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# COMPUTER SCIENCE FOR MEDICINE: Computer Vision

Code MD June 9, 2023 *Module 2* 



1

#### INTRODUCTION

Code MD Project
CV Packages
Matrices
Pixels vs Channels
Types of CV
Medical Use Cases
Introduction to Al

2

#### **BASICS NOTEBOOK**

Review of Python basics Importing images Accessing Pixels Changing color Cropping Increasing contrast Rotating image Thresholding Count pixels Saving image 3

#### PROJECT WALKTHROUGH

Diagnose Pneumonia V/Q Scan Analysis Classify Medical Images



### **Computer Vision**

Computer vision tasks include methods for acquiring, processing, analyzing and understanding digital images, and extraction of high-dimensional data from the real world in order to produce numerical or symbolic information, e.g. in the forms of decisions.

### **Packages**





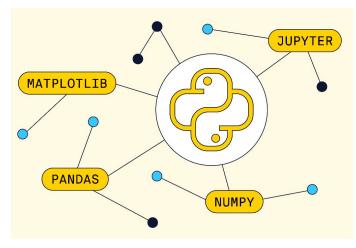
· What is a package?

#### Open Computer Vision

- OpenCV
- Powertool kit for computer vision
- Whether you are doing Al or basic tasks, if you are using images you will use OpenCV

#### Numpy

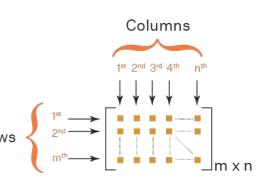
- Debatably most important package for every computational task on the planet
- Handles storage and manipulation of n dimensional arrays
- Similar to a list, but just better...





### Matrices and why do we care?

- · What is a matrix
  - Table used to numerically represent an object
    - Linear algebra deals with these, but we don't need to know linear algebra to use them!
- We need a way to represent images numerically → use matrices
- OpenCV reads image as numpy arrays (matrix representation of an image)

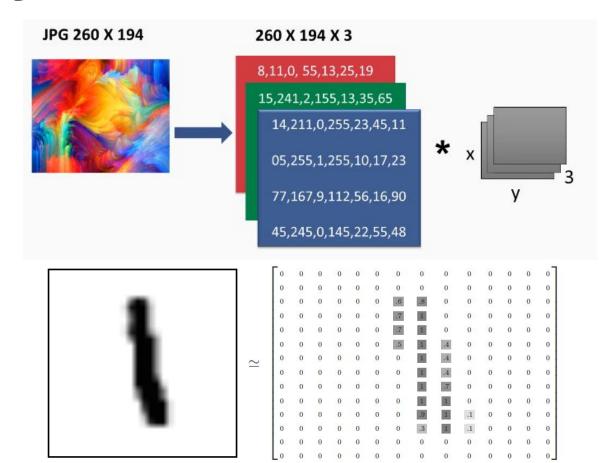


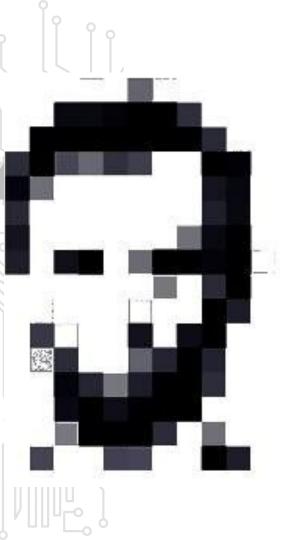


### Pixels, channels, oh my!

- A picture is a matrix of pixels
  - Think about your screen size- 1920x1080
- Channels determine number of colors in a picture
  - Black and white image → 1 channel
  - Colored image → 3 channels (Red, green, blue)
- This means a black and white picture is a 2d matrix
- It also means a **colored** picture is a **3d matrix**

## Lets really understand that





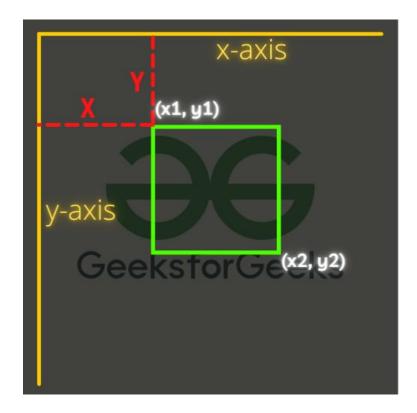


## What can you do to a picture computationally?

- Briefly, basically anything you want
  - Rotate
  - Change color scheme
  - Change size
  - Crop
  - Detect edges
  - Threshold based on colors
  - Measure distances
- All of this is possible because pictures are represented as numbers to a computer



### Finding a pixel...



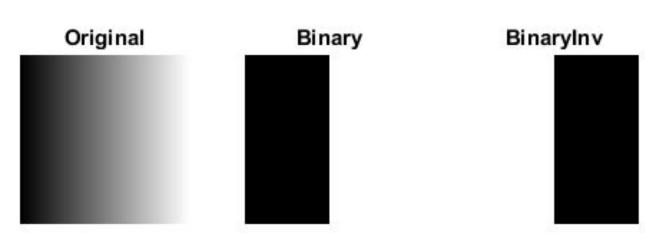


## Cropping...

finxter (640, 0)(0, 0)(100, 20) (540, 210) Height (426 pixels) img[y:y+h, x:x+w] (0, 426)Width (640 pixels) (640, 426)



#### Threshold...



#### **Buzzwords of Computer Vision**

#### Classification

Is this a dog?



