



# Superpermutations

1)



2)



“



”

“



”

“



”

Sup.

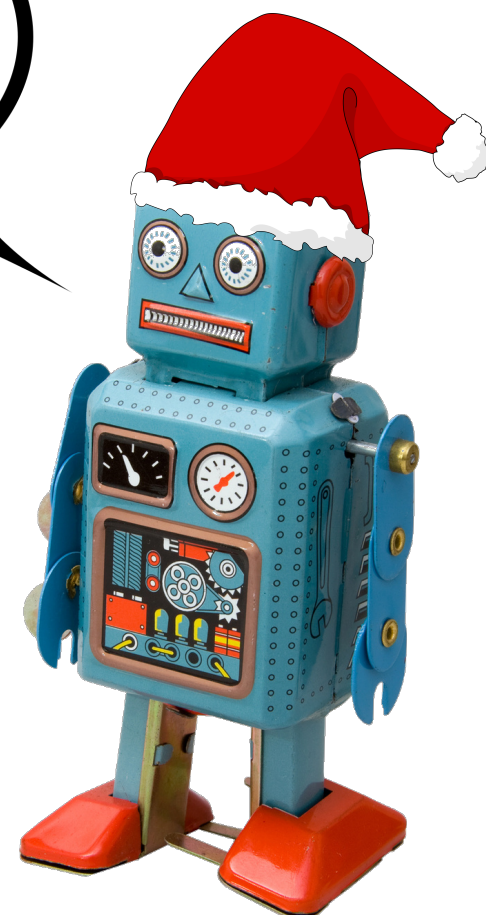


“



”

Can I  
play?

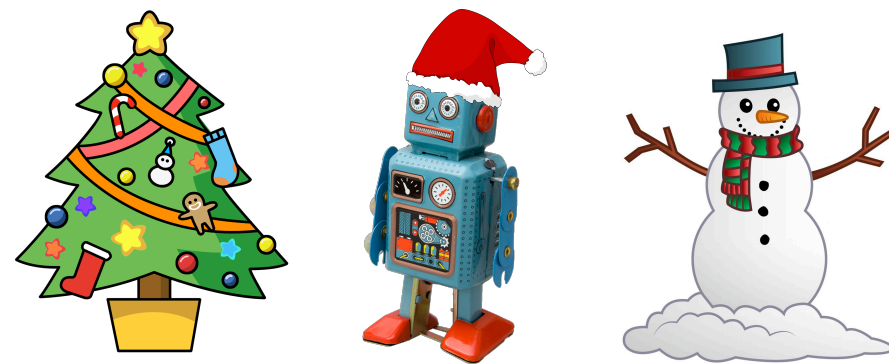




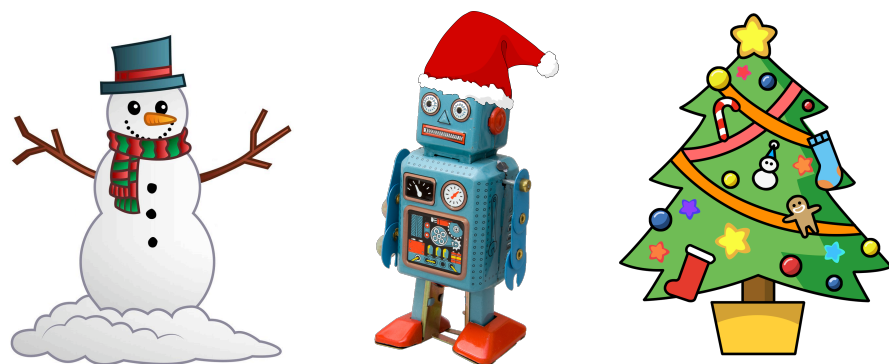
1)



2)



3)



4)



5)



6)



