

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

Is this schedule:

- conflict serializable?

Is this schedule:

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

- conflict serializable?

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

## Identify the Conflicting Actions!

- Actions in different transactions conflict if:
  - 1) they involve the same data item
  - and* 2) at least one of them is a write

Is this schedule:

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

- conflict serializable?

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

### Identify the Conflicting Actions!

- Actions in different transactions conflict if:  
1) they involve the same data item  
*and* 2) at least one of them is a write

$w_1(Y)$ ,  $w_2(Y)$  - T1 must come before T2

Is this schedule:

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

- conflict serializable?

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

$w_1(Y), w_2(Y)$  - T1 must come before T2

-> Yes, it is Conflict Serializable

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

Is this schedule:

- conflict serializable?
- serializable?

yes. if it's conflict serializable, it's serializable

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

Is this schedule:

- conflict serializable?
- serializable?
- recoverable?

Are there dirty reads?

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

Is this schedule:

- conflict serializable?
- serializable?
- recoverable?

Are there dirty reads?

**no dirty reads means recoverable**

1. Consider this schedule of two transactions:

T1	T2
r(X)	
	r(X)
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
commit	
	commit

Is this schedule:

- conflict serializable?
- serializable?
- recoverable?
- cascadeless?

Are there dirty reads?

**no dirty reads also means cascadeless**



T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

- conflict serializable?

Conflicting Pairs:

T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

- conflict serializable?

Conflicting Pairs:  
 $w_2(x), r_1(x), T_2 \rightarrow T_1$

T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

▪ conflict serializable?

Conflicting Pairs:

$w_2(x), r_1(x), T_2 \rightarrow T_1$

$w_1(Y), w_2(Y), T_1 \rightarrow T_2$

Constraints contradict  $\rightarrow$  Not conflict serializable

T1	T2
----	----

r(Y)

r(Y)

w(X)

r(X)

w(Y)

w(Y)

commit

commit

- serializable?

T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

- serializable?

No.

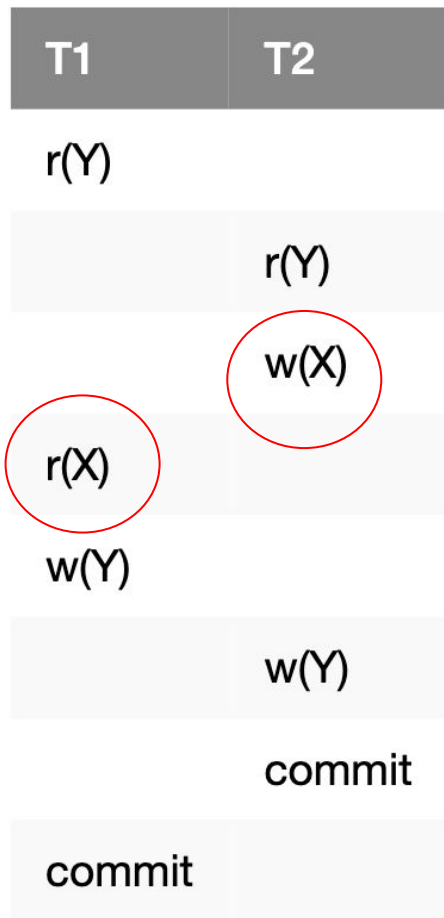
T1 read T2's write of X  
But T2 wrote the final value to Y

It is neither equivalent to T1;T2 nor T2;T1

T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

- recoverable?

Is there a dirty read?



- recoverable?

Is there a dirty read?

T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

- recoverable?

T2 must commit before T1 in order for it to be recoverable

Yes

If we swapped the order of commit, T2 will commit after T1 — no longer recoverable



T1	T2
r(Y)	
	r(Y)
	w(X)
r(X)	
w(Y)	
	w(Y)
	commit
commit	

- cascadeless?

No. There's a dirty read

	T1	T2	T3	T4
--	----	----	----	----

1    r(X)

2            r(X)

3    w(Y)

4            r(Y)

5            r(Y)

6            w(X)

7            r(W)

8            w(Y)

9                    r(W)

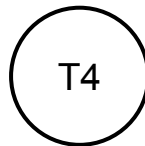
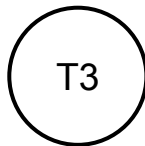
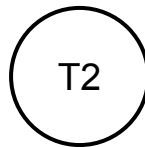
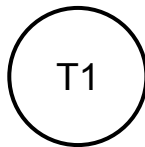
10                  r(Z)

11                  w(W)

12   r(Z)

13   w(Z)

