

Introductory Info

Case Study -

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Overview -

Litware, Inc. is a medium-sized finance company that has a main office in Boston.

Existing Environment -

Identity Environment -

The network contains an Active Directory forest named litware.com that is linked to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named litware.com. All users have Azure Active Directory Premium P2 licenses.

Litware has a second Azure AD tenant named dev.litware.com that is used as a development environment.

The litware.com tenant has a Conditional Access policy named Capolicy1. Capolicy1 requires that when users manage the Azure subscription for a production environment by using the Azure portal, they must connect from a hybrid Azure AD-joined device.

Azure Environment -

Litware has 10 Azure subscriptions that are linked to the Litware.com tenant and five Azure subscriptions that are linked to the dev.litware.com tenant. All the subscriptions are in an Enterprise Agreement (EA).

The litware.com tenant contains a custom Azure role-based access control (Azure RBAC) role named Role1 that grants the DataActions read permission to the blobs and files in Azure Storage.

On-Premises Environment -

The on-premises network of Litware contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Configuration
SERVER1 SERVER2 SERVER3	Ubuntu 18.04 virtual machines hosted on Hyper-V	The virtual machines host a third-party app named App1. App1 uses an external storage solution that provides Apache Hadoop-compatible data storage. The data storage supports POSIX access control list (ACL) file-level permissions.
SERVER10	Server that runs Windows Server 2016	The server contains a Microsoft SQL Server instance that hosts two databases named DB1 and DB2.

Network Environment -

Litware has ExpressRoute connectivity to Azure.

Planned Changes and Requirements

Planned Changes -

Litware plans to implement the following changes:

Migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

Migrate App1 to Azure virtual machines.

Migrate the external storage used by App1 to Azure Storage.

Deploy the Azure virtual machines that will host App1 to Azure dedicated hosts.

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Authentication and Authorization Requirements

Litware identifies the following authentication and authorization requirements:

Only users that manage the production environment by using the Azure portal must connect from a hybrid Azure AD-joined device and authenticate by using

Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).

The Network Contributor built-in RBAC role must be used to grant permissions to the network administrators for all the virtual networks in all the Azure subscriptions.

To access the resources in Azure, App1 must use the managed identity of the virtual machines that will host the app.

RBAC roles must be applied to management groups.

Resiliency Requirements -

Litware identifies the following resiliency requirements:

Once migrated to Azure, DB1 and DB2 must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain availability if two availability zones in the local Azure region fail.

- Fail over automatically.

- Minimize I/O latency.

App1 must meet the following requirements:

- Be hosted in an Azure region that supports availability zones.

- Be hosted on Azure virtual machines that support automatic scaling.

- Maintain availability if two availability zones in the local Azure region fail.

Security and Compliance Requirements

Litware identifies the following security and compliance requirements:

Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.

On-premises users and services must be able to access the Azure Storage account that will host the data in App1.

Access to the public endpoint of the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data must be prevented.

All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.

App1 must NOT share physical hardware with other workloads.

Business Requirements -

Litware identifies the following business requirements:

Minimize administrative effort.

Minimize costs.

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Question

After you migrate App1 to Azure, you need to enforce the data modification requirements to meet the security and compliance requirements.

What should you do?

A. Create an access policy for the blob service.

B. Implement Azure resource locks.

C. Create Azure RBAC assignments.

D. Modify the access level of the blob service.

Correct Answer: A

Scenario: Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.

As an administrator, you can lock a subscription, resource group, or resource to prevent other users in your organization from accidentally

deleting or modifying critical resources. The lock overrides any permissions the user might have.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

Community vote distribution

A (93%)

7%

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Overview -

Contoso, Ltd. is a research company that has a main office in Montreal.

Existing Environment -

Technical Environment -

The on-premises network contains a single Active Directory domain named contoso.com.
Contoso has a single Azure subscription.

Business Partnerships -

Contoso has a business partnership with Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam users access some Contoso applications over the internet by using Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) guest accounts.

Requirements -

Planned Changes -

Contoso plans to deploy two applications named App1 and App2 to Azure.

App1 -

App1 will be a Python web app hosted in Azure App Service that requires a Linux runtime. Users from Contoso and Fabrikam will access App1. App1 will access several services that require third-party credentials and access strings. The credentials and access strings are stored in Azure Key Vault.

App1 will have six instances: three in the East US Azure region and three in the West Europe Azure region.

App1 has the following data requirements:

Each instance will write data to a data store in the same availability zone as the instance.

Data written by any App1 instance must be visible to all App1 instances.

App1 will only be accessible from the internet. App1 has the following connection requirements:

Connections to App1 must pass through a web application firewall (WAF).

Connections to App1 must be active-active load balanced between instances.

All connections to App1 from North America must be directed to the East US region. All other connections must be directed to the West Europe region.