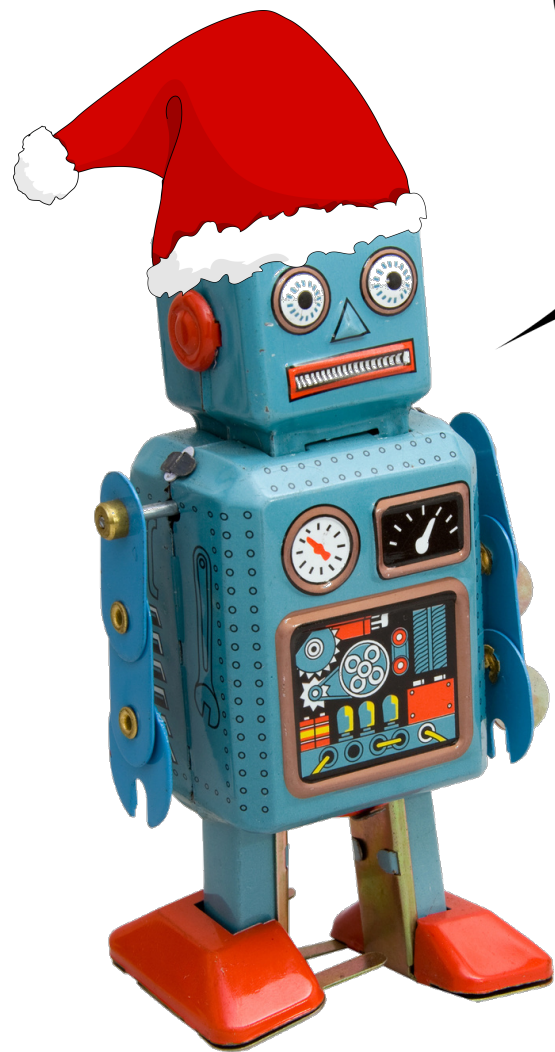


(9 symbols)



Squaaaawk...  
Can I play?





No, 'cause  
tuzz will  
get RSI

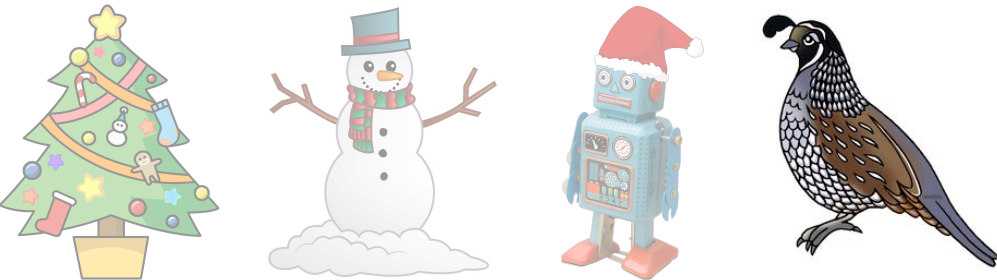


Number of Symbols

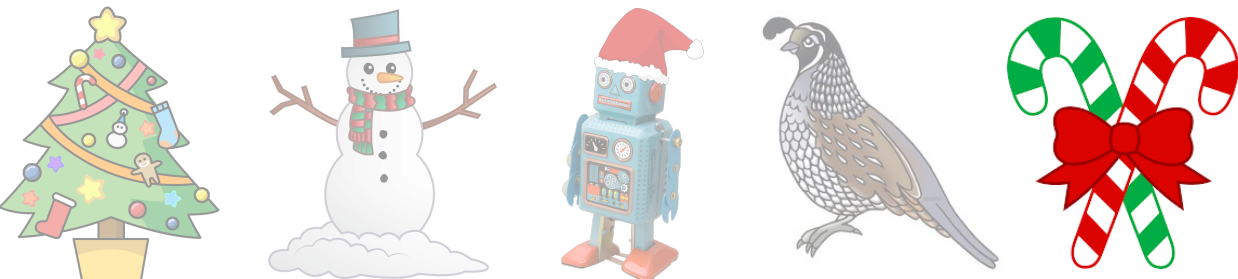
Length of Shortest



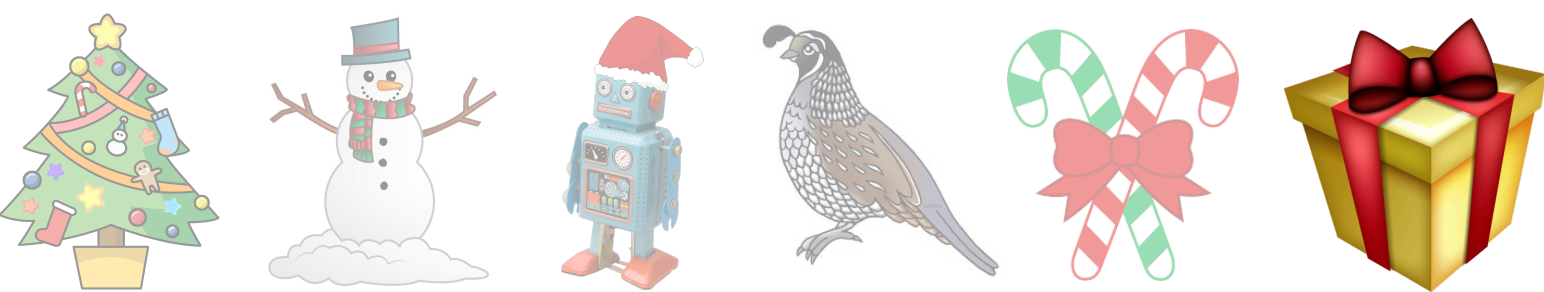
9



33



153



???