**Image Classification** 

## Medical Applications of Computer Vision

- Anywhere a human looks at and analyzes image data is a place where computer vision can be (theoretically) implemented
- Radiology, pathology, surgery, ophthalmology, hematology, basic science research, pulmonology, oncology, etc...
- The technology is becoming sufficiently advanced to have real world clinical utility

## Using deep learning for dermatologist-level detection of suspicious pigmented skin lesions from wide-field images

LUIS R. SOENKSEN (D), TIMOTHY KASSIS, SUSAN T. CONOVER (D), BERTA MARTI-FUSTER, JI

ROBERT R. STAVERT (D), CAROLINE C. KIM, MARYANNE M. SENNA (D), JOSÉ AVILÉS-IZQUIEF

(D) Fewer Authors Info & Affiliations

Sybil: A Validated Deep Learning Model to Predict Future Lung Cancer Risk From a Single Low-Dose Chest Computed Tomography



JAMA Ophthalmology

Search All

Peter G. Mikhael , BSc<sup>1,2</sup>; Jeremy Wohlwend, ME<sup>1,2</sup>; Adam Yala , PhD<sup>1,2</sup>; Ludvig Karstens , MSc<sup>1,2</sup>; Justin Xiang, ME<sup>1,2</sup>; Angelo K. Takigami , MD<sup>3,4</sup>; ...

Show More

**Original Investigation** 

January 13, 2022

## Evaluation of Artificial Intelligence-Based Intraoperative Guidance Tools for Phacoemulsification Cataract Surgery

Rogerio Garcia Nespolo, MSc<sup>1,2</sup>; Darvin Yi, PhD<sup>1,2</sup>; Emily Cole, MD, MPH<sup>1</sup>; Nita Valikodath, MD<sup>1</sup>; Cristian Luciano, PhD<sup>2</sup>; Yannek I. Leiderman, MD, PhD<sup>1,2</sup>

nature > npj digital medicine > brief communications > article

Brief Communication | Open Access | Published: 01 March 2019

#### A computer vision system for deep learning-based detection of patient mobilization activities in the ICU

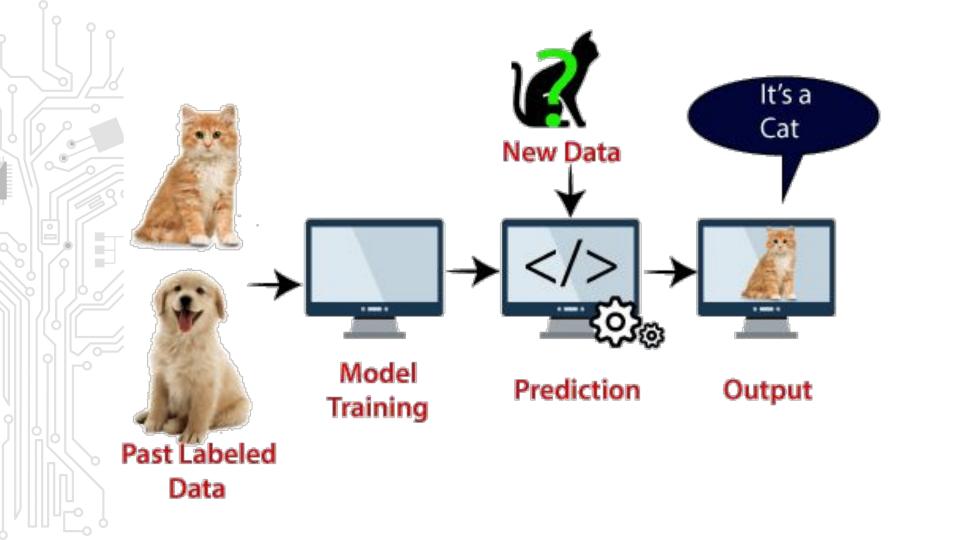
Serena Yeung ☑, Francesca Rinaldo ☑, Jeffrey Jopling, Bingbin Liu, Rishab Mehra, N. Lance Downing, Michelle Guo, Gabriel M. Bianconi, Alexandre Alahi, Julia Lee, Brandi Campbell, Kayla Deru, William Beninati, Li Fei-Fei & Arnold Milstein



