Neural Network Homework 5 (BackPropogation)

By: Monil Shah mds747

1) Epoch = 100000 , learning rate= 0.2, weights range = [-0.5,0.5]

```
In [32]: import numpy as np
    def tanh(x):
        return np.tanh(x)
    def tanh_prime(x):
        return 1.0 - x**2
```

```
In [33]: class NeuralNetwork:
             def __init__(self, layers, activation='tanh'):
                      self.activation = tanh
                     self.activation prime = tanh prime
                      self.weights = []
                      self.count = 0
                      for i in range(1, len(layers) - 1):
                          r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i-1] + 1, layers[i] + 1)
                          self.weights.append(r)
                      r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i] + 1, layers[i+1]))
                      self.weights.append(r)
             def fit(self, X, y, learning_rate=0.02, epochs=387):
                 termination=0
                 counter=4
                 ones = np.atleast_2d(np.ones(X.shape[0]))
                 X = np.concatenate((ones.T, X), axis=1)
                 for k in range(epochs):
                      i = np.random.randint(X.shape[0])
                     a = [X[i]]
                      for 1 in range(len(self.weights)):
                              dot_value = np.dot(a[1], self.weights[1])
                              activation = self.activation(dot_value)
                              a.append(activation)
                     error = y[i] - a[-1]
                     deltas = [error * self.activation_prime(a[-1])]
                      for 1 in range(len(a) - 2, 0, -1):
                          deltas.append(deltas[-1].dot(self.weights[1].T)*self.activat
                      deltas.reverse()
                      for i in range(len(self.weights)):
                          layer = np.atleast 2d(a[i])
                          delta = np.atleast_2d(deltas[i])
                          self.weights[i] += learning rate * layer.T.dot(delta)
                      if k%4 == 0:
                          termination = 0
                      termination = termination+(error*error);
                      print(termination)
                     if k % 387 == 0:
                          print('epochs:', k)
                          print('error:',error)
             def predict(self, x):
                 a = np.hstack((np.ones(1).T, np.array(x)))
                 for 1 in range(0, len(self.weights)):
                      a = self.activation(np.dot(a, self.weights[l]))
                 return a
```

```
In [34]: if __name__ == '__main__':
            nn = NeuralNetwork([2,4,1])
            X = np.array([[-1, -1],
                          [-1, 1],
                          [1, -1],
                          [1, 1]])
            y = np.array([-1, 1, 1, -1])
            nn.fit(X, y)
            print("========="")
            print("Results:")
            for e in X:
                print(e,nn.predict(e))
         [ 0.79872693]
        epochs: 0
        error: [-0.89371524]
        [ 1.89099467]
        [ 2.37781703]
        [ 3.13914192]
        [ 1.77995845]
        [ 2.26068342]
        [ 2.72334385]
        [ 3.84496438]
        [ 1.04147979]
        [ 1.81458948]
        [ 3.63915626]
        [ 5.33263131]
        [ 0.80205228]
        [ 2.40431046]
        [ 3.19729936]
        [ 4.36224802]
        [ 1.5687656]
```

2) Epoch = 10000 , learning rate= 0.2, weights range = [-0.5,0.5]

```
In [ ]: class NeuralNetwork:
            def __init__(self, layers, activation='tanh'):
                     self.activation = tanh
                     self.activation prime = tanh prime
                     self.weights = []
                     for i in range(1, len(layers) - 1):
                         r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i-1] + 1, layers[i] + 1)
                         self.weights.append(r)
                     r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i] + 1, layers[i+1]))
                     self.weights.append(r)
In [ ]: def fit(self, X, y, learning rate=0.02, epochs=10000):
            ones = np.atleast_2d(np.ones(X.shape[0]))
            X = np.concatenate((ones.T, X), axis=1)
            for k in range(epochs):
                i = np.random.randint(X.shape[0])
                a = [X[i]]
                for 1 in range(len(self.weights)):
                     dot_value = np.dot(a[l], self.weights[l])
                     activation = self.activation(dot value)
                     a.append(activation)
                error = y[i] - a[-1]
                deltas = [error * self.activation prime(a[-1])]
                 for 1 in range(len(a) - 2, 0, -1):
                     deltas.append(deltas[-1].dot(self.weights[1].T)*self.activation
                deltas.reverse()
                 for i in range(len(self.weights)):
                     layer = np.atleast 2d(a[i])
                     delta = np.atleast_2d(deltas[i])
                     self.weights[i] += learning rate * layer.T.dot(delta)
                if k % 1000 == 0:
                     print('epochs:', k)
                     print('error:',error)
In [ ]:
         def predict(self, x):
                a = np.hstack((np.ones(1).T, np.array(x)))
                for 1 in range(0, len(self.weights)):
                     a = self.activation(np.dot(a, self.weights[l]))
```

