1. Write a program to create a class phonebook. First take n inputs for names and numbers from the user and store it in a hashmap.

Take name input from user multiple times, search for the records and print the phone number if found. Exit the loop if the input name is empty

```
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PhoneBook {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     HashMap\ book = new
HashMap<String,Integer>();
     Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
     System. out. println ("Enter the number of
records:");
     int n =sc.nextInt();
     sc.nextLine();
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
       System. out. println ("Enter name and number
"+i);
book.put(sc.nextLine().toLowerCase(),sc.nextInt());
       sc.nextLine();
     String name;
     while(true) {
       System. out. println ("Enter the name to be
searched");
       name= sc.nextLine().toLowerCase();
```

2. Write a program to input n names from the user and print the name in the 3^{rd} and 5^{th} position when arranged in alphabetical order. (n>=5)

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.TreeSet;
public class names {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     TreeSet ts = new TreeSet();
     ArrayList al = new ArrayList();
     System. out. print ("Enter the number of names :
");
     int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
     sc.nextLine():
     System. out. println ("Enter the names");
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       ts.add(sc.nextLine());
     }
```

```
al.addAll(ts);
    System.out.println(al);
    System.out.println("Third student :" + al.get(2));
    System.out.println("Fifth student :" + al.get(4));
}
```

- 3. Write a program to take input for limits from the user and check if a number is :
 - a) armstrong number : sum of cubes of digits = n 153 = 1+125+27
 - b) perfect number : sum of positive factors = n 28=1+2+4+7+14

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class SpecialNumbers {
  boolean isArmstrong(int n) {
    int a, sum=0, temp=n;
    while(n>0) {
        a=n%10; //Getting last digit
        n=n/10; //Removing last digit from number
        sum=sum+(a*a*a); //Calculating sum of cubes
  of digits
    }
    if(temp==sum)
        return true;
    else
```

```
return false:
  }
  boolean isPerfect(int n){
     int sum = 1;
     // Finding all the divisors
     for (int j = 2; j <= n/2; j++) {
       if (n \% j==0) {
          sum = sum + j;
       }
     }
     // Checking whether the sum of the divisors and
number both are equal or not
     if (sum == n \&\& n != 1)
       return true:
     return false:
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     SpecialNumbers sn = new SpecialNumbers();
     System. out. println("Enter the begin and end
limits");
     int begin = sc.nextInt();
     int end = sc.nextInt();
     System. out. println("Armstrong numbers");
     for (int i = begin; i \le end; i++) {
       if(sn.isArmstrong(i))
          System.out.println(i+" ");
```

```
}
System.out.println("Perfect numbers");
for (int i = begin; i <= end; i++) {
    if(sn.isPerfect(i))
       System.out.println(i+" ");
    }
}
</pre>
```

4. Different methods to traverse keys and values in a Map.

```
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.HashMap;
public class testMap
{
  public static void main(String[] arg)
     Map<Integer,String> test = new
HashMap<Integer,String>();
     test.put(2, "Abhi");
     test.put(4, "Anurag");
test.put(6, "Aman");
     test.put(3, "Anu");
     System.out.println(test.keySet());
     for (Integer name : test.keySet()) {
        System.out.println("key: " + name);
        System.out.println(test.get(name));
     }
```

```
System.out.println(test.values());
for (String url : test.values())
        System.out.println("value: " + url);

System.out.println(test.entrySet());
for (Map.Entry<Integer,String> entry :
test.entrySet())
        System.out.println("Key = " + entry.getKey()
+", Value = " + entry.getValue());
    }
}
```