Airbnb Exploratory Data Analysis

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Project Overview

The purpose of this project was to conduct an exploratory data analysis (EDA) on the Airbnb dataset. The analysis aimed to gain insights into various aspects such as pricing trends, property types, room preferences, and geographic distribution of listings.

Data Sources

The project utilized three main datasets:

Dataset Link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/airbnb/seattle/data

Calendar Dataset:

Description: Contains information about the availability and pricing of Airbnb listings on specific dates.

Listings Dataset:

Description: Provides detailed information about individual Airbnb listings, including property details, host information, and reviews.

Reviews Dataset:

Description: Includes information about reviews submitted by guests, including reviewer details and comments.

Steps Taken

1. Data Loading and Exploration

Loaded the calendar, listings, and reviews datasets.

Explored basic information about each dataset using the info() function.

```
[3]: print("Calendar dataset info:")
     print(calendar.info())
     Calendar dataset info:
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 1393570 entries, 0 to 1393569
     Data columns (total 4 columns):
      #
         Column
                     Non-Null Count
                                       Dtype
          listing_id 1393570 non-null int64
      0
                    1393570 non-null object
1393570 non-null object
          date
          available
                     934542 non-null object
     dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
     memory usage: 42.5+ MB
     None
  [4]: print("\nListings dataset info:")
        print(listings.info())
        Listings dataset info:
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 3818 entries, 0 to 3817
        Data columns (total 92 columns):
         # Column
                                              Non-Null Count Dtype
            -----
                                              -----
         0
            id
                                              3818 non-null
                                                            int64
         1
           listing_url
                                              3818 non-null object
         2
           scrape id
                                              3818 non-null int64
                                              3818 non-null object
         3
           last_scraped
         4
           name
                                              3818 non-null object
         5
            summary
                                              3641 non-null object
                                              3249 non-null object
         6
           space
         7
            description
                                             3818 non-null object
                                             3818 non-null object
         8
           experiences offered
         9 neighborhood_overview
                                             2786 non-null object
         10 notes
                                              2212 non-null
                                                             object
         11 transit
                                              2884 non-null
                                                             object
         12 thumbnail_url
                                             3498 non-null
                                                             object
         13 medium url
                                             3498 non-null
                                                             object
                                             3818 non-null
         14 picture_url
                                                             object
                                              3498 non-null
         15 xl_picture_url
                                                             object
```

3818 non-null

int64

16 host_id

```
print("\nReviews dataset info:")
print(reviews.info())
Reviews dataset info:
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 84849 entries, 0 to 84848
Data columns (total 6 columns):
    Column
           Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                 -----
   listing_id 84849 non-null int64
id
2 date
                 84849 non-null int64
                84849 non-null object
 3 reviewer_id 84849 non-null int64
 4 reviewer_name 84849 non-null object
    comments
                  84831 non-null object
dtypes: int64(3), object(3)
memory usage: 3.9+ MB
None
```

2. Data Cleaning

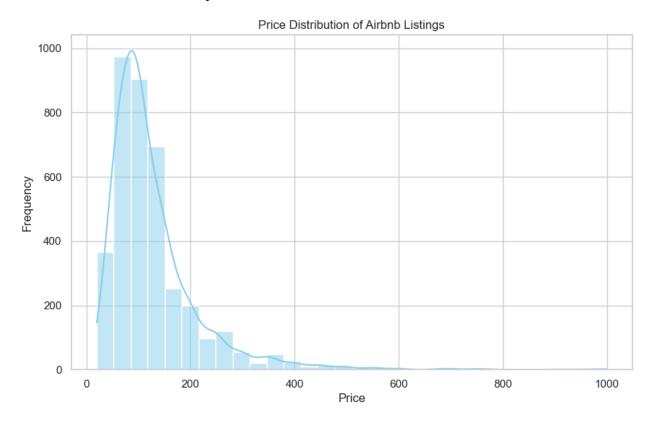
Handled missing values in the calendar dataset by filling NaNs in the 'price' column with 0. Removed duplicate rows in the listings dataset.

3. Average Daily Price Analysis

Calculated and visualized the average daily price trend using the calendar dataset and got approximately \$92.50.

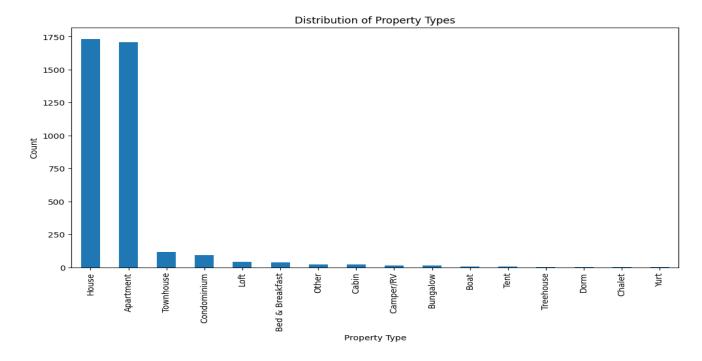
4. Some Visualization Graphs

Price Distribution Analysis



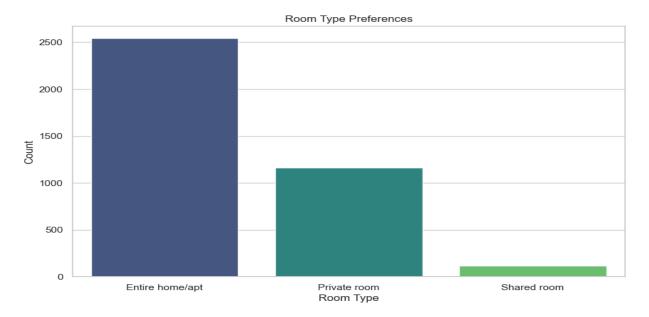
- From this graph we can observe that the highest frequency is occurring around the \$100 price range. This suggests that a significant number of listings are priced in this range.
- The majority of listings are clustered on the **lower-priced** side, indicating that more affordable options are prevalent.
- As prices increase beyond \$200, the number of listings declines sharply.
- The smooth line (KDE) overlaid on the histogram represents the **probability density** of prices.
- It follows a similar pattern to the histogram but provides a continuous view of data density.