return a

3) Epoch = 1000 , learning rate= 0.2, weights range = [-0.5,0.5]

```
In [ ]: class NeuralNetwork:
            def __init__(self, layers, activation='tanh'):
                    self.activation = tanh
                    self.activation prime = tanh prime
                    self.weights = []
                    for i in range(1, len(layers) - 1):
                        r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i-1] + 1, layers[i] + 1)
                        self.weights.append(r)
                    r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i] + 1, layers[i+1]))
                    self.weights.append(r)
            def fit(self, X, y, learning_rate=0.02, epochs=500):
                ones = np.atleast_2d(np.ones(X.shape[0]))
                X = np.concatenate((ones.T, X), axis=1)
                for k in range(epochs):
                    i = np.random.randint(X.shape[0])
                    a = [X[i]]
                    for 1 in range(len(self.weights)):
                        dot_value = np.dot(a[l], self.weights[l])
                        activation = self.activation(dot_value)
                        a.append(activation)
                    error = y[i] - a[-1]
                    deltas = [error * self.activation prime(a[-1])]
                    for 1 in range(len(a) - 2, 0, -1):
                        deltas.append(deltas[-1].dot(self.weights[1].T)*self.activat
                    deltas.reverse()
                    for i in range(len(self.weights)):
                        layer = np.atleast 2d(a[i])
                        delta = np.atleast_2d(deltas[i])
                        self.weights[i] += learning rate * layer.T.dot(delta)
                    if k % 50 == 0:
                        print('epochs:', k)
                        print('error:',error)
            def predict(self, x):
                a = np.hstack((np.ones(1).T, np.array(x)))
                for 1 in range(0, len(self.weights)):
                    a = self.activation(np.dot(a, self.weights[1]))
                return a
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            nn = NeuralNetwork([2,2,1])
            X = np.array([[-1, -1],
                          [-1, 1],
                          [1, -1],
                          [1, 1]])
            y = np.array([-1, 1, 1, -1])
            nn.fit(X, y)
            print("============")
```

```
print("Results:")
for e in X:
    print(e,nn.predict(e))
```

```
In [ ]: def fit(self, X, y, learning_rate=0.02, epochs=1000):
            ones = np.atleast_2d(np.ones(X.shape[0]))
            X = np.concatenate((ones.T, X), axis=1)
            for k in range(epochs):
                i = np.random.randint(X.shape[0])
                a = [X[i]]
                for 1 in range(len(self.weights)):
                    dot_value = np.dot(a[l], self.weights[l])
                    activation = self.activation(dot_value)
                    a.append(activation)
                error = y[i] - a[-1]
                deltas = [error * self.activation_prime(a[-1])]
                for 1 in range(len(a) - 2, 0, -1):
                    deltas.append(deltas[-1].dot(self.weights[1].T)*self.activation
                deltas.reverse()
                for i in range(len(self.weights)):
                    layer = np.atleast_2d(a[i])
                    delta = np.atleast_2d(deltas[i])
                    self.weights[i] += learning_rate * layer.T.dot(delta)
                if k % 100 == 0:
                    print('epochs:', k)
                    print('error:',error)
```

```
In [ ]:
         def predict(self, x):
               a = np.hstack((np.ones(1).T, np.array(x)))
               for 1 in range(0, len(self.weights)):
                  a = self.activation(np.dot(a, self.weights[1]))
               return a
       if __name__ == '__main__':
           nn = NeuralNetwork([2,2,1])
           X = np.array([[-1, -1],
                        [-1, 1],
                        [1, -1],
                        [1, 1]
           y = np.array([-1, 1, 1, -1])
           nn.fit(X, y)
           print("==========")
           print("Results:")
           for e in X:
               print(e,nn.predict(e))
```

4) Epoch = 500 , learning rate= 0.2, weights range

= [-0.5,0.5]

```
In [ ]: class NeuralNetwork:
            def __init__(self, layers, activation='tanh'):
                    self.activation = tanh
                    self.activation prime = tanh prime
                    self.weights = []
                    for i in range(1, len(layers) - 1):
                        r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i-1] + 1, layers[i] + 1)
                        self.weights.append(r)
                    r = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, (layers[i] + 1, layers[i+1]))
                    self.weights.append(r)
            def fit(self, X, y, learning_rate=0.02, epochs=500):
                ones = np.atleast_2d(np.ones(X.shape[0]))
                X = np.concatenate((ones.T, X), axis=1)
                for k in range(epochs):
                    i = np.random.randint(X.shape[0])
                    a = [X[i]]
                    for 1 in range(len(self.weights)):
                        dot_value = np.dot(a[l], self.weights[l])
                        activation = self.activation(dot_value)
                        a.append(activation)
                    error = y[i] - a[-1]
                    deltas = [error * self.activation prime(a[-1])]
                    for 1 in range(len(a) - 2, 0, -1):
                        deltas.append(deltas[-1].dot(self.weights[1].T)*self.activat
                    deltas.reverse()
                    for i in range(len(self.weights)):
                        layer = np.atleast 2d(a[i])
                        delta = np.atleast_2d(deltas[i])
                        self.weights[i] += learning rate * layer.T.dot(delta)
                    if k % 50 == 0:
                        print('epochs:', k)
                        print('error:',error)
            def predict(self, x):
                a = np.hstack((np.ones(1).T, np.array(x)))
                for 1 in range(0, len(self.weights)):
                    a = self.activation(np.dot(a, self.weights[1]))
                return a
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            nn = NeuralNetwork([2,2,1])
            X = np.array([[-1, -1],
                          [-1, 1],
                          [1, -1],
                          [1, 1]])
            y = np.array([-1, 1, 1, -1])
            nn.fit(X, y)
            print("============")
```

```
print("Results:")
for e in X:
    print(e,nn.predict(e))
```

Comments:

As per multiple iterations run, it is commentable that the increase in error is inversely proportional to the number of epochs. More epochs, less error.

Also results go far from expected, when the number of epochs is decreased.

In []:				
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