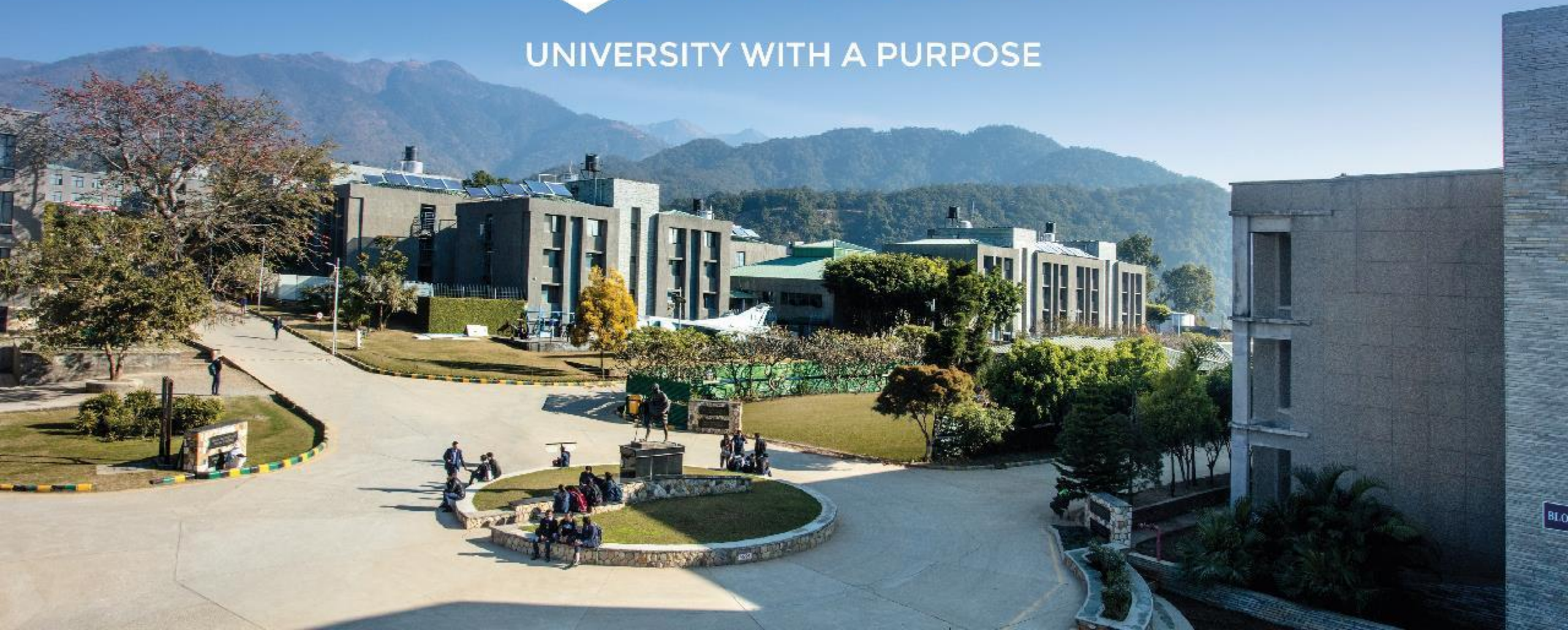
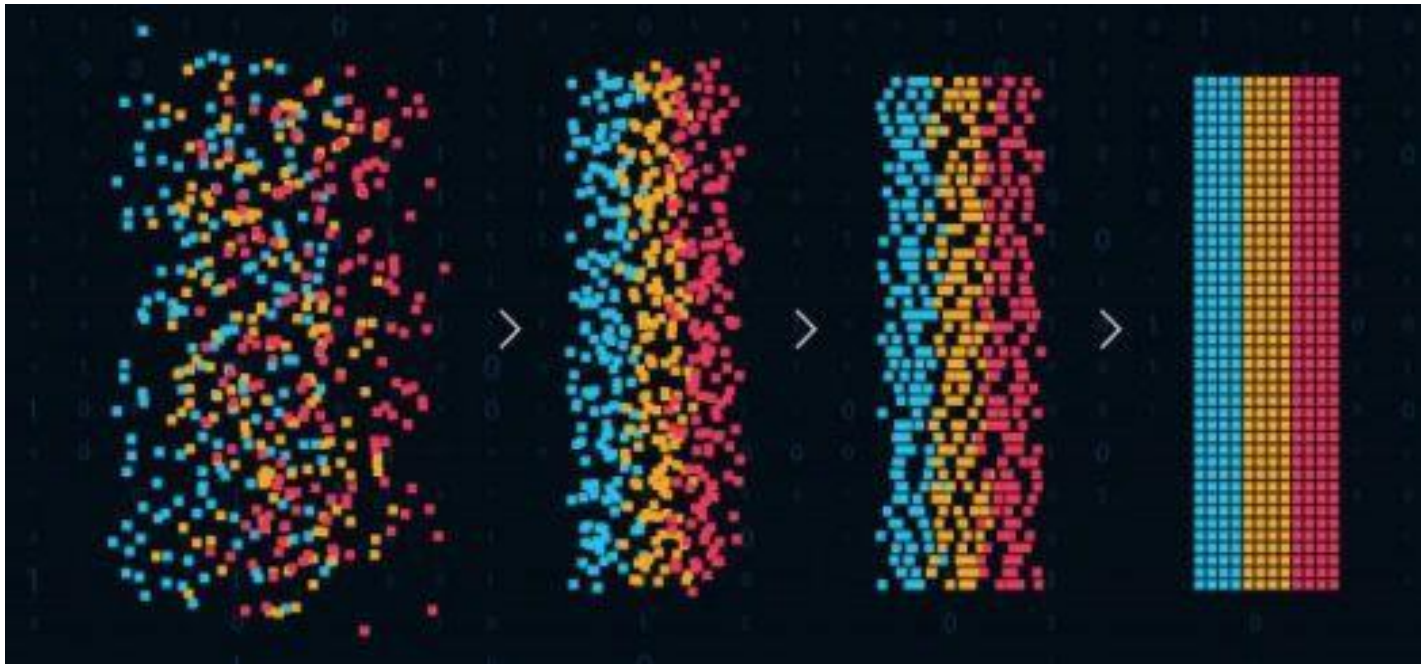




UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE



Pattern and Anomaly Detection



Source: Edureka

B. Tech., CSE + AI/ML

Dr Gopal Singh Phartiyal

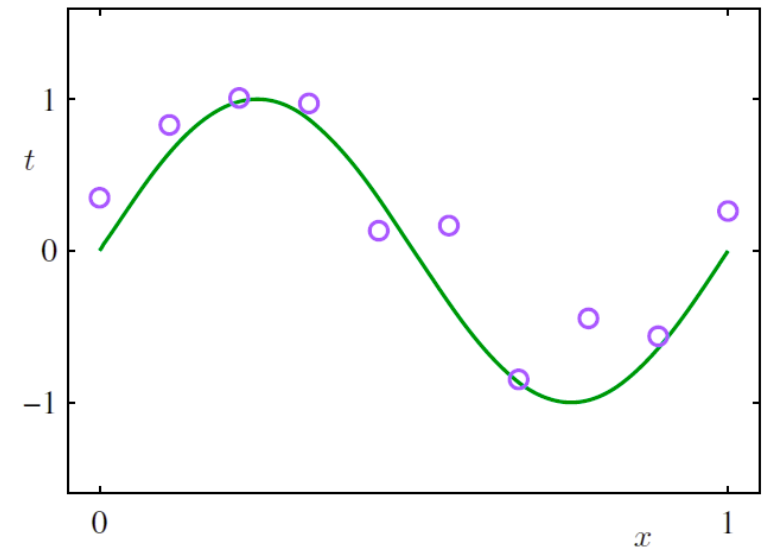
9/08/2021

Context: Regression

- Observe a real-valued variable (input) (x)
- Using this observation to predict the value of a real-valued target variable (t)
- Create some data using function $\sin(2\pi x)$
- Add random noise to target variable
- We have N observations

$$\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N)^T$$

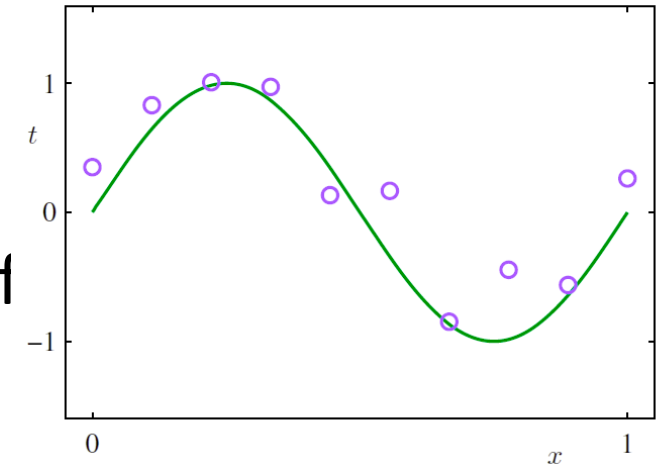
$$\mathbf{t} = (t_1, t_2, \dots, t_N)^T$$



