## Jeff Morton Data Structures and Algorithms 2 Project 4 Functional Decomposition

## User-defined data structures used as parameters in the functions:

```
typedef struct Item *ItemP;
typedef struct Item
{
       float size;
       ItemP next;
} Item;
typedef struct Bin
{
       float sizeUsed, sizeFree;
       int numltems;
       ItemP first;
}Bin, *BinP;
typedef struct ItemArray
{
       ItemP *items;
       int size;
}ItemArray, *ItemArrayP;
typedef struct BinArray
{
       BinP *bins;
       int binsTotal, binsUsed;
}BinArray, *BinArrayP;
typedef struct Node *NodeP;
typedef struct Node
{
       double priority;
       void *info;
} Node;
```

```
typedef struct Heap
      {
             int size:
             int maxSize;
             Node *array;
      } Heap;
Files and Functions in the Program:
/****************
* Student Name: Jeff Morton
* File Name: BinPacker.c
* Assignment Number: 4
* Date Due: April 5, 2016
* Created on: Mar 30, 2016
    Author: Jeff Morton
BinPacker.c (Use for BinPacker.h as well, same functions)
      /**
       * adds the item passed to the last item in the linkedlist
       * @param {ItemP} list - the item containing the linkedList
       * @param {ItemP} item - the item to add
      void addItemToList( ItemP list, ItemP item );
      /**
       * prints the linkedList of items passed (the bin)
       * @param {ItemP} item - the linkedList to print
      void printBin( ItemP item );
       * Clones the itemArray passed and sets all next pointers to NULL
       * @param {ItemArrayP} srcItems - the array of items to clone
       * @param {ItemArrayP} newItems - the new array of cloned items
       * @return ItemArrayP - the new array of items
      ItemArrayP cloneItemArray( ItemArrayP srcItems, ItemArrayP newItems );
      /**
```

```
* Resets the array of bins so that they can be repacked.
* @param {BinArrayP} bins - the array of bins to reset
void resetBins( BinArrayP bins );
/**
* randomly permutes the ItemArray passed
* @param {ItemArrayP} items - the itemarray to permute
*/
void permuteltems( ItemArrayP items );
/**
* Allocates memory for a new bin and initializes it
* @return BinP the newly created bin
*/
BinP newBin();
* allocates and initializes a new item
* @param {float} size - the size of the item
* @return ItemP the item created
ItemP newItem( float size );
* reads items in from items.txt, creates items for them, stores them in an array, then
returns that array
* @return ItemArrayP the array of items
*/
ltemArrayP readItems();
* creates an array of size number of bins
* @param {int} size - the number of bins to create
* @return BinArrayP the array of bins
BinArrayP getBins( int size );
* First fit method of packing the bins
* @param {BinArrayP} binArray - the array of bins to be packed
* @param {ItemArrayP} itemArray - the array of items to be packed
*/
```

```
void firstFit( BinArrayP binArray, ItemArrayP itemArray );
* Next fit method of packing the bins
* @param {BinArrayP} binArray - the array of bins to be packed
* @param {ItemArrayP} itemArray - the array of items to be packed
void nextFit( BinArrayP binArray, ItemArrayP itemArray );
* Best fit method of packing the bins
* @param {BinArrayP} binArray - the array of bins to be packed
* @param {ItemArrayP} itemArray - the array of items to be packed
void bestFit( BinArrayP binArray, ItemArrayP itemArray );
* sorts items in the ItemArray passed in descending order
* @param {ItemArrayP} itemArray - the array of items to sort
*/
void sortItems( ItemArrayP itemArray );
/**
* prints the item array passed
* @param {ItemArrayP} itemArray - the item array to print
void printArray( ItemArrayP itemArray );
/**
* prints the bin array passed
* @param {BinArrayP} binArray - the item array to print
void printBins( BinArrayP binArray );
* executes a search based genetic algorithm that calculates 50 permutations of the item
array passed
* keeps the best permutation (determined by the number of bins resulting from best fit
algorithm)
* returns the best bin packing achieved
* @param {ItemArrayP} items - the array of items to pack
* @return BinArrayP - the best packed array of bins after 50 permutations
*/
```

```
BinArrayP searchBasedPacking( ItemArrayP items );
      /**
       * Sets the next pointer of every item in the array to null
       * @param {ItemArrayP} items - the array of items to reset
       */
      void resetItems( ItemArrayP items );
/*********************
* Student Name: Jeff Morton
* File Name: DynamicHeap.c
* Assignment Number: 4
* Date Due: April 5, 2016
* Created on: Feb 14, 2016
    Author: Jeff Morton (jhm14@students.uwf.edu)
DynamicHeap.c (Use for DynamicHeap.h as well, same functions)
      /**
       * newHeap
       * malloc's a new Heap struct and returns a StructP pointer to it.
       * Remember, this pointer must be type-casted by the program utilizing the ADT
       * @param {int} size - the size of the heap to create
       * @return HeapP pointer to the new Heap
       */
      HeapP newHeap( int size );
      /**
       * Inserts a new element into the heap with the priority given
      void heapInsert(HeapP heap, double priority, void *info);
      /**
       * Extracts an element from the heap with the lowest priority.
       * returns the element as a void pointer
       */
      void * heapExtract(HeapP heap);
      /**
       * returns an element from the heap with the lowest priority.
      void * findMin(HeapP heap);
```

```
/**
      * returns true if the heap is full, otherwise false.
      int isFull(HeapP heap);
      * returns true if empty, otherwise false
      int isEmpty(HeapP heap);
      /**
      * returns the size of the heap
      int getSize(HeapP heap);
      * returns the max size of the heap
      int getMaxSize(HeapP heap);
      /**
      * prints the entire heap
      void printHeap(HeapP heap);
/*****************
* Student Name: Jeff Morton
* File Name: Main.c
* Assignment Number: 4
* Date Due: April 5, 2016
* Created on: Mar 29, 2016
    Author: Jeff Morton
Main.c
      * the main function
      int main(int argc, char *argv[]);
```