Property Type Distribution



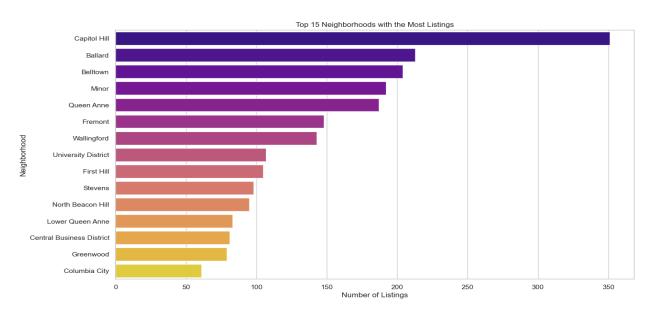
- **House** and **Apartment** are the most common property types, with significantly higher counts than other categories. There is a steep drop in count after House and Apartment, indicating their dominance.
- Property types like **Townhouse**, **Condominium**, and **Loft** have moderate representation.
- Types like **Bed & Breakfast**, **Other**, and **Cabin** are less common.
- The least common property types include **Tent**, **Treehouse**, **Dorm**, **Chalet**, and **Yurt**.

Room Type Preferences



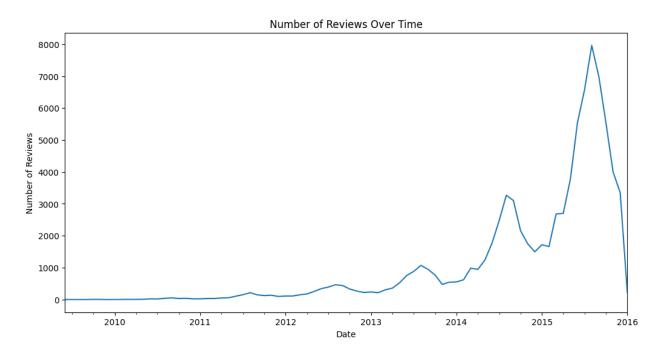
- Entire home/apt room type is the most preferred among guests.
- The second most preferred room is the **private room**, where gusts have private room within shared property.
- And the least preferred room type is **shared room**, and this is selected by budget-conscious travelers or those seeking a communal experience.

Number of Listings by Neighborhood



- Capitol Hill dominates with the highest number of listings, followed by **Ballard** and **Belltown**.
- The distribution of listings varies across neighborhoods, reflecting their popularity and demand.
- Hosts and travelers can use this information to make informed decisions about where to stay
 or list their properties.

Time Series Analysis of Reviews



• Steady Low Volume (2010–2015):

- o From 2010 until mid-2015, there is a relatively **flat and low volume** of reviews.
- o The number of reviews remains consistent during this period.

• Sudden Surge (Mid-2015):

- o Around mid-2015, there is a **significant increase** in the number of reviews.
- The trend sharply rises, indicating a surge in guest feedback.

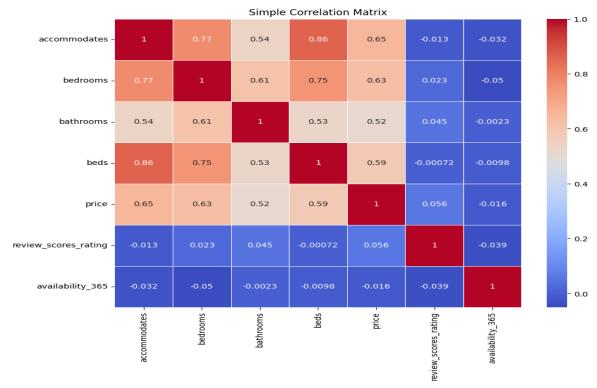
• Peak (Early 2016):

- o The peak occurs in early 2016, with over **7000 reviews**.
- o This suggests a period of high activity and engagement on the platform.

• Abrupt Decline (Post-Peak):

- o After reaching the peak, there is an **abrupt decline** in the number of reviews.
- o The downward trend continues beyond early 2016.

Correlation Analysis



- The number of **bedrooms** and **accommodates** has a strong positive correlation. **Price** is positively correlated with **accommodates**, **bedrooms**, **bathrooms**, and **beds**.
- There is a weak negative correlation between availability_365 and price.
- **Review scores** are not strongly influenced by other variables in this subset.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the Airbnb Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) has provided insightful findings into various aspects of the dataset. The price distribution analysis revealed a concentrated pricing landscape, essential for both hosts and guests. Property and room type distributions shed light on preferences and popular listing types. Geographic and neighborhood analyses assisted in understanding where listings are concentrated, aiding hosts in optimizing their offerings. The word cloud and time series analysis of reviews unveiled sentiments and temporal patterns in guest feedback. The correlation matrix highlighted connections between features, such as price and review scores, offering valuable insights for both hosts and potential guests. Overall, this EDA equips stakeholders with a deeper understanding of the Airbnb market dynamics, facilitating data-driven decision-making for hosts and enhancing the booking experience for guests.

Github Link: https://github.com/monalisaburma/Coding-Samurai/blob/main/Airbnb%20EDA.jpynb