

datascience_assignment_10.1

July 14, 2018

0.1 Read the dataset from the below link

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/guipsamora/pandas_exercises/master/06_Stats/US_Baby_Names/US_Ba

0.2 Steps

- Import numpy, pandas
- Read the CSV file from the URL provided using read_csv method of pandas and load to dataframe df
- Show first few records using head method on df

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [3]: # Read the CSV file from the URL provided using read_csv method of pandas and load to
df = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/guipsamora/pandas_exercises/master/06_Stats/US_Baby_Names/US_Ba

# Show first few records using head method on df
df.head()
```

```
Out [3]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	Id	Name	Year	Gender	State	Count
0	11349	11350	Emma	2004	F	AK	62
1	11350	11351	Madison	2004	F	AK	48
2	11351	11352	Hannah	2004	F	AK	46
3	11352	11353	Grace	2004	F	AK	44
4	11353	11354	Emily	2004	F	AK	41

0.3 1. Delete unnamed columns

0.4 Steps

- Find all the columns whose name starts with Unnamed, case insensitive on axis=1
- Delete the columns by using drop method on dataframe df
- Persist the result by passing inplace=True to the drop method
- Display first few records using head method on df

```
In [4]: # Find all the columns whose name starts with Unnamed, case insensitive on axis=1
# Delete the columns by using drop method on dataframe df
# Persist the result by passing inplace=True to the drop method
df.drop(df.columns[df.columns.str.contains('Unnamed',case = False)], axis = 1, inplace=
```

```
In [5]: # Display first few records using head method on df
df.head()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Id	Name	Year	Gender	State	Count
0	11350	Emma	2004	F	AK	62
1	11351	Madison	2004	F	AK	48
2	11352	Hannah	2004	F	AK	46
3	11353	Grace	2004	F	AK	44
4	11354	Emily	2004	F	AK	41

0.5 2. Show the distribution of male and female

0.6 Steps:

- Find all the Male records by using filter on Gender column of dataframe equal to 'M' and store it dataframe male
- Get distribution of Male records (count, mean, standard deviation, min, max, lower quartile, median, upper quartile) by using describe method on Count field on dataframe male
- Find all the female records by using filter on Gender column of dataframe equal to 'F' and store it dataframe female
- Get distribution of Female records (count, mean, standard deviation, min, max, lower quartile, median, upper quartile) by using describe method on Count field on dataframe female

```
In [9]: # Find all the Male records by using filter on Gender column of dataframe equal to 'M'
# and store it dataframe male
male = df[df['Gender'] == 'M']

# Get distribution of Male records (count, mean, standard deviation, min, max, lower q
# by using describe method on Count field on dataframe male
male['Count'].describe()
```

```
Out[9]: count    457549.000000
mean         41.615650
std          118.074308
min           5.000000
25%           7.000000
50%          12.000000
75%          29.000000
max          4167.000000
Name: Count, dtype: float64
```

```
In [10]: # Find all the female records by using filter on Gender column of dataframe equal to
# and store it dataframe female
female = df[df['Gender'] == 'F']

# Get distribution of Female records (count, mean, standard deviation, min, max, lower
# median, upper quartile) by using describe method on Count field on dataframe female
female['Count'].describe()
```

```
Out[10]: count      558846.000000
         mean        29.310925
         std         75.962992
         min          5.000000
         25%          6.000000
         50%         10.000000
         75%         23.000000
         max        3634.000000
         Name: Count, dtype: float64
```

0.7 3. Show the top 5 most preferred names

0.8 Steps:

- Get count of records group by column Name on dataframe df and store it in name_count_df
- Sort in descending order on Count field of name_count_df and take the first 5 records and store in name_count_sorted5
- Print the top 5 preferred names

```
In [11]: # Get count of records group by column Name on dataframe df and store it in name_count_df
         name_count_df = df.groupby('Name').count()

         # Sort in descending order on Count field of name_count_df and take the first 5 records
         name_count_sorted5 = name_count_df.sort_values(by='Count', ascending=False).head(5)

