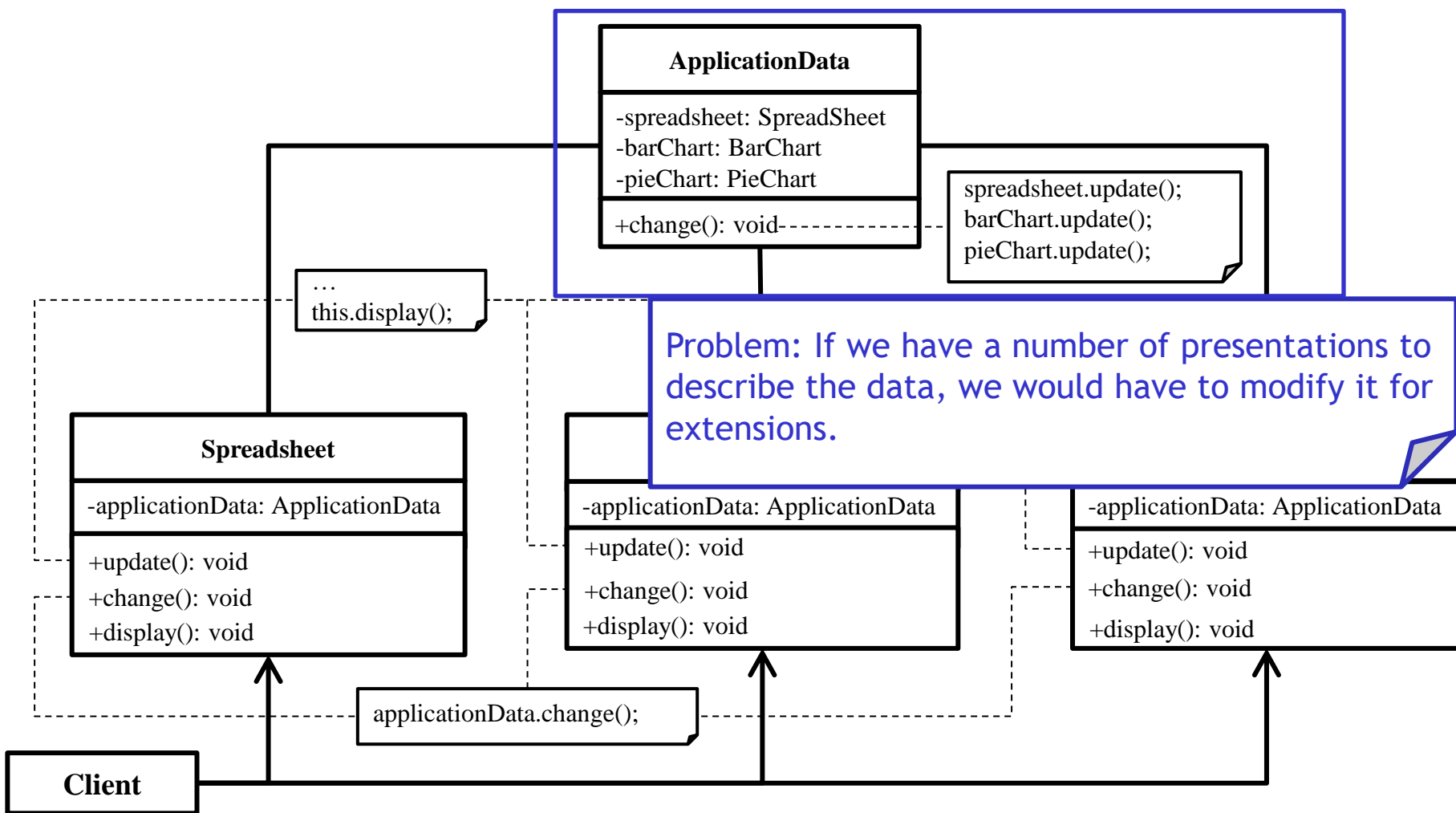


Initial Design





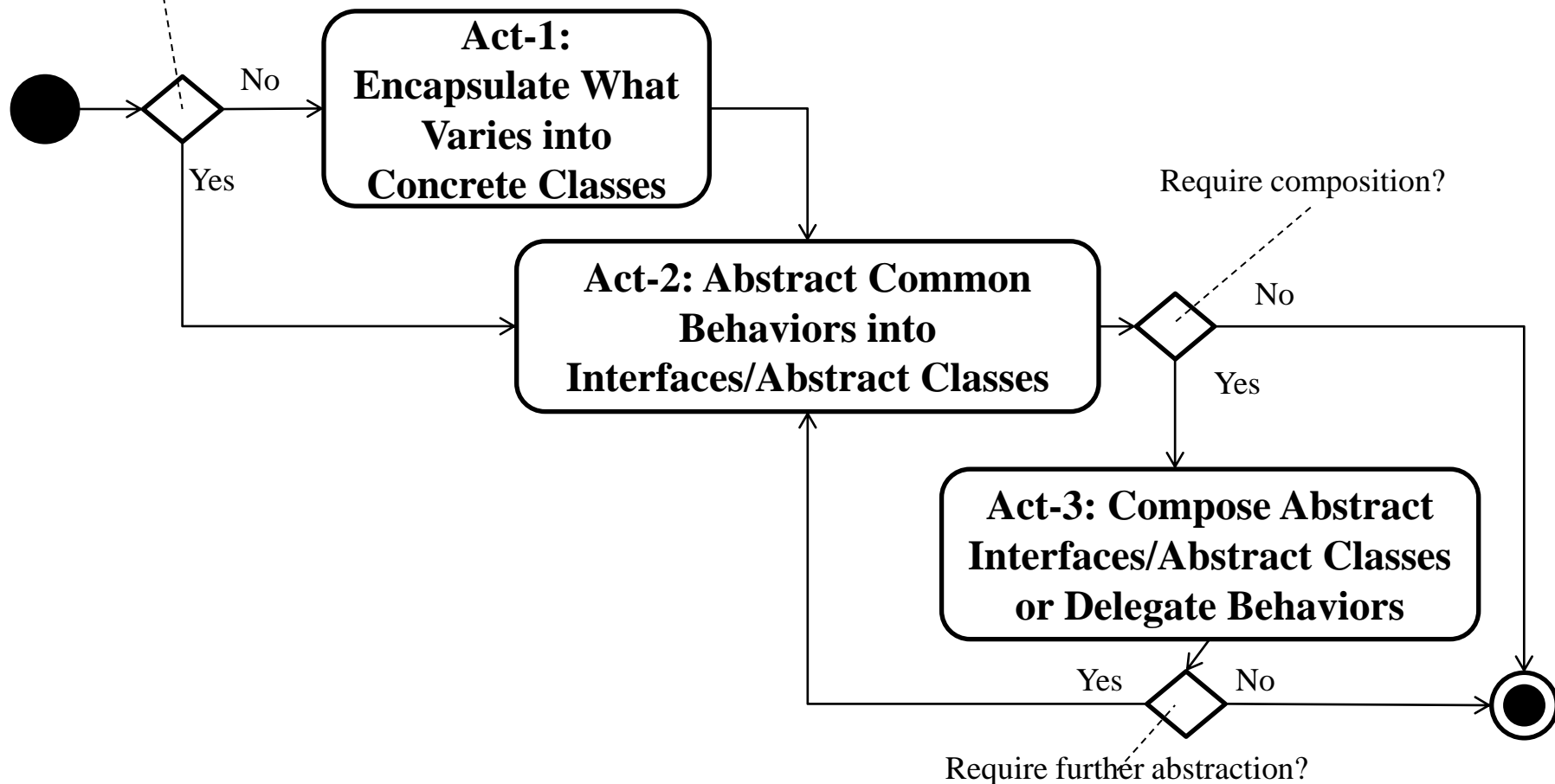
Problems with Initial Design





Design Process for Change

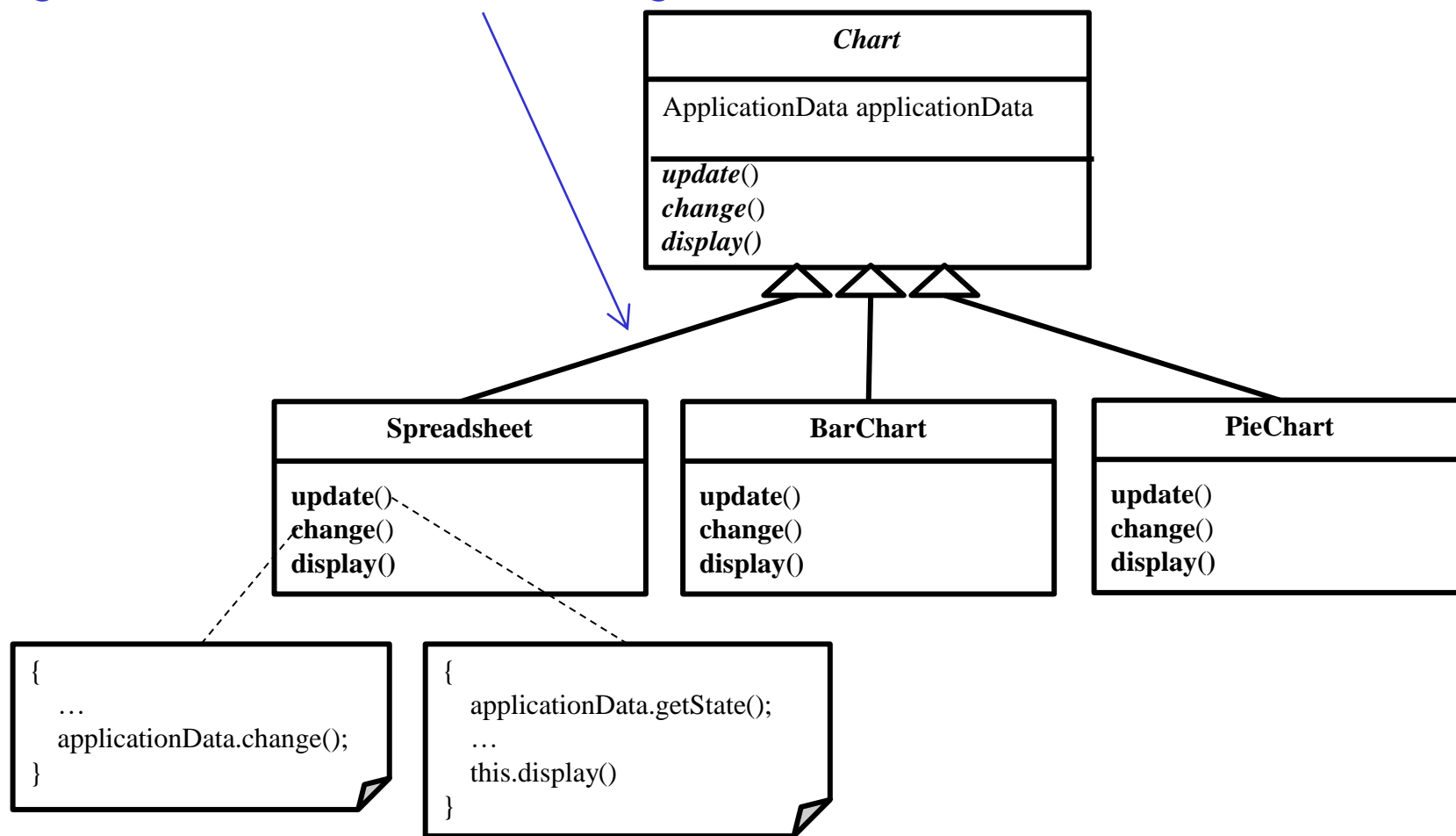
Has the code
subject to change
been encapsulated
as a class?





Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors

Act-2.2: Abstract common behaviors with a same signature into abstract class through inheritance