## The Shortest Known (N=6)

12345612345162345126345123645132645136245136425136452136451234651234156234152634  
15236415234615234165234125634125364125346125341625341265341235641235461235416235  
41263541236541326543126453162435162431562431652431625431624531642531462531426531  
42563142536142531645231465231456231452631452361452316453216453126435126431526431  
25643215642315462315426315423615423165423156421356421536241536214536215436215346  
21354621345621346521346251346215364215634216534216354216345216342516342156432516  
43256143256413256431265432165432615342613542613452613425613426513426153246513246  
53124635124631524631254632154632514632541632546132546312456321456324156324516324  
56132456312465321465324165324615326415326145326154326514362514365214356214352614  
35216435214635214365124361524361254361245361243561243651423561423516423514623514  
263514236514326541362541365241356241352641352461352416352413654213654123

(872 symbols)

... but is it the shortest?

5 symbols was proven with ‘**branch** and **bound**’

```
(0..Infinity).each do |w|
```

```
  p = “What’s the maximum number of  
permutations that can fit into a  
string that ‘wastes’ w symbols?”
```

```
  break if p == 5!
```

```
  prune_search_space(w, p)
```

```
end
```

**This takes ~2 minutes**

**But it won't scale to 6 symbols**

**This universe would die first**

**Can we do better?**

**Some clever people found a reduction to the Travelling Salesman Problem**

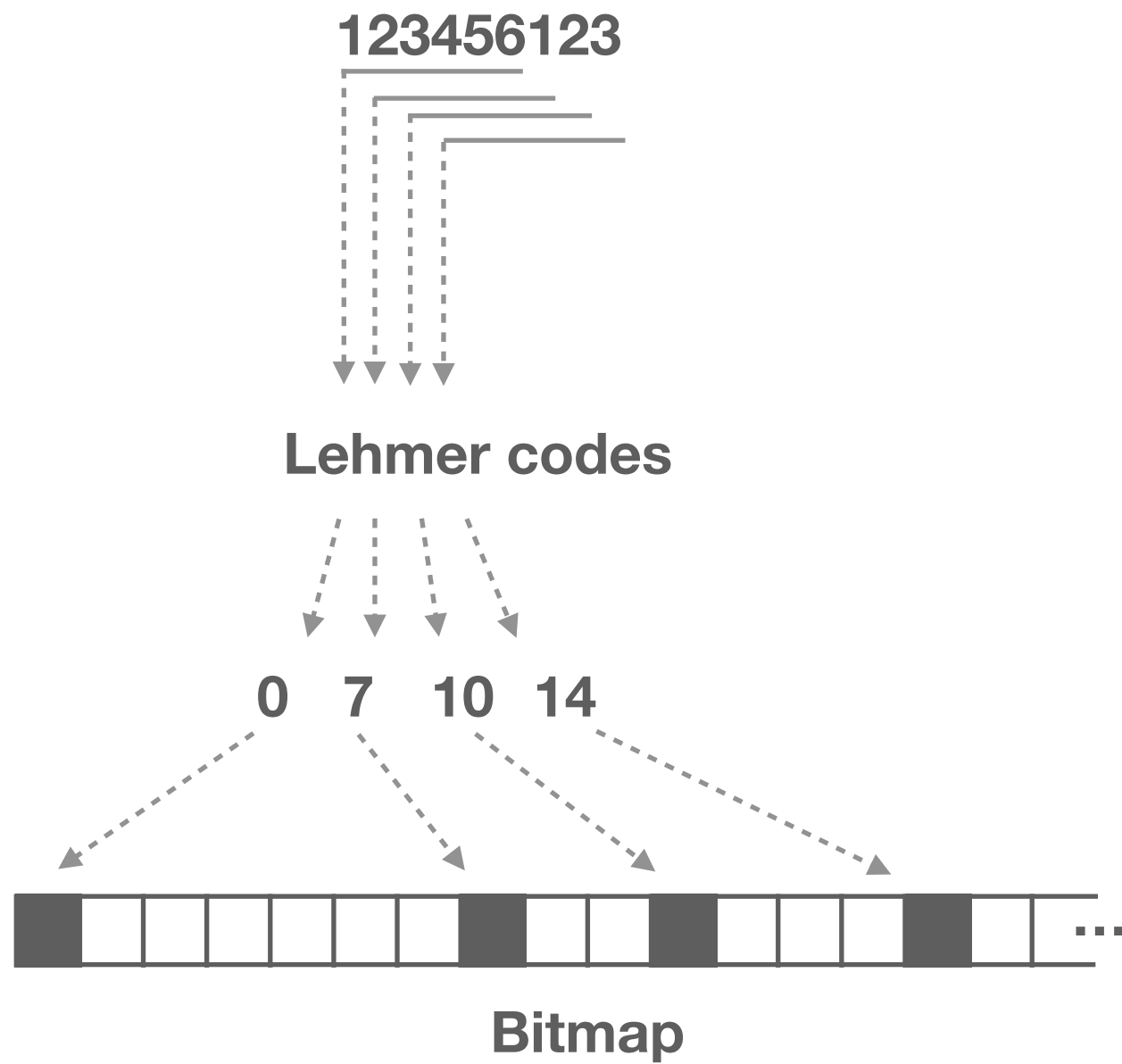
*Every permutation is a 'city' to visit*

