## Introduction To Algorithms CS430

## Fall 2015 HomeWork 8 Due 24th November

- 1. A depth-first forest classifies the edges of a graph into tree, back, forward, and cross edges. A breadth-first tree can also be used to classify the edges reachable from the source of the search into the same four categories.
  - (a) Prove that in a breadth-first search of an undirected graph, the following properties hold:
    - i. There are no back edges and no forward edges.
    - ii. For each tree edge (u, v), we have v.d = u.d + 1.
    - iii. For each cross edge (u, v), we have v.d = u.d or v.d = u.d + 1.
  - (b) Prove that in a breadth-first search of a directed graph, the following properties hold:
    - i. There are no forward edges.
    - ii. For each tree edge (u, v), we have v.d = u.d + 1.
    - iii. For each cross edge (u, v), we have  $v.d \le u.d + 1...$
    - iv. For each back edge (u, v), we have  $0 \le v.d \le u.d$

(20 pts)

- 2. Let G = (u, v) be a directed graph in which each vertex  $u \in V$  is labeled with a unique integer L(u) from the set  $\{1, 2, ..., |V|\}$ . For each vertex  $u \in V$ , let  $R(u) = \{v \in V : u \to v\}$  be the set of vertices that are reachable from u. Define min(u) to be the vertex in R(u) whose label is minimum, i.e., min(u) is the vertex v such that  $L(v) = min\{L(w) : w \in R(u)\}$ . Give an O(V + E)-time algorithm that computes min(u) for all vertices  $u \in V$ . (20 pts)
- 3. An Eulerian tour in an undirected graph is a cycle that is allowed to pass through each edge exactly once and can use a vertex multiple number of times.
  - (a) Show that a graph has an eulerian tour if and only if all vertices are of even degree.
  - (b) Design an algorithm to determine the eulerian tour in a given graph. (20pts)
- 4. Suppose that all edge weights in a graph are integers in the range from 1 to |V|. How fast can you make Prim's algorithm run? What if the edge weights are integers in the range from 1 to W for some constant W? (20 pts)
- 5. Let G be an undirected graph. Prove that if all edge weights are distinct then the graph has a unique minimum spanning tree. (20pts)