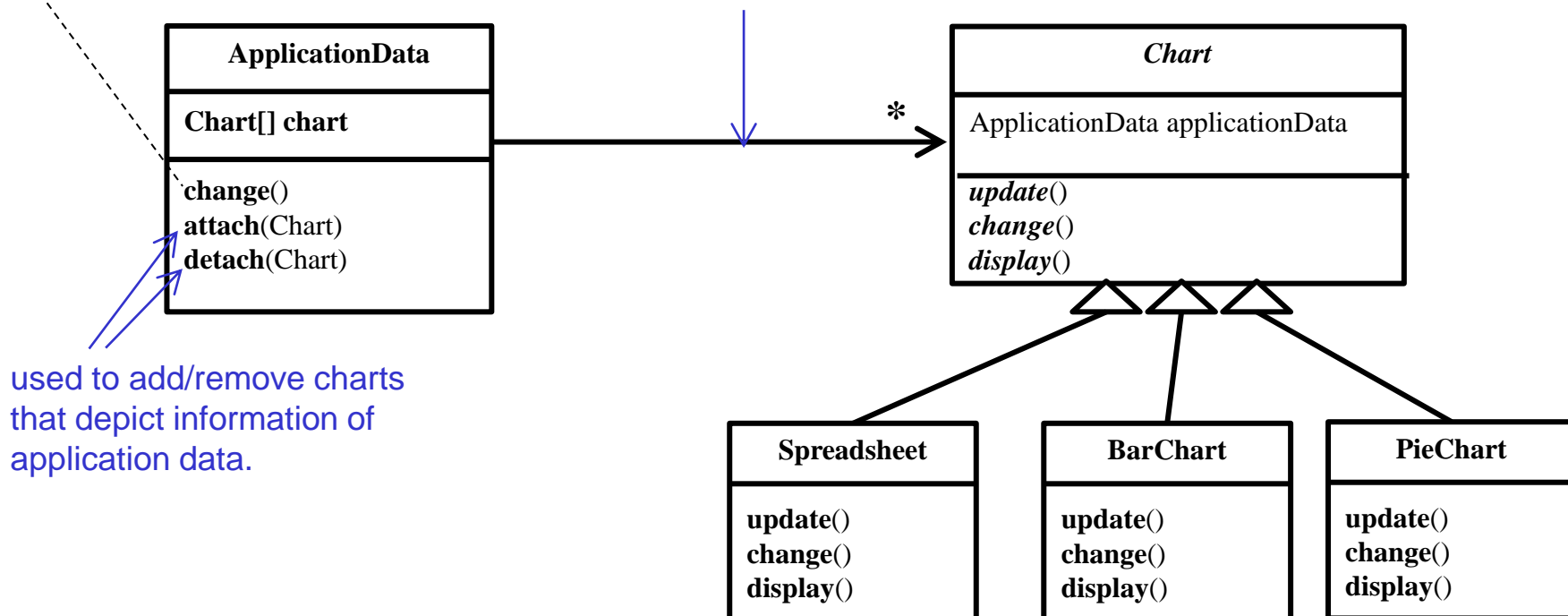




Act-3: Compose Abstract Behaviors

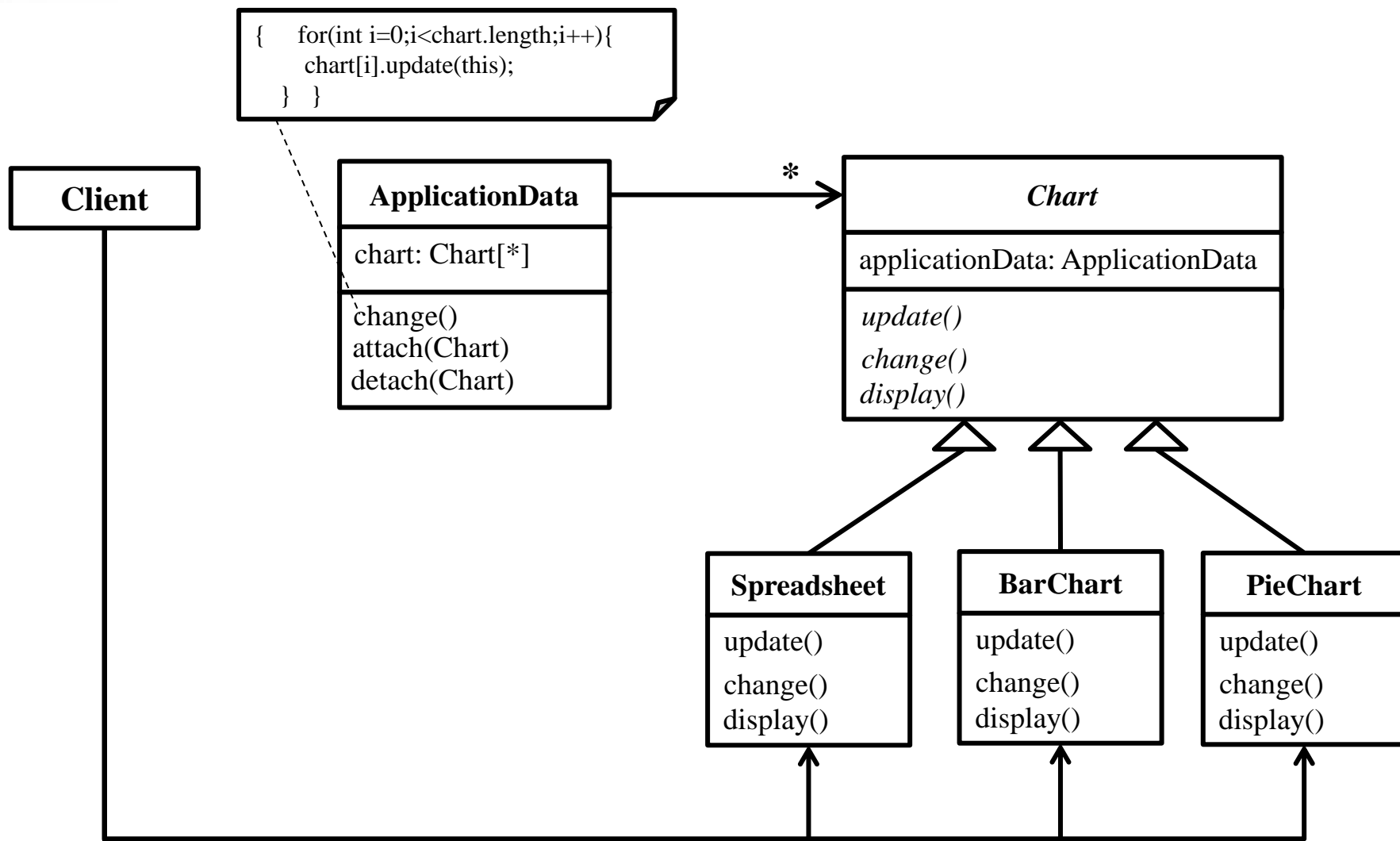
```
{ for(int i=0;i<chart.length;i++){  
  chart[i].update(this);  
} }
```

Act-3.1: Compose behaviors of an interface or an abstract class





Refactored Design





Recurrent Problem

- ❑ The code will be modified if a new display/presentation is going to be added.
 - Many graphical user interface toolkits separate the presentational aspects of the user interface from the underlying application data.
 - Classes defining application data and presentations can be reused independently.