**I managed to reduce it to the Boolean Satisfiability Problem, but that doesn't seem too promising**

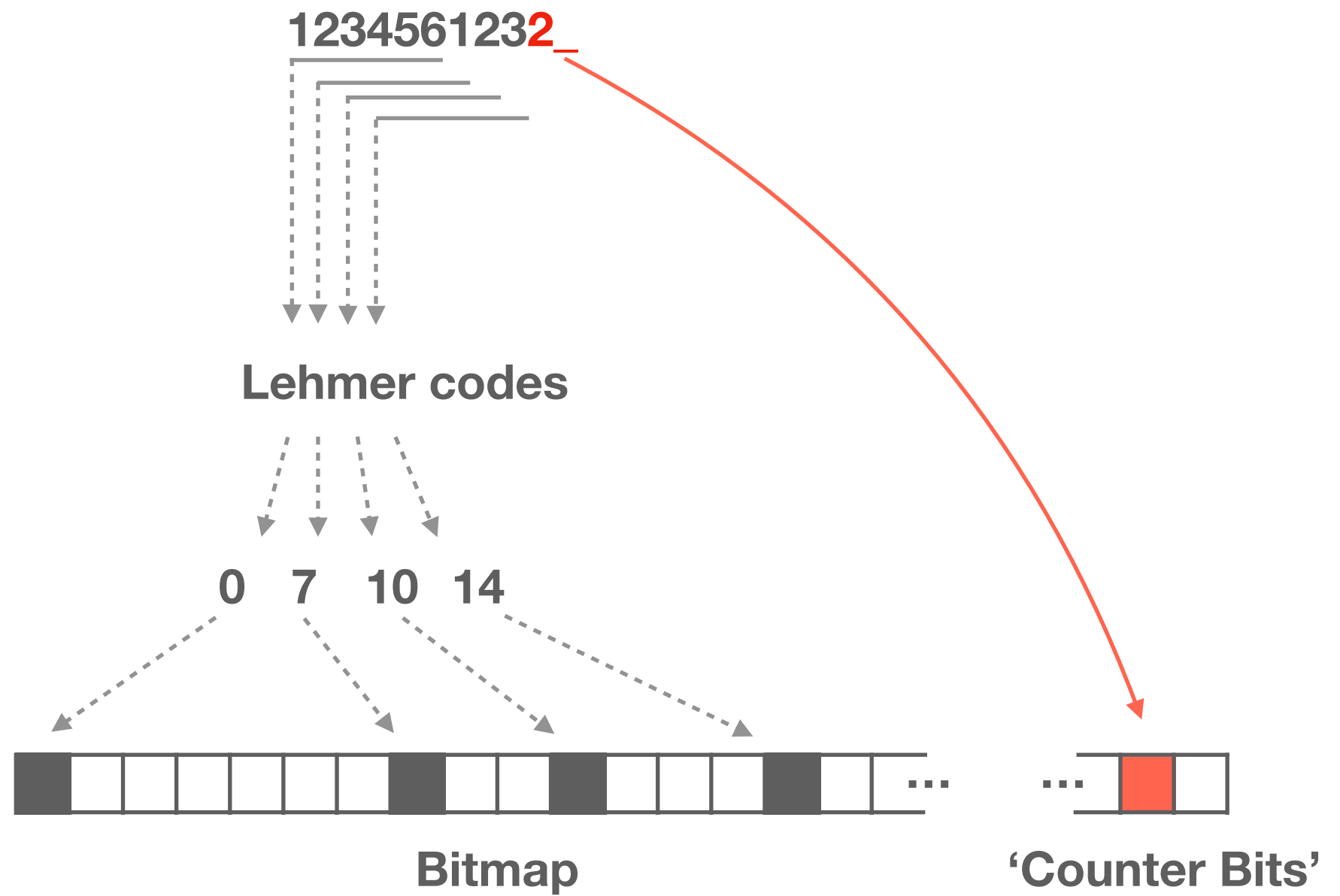
**... but I've also found a reduction to the Shortest Path Problem, that seems *more* promising**



