



| Started on | Wednesday, 20 August 2025, 3:37 PM |
|--------------|---|
| State | Finished |
| Completed on | Wednesday, 20 August 2025, 3:45 PM |
| Time taken | 7 mins 18 secs |
| Marks | 1.00/1.00 |
| Grade | 10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %) |

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to take value V and we want to make change for V Rs, and we have infinite supply of each of the denominations in Indian currency, i.e., we have infinite supply of { 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 500, 1000} valued coins/notes, what is the minimum number of coins and/or notes needed to make the change.

Input Format:

Take an integer from stdin.

Output Format:

print the integer which is change of the number.

Example Input:

64

Output:

Δ

Explanaton:

We need a 50 Rs note and a 10 Rs note and two 2 rupee coins.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main(){
 2 •
 3
        int v;
        scanf("%d",&v);
        int denominators[]={1000,500,100,20,10,5,2,1};
 5
 6
        int n=sizeof(denominators)/sizeof(denominators[0]);
        int count=0;
 8
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
            while(v>=denominators[i]){
9
                v-=denominators[i];
10
11
                 count++;
12
13
14
        printf("%d\n",count);
15
        return 0;
16
```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|----------|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 49 | 5 | 5 | ~ |

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Back to Course