Let say $N = 10$, x varies from 0 to 10, t is computed using $\sin(2\pi x)$ and then adding Gaussian noise.

Context: Regression

- **Goal:** Use training data to make better predictions of for some new x .
- Implicitly trying to discover the underlying function.
- **Problem:** Generalize from finite data, corrupted with noise (nature unknown).
- Solution approach: Curve fitting



$$y(x, \mathbf{w}) = w_0 + w_1x + w_2x^2 + \dots + w_Mx^M = \sum_{j=0}^M w_jx^j$$

- Function is non-linear in x but linear in \mathbf{w} . Therefore such functions are called **linear models**.

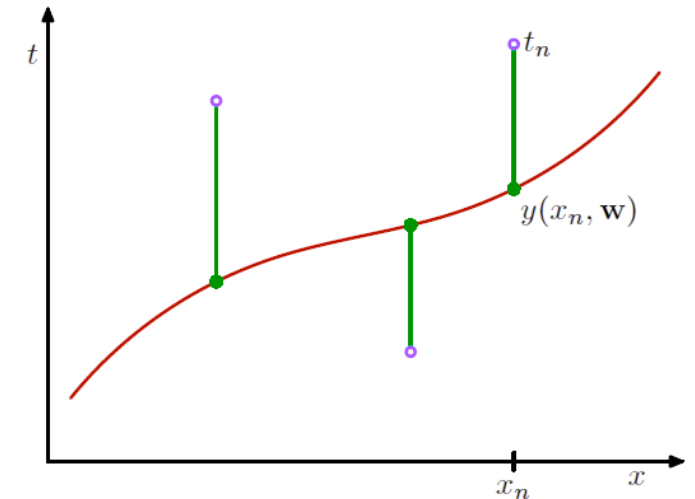
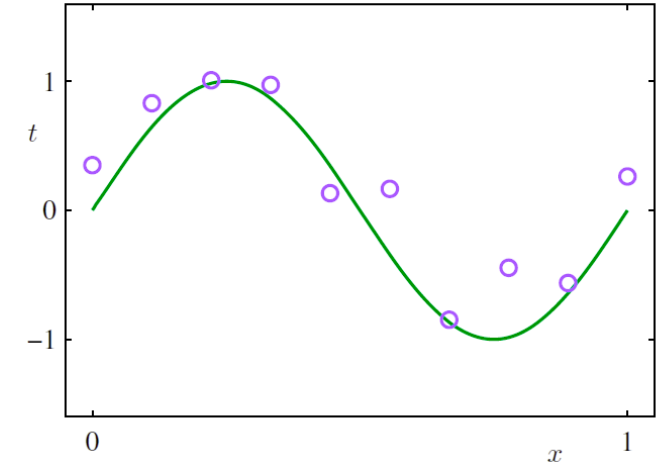
Context: Regression