# The reduction:



# The reduction:



# 'Symmetry breaking'

123456123



213465213



321456321



...

412345412

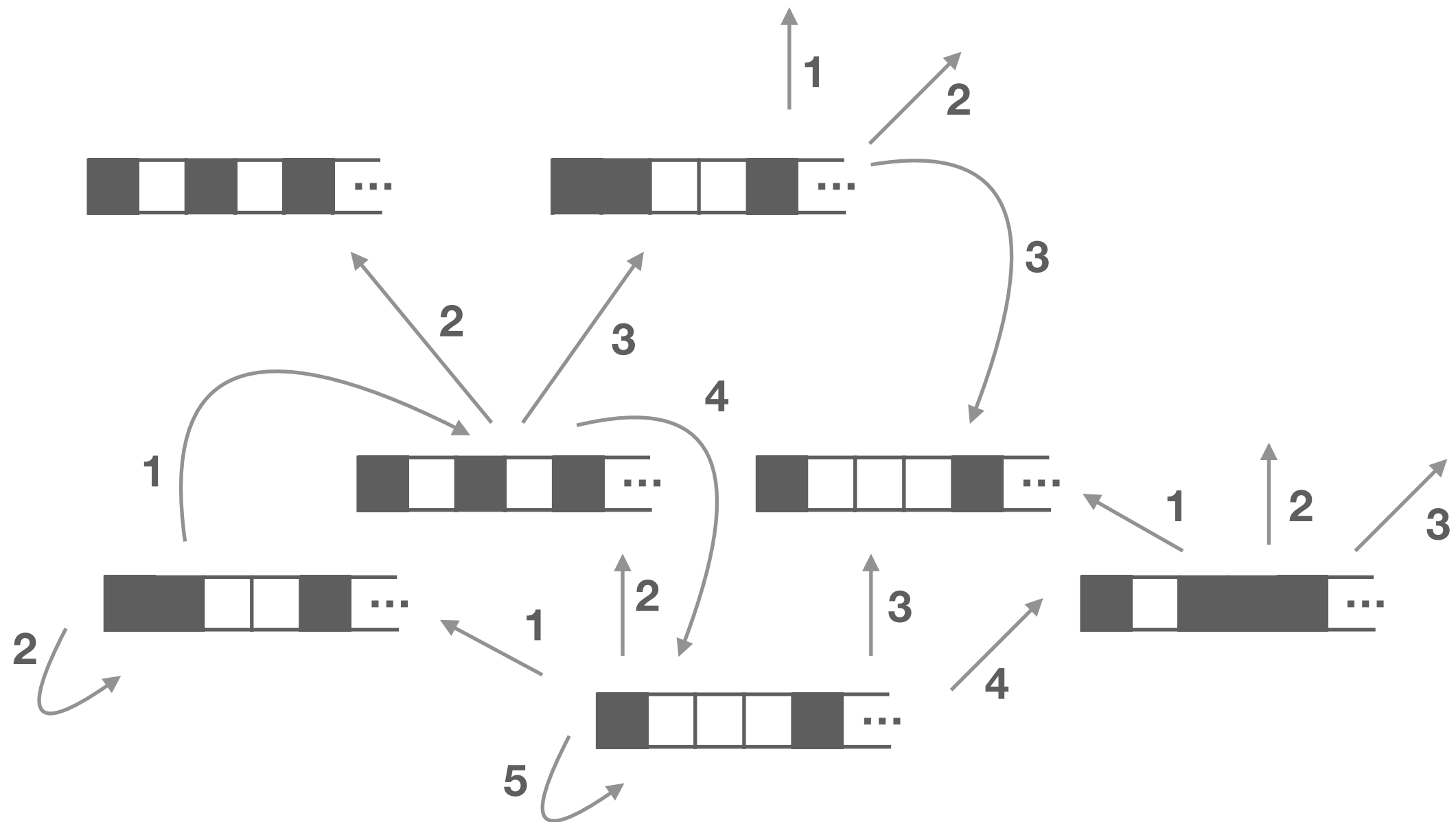


...