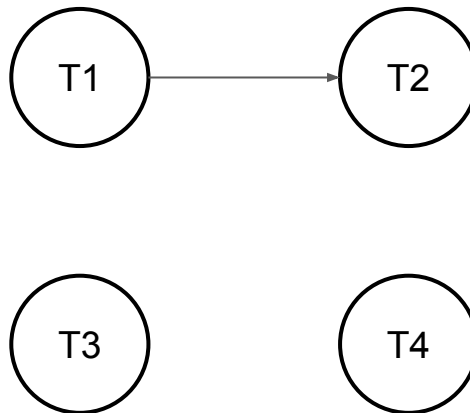
## Conflicting Pairs



	T1	T2	T3	T4
1	r(X)			
2		r(X)		
3	w(Y)			
4			r(Y)	
5		r(Y)		
6		w(X)		
7			r(W)	
8			w(Y)	
9				r(W)
10				r(Z)
11				w(W)
12	r(Z)			
13	w(Z)			

## Conflicting Pairs

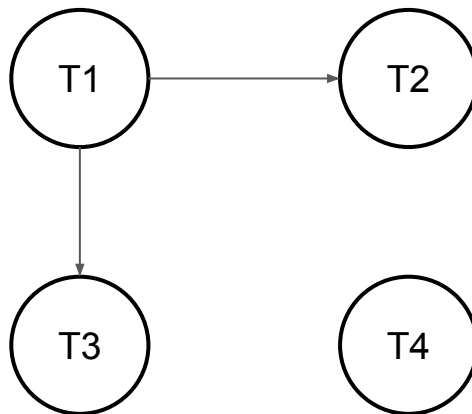
- $r_1(X), w_2(X), T_1 \rightarrow T_2$



	T1	T2	T3	T4
1	r(X)			
2		r(X)		
3	w(Y)			
4			r(Y)	
5		r(Y)		
6		w(X)		
7			r(W)	
8			w(Y)	
9				r(W)
10				r(Z)
11				w(W)
12	r(Z)			
13	w(Z)			

## Conflicting Pairs

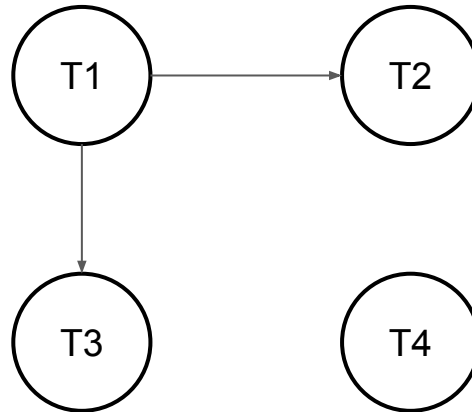
- $r_1(X), w_2(X), T1 \rightarrow T2$
- $w_1(Y), r_3(Y), T1 \rightarrow T3$



	T1	T2	T3	T4
1	r(X)			
2		r(X)		
3	w(Y)			
4			r(Y)	
5		r(Y)		
6		w(X)		
7			r(W)	
8			w(Y)	
9				r(W)
10				r(Z)
11				w(W)
12	r(Z)			
13	w(Z)			

## Conflicting Pairs

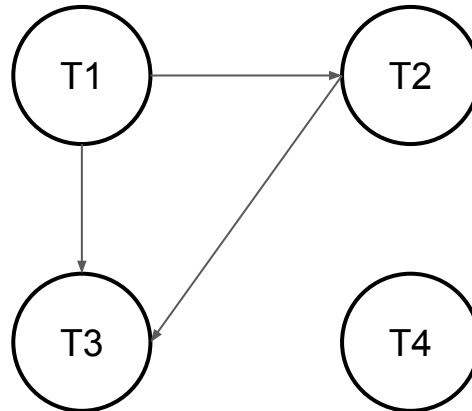
- $r_1(X), w_2(X), T1 \rightarrow T2$
- $w_1(Y), r_3(Y), T1 \rightarrow T3$
- $w_1(Y), r_2(Y), T1 \rightarrow T2$



	T1	T2	T3	T4
1	r(X)			
2		r(X)		
3	w(Y)			
4			r(Y)	
5		r(Y)		
6		w(X)		
7			r(W)	
8			w(Y)	
9				r(W)
10				r(Z)
11				w(W)
12	r(Z)			
13	w(Z)			

## Conflicting Pairs

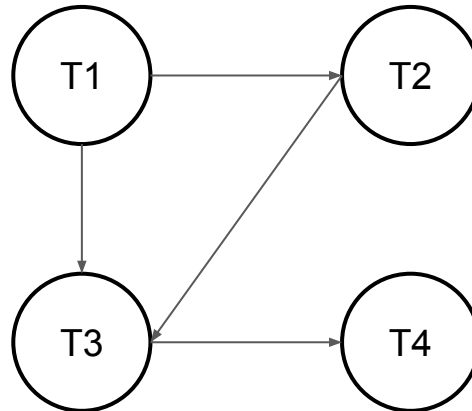
- $r_1(X), w_2(X), T1 \rightarrow T2$
- $w_1(Y), r_3(Y), T1 \rightarrow T3$
- $w_1(Y), r_2(Y), T1 \rightarrow T2$
- $r_2(Y), w_3(Y), T2 \rightarrow T3$