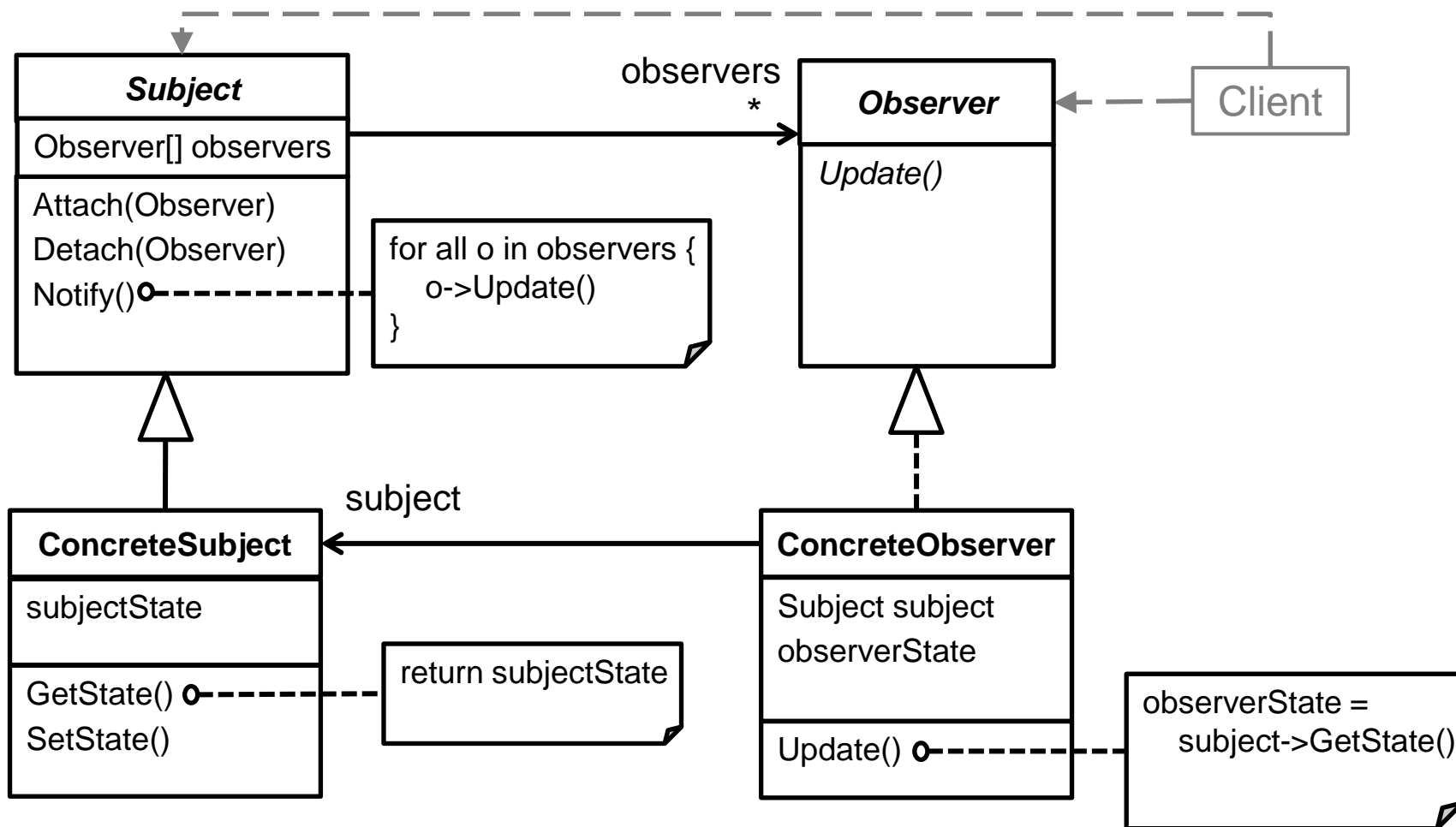
Observer Pattern

□ Intent

- Define a one-to-many dependency between objects so that when one object changes state, all its dependents are notified and updated automatically.

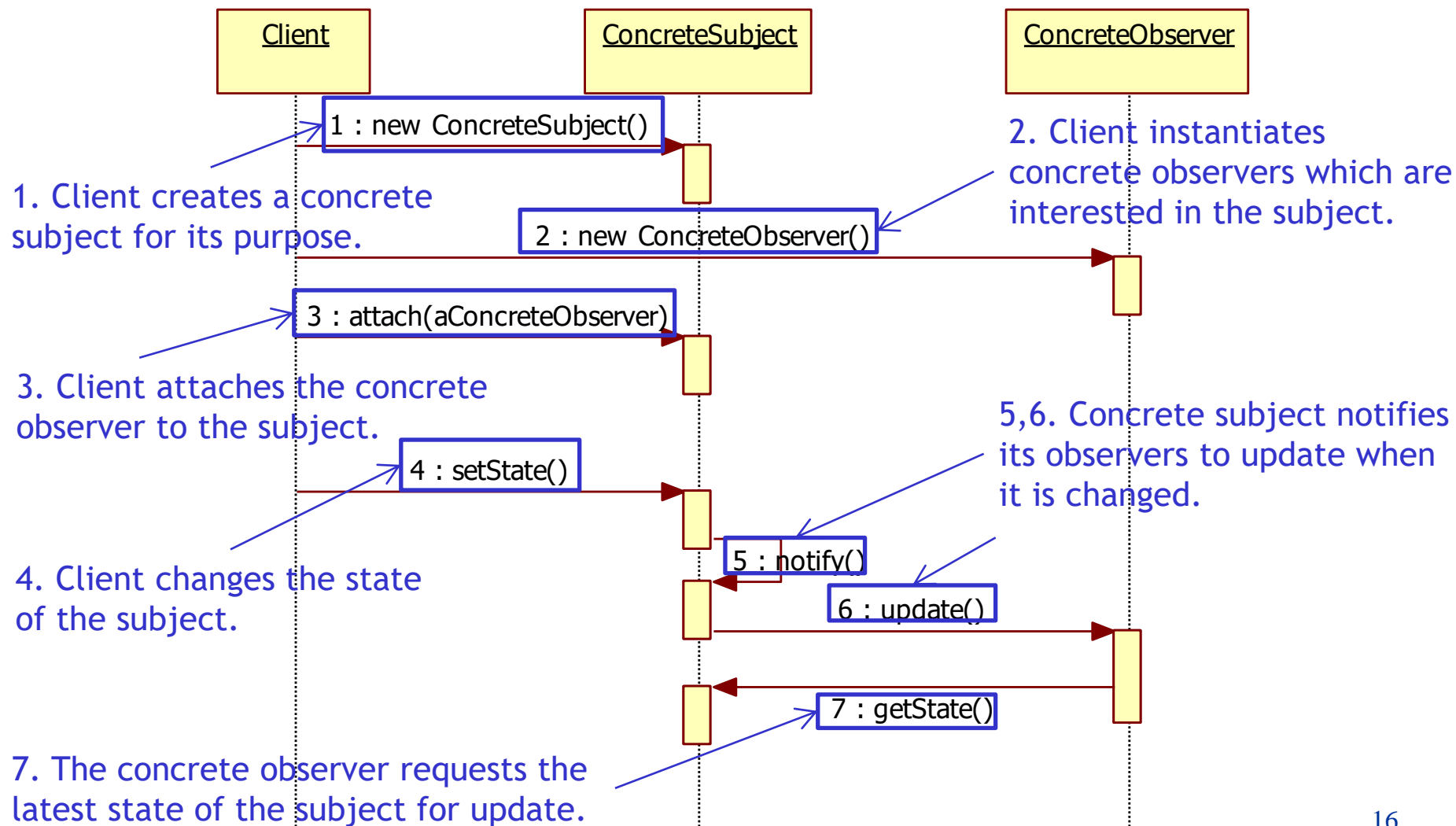


Observer Pattern Structure₁





Observer Pattern Structure₄





Observer Pattern Structure₄

	Instantiation	Use	Termination
Client	Other class except classes in observer pattern	Other class except classes in the observer pattern	Other class except classes in the observer pattern
Subject	X	Client uses this abstract class to attach and detach ConcreteObserver	X
Concrete Subject	The client class or other class except classes in the observer pattern	ConcreteObserver or other classes use this class to set/get state of ConcreteSubject	Classes who hold the reference of ConcreteSubject
Observer	X	Subject uses this interface to notify ConcreteObserver to update the state of ConcreteSubject through polymorphism	X
Concrete Observer	The client class or other class except classes in the observer pattern	Subject notifies this class which is attached by client to update the state of ConcreteSubject through polymorphism	Classes who hold the reference of ConcreteObserver



Weather Broadcast (Observer)



Requirements Statement₁

❑ Weather Monitoring Station System

- The system will be based on WeatherData object, which tracks current weather conditions (temperature, humidity, and barometric pressure) in a specific area (e.g. U.S. or Asia).