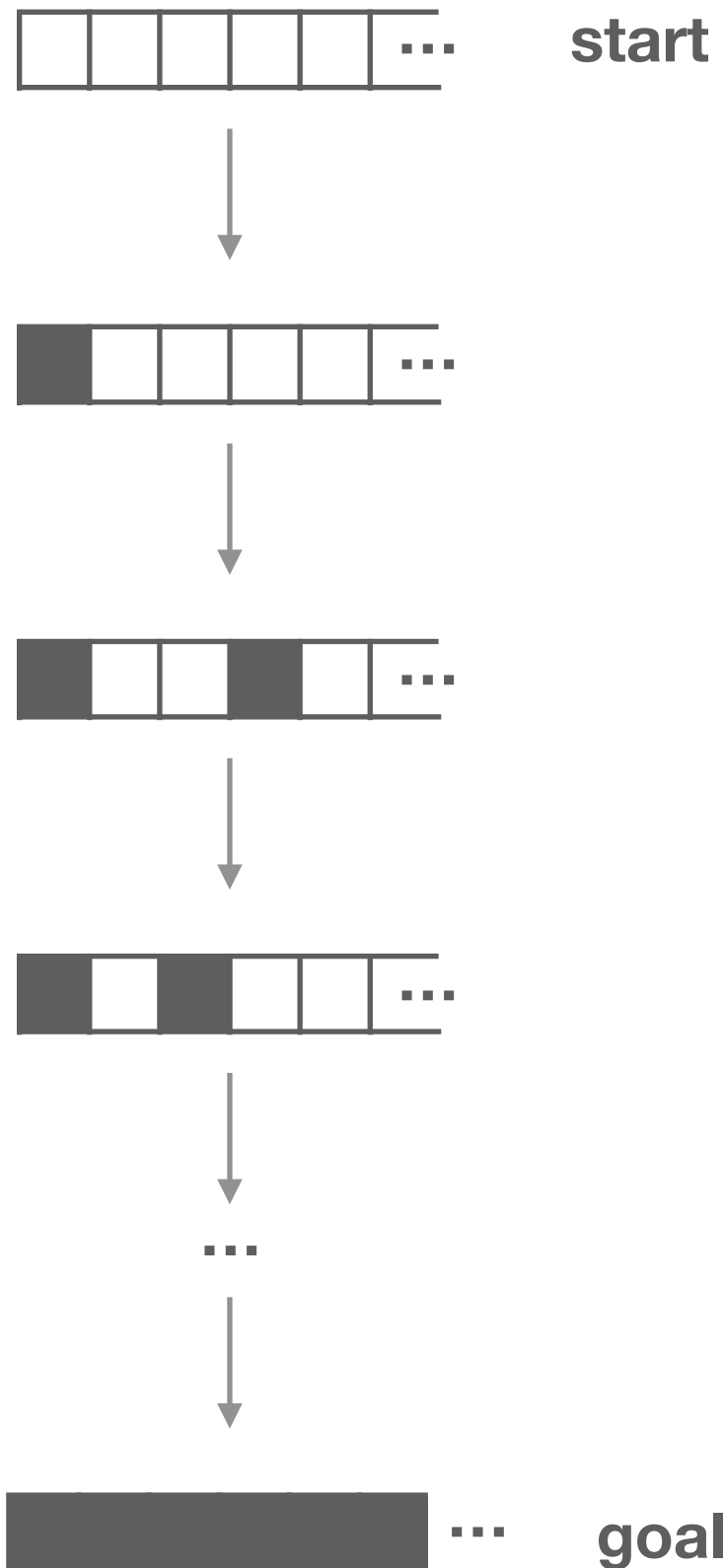
....