         #Print the top 5 preferred names
         print(name_count_sorted5['Count'])
```

```
Name
Riley      1112
Avery      1080
Jordan     1073
Peyton     1064
Hayden     1049
Name: Count, dtype: int64
```

0.9 4. What is the median name occurrence in the dataset

0.10 Steps:

- Calculate count on dataframe df group by 'Name' column and store in dataframe name_count_df
- Sort on name_count_df by Count field and store in dataframe name_count_df_sorted
- Calculate median on name_count_df
- Display median value

```
In [12]: # Calculate count on dataframe df group by 'Name' column and store in dataframe name_count_df
         name_count_df = df.groupby('Name').count()
```

```

# Sort on name_count_df by Count field and store in dataframe name_count_df_sorted
name_count_df_sorted = name_count_df.sort_values(by='Count', ascending=True)['Count']

# Calculate median on name_count_df
median_value = name_count_df_sorted.median()

# Display median value
print("Name occurrence median = " + str(median_value))

```

Name occurrence median = 8.0

0.11 5. Distribution of male and female born count by states

0.12 Steps:

- Get all the Male by filtering column Gender equal to 'M' and store in dataframe male
- Get count group by State column on male dataframe and store in male_count_groupby_state
- Add a new column 'Male' to dataframe male_count_groupby_state populated with values of 'Count' column
- Get all the Female by filtering column Gender equal to 'F' and store in dataframe female
- Get count group by State column on female dataframe and store in female_count_groupby_state
- Add a new column 'Female' to dataframe female_count_groupby_state populated with values of 'Count' column
- Concatenate both male_count_groupby_state, female_count_groupby_state on axis=1 and store in new dataframe male_female_count_groupby_state
- Show the columns "Male", "Female" on dataframe male_female_count_groupby_state

```

In [29]: # Get all the Male by filtering column Gender equal to 'M' and store in dataframe male
# Get count group by State column on male dataframe and store in male_count_groupby_state
# Add a new column 'Male' to dataframe male_count_groupby_state populated with values of 'Count' column
male = df[df['Gender'] == 'M']
male_count_groupby_state = male.groupby('State').count()
male_count_groupby_state["Male"] = male_count_groupby_state["Count"]

# Get all the Female by filtering column Gender equal to 'F' and store in dataframe female
# Get count group by State column on female dataframe and store in female_count_groupby_state
# Add a new column 'Female' to dataframe female_count_groupby_state populated with values of 'Count' column
female = df[df['Gender'] == 'F']
female_count_groupby_state = female.groupby('State').count()
female_count_groupby_state["Female"] = female_count_groupby_state["Count"]

```

```
# Concatenate both male_count_groupby_state, female_count_groupby_state on axis=1 and s
male_female_count_groupby_state = pd.concat([male_count_groupby_state, female_count_g

# Show the columns "Male", "Female" on dataframe male_female_count_groupby_state
male_female_count_groupby_state.loc[:,male_female_count_groupby_state.columns.isin(["
```

```
Out[29]:
```

	Male	Female
State		
AK	2587	2404
AL	8419	9878
AR	6475	7171
AZ	10820	14518
CA	31637	45144
CO	9183	11424
CT	5733	6575
DC	3000	3053
DE	2440	2549
FL	20070	25781
GA	15454	19385
HI	3546	3255
IA	6307	7131
ID	4833	4918
IL	16828	21268
IN	10613	13056
KS	6748	7753
KY	7267	8817
LA	9676	10510
MA	8609	10580
MD	9483	11276
ME	2777	2976
MI	13243	16038
MN	9004	10677
MO	9917	11948
MS	6862	7235
MT	2986	2690
NC	13530	17357
ND	2581	2399
NE	5029	5370
NH	2659	2957
NJ	12274	15041
NM	4966	5721
NV	6024	7092
NY	22585	28158
OH	14318	18143
OK	8138	9519
OR	7333	8604
PA	14171	17480
RI	2468	2558

SC	8195	9465
SD	2908	2838
TN	10588	13063
TX	27791	39760
UT	8233	9515
VA	11997	14759
VT	1618	1398
WA	11049	13329
WI	8940	10549
WV	3733	4305
WY	1904	1456