- Error function

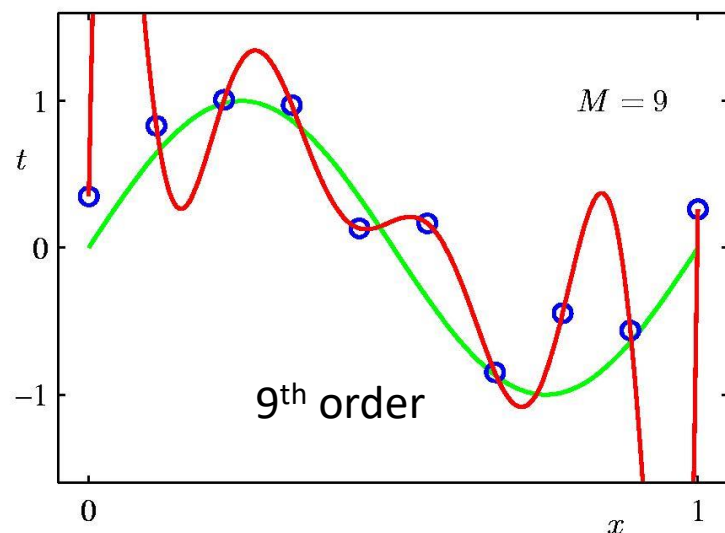
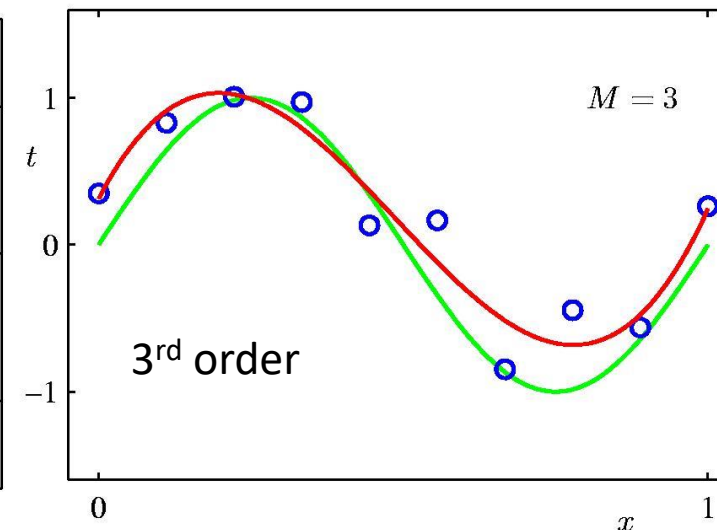
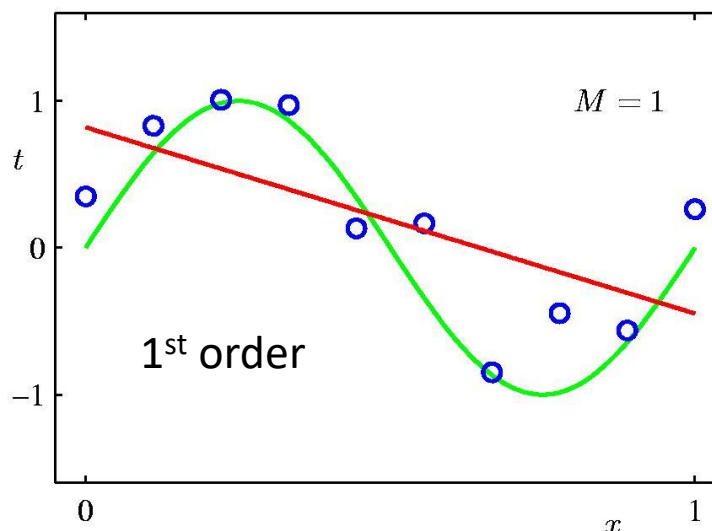
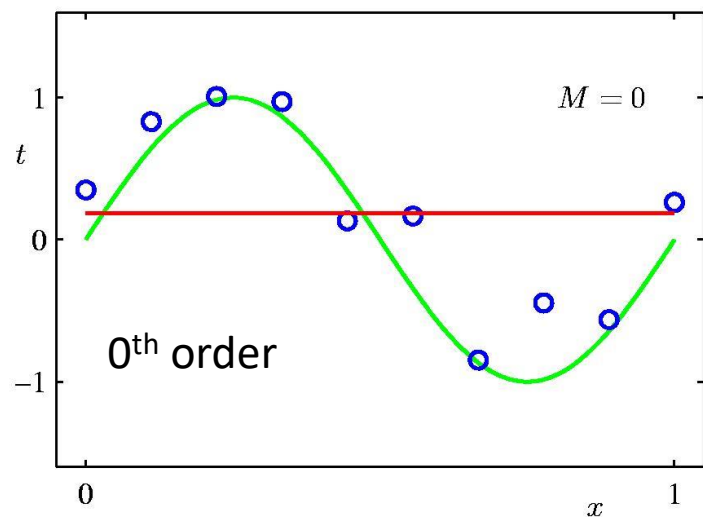
$$E(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, \mathbf{w}) - t_n\}^2$$

- Change \mathbf{w} so as to minimize $E(\mathbf{w})$.