(N! possible relabelings)

# Directed cyclic graph:



# Shortest path:



# Shortest path algorithms:

**A\***

**Breadth-First**

**Frontier Search**

**Dijkstras**

**Depth-First**

**Adaptive A\***

**Branch and Bound**

**Best-First**

**D\* Lite**

**Jump Point**

**IDA\***

# Shortest path algorithms:

A\*

Breadth-First

Frontier Search

Dijkstras

Depth-First

**Adaptive A\***

Branch and Bound

**Best-First**

D\* Lite

Jump Point

IDA\*



# Adaptive A\*:

## **‘Incremental Heuristic Search’ algorithm**

**“Repeatedly solves ‘subproblems’ to learn  
how to solve the overall problem more quickly!”**

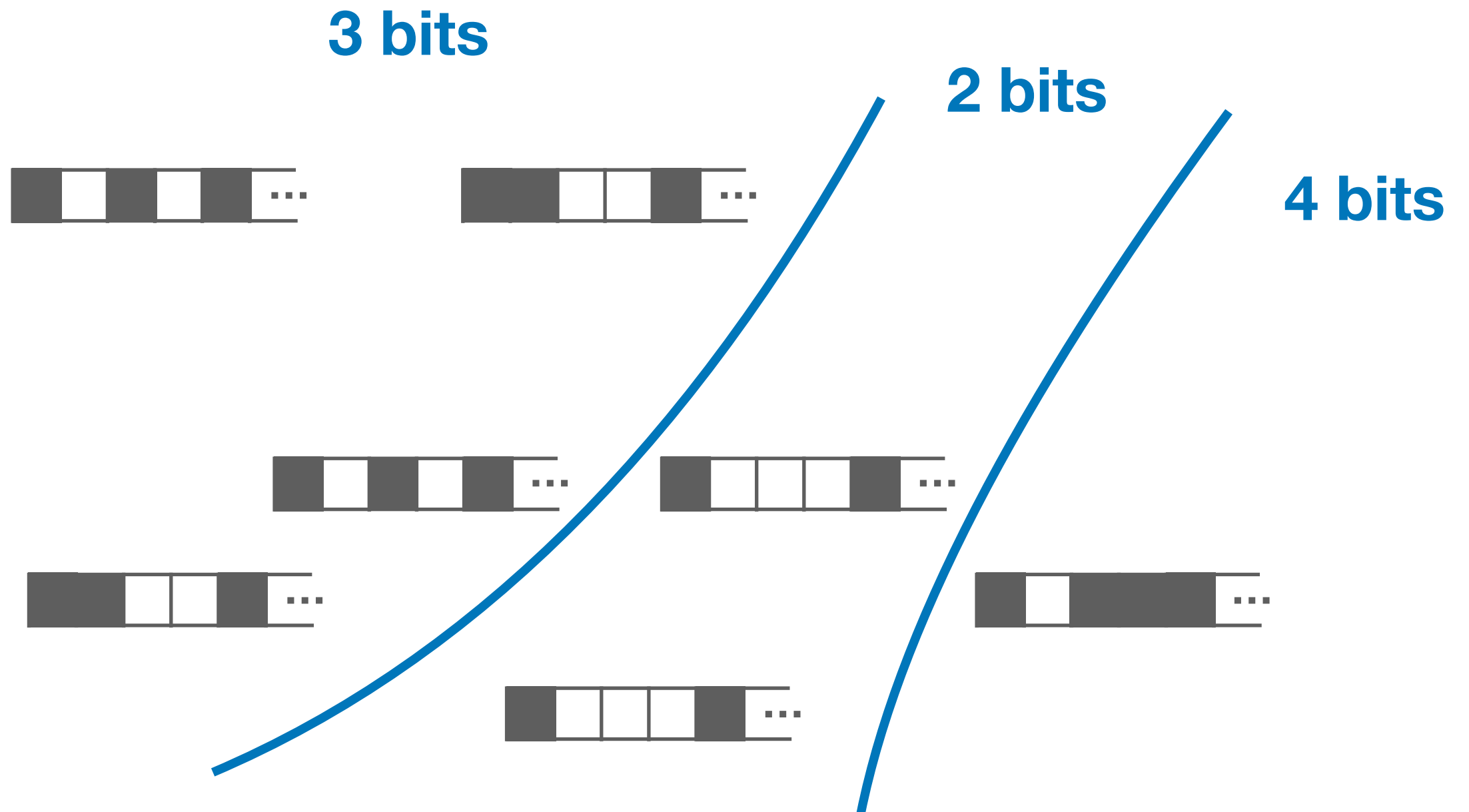
# What subproblems?

