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ln[4]:= (*Find F2,F1 and F0, numerators of 1/rho^4,1/rho^2, log(rho2) for Q11
use expansion of F(k) and E(k) about k=1
call log(rho^2)=logm, rho^2=|x-x0|^2
m3=rho^2 / rho2^2 where rho2^2=(x+x0)^2+(y-y0)^2

```

Version2: much simpler!

- (1)when  $r(=x)$  is small, it is important to expand  $O(r)/O(\rho^2)$  together. so break up each numerator into pieces, each one of them is factored into "Small" times "fact". small is expanded to highest order, fact to smaller order. In code,we then expand fact/ $\rho^2$  or fact/( $x\rho^2$ ) first, then multiplied by expansion of small.
- (2)we dont need to expand "rest"! instead, evaluate exactly in code using known values of  $x, x_0, x_i$
- (3)we no longer expand in  $d$ . that was a detour that lead to errors. high derivatives are large and need to be accurate to all powers in  $d$ .

For values of  $a_1, a_2, b_1, b_2$ , etc see Abramowitz and Stegun AND  
<https://functions.wolfram.com/EllipticIntegrals/EllipticK/introductions/CompleteEllipticIntegrals/05/>

```

a0=Log[4], a1=(Log[4]-1)/4, a2=(6*Log[4]-7)*3/128
b1=1/8, b2=9/128, b3 not used
c1=(4log2-1)/4, c2=(24log2-13)/64 (not used), c3=3(5log2-3)/64 (not used)
d1=1/4, d2=3/32
*)

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f = 2 * log2 - logm / 2 + a1 * m3 + a2 * m3 ^ 2 +
    a3 * m3 ^ 3 - (b1 * m3 + b2 * m3 ^ 2 + b3 * m3 ^ 3 + b4 * m3 ^ 4) * logm;
e = 1 + c1 * m3 + c2 * m3 ^ 2 + c3 * m3 ^ 3 - (d1 * m3 + d2 * m3 ^ 2 + d3 * m3 ^ 3 + d4 * m3 ^ 4) * logm;

```

```

eth = Series[m3 * e / m3, {m3, 0, 3}] / m3;
efh = Series[m3 ^ 2 * (2 * (1 + m3) * e / m3 ^ 2 - f / m3) / 3, {m3, 0, 3}] / m3 ^ 2;

```

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c = Sqrt[a + b];
temp = Series[m3 ^ 2 * efh / c ^ 5, {m3, 0, 3}] / m3 ^ 2;
i50 = 4 * temp;
i51 = Series[m3 ^ 2 * 4 / b * (a * temp - eth / c ^ 3), {m3, 0, 3}] / m3 ^ 2;
i52 = Series[4 * m3 ^ 2 / b ^ 2 * (a ^ 2 * temp - 2 * a * eth / c ^ 3 + f / c), {m3, 0, 3}] / m3 ^ 2;
i53 = Series[4 * m3 ^ 2 / b ^ 3 * (a ^ 3 * temp - 3 * a ^ 2 * eth / c ^ 3 + 3 * a * f / c - c * e), {m3, 0, 3}] / m3 ^ 2;

```

```
In[14]:= qu11 = Series[
    -m3^2*6*x*(x^3*i51-x^2*x0*(i50+2*i52)+x*x0^2*(i53+2*i51)-x0^3*i52),
    {m3, 0, 3}]/m3^2;
qu12 = Series[-m3^2*6*x*x*i*((x^2+x0^2)*i51-x*x0*(i50+i52)), {m3, 0, 3}]/m3^2;
qu22 = Series[-m3^2*6*x*x*i^2*(x*i51-x0*i50), {m3, 0, 6}]/m3^2;
qv11 = Series[-m3^2*6*x*x*i*(x0^2*i52+x^2*i50-2*x*x0*i51), {m3, 0, 6}]/m3^2;
qv12 = Series[-m3^2*6*x*x*i^2*(x*i50-x0*i51), {m3, 0, 6}]/m3^2;
qv22 = Series[-m3^2*6*x*x*i^3*i50, {m3, 0, 6}]/m3^2;
```

```
In[20]:= term = qu22;
term = Simplify[term /. {d1 → 1/4, d2 → 3/32, d3 → 15/256,
    b1 → 1/8, b2 → 9/128, c1 → (4*log2-1)/4, c2 → (24*log2-13)/64,
    c3 → 3*(5*log2-3)/64, a1 → (2*log2-1)/4, a2 → (12*log2-7)*3/128}];
term = Simplify[term /. {b → 2*x*x0, a → x0^2+x^2+xi^2}]
```

$$\text{Out[22]} = -\frac{8 \, x \, x i^2 \left( x^2 - x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)}{\left( x 0 \left( x^2 + 2 \, x \, x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)^{5/2} \right) m 3^2} + \frac{6 \, x \, x i^2 \left( x^2 + 4 \, x \, x 0 + 3 \, x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)}{x 0 \left( x^2 + 2 \, x \, x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)^{5/2} m 3} +$$

