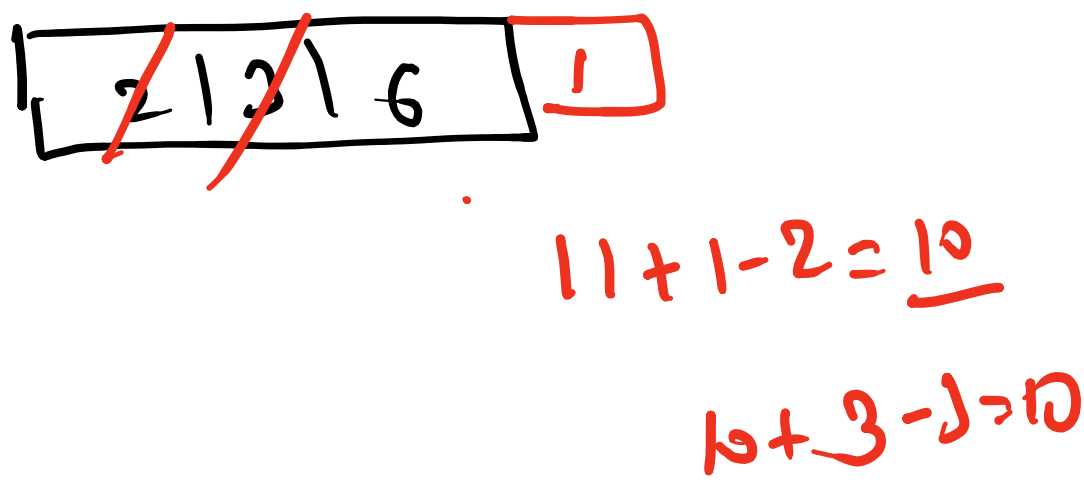


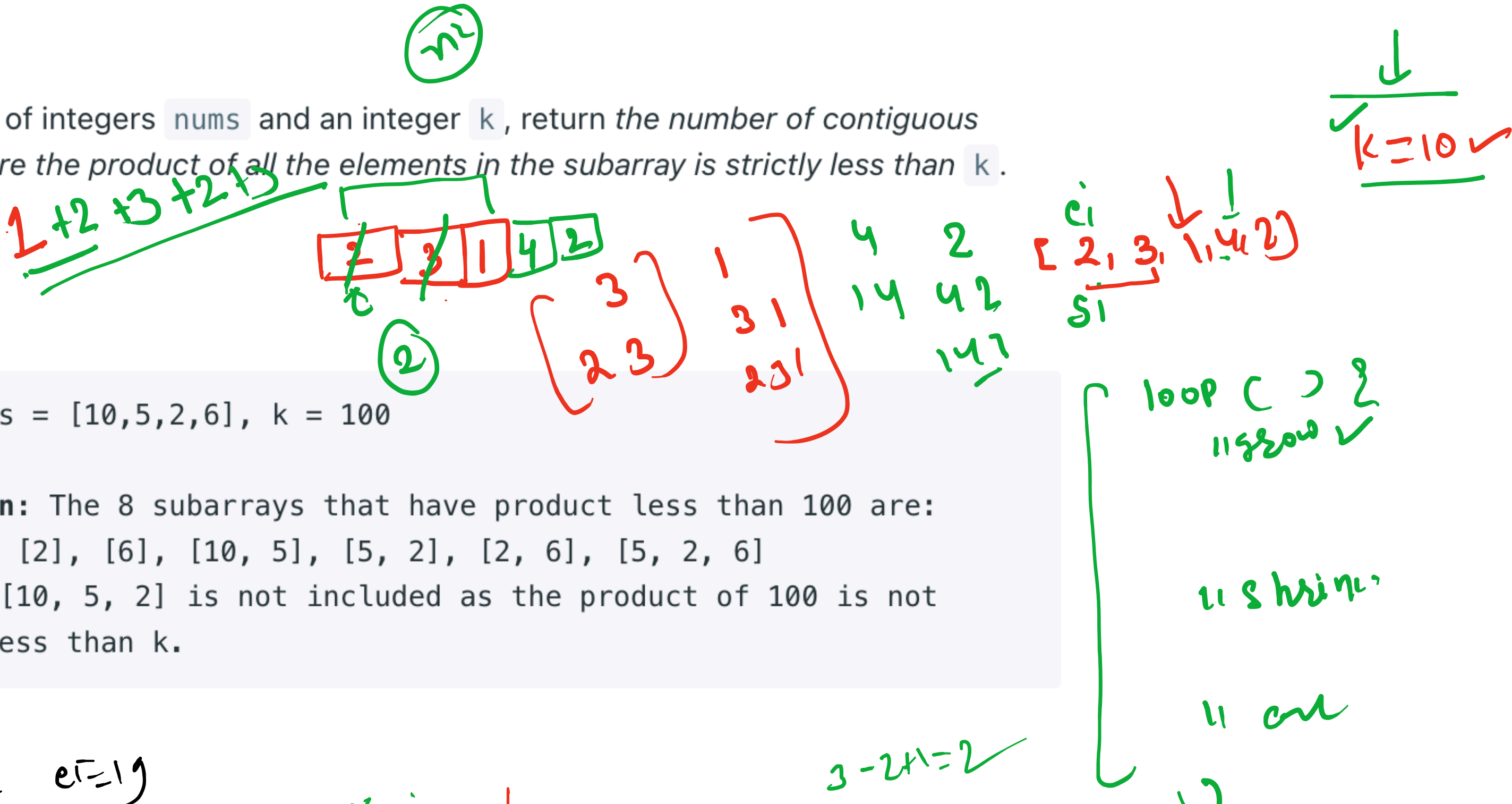
```
public static int Maximum_Window(int [] arr,int k) {  
    int sum=0;  
    int ans=0;  
    for (int i = 0; i <k; i++) {  
        sum= sum+arr[i];  
    }  
    ans=sum;  
    for (int i = k; i < arr.length; i++) {  
        sum=sum+arr[i];  
        sum=sum-arr[i-k];  
        ans =Math.max(ans, sum);  
    }  
}
```