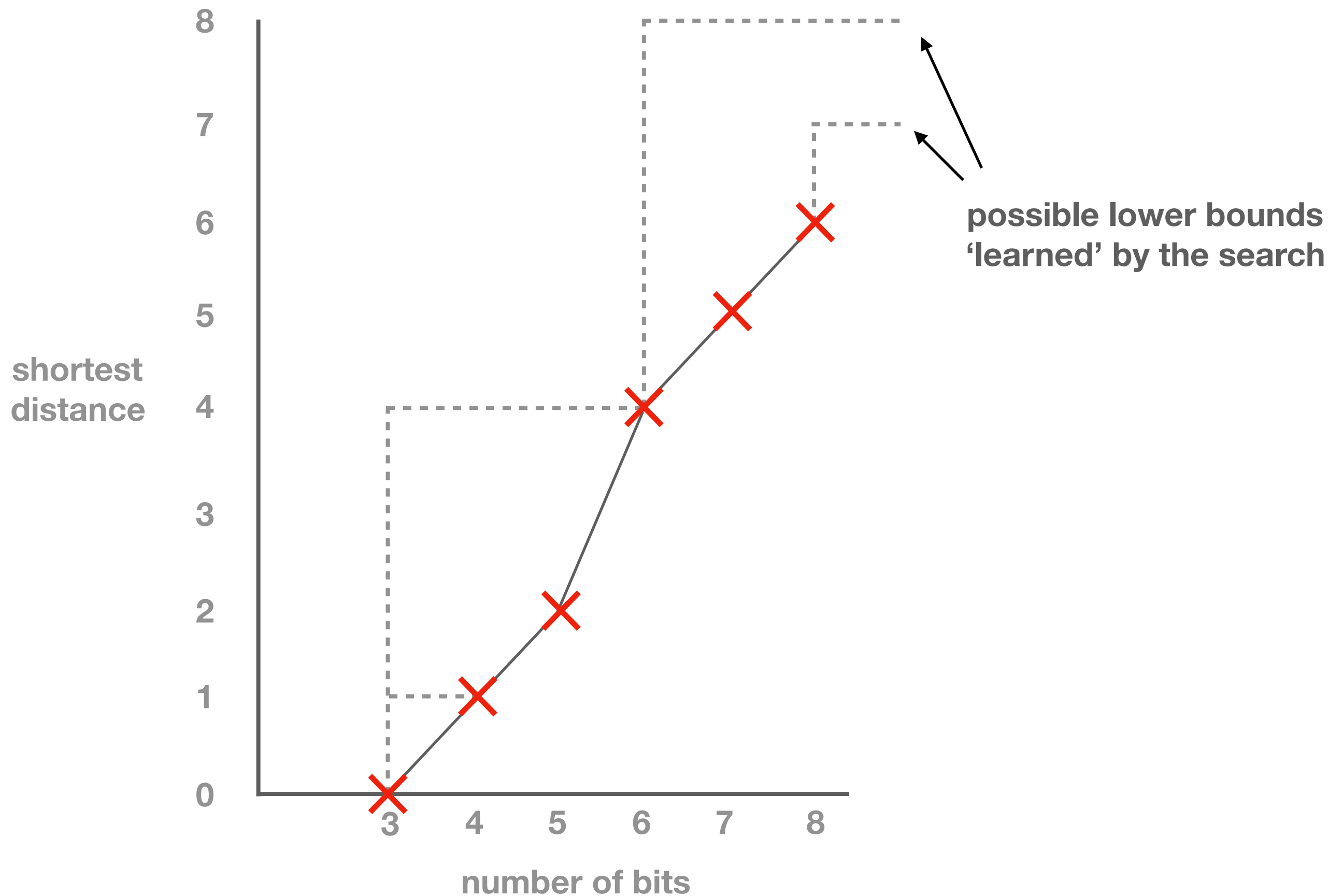
**“What’s the maximum number of permutations that can fit into a string that ‘wastes’  $w$  symbols?”**



**“What’s the shortest path that adds  $n$  bits to the bitmap?”**

# ‘Abstract State Space’





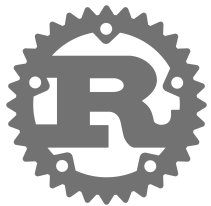
**Aaaaaanyway...**

# I've been building some things...



[https://github.com/tuzz/bucket\\_queue](https://github.com/tuzz/bucket_queue)

An efficient data structure that can be used as a priority queue



<https://github.com/tuzz/leaps-and-bounds>

My first attempt at solving this problem using Best-First search  
(undocumented)



<https://github.com/tuzz/supermutation>

My current attempt at solving this problem using Adaptive A\* search  
(undocumented, unfinished)

**I've no idea if it'll work!**  
(...probably not)



# Thanks!