USWeatherData
<code>getTemperature()</code> <code>getHumidity()</code> <code>getPressure()</code>

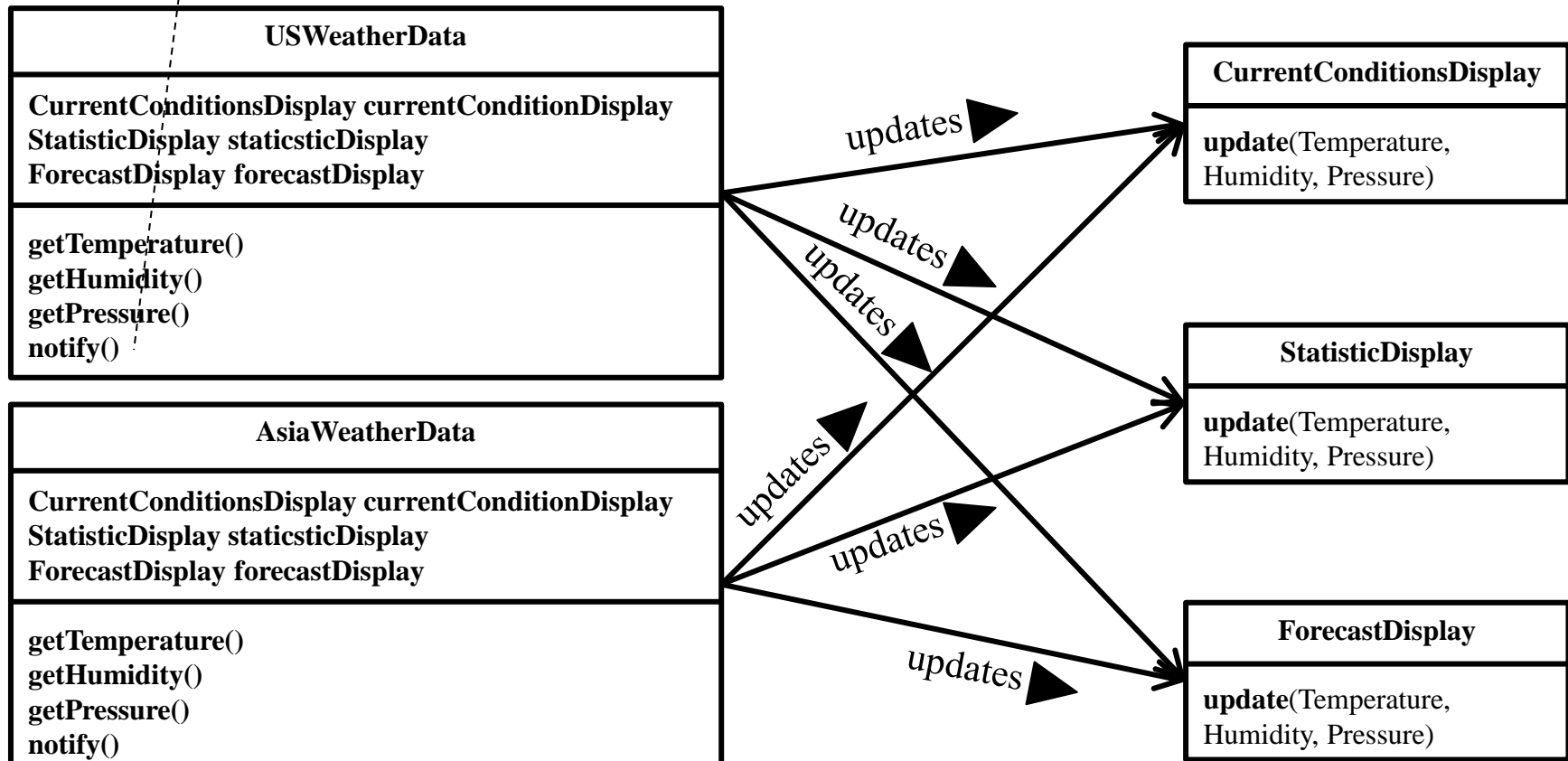
AsiaWeatherData
<code>getTemperature()</code> <code>getHumidity()</code> <code>getPressure()</code>



```
{  
    float temp = getTemperature();  
    float humidity = getHumidity();  
    float pressure = getPressure();  
    currentConditionsDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
    statisticsDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
    forecastDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
}
```

atement₂

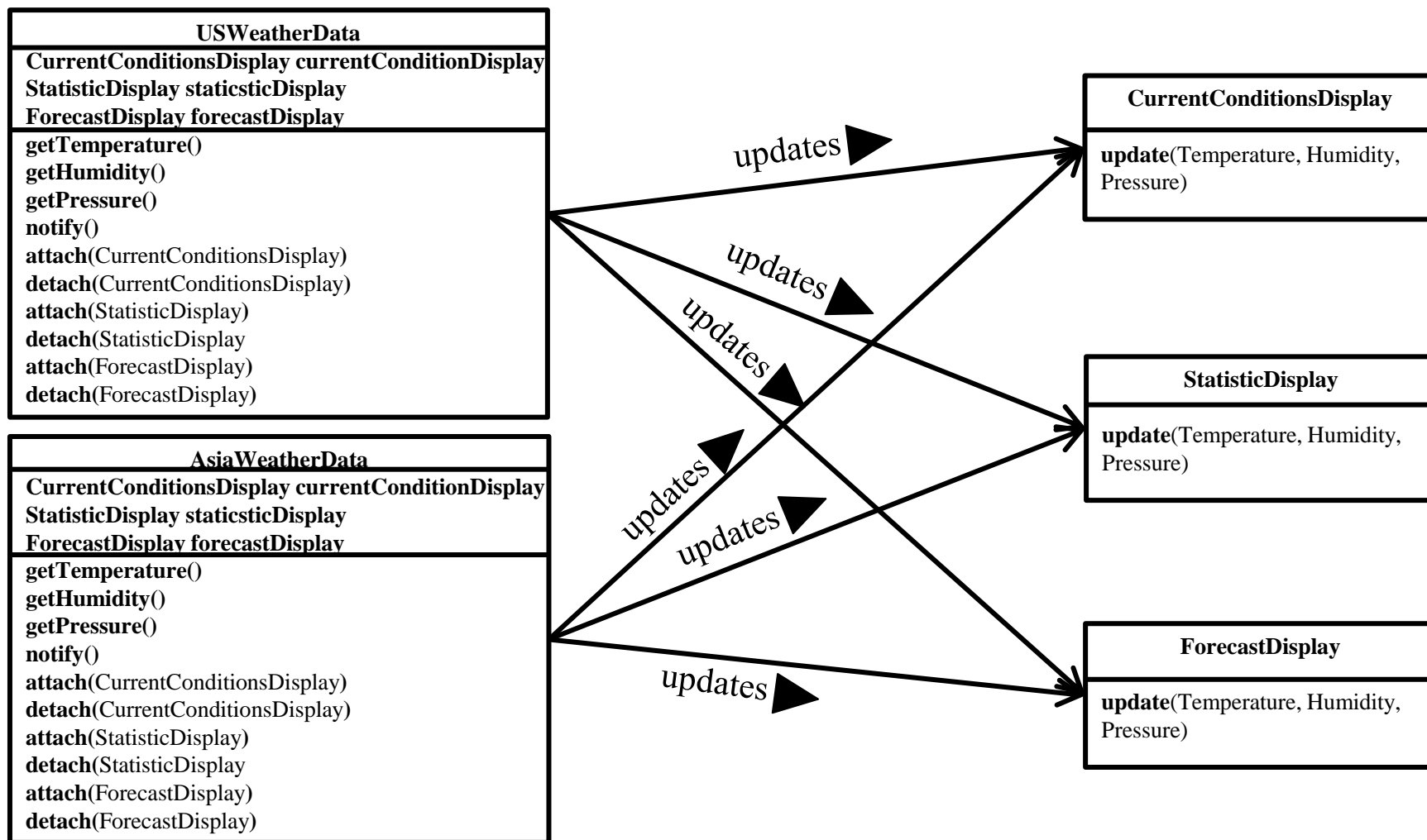
- The system initially provides three display elements: current conditions, weather statistics and a simple forecast, all updated in real time as the WeatherData object acquires the most recent measurements.





