#hope everybody install Anconda software which i share to you guys right #Just wanted to know how many of know any programming language #If you dont know any programming language then you are the best person to learn PYTHON #python is very easy language #what is python? Ans - python is highly recommanded programming language & object oriented language #Father of python - Guido van Rosam #Python came from fun tv show called ''complete monty python's flying circus'' - broadcasted in BBC channel #Python borrowed all concept from c,c++, java, unix (so python is everything) thats why python very very powerfull tool #Python developed in NRI - (Netherland) & lot of people say that python is new language #Java released on 1995. python was released on 1989 officialy released on (feb 20th 1991) #It has a large and comprehensive standard library. In [1]: A=2 In [3]: **B=15** type(B) int Out[3]: /*Now python is very popular based on software industry requirment because everybody wants to write very less code/concile code market trend is - Machine learing, Artificial intelligence, data science & lot(Internet of things) which companies are used python - google,nasa,uber,netfliz,reddit,facebook/meta, everywhere python used everywhere python code can understand everybody & python is dynamic programming language In python everything done by PVM (python virtual machine) you can access python in any platform independent- windows, linux, mac one code can run in all the 4 platform & no need to write separate programe for every platform. Once you write code you can run in platform Python is dynamically programming language (not required to declared data types) Python is freeware and open source. Moving from one platform to other platform without changeing any code Python contains rich libray - numpy, pandas so python is the best application for datascience which scenario python can't be used - (python can not perform in mobile application like android) Flavours of python - cpython(C programming), jpython(java programming), Iron python(c#.net),Ruby python(Ruby based application programme),Anaconda python(Bigdata,datascience) Python 1.0 introduce in jan 1994 -- Noorganization is working now Python 2.0 introduce in oct 2000 -- Noorganization is working now Python 3.0 introduce in Dec 2008, 2016, 2017,---- latest version - 3.6, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 3.10*/ In [4]: **import** sys sys.version '3.10.9 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Mar 1 2023, 18:18:15) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]' Out[4]: In [6]: #GETTING STARTED WITH PYTHON LANG x=24 type(x) int Out[6]: In [7]: **6=**y Cell In[7], line 1 6=y SyntaxError: cannot assign to literal here. Maybe you meant '==' instead of '='? In [9]: #CREATING VARIABLES AND ASSIGNING VALUES **#RULES FOR ASSIGNING VARIABLES** # 1.VARIABLES MUST BE START ALPHABET # 2.VARAIBLES CAN'T START DIGITS AND SYMBOLS BUT UNDERSCORE(_)IS ALLOWED # 3.UPPER CASE AND LOWER CASE LETTER ARE TREATED AS DIFFERENT In [10]: **M=1310** Out[10]: 1310 In [15]: m@ =3 #symbols are not allowed Cell In[15], line 1 m@ =3 **SyntaxError:** invalid syntax In [16]: 2h=54 #numericals are not allowed Cell In[16], line 1 2h=54 SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal In [17]: _a=6575 #underscore is allowed Out[17]: In [18]: a=123 A=234 print(a) print(A) 123 234 In [61]: # VARIABLES COMPLETED ## DATATYEPS In [62]: In [80]: #INTEGER s=12 print(s) type(s) 12 Out[80]: In [82]: S id(s) 2241246462544 Out[82]: In []: |#INT DATATYPE #BINARY #OCTAL W=0b01010 # BINARY In [84]: **B=0b1111** print(B) type(B) 15 int Out[84]: In [85]: **B_12=0B101010** B_12 Out[85]: In [89]: **A=001000** 4096 Out[89]: b=00010101 In [90]: print(b) type(b) 4161 int Out[90]: n=0b2232 In [91]: Cell In[91], line 1 n=0b2232 SyntaxError: invalid digit '2' in binary literal h=003426 In [93]: 1814 Out[93]: u=0o975 In [94]: U Cell In[94], line 1 u=0o975 SyntaxError: invalid digit '9' in octal literal In [97]: **a=10** b=0b10 c=0o100 print(a) print(b) print(c) 10 2 In [98]: c1=00676.43 Cell In[98], line 1 c1=0o676.43 SyntaxError: invalid syntax In [106... f= 1e2 Out[106]: 100.0 In [103... t= 4e4 40000.0 Out[103]: In [36]: #**FLOAT** d=234.98 print(d) type(d) 234.98 float Out[36]: In [35]: #STRING f='monika print(f) type(f) monika str Out[35]: In []: r="jaga" print(r) In []: s='''nisha''' print(s) In [34]: #BOOLEAN h=True print(h) type(h) True bool Out[34]: In [33]: #BOOLEAN j**=False** print(j) type(j) False bool Out[33]: In [123... a=56 b=87 a==b a>b False a<b Out[119]: True s=9675 b=4567 s==b False Out[124]: In [111... a=2+5j b=3+7j print(type(a)) print(type(b)) type(b) print(a+b) print(a-b) print(a*b) print(a/b) <class 'complex'> <class 'complex'> (5+12j) (-1-2j) (-29+29j) (0.706896551724138+0.01724137931034482j) t=25+67m In [112... Cell In[112], line 1 t=25+67m SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal In [114... a=5+45j a.real 5.0 Out[114]: In [115... a.imag 45.0 Out[115]: In [116... type(a) complex Out[116]: In [117... id(a) 2241377581040 In [28]: a=32 print(a) 32 In [31]: type(a) Out[31]: In [29]: pi=3.17 print(pi) 3.17 In [30]: type(pi) float Out[30]: In [38]: R=None print(R) type(R) None NoneType Out[38]: In [39]: 34=hg Cell In[39], line 1 34=hg SyntaxError: cannot assign to literal here. Maybe you meant '==' instead of '='? In [40]: w = 6876Out[40]: In [59]: # DATATYPES COMPLETED **#IDENTIFERS** In [60]: #There is a person whose name - Multiple names are to identify person.so finally the Name which can be used for identification purpose. #Name in the python programme is called IDENTIFIER (x = 10) (X - identifier)#*!!! #Nameing ceremoney we have some rules to naming a child . e.g - Gods name, Ancestor Name, have to do some R & D. you cannot keep the child name as - Cat or dog I # *Rules to define Python Identifier & we will check those rules == # <1 Alphabet (uppercae & lowercase) <2> Digits (0-9) # should not stat with digit <3> underscore(_)*/ NMG=46545 Out[42]: FHGR=24176 FHGR 24176 Out[43]: MONI=1013 In [45]: moni Traceback (most recent call last) NameError Cell In[45], line 2 1 MONI=1013 ----> 2 moni NameError: name 'moni' is not defined In [46]: GATE=54 FGH Traceback (most recent call last) NameError Cell In[46], line 2 **1** GATE=54 ----> 2 FGH NameError: name 'FGH' is not defined 34JG=56 In [47]: 34JG Cell In[47], line 1 34JG=56 **SyntaxError:** invalid imaginary literal In [48]: cash=209 cash 209 Out[48]: In [49]: tra\$h=567 tra**\$**h Cell In[49], line 1 tra\$h=567 **SyntaxError:** invalid syntax In [50]: cash2=56 Out[50]: In [51]: 123ha=986 123ha Cell In[51], line 1 123ha=986 SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal In [52]: acde=20 type(acde) Out[52]: int new=75 Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[53], line 2 **1** new=75 ---> 2 NEW NameError: name 'NEW' is not defined In [54]: def=876 def Cell In[54], line 1 def=876 SyntaxError: invalid syntax In [55]: **DEF=875** 875 Out[55]: In [56]: **IF=876** ΙF Out[56]: In [57]: **if=**876 if Cell In[57], line 1 if=876 **SyntaxError:** invalid syntax In [58]: # COMPLETED IDENTIFERS In [63]: #PYTHON KEYWORDS In [64]: ##35 RESERVED WORDS---#True, False, None ==> Represent Boolean data types #if, else, elif ==> Represent