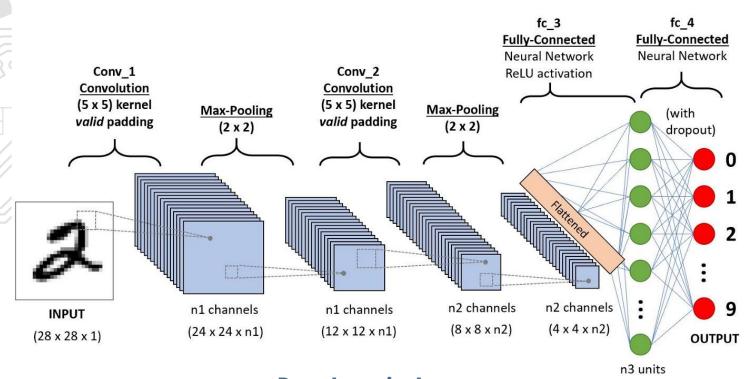
- Most of the on the ground use cases of computer vision involve AI
  Artificial intelligence is the ability of a program to approximate an outcome given exposure to numerous prior examples

#### At a high level:

- 1. Training → showing the algorithm many examples of inputs and known outputs
  - The algorithm starts from knowing nothing and makes a guess about the output
  - It compares its performance to the known outputs
- 'Teaches' itself by using math on its internal decision making functions to try and do better
   2. Testing →Showing the algorithm many examples of inputs with no
- known outputs
  - The algorithm then evaluates its performance by comparing with the correct answer
- This process is repeated many many times until the algorithm **converges** to a point at which it can see new data and make a good approximation on the outcome



## Convolutional Neural Networks (just an fyi so you recognize the word)

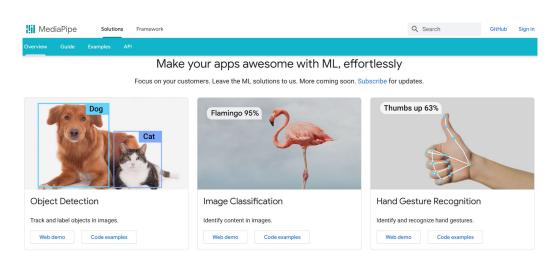


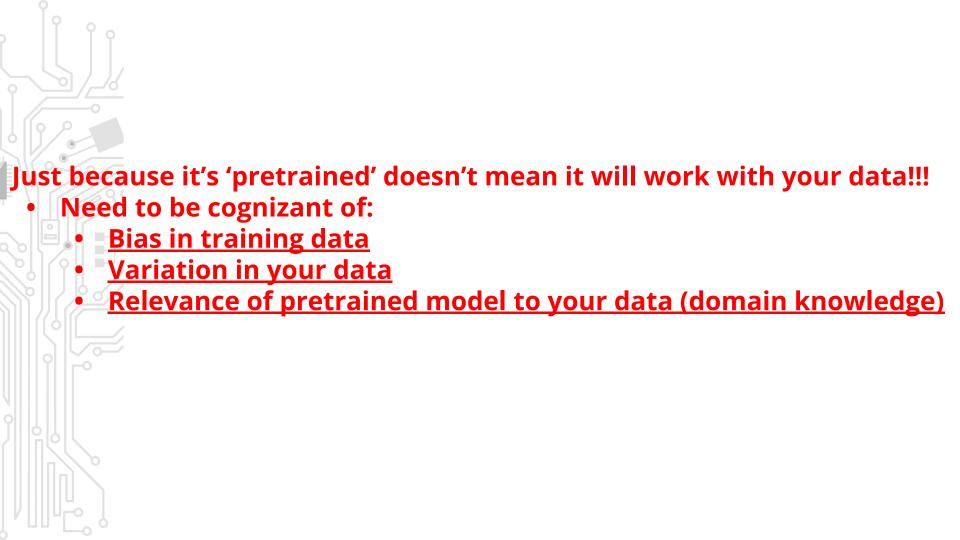
**Deep Learning!** 



# Do I have to do this whole process if I want to analyze some of my data using AI?

- NO! Not necessarily at least...
- Pretrained models are a very quick and easy way to get started with some of your data! Some of this is no code even...
- Can also finetune an existing model for your problem







#### **SOME USEFUL LIBRARIES**

- Data Science and Statistics
  - Pandas
  - SciPy
  - Numpy
  - Statsmodels
  - Matplotlib/Plotly/Seaborn
- Software Development
  - Tkinter/PyQT (user interfaces)
  - Django/Flask (application backends)
- Biological Computation
  - BioPython

- Machine Learning
  - OpenCV (also computer vision)
  - Scikit-learn
  - Tensorflow
  - Keras
  - PyTorch
- Miscellaneous
  - OS
  - Sys
  - re
  - datetime

Whatever you want to do, there's probably a library to help you do it!