Requirements Statement₃

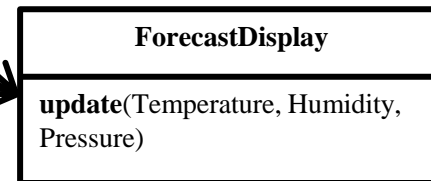
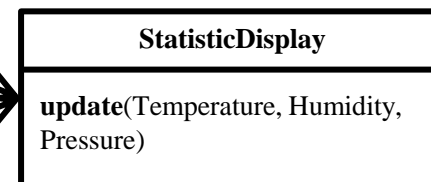
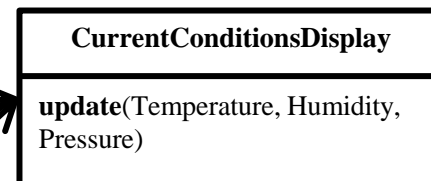
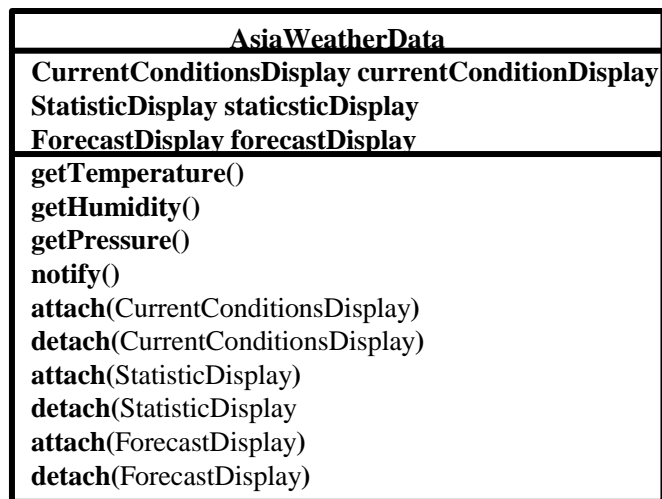
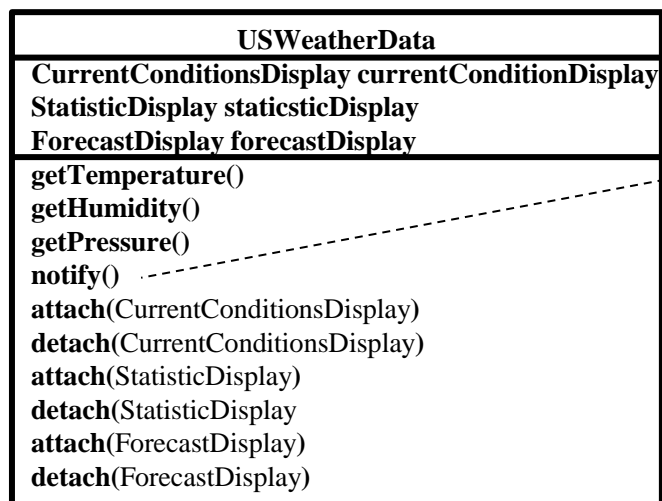
- The system should supply an API so that other developers can write their own weather displays and plug them right in.





Initial Design - Class Diagram

```
{  
    float temp = getTemperature();  
    float humidity = getHumidity();  
    float pressure = getPressure();  
    currentConditionsDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
    statisticsDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
    forecastDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
}
```

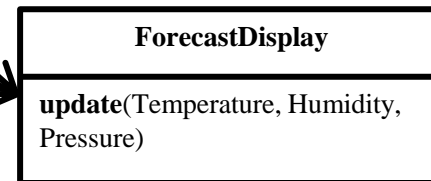
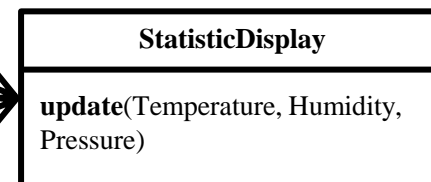
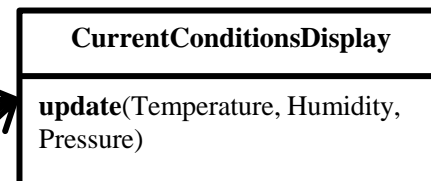
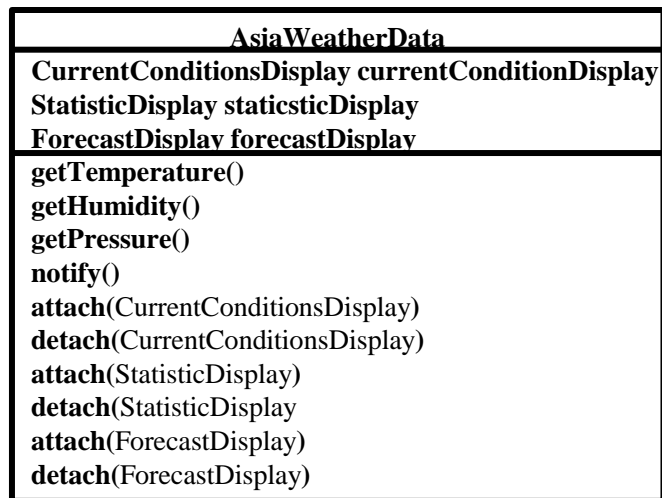
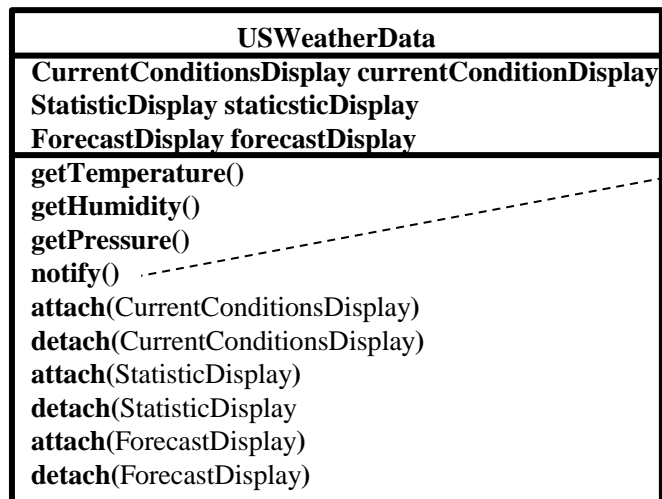




Problems with Initial Design

Problem: The code will be modified if a new display is going to be added.

