



# VAYU

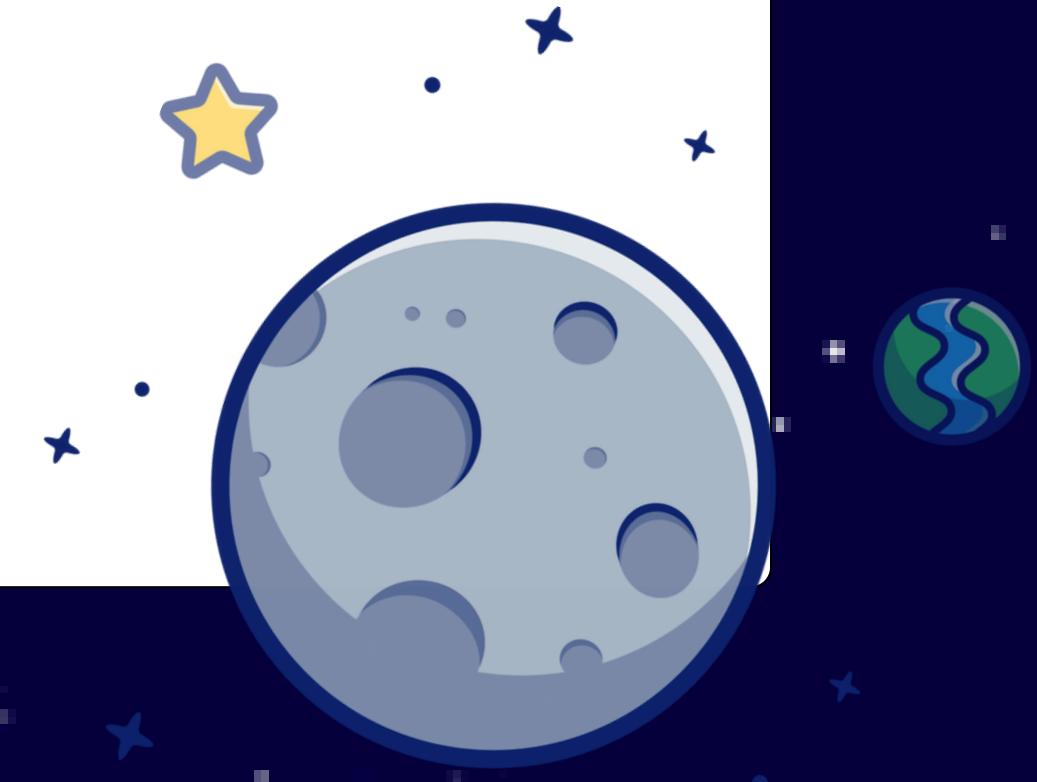
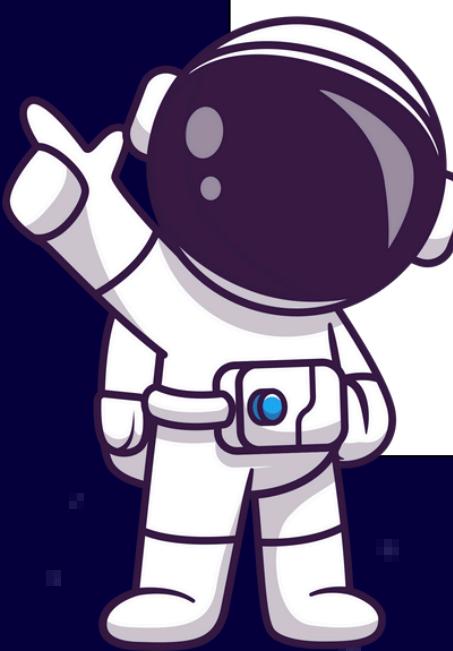
**Personalized Weather Comfort Prediction Using NASA Satellite Data**

**Problem Statement:** Traditional weather apps provide raw meteorological data but fail to translate it into personalized comfort insights that help people make informed daily decisions.

**Track:** AI/ML

**Team Name:** CosmoCatalysts

**Team Members:** Mayank Garg, Varuchi Maurya





# VAYU: NASA-Powered Personal Comfort Intelligence



Converts NASA satellite weather data into personalized comfort scores (0-100%) tailored to your preferences.