the statement (# python switch,do..while statament is not available) #while, for, break, continue, return, in, yield ==> Represent the loop concept #try, except, finally, raise, assert ==> Represent for functionallity #import, from, as, class, def, pass, global, nonlocal, lambda, del, with==>Represent the class, method, function #*NOTES -- 35 RESERVED WORDS ARE (ALPHABET) // *EXCEPT (True, False, None) In [65]: **A=True** Out[65]: True In [66]: A1=true Α1 Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[66], line 1 ----> **1** A1=true 2 A1 NameError: name 'true' is not defined In [67]: **True=**a Cell In[67], line 1 True=a **SyntaxError:** cannot assign to True In [68]: False=ty Cell In[68], line 1 False=ty SyntaxError: cannot assign to False In [71]: g=None type(g) NoneType Out[71]: In [72]: G=none G Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[72], line 1 ----> **1** G=none 2 G NameError: name 'none' is not defined import pandas as pd df=pd.DataFrame(keyword.kwlist) df In []: #KEYWPRDS COMPLETED In []: #TYPE CASTING #int() In [132... int(48.9) Out[132]: 48 In [133... int(**True**) Out[133]: 1 In [172... int(-9) Out[172]: -9 In [134... int(False) Out[134]: 0 int('monika') In [135... ValueError Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[135], line 1 ----> 1 int('monika') ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'monika' In [136... int('123') Out[136]: 123 In [137... int(2+4j) TypeError Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[137], line 1 ----> 1 int(2+4j) TypeError: int() argument must be a string, a bytes-like object or a real number, not 'complex' #FLOAT() In [139... float(12) Out[139]: 12.0 In [140... | float('13') Out[140]: 13.0 In [142... float(False) Out[142]: 0.0 float(True) In [143... Out[143]: 1.0 float(5+7j) In [144... **TypeError** Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[144], line 1 ----> 1 float(5+7j) TypeError: float() argument must be a string or a real number, not 'complex' In [170... float(-6) -6.0 Out[170]: float(0 0.0 Out[171]: float('jaga') In [145... ValueError Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[145], line 1 ----> 1 float('jaga') ValueError: could not convert string to float: 'jaga' #BOOLEAN In [146... bool(12) In [147... Out[147]: True bool(1) In [148... True Out[148]: In [149... bool(0) False Out[149]: In [150... bool(3+6j) Out[150]: True In [151... bool(True) In [152... bool(False) Out[152]: False bool(9.67) True Out[153]: bool('hi') In [154... True Out[154]: In [155... bool("gdudr") True Out[155]: bool(-56) In [168... True Out[168]: bool(0) In [169... False Out[169]: #COMPLEX() In [156... complex(12 (12+0j) Out[157]: complex(23.8) In [158... (23.8+0j) Out[158]: In [159... complex(3,2)Out[159]: (3+2j) complex(True) Out[161]: (1+0j) complex(False) Out[163]: 0j complex(0) In [164... Out[164]: 0j complex('hi') In [165... ValueError Traceback (most recent call last) Cell In[165], line 1 ----> 1 complex('hi') ValueError: complex() arg is a malformed string complex('10') In [166... (10+0j) Out[166]: complex(-2) Out[167]: (-2+0j) In [173... #COMPLETED TYPE CASTING #FUNDAMENTAL DATATYPES AND IMMUTABILITY In [180... X2=10 In [174... Y2=10 Z2=60 print(id(X2)) print(id(Y2)) print(id(Z2)) 2241246462480 2241246462480 2241246464080 In [175... **x=50** y=50 print(id(x)) print(id(y)) 2241246463760 2241246463760 a=12 In [176... b=12 a **is** b b is a True Out[176]: In [179... X=True Y=True **Z=False** X is Y Y is Z Z is X X is Z Z is Y Y is X Out[179]: True #COMPLETED THE CONCEPT OF FUND DATATYPE AND IMMUTABILITY # END OF THE TASK 1 In [182..

In [8]: #1- PYTHON INTRODUCTION - (TASK - 1)¶