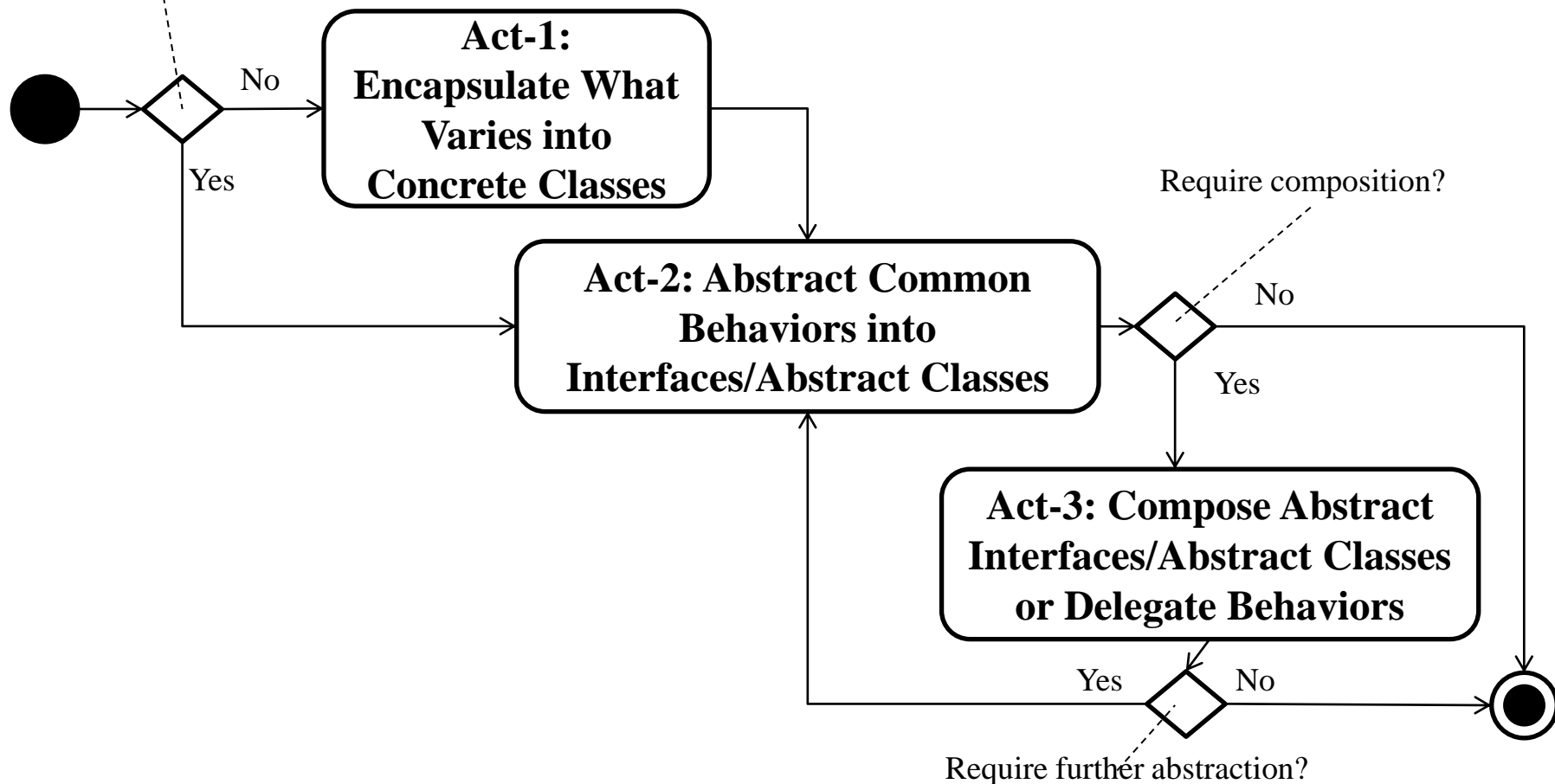
```
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  float humidity = getHumidity();  
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  currentConditionsDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
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  forecastDisplay.update(temp, humidity, pressure);  
}
```





Design Process for Change

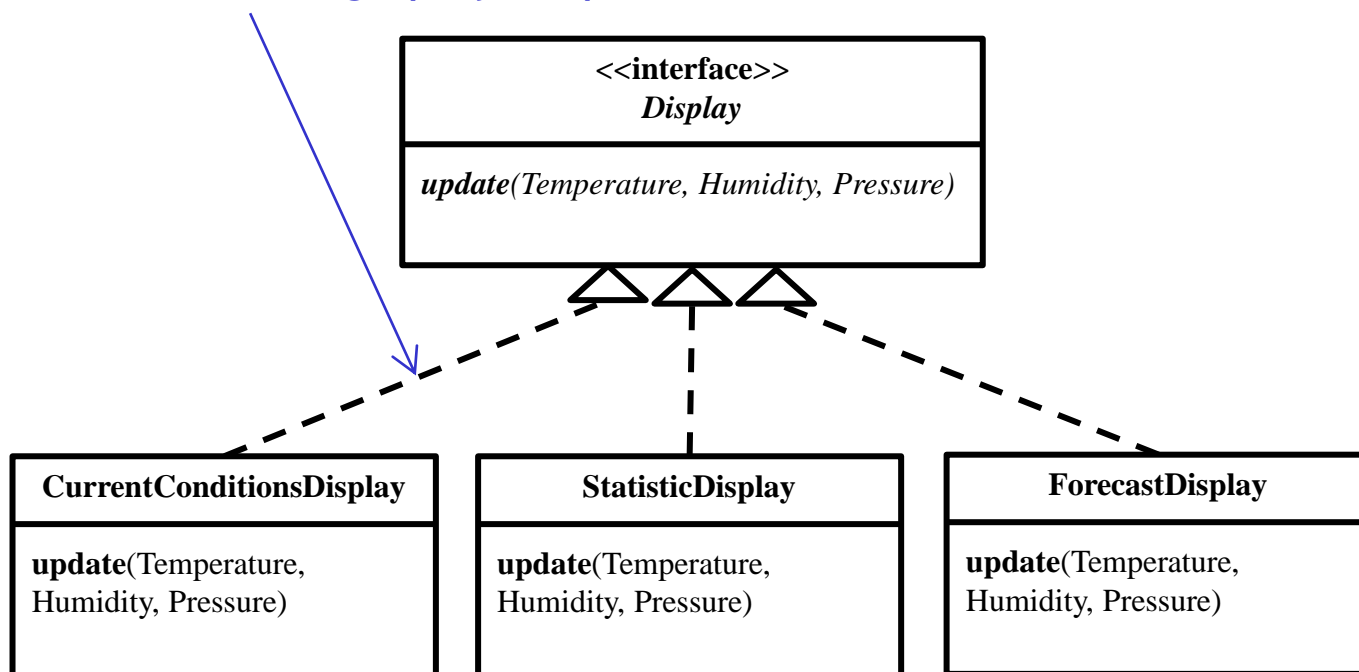
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Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors

Act-2.1: Abstract common behaviors with a same signature into interface through polymorphism

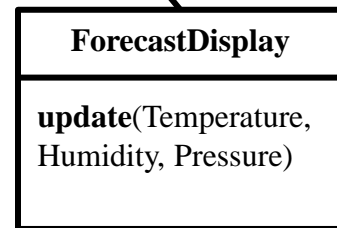
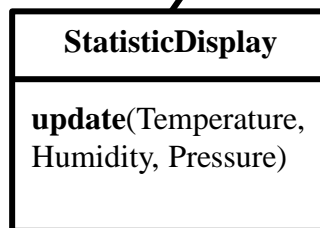
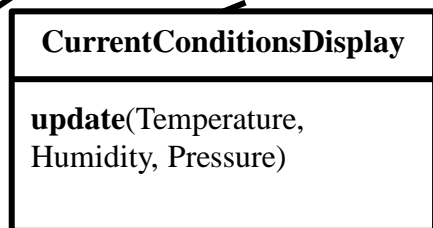
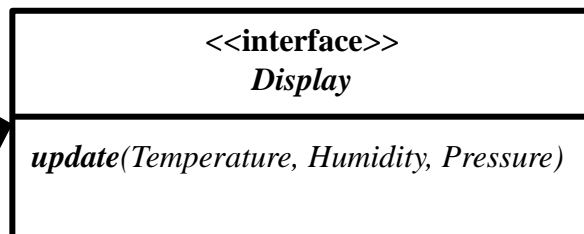
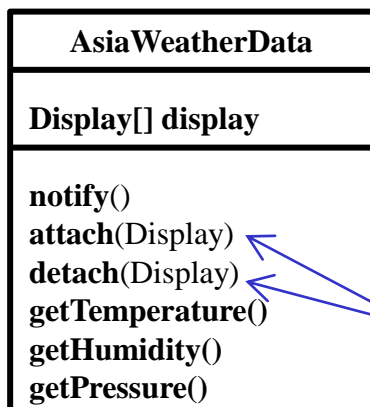
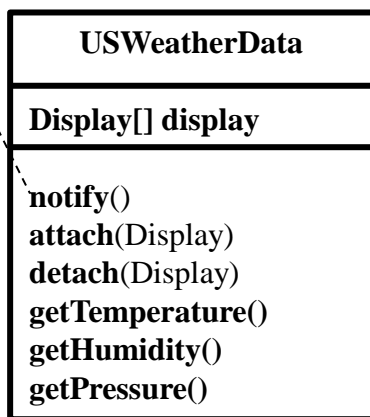




Act-3: Compose Abstract Behaviors

```
{ for(int i=0;i<observer.length;i++){  
    observer[i].update(getTemperature(),  
        getHumidity(),  
        getPressure());  
} }
```

Act-3.1: Compose behaviors of an interface or an abstract class

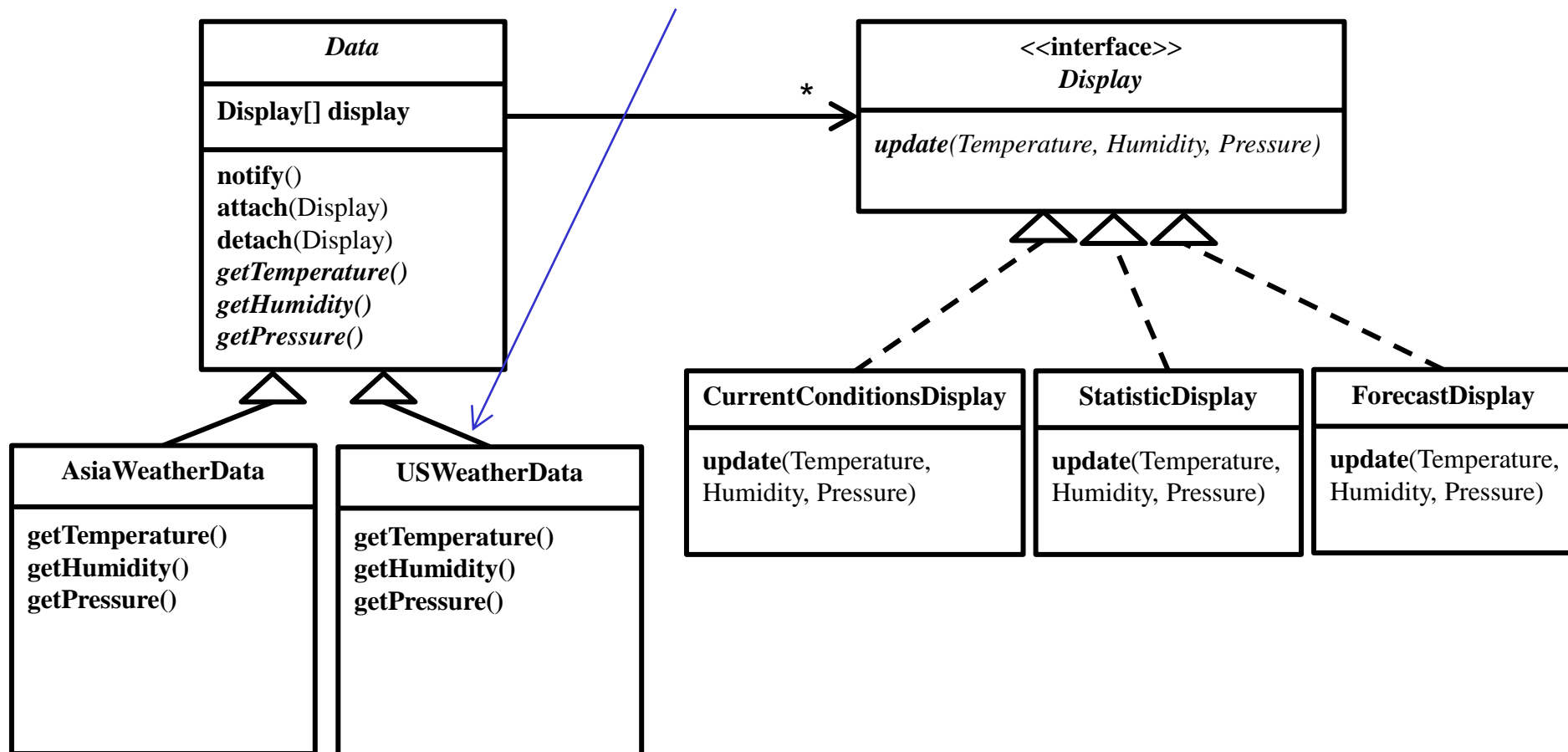


Program to interface (Display), not implementation (CurrentConditionsDisplay, StatisticDisplay, ForecastDisplay).



Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors

Act-2.2: Abstract common behaviors with a same signature into abstract class through inheritance





Refactored Design after Design Process