Given an array of integers `nums` and an integer `k`, return the number of contiguous subarrays where the product of all the elements in the subarray is strictly less than `k`.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [10,5,2,6]`, `k = 100`  
Output: 8  
Explanation: The 8 subarrays that have product less than 100 are: `[10]`, `[5]`, `[2]`, `[6]`, `[10, 5]`, `[5, 2]`, `[2, 6]`, `[5, 2, 6]`  
Note that `[10, 5, 2]` is not included as the product of 100 is not strictly less than `k`.



$10-121$

$si=12$

$ei=19$

$100 < 2$

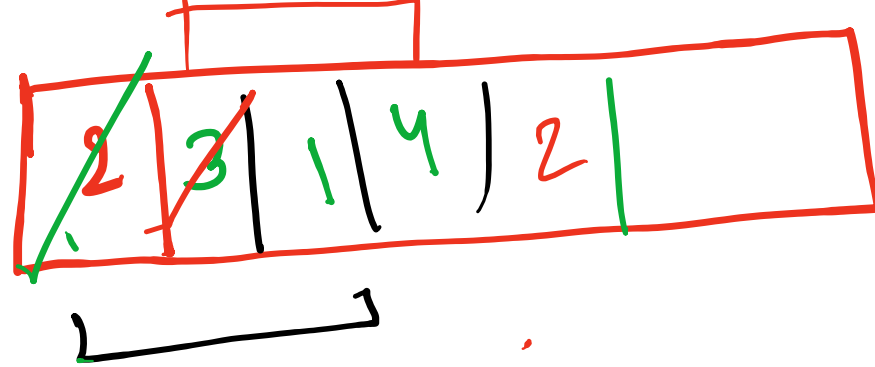
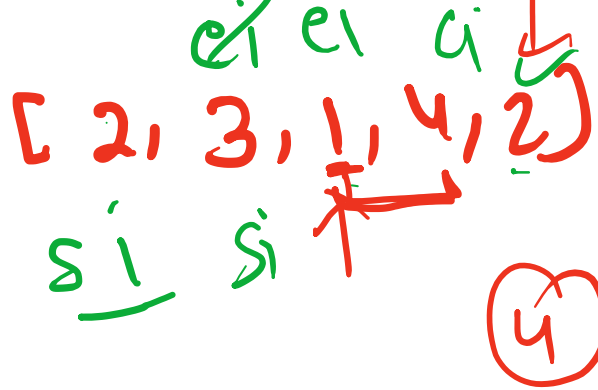
$P = P \times arr[ei]$