Every hour, you will run a maintenance task by invoking a PowerShell script that copies files from all the App1 instances. The PowerShell script will run from a central location.

App2 -

App2 will be a .NET app hosted in App Service that requires a Windows runtime. App2 has the following file storage requirements:

Save files to an Azure Storage account.

Replicate files to an on-premises location.

Ensure that on-premises clients can read the files over the LAN by using the SMB protocol.

You need to monitor App2 to analyze how long it takes to perform different transactions within the application. The solution must not require changes to the application code.

Application Development Requirements

Application developers will constantly develop new versions of App1 and App2. The development process must meet the following requirements:

A staging instance of a new application version must be deployed to the application host before the new version is used in production.

After testing the new version, the staging version of the application will replace the production version.

▪

The switch to the new application version from staging to production must occur without any downtime of the application.

Identity Requirements -

Contoso identifies the following requirements for managing Fabrikam access to resources:

Every month, an account manager at Fabrikam must review which Fabrikam users have access permissions to App1. Accounts that no longer need permissions must be removed as guests.

The solution must minimize development effort.

Security Requirement -

All secrets used by Azure services must be stored in Azure Key Vault.

Services that require credentials must have the credentials tied to the service instance. The credentials must NOT be shared between services.

Question

You need to recommend a solution for the App1 maintenance task. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure logic app
- B. an Azure function
- C. an Azure virtual machine
- D. an App Service WebJob

Correct Answer: A

Every hour, you will run a maintenance task by invoking a PowerShell script that copies files from all the App1 instances. The PowerShell script will run from a central location.

App1 will have six instances: three in the East US Azure region and three in the West Europe Azure region.

You can create and manage workflows with Azure PowerShell in Azure Logic Apps.

You can create a Consumption logic app in multi-tenant Azure Logic Apps by using the JSON file for a logic app workflow definition. You can then manage your logic app by running the cmdlets in the Az.LogicApp PowerShell module.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/quickstart-logic-apps-azure-powershell>

Community vote distribution

B (59%)

A (41%)

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App2 -

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Save files to an Azure Storage account.

Replicate files to an on-premises location.

Ensure that on-premises clients can read the files over the LAN by using the SMB protocol.

You need to monitor App2 to analyze how long it takes to perform different transactions within the application. The solution must not require changes to the application code.

Application Development Requirements

Application developers will constantly develop new versions of App1 and App2. The development process must meet the following requirements:

A staging instance of a new application version must be deployed to the application host before the new version is used in production.

After testing the new version, the staging version of the application will replace the production version.

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The switch to the new application version from staging to production must occur without any downtime of the application.

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The solution must minimize development effort.

Security Requirement -

All secrets used by Azure services must be stored in Azure Key Vault.

Services that require credentials must have the credentials tied to the service instance. The credentials must NOT be shared between services.

Question

You need to recommend a solution that meets the application development requirements.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. the Azure App Configuration service
- B. an Azure Container Registry instance
- C. deployment slots
- D. Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) sources

Correct Answer: C

When you deploy your web app, web app on Linux, mobile back end, or API app to Azure App Service, you can use a separate deployment slot instead of the default production slot when you're running in the Standard, Premium, or Isolated App Service plan tier. Deployment slots are live apps with their own host names.

App content and configurations elements can be swapped between two deployment slots, including the production slot.

Deploying your application to a non-production slot has the following benefits:

- * You can validate app changes in a staging deployment slot before swapping it with the production slot.
- * Deploying an app to a slot first and swapping it into production makes sure that all instances of the slot are warmed up before being swapped into production.

This eliminates downtime when you deploy your app.

- * After a swap, the slot with previously staged app now has the previous production app. If the changes swapped into the production slot aren't as you expect, you can perform the same swap immediately to get your "last known good site" back.

Note: Application Development Requirements

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⌘ A staging instance of a new application version must be deployed to the application host before the new version is used in production.

⌘ After testing the new version, the staging version of the application will replace the production version.

⌘ The switch to the new application version from staging to production must occur without any downtime of the application.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/deploy-staging-slots>

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C (100%)

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Question

You need to recommend an App Service architecture that meets the requirements for App1. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you recommend?

- A. one App Service Environment (ASE) per availability zone
- B. one App Service Environment (ASE) per region
- C. one App Service plan per region
- D. one App Service plan per availability zone

Correct Answer: B

App1 has the following data requirements:

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Note: The Azure App Service Environment v2 is an Azure App Service feature that provides a fully isolated and dedicated environment for securely running App

Service apps at high scale.

Customers can create multiple ASEs within a single Azure region or across multiple Azure regions. This flexibility makes ASEs ideal for horizontally scaling stateless application tiers in support of high requests per second (RPS) workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/environment/intro>

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C (85%)

B (15%)

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