## How It Works

NASA Satellites → Your Preferences → Smart Algorithm → ML Learning → Comfort Score

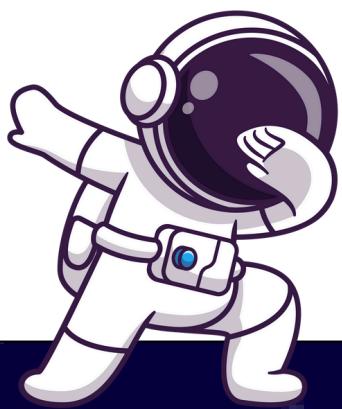
## Key Innovation

- First app using NASA POWER for personal comfort
- Adaptive ML learns individual patterns
- 7 weather parameters analyzed
- Space technology meets daily decisions

## Impact

Before: "25°C, 70% humidity" - Traditional way only infos

With VAYU: "68% comfortable for you" - ML based predictions about how comfortable the weather is for you, totally personalized for you.





# Technical Approach



## Technologies Used

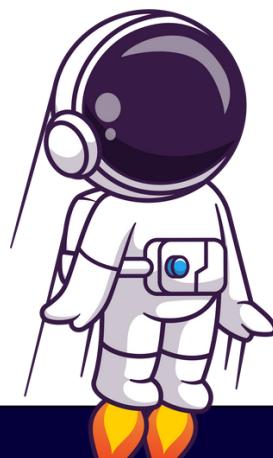
- Backend: Python 3.12, Flask
- Data Source: NASA POWER API (primary)
- Machine Learning: scikit-learn, NumPy
- Database: SQLAlchemy + SQLite
- Frontend: HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript

## Implementation Flow

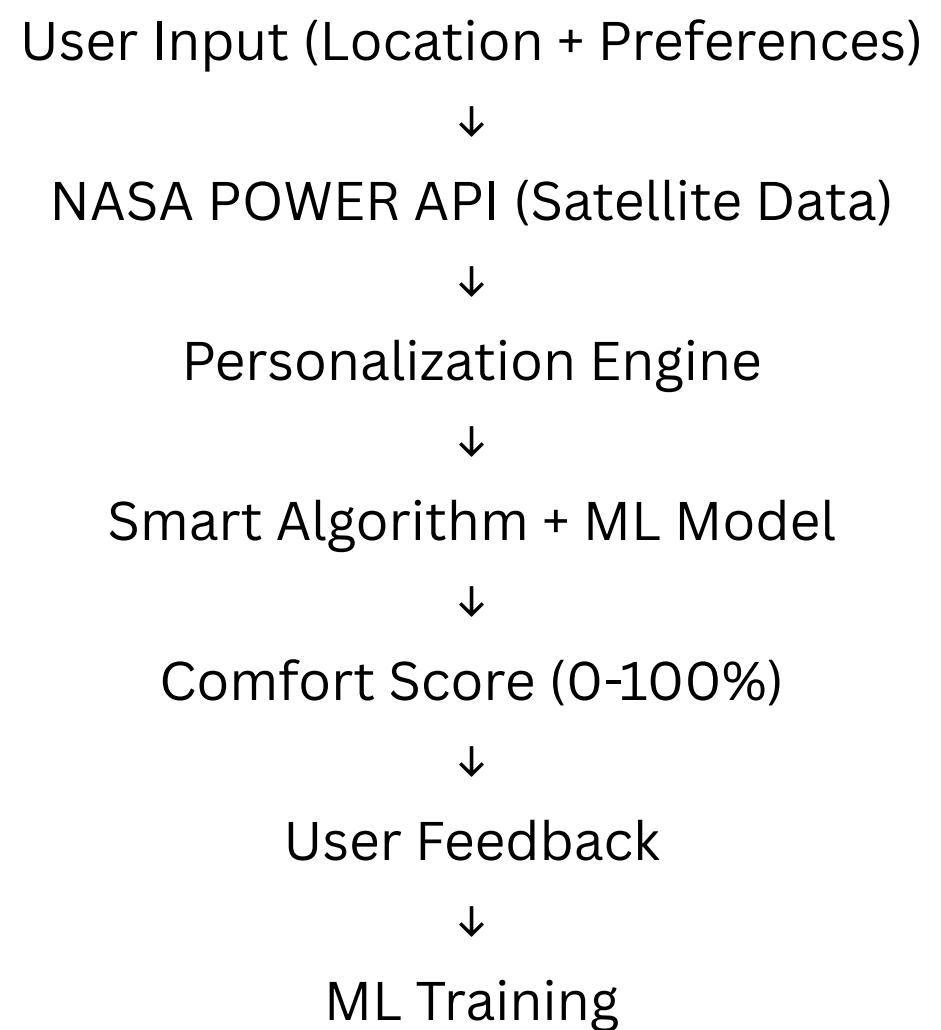
- Step 1: User sets preferences (temp range, humidity tolerance)
- Step 2: NASA POWER fetches satellite data (7 parameters)
- Step 3: Algorithm calculates comfort using formulas
- Step 4: ML model adjusts based on user history
- Step 5: Display comfort score + recommendations
- Step 6: Collect feedback → Retrain model