$$\frac{\left( 3 \, x \, x i^2 \left( 16 \left( -1 + 4 \log 2 - \log m \right) x \, x 0 + 2 \left( -7 + 24 \log 2 - 6 \log m \right) x 0^2 + \right. \right.}{\left. \left. \left( -1 + 8 \log 2 - 2 \log m \right) \left( x^2 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right) \right) \right) \left( 8 \, x 0 \left( x^2 + 2 \, x \, x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)^{5/2} \right) +$$

$$\left( x \, x i^2 \left( 12 \left( -13 + 24 \log 2 - 6 \log m \right) x \, x 0 + 2 \left( -67 + 120 \log 2 - 30 \log m \right) x 0^2 + \right. \right.}{\left. \left. \left( -11 + 24 \log 2 - 6 \log m \right) \left( x^2 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right) \right) m 3 \right) \left( 32 \, x 0 \left( x^2 + 2 \, x \, x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)^{5/2} \right) + O[m 3]^2$$

```
In[23]:= msqcoeff = Simplify[term*m3^2 /. m3 → 0]
mnum = Simplify[Numerator[msqcoeff]/(-8)]
(* Lead =
    -8/x0 The whole term is multiplied by rho2^4/rho1^4 leaving 1/rho2 in denom
```

mnum is numerator without the lead. we now

break up mnum into pieces consisting of  $O(r)*O(\text{small})$  factors  
 we need to expand  $O(r)/O(r^2)$  separately, to avoid errors when  $r^2$  is small  
 that term is then multiplied by remaining  $O(\text{small})$  term\*)

$$\text{Out[23]} = -\frac{8 \, x \, x i^2 \left( x^2 - x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)}{x 0 \left( x^2 + 2 \, x \, x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)^{5/2}}$$

$$\text{Out[24]} = x \, x i^2 \left( x^2 - x 0^2 + x i^2 \right)$$

```
In[25]:= piece1 = x*(x+x0)*(x-x0)*xi^2
piece2 = Simplify[mnum-piece1]
```

$$\text{Out[25]} = x \left( x - x 0 \right) \left( x + x 0 \right) x i^2$$

$$\text{Out[26]} = x \, x i^4$$

```

In[27]:= small1 = xi ^ 2 * (x - x0)
          fact1 = x * (x + x0)
          Expand[%]
Out[27]= (x - x0) xi^2
Out[28]= x (x + x0)
Out[29]= x^2 + x x0

In[30]:= small2 = xi ^ 4
          fact2 = x
          Simplify[mnum - small1 * fact1 - small2 * fact2]
Out[30]= xi^4
Out[31]= x
Out[32]= 0

In[33]:= mcoeff = Simplify[Coefficient[term * m3 ^ 2, m3]]
          mnum = Simplify[Numerator[mcoeff] / (6)]
          (* Lead =
             6/x0 The whole term is multiplied by rho2^2/rho1^2 leaving 1/rho2^3 in denom*)
Out[33]= 
$$\frac{6 x \xi^2 (x^2 + 4 x x_0 + 3 x_0^2 + \xi^2)}{x_0 (x^2 + 2 x x_0 + x_0^2 + \xi^2)^{5/2}}$$

Out[34]= 
$$x \xi^2 (x^2 + 4 x x_0 + 3 x_0^2 + \xi^2)$$


In[35]:= piece2 = xi ^ 4 * x
          piece1 = Simplify[mnum - piece2]
Out[35]= x xi^4
Out[36]= 
$$x (x^2 + 4 x x_0 + 3 x_0^2) \xi^2$$


In[37]:= small1 = xi ^ 2
          fact1 = Simplify[piece1 / small1]
          Expand[%]
          FortranForm[%];
Out[37]= xi^2
Out[38]= 
$$x (x^2 + 4 x x_0 + 3 x_0^2)$$

Out[39]= 
$$x^3 + 4 x^2 x_0 + 3 x x_0^2$$


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```
In[41]:= small2 = xi ^ 4
fact2 = Simplify[piece2 / small2]
Simplify[mnum - small1 * fact1 - small2 * fact2]
```

Out[41]=  $x i^4$

Out[42]=  $x$

Out[43]=  $0$

```
In[44]:= logcoeff=Simplify[Coefficient[term,logm]/.m3->0]
mnum=Simplify[Numerator[logcoeff]/(-3)]
FortranForm[%];
(* Lead = -3/(4*x0) This terms is multiplied by log(rho1^2/dsq)-log(rho^2/d^2) *)
```

Out[44]= 
$$-\frac{3 x x i^2 (x^2 + 8 x x0 + 7 x0^2 + x i^2)}{4 x0 (x^2 + 2 x x0 + x0^2 + x i^2)^{5/2}}$$