	T1	T2	T3	T4
1	r(X)			
2		r(X)		
3	w(Y)			
4			r(Y)	
5		r(Y)		
6		w(X)		
7			r(W)	
8			w(Y)	
9				r(W)
10				r(Z)
11				w(W)
12	r(Z)			
13	w(Z)			

## Conflicting Pairs

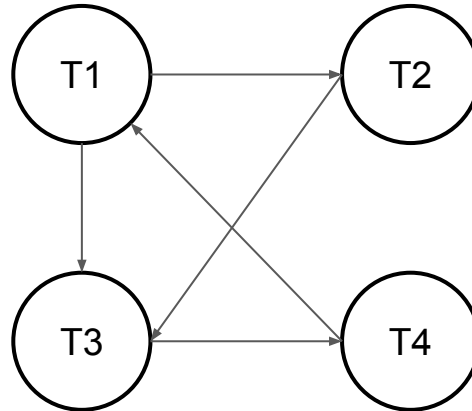
- $r_1(X), w_2(X), T_1 \rightarrow T_2$
- $w_1(Y), r_3(Y), T_1 \rightarrow T_3$
- $w_1(Y), r_2(Y), T_1 \rightarrow T_2$
- $r_2(Y), w_3(Y), T_2 \rightarrow T_3$
- $r_3(W), w_4(W), T_3 \rightarrow T_4$



	T1	T2	T3	T4
1	r(X)			
2		r(X)		
3	w(Y)			
4			r(Y)	
5		r(Y)		
6		w(X)		
7			r(W)	
8			w(Y)	
9				r(W)
10				r(Z)
11				w(W)
12	r(Z)			
13	w(Z)			

## Conflicting Pairs

- $r1(X), w2(X), T1 \rightarrow T2$
- $w1(Y), r3(Y), T1 \rightarrow T3$
- $w1(Y), r2(Y), T1 \rightarrow T2$
- $r2(Y), w3(Y), T2 \rightarrow T3$
- $r3(W), w4(W), T3 \rightarrow T4$
- $r4(Z), w1(Z), T4 \rightarrow T1$





Regular 2PL, uses update locks

Given the locks that the transactions would need to acquire, which of the following operations could happen next in the schedule?

T1	T2	T3
sl(A); r(A)		
	xl(B); w(B)	
	sl(C); r(C)	
		ul(D); r(D)
sl(E); r(E)		
u(A)		
...	...	...

1. r1(F)
2. w2(A)
3. r2(E)
4. w3(D)
5. w2(C)

Regular 2PL, uses update locks

Given the locks that the transactions would need to acquire, which of the following operations could happen next in the schedule?

T1	T2	T3
sl(A); r(A)		
	xl(B); w(B)	
	sl(C); r(C)	
		ul(D); r(D)
sl(E); r(E)		
u(A)		
...	...	...

1. r1(F) No. 2PL - can't lock after unlock
2. w2(A)
3. r2(E)
4. w3(D)
5. w2(C)

Regular 2PL, uses update locks

Given the locks that the transactions would need to acquire, which of the following operations could happen next in the schedule?

T1	T2	T3
sl(A); r(A)		
	xl(B); w(B)	
	sl(C); r(C)	
		ul(D); r(D)
sl(E); r(E)		
u(A)		
...	...	...

1. r1(F) No. 2PL - can't lock after unlock
2. w2(A) Yes, no one else has lock A
3. r2(E)
4. w3(D)
5. w2(C)

## Regular 2PL, uses update locks

Given the locks that the transactions would need to acquire, which of the following operations could happen next in the schedule?

T1	T2	T3
sl(A); r(A)		
	xl(B); w(B)	
	sl(C); r(C)	
		ul(D); r(D)
sl(E); r(E)		
u(A)		
...	...	...

1. r1(F) No. 2PL - can't lock after unlock
2. w2(A) Yes, no one else has lock A
3. r2(E) Yes, get a shared lock for E
4. w3(D)
5. w2(C)

## Regular 2PL, uses update locks

Given the locks that the transactions would need to acquire, which of the following operations could happen next in the schedule?

T1	T2	T3
sl(A); r(A)		
	xl(B); w(B)	
	sl(C); r(C)	
		ul(D); r(D)
sl(E); r(E)		
u(A)		
...	...	...

1. r1(F) No. 2PL - can't lock after unlock
2. w2(A) Yes, no one else has lock A
3. r2(E) Yes, get a shared lock for E
4. w3(D) Yes, update the lock to exclusive
5. w2(C)

## Regular 2PL, uses update locks

Given the locks that the transactions would need to acquire, which of the following operations could happen next in the schedule?

T1	T2	T3
sl(A); r(A)		
	xl(B); w(B)	
	sl(C); r(C)	
		ul(D); r(D)
sl(E); r(E)		
u(A)		
...	...	...

1. r1(F) No. 2PL - can't lock after unlock
2. w2(A) Yes, no one else has lock A
3. r2(E) Yes, get a shared lock for E
4. w3(D) Yes, update the lock to exclusive
5. w2(C) No. If uses update locks, cannot go from shared to exclusive