CS 350 Project Specifications, Version 0.1

Description

This living document describes the team elements of the project:

- Part 1 is to build the parser for the command line interface that allows a user to create, connect, and manipulate a subset of the aspects of the project. This is the main programming effort.
- Part 2 is to demonstrate through system testing how well the complete, provided solution works. This is a written submission. It will be defined later.

Our architecture will be covered in detail in lecture. No changes are expected, but always make sure that you are using the most current version of these documents and the code.

This document serves as both design and usage instructions. As such, you must determine who the audience is from context. For example, a lot of error checking is already handled by the architecture. When the instructions state that something must or must not happen, it may or may not be necessary for you as the programmer to enforce this. You need to check by running basic tests. In any case, the user (and tester) has to know and follow the correct usage instructions. Eventually this document would be separated by audience into a development manual and a users manuals, but since you are playing all roles, the combined form is more appropriate here.

Remember to read, understand, plan, execute, verify, and reflect. Do not throw code at the problem or architecture.

PART 1

See the spreadsheet that accompanies this document for the commands that play the creational, structural, and behavioral roles in the project.

Definitions

The commands reference the following grammatical fields, the type of each being a Java primitive or a class in cs350f20project.datatype. Single quotes enclose literals but are not part of the input.

Field	Description	Datatype
angle	number	Angle
coordinates_delta	number ':' number	CoordinatesDelta
coordinates_world	latitude '/' longitude	CoordinatesWorld
id	standard Java variable name, underscore included	String
integer	[- +] integer value	int
latitude	integer '*' integer ''' number '"'	Latitude
string	ordinary Java string delimited by single quotes, no escape characters	String
longitude	integer '*' integer ''' number '"'	Longitude
number	(integer real)	double
real	[- +] real value, leading zero required	double

Commands

Parentheses, square brackets, and angle brackets are not part of commands. Vertical bar indicates logical *or*; asterisk indicates zero or more instances of the preceding term or parenthetical group; plus indicates one or more. Question mark or square brackets indicate an optional group.

White space (spaces and tabs), except in literals, does not matter. Carriage returns are not allowed because all commands reside on a single line.

All text except identifiers is case insensitive.

All identifiers definitions must be unique.

Commands may appear on the same line if they are separated by a semicolon.

All failure modes not already handled must be accounted for appropriately. The messages and delivery mechanism need not be elaborate or particularly user-friendly. But do not allow a crash.

Architecture

Setup

The architecture is provided in a JAR file on the task link. Always use the most recent version (which may differ from this document version). Before doing anything with your part, ensure that the architecture starts and runs correctly. From the command line of your operating system, execute: java -jar cs350-project-v01.jar

You should see this on standard output:

```
[CONTROLLER] initiated I> \blacksquare
```

The I> prompt is the command-line input interface for the system. It accepts any command from the spreadsheet. At this point, however, you do not know how to use these commands appropriately (i.e., their semantics and pragmatics, which we will discuss). As a simple test, enter @WAIT 5; @EXIT

It should wait five seconds, then output the following and terminate:

```
0> good-bye
```

The 0> prompt indicates output from the architecture.

Now configure Eclipse to reference the JAR. (You may use another IDE, but you are on your own to determine how to do this part because Eclipse is the standard IDE in the curriculum.) Right-click on your project in the Package Explorer pane, select $Build\ Path \rightarrow Configure\ Build\ Path$, and click $Add\ External\ JARs$.

Implementation

Your job is to build a parser that accepts the subset of the commands in blue from the spreadsheet. (Teams of two omit the ones with an asterisk.) Recognize each rule from its definition, extract any field contents, create the specified command object from cs350f20project.controller.command, and submit it to the action processor for execution as specified below. Rule 1 is the entry point.

Part 1 addresses syntax; Part 2 will address semantics and pragmatics. In other words, for Part 1 your input must be syntactically valid, but it need not make sense in terms of performing a reasonable action the way the user would to solve an actual problem with our product. Your commands will likely crash the architecture (if you submit them, as defined below) because they are probably semantically invalid. As long as it is not your parser that is crashing, this behavior is acceptable.

Define your parser as at least class cs350f20project.controller.cli.parser.CommandParser with constructor CommandParser(MyParserHelper parserHelper, String commandText). The command text is the string representation of any command-line input from the rules. The parser helper is a combination of the supplied A_ParserHelper and whatever you might need stored in your version of subclass MyParserHelper. You are not required to use this class yourself, but it must be passed into your parser because it contains the ActionProcessor to which you submit your command through schedule(A_Command command).

Instantiate class cs350f20project.Startup and call its go() method to start the system. Your parser should replace mine. If you ever see ### ACCESSING MY CommandParser ###, something is wrong with your project configuration.

Instantiation of CommandParser builds and configures a parser (data and control), but it does not execute it (behavior). For this you must implement and call public method void parse(). Example execution looks like this from caller's perspective:

```
MyParserHelper parserHelper = new MyParserHelper();
String commandText = "@exit";
CommandParser parser = new CommandParser(parserHelper, commandText);
parser.parse();
// the command action occurs
```

Within your CommandParser, execution would look something like this:

```
public void parse()
{
    if (this.commandText.equalsIgnoreCase("@exit"))
    {
        A_Command command = new CommandMetaDoExit();
        this.parserHelper.getActionProcessor().schedule(command);
    }
}
```

Do not use any other resources from the JAR or elsewhere except those specified here.

This solution must be in standard Java (any recent version). No external libraries or packages or tools are allowed.