Out[45]=  $x x i^2 (x^2 + 8 x x0 + 7 x0^2 + x i^2)$

```
In[47]:= piece2 = xi ^ 4 * x
piece1 = Simplify[mnum - piece2]
```

Out[47]=  $x x i^4$

Out[48]=  $x (x^2 + 8 x x0 + 7 x0^2) x i^2$

```
In[49]:= small1 = xi ^ 2
fact1 = Simplify[piece1 / small1]
Expand[%]
```

Out[49]=  $x i^2$

Out[50]=  $x (x^2 + 8 x x0 + 7 x0^2)$

Out[51]=  $x^3 + 8 x^2 x0 + 7 x x0^2$

```
In[52]:= small2 = xi ^ 4
fact2 = Simplify[piece2 / small2]
Simplify[mnum - small1 * fact1 - small2 * fact2]
```

Out[52]=  $x i^4$

Out[53]=  $x$

Out[54]=  $0$

```

In[55]:= logmcoeff = Simplify[Coefficient[term, m3]];
logmcoeff = Simplify[Coefficient[%, logm]]
mnum = Simplify[Numerator[logmcoeff]]
denom = Simplify[Denominator[logmcoeff]]
mnum0 = Simplify[mnum /. xi -> 0]
Simplify[Coefficient[mnum, xi]]
Simplify[Coefficient[mnum, xi ^ 2]]
Simplify[Coefficient[mnum, xi ^ 3]]
Simplify[Coefficient[mnum, xi ^ 4]]
Simplify[Coefficient[mnum, xi ^ 5]]
Simplify[Coefficient[mnum, xi ^ 6]]

```

$$\text{Out[56]} = -\frac{3 x x i^2 (x^2 + 12 x x 0 + 11 x 0^2 + x i^2)}{16 x 0 (x^2 + 2 x x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\text{Out[57]} = -3 x x i^2 (x^2 + 12 x x 0 + 11 x 0^2 + x i^2)$$

$$\text{Out[58]} = 16 x 0 (x^2 + 2 x x 0 + x 0^2 + x i^2)^{5/2}$$

$$\text{Out[59]} = 0$$

$$\text{Out[60]} = 0$$

$$\text{Out[61]} = -3 x (x^2 + 12 x x 0 + 11 x 0^2)$$

$$\text{Out[62]} = 0$$

$$\text{Out[63]} = -3 x$$

$$\text{Out[64]} = 0$$

$$\text{Out[65]} = 0$$

```
In[91]:= rest =
    Simplify[term - msqcoeff / m3 ^ 2 - mcoeff / m3 - logcoeff * logm - mnum0 * m3 * logm / denom];
```

```
rest0 = Simplify[rest /. m3 -> 0];
rest0num = Simplify[Numerator[rest0]]
Denominator[rest0]
Simplify[rest0num /. xi -> 0]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest0num, xi]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest0num, xi ^ 2]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest0num, xi ^ 3]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest0num, xi ^ 4]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest0num, xi ^ 5]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest0num, xi ^ 6]]
```

```
Out[93]= 3 x xi^2 ((-1 + 8 log2) x^2 + 16 (-1 + 4 log2) x x0 + (-15 + 56 log2) x0^2 + (-1 + 8 log2) xi^2)
```

```
Out[94]= 8 x0 (x^2 + 2 x x0 + x0^2 + xi^2)^(5/2)
```

```
Out[95]= 0
```

```
Out[96]= 0
```

```
Out[97]= 3 x (x + x0) ((-1 + 8 log2) x + (-15 + 56 log2) x0)
```

```
Out[98]= 0
```

```
Out[99]= 3 (-1 + 8 log2) x
```

```
Out[100]=
```

```
0
```

```
Out[101]=
```

```
0
```

```

In[81]:= rest1 = Simplify[Coefficient[rest, m3]];
rest1num = Simplify[Numerator[rest1]]
Denominator[rest1]
Simplify[rest1num /. xi -> 0]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest1num, xi]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest1num, xi ^ 2]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest1num, xi ^ 3]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest1num, xi ^ 4]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest1num, xi ^ 5]]
Simplify[Coefficient[rest1num, xi ^ 6]]

Out[82]= x xi^2 (12 (-13 + 24 log2 - 6 logm) x x0 +
          2 (-67 + 120 log2 - 30 logm) x0^2 + (-11 + 24 log2 - 6 logm) (x^2 + x0^2 + xi^2))

Out[83]= 32 x0 (x^2 + 2 x x0 + x0^2 + xi^2)^{5/2}

Out[84]= 0

Out[85]= 0

Out[86]= x (x + x0) ((-11 + 24 log2 - 6 logm) x + (-145 + 264 log2 - 66 logm) x0)

Out[87]= 0

Out[88]= (-11 + 24 log2 - 6 logm) x

Out[89]= 0

Out[90]= 0

```