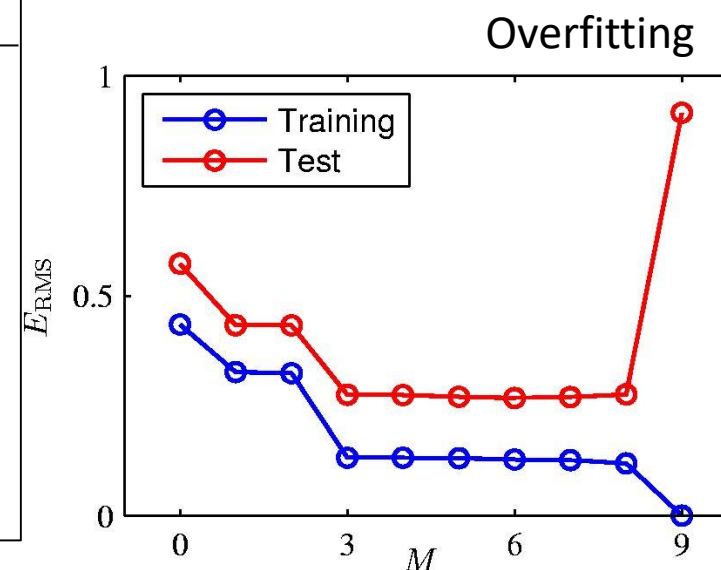
- Change M to change model.



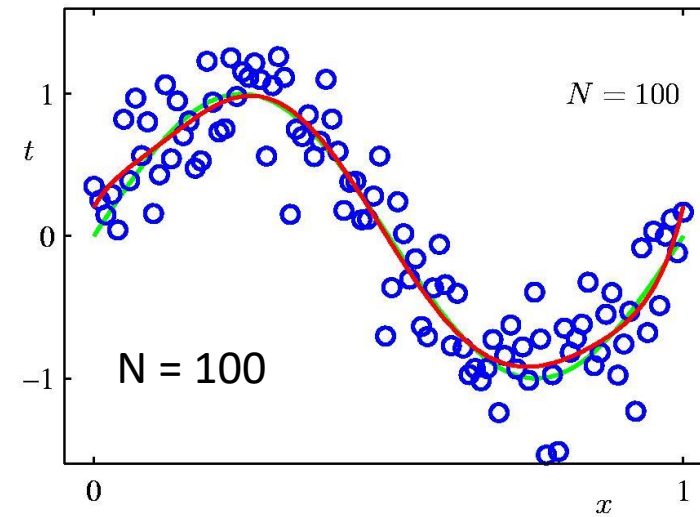
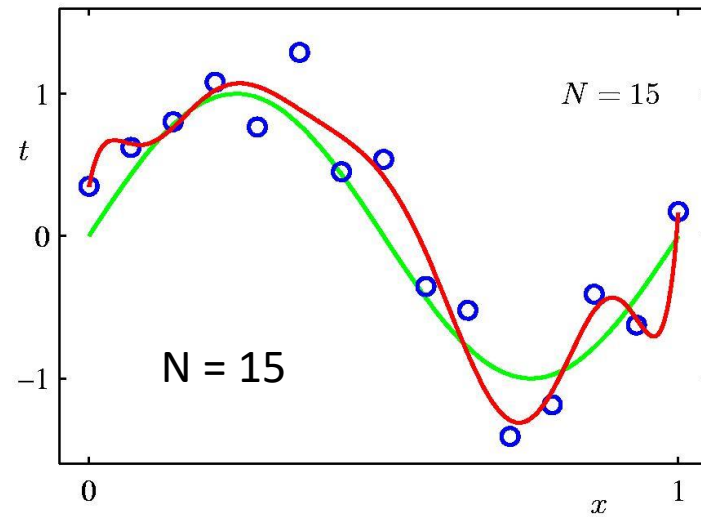
Different models and weight parameters



	$M = 0$	$M = 1$	$M = 3$	$M = 9$
w_0^*	0.19	0.82	0.31	0.35
w_1^*		-1.27	7.99	232.37
w_2^*			-25.43	-5321.83
w_3^*			17.37	48568.31
w_4^*				-231639.30
w_5^*				640042.26
w_6^*				-1061800.52
w_7^*				1042400.18
w_8^*				-557682.99
w_9^*				125201.43



Impact of data samples



Thank You