## Key Methodologies

- Exponential decay for temperature comfort
- Weighted scoring for multi-parameter analysis
- Online learning for continuous ML improvement
- Hybrid approach blending formula + ML (70:30)



## System Architecture





# Feasibility & Viability



## Feasibility Analysis

### Technical Feasibility -

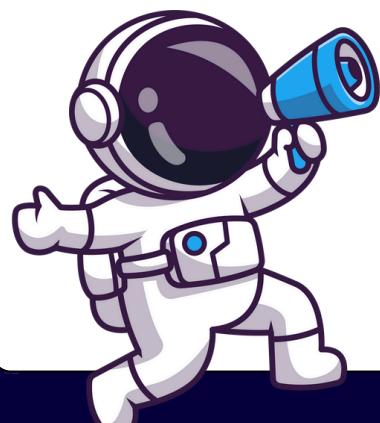
- NASA POWER API is free and publicly accessible
- Proven ML libraries (scikit-learn) for adaptive learning
- Standard web technologies (Flask, SQLite) are well-documented
- Successfully deployed prototype demonstrates viability

### Data Feasibility -

- NASA provides 24/7 satellite data with global coverage
- Fallback APIs ensure 99.9% uptime
- No data licensing or cost barriers

### User Feasibility -

- Simple onboarding (2 minutes)
- Works on any device with internet
- No technical expertise required



## Potential Challenges & Risks

### Challenge 1: NASA POWER has ~7 day data delay

Solution: Hybrid system with Open-Meteo fallback for real-time data

### Challenge 2: ML accuracy initially low for new users

Solution: Strong formula-based baseline + gradual ML improvement

### Challenge 3: User retention and feedback collection

Solution: Gamification, simple / feedback, visible

### Challenge 4: Scaling to millions of users

Solution: Cloud deployment (Railway/Render), efficient caching, database optimization

## Mitigation Strategies

- Reliability: Fallback APIs + error handling
- Performance: Lightweight ML models, cached predictions
- Privacy: Session-based tracking, no personal data stored
- Scalability: Cloud-ready architecture from day one

Conclusion: VAYU is technically feasible, operationally viable, and ready for real-world deployment.



# Impact & Benefits



## Who Benefits

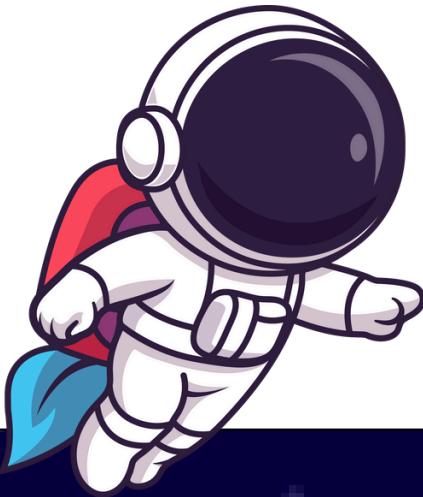
- Fitness Enthusiasts - Optimize workout timing
- Health-Conscious - Manage weather-sensitive conditions
- Travelers - Choose comfortable destinations
- Elderly - Avoid extreme conditions
- Everyone - Better daily decisions with NASA data

## Key Benefits

- Social: Democratizes space technology for all
- Economic: Improves productivity & reduces healthcare costs
- Environmental: Promotes smart energy use awareness

## Impact

- Makes NASA's satellite data useful for everyday life
- Bridges space technology and personal comfort
- Empowers individuals with environmental intelligence





# Research & References



## NASA Data Sources

- NASA POWER API (<https://power.larc.nasa.gov/>) - **Primary satellite-derived meteorological data source**
- NASA POWER Documentation (<https://power.larc.nasa.gov/docs/>) - **API parameters and implementation guide**

## Technical References

Open-Meteo Weather API (<https://open-meteo.com/>) - **Fallback data source for real-time precipitation**

scikit-learn ML Library (<https://scikit-learn.org/>) - **Machine learning implementation**

Flask Framework (<https://flask.palletsprojects.com/>) - **Web application framework**

## Project Repository

GitHub Link: <https://github.com/monkeyrocks785/vayu>

(Private repository - available upon request)

## Working Prototype

Live Demo: <https://vm-vayu.onrender.com>

Try VAYU with real NASA satellite data