$11 \text{ shrink}$

$while (P >= K) \{$

$P = P / arr[si]$

$si++$



$int P=1$

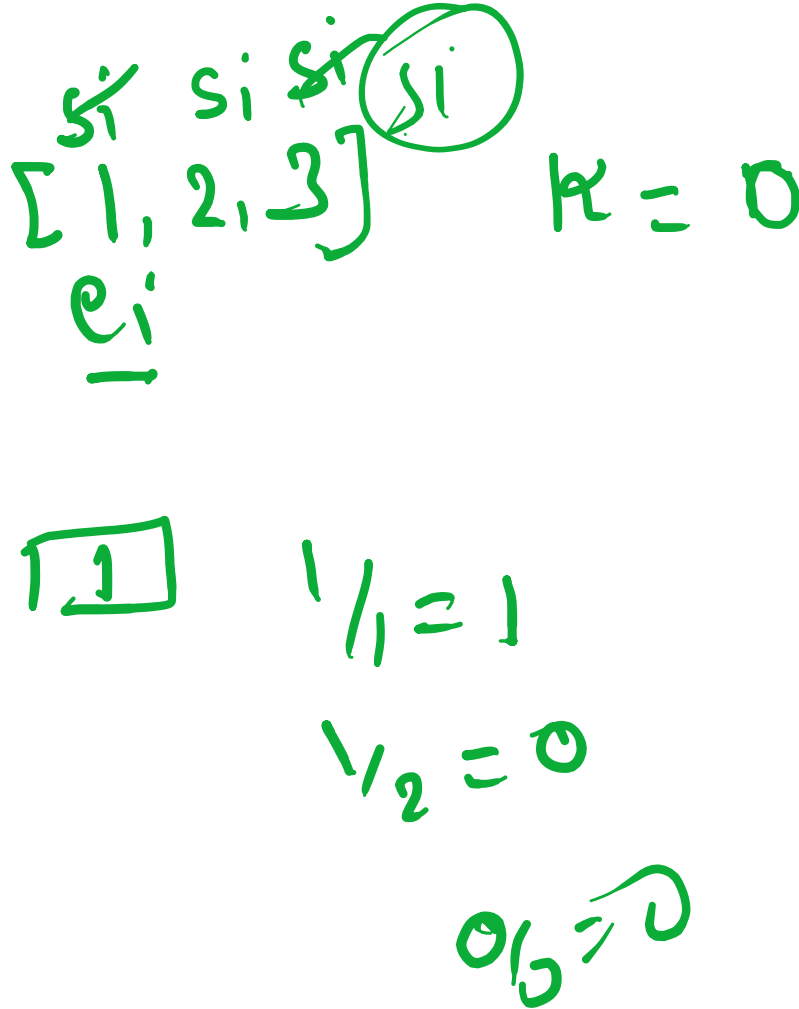
$24/2=12$

$12/3=4$

$count = 1+2+3+2+3$

Product\_Less\_Than\_K

```
public static int Product_Less_Than_K(int[] arr, int k) {  
    int si = 0, ei = 0, count = 0, p = 1;  
    while (ei < arr.length) {  
        // grow  
        p = p * arr[ei];  
        // shrink  
        while (p >= k) {  
            p = p / arr[si];  
            si++;  
        }  
        // ans update  
        count += (ei - si + 1);  
        ei++;  
    }  
    return count;  
}
```



$8$

$2$

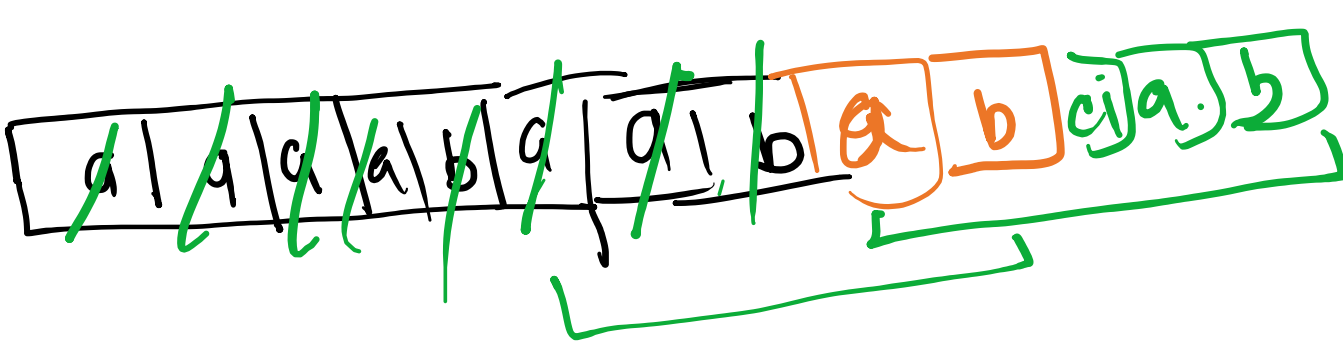
$k=2$

$ans=89$

$b \rightarrow$

String

$a a a a b a a b a a b b b$



$si=0$

$ei=0$

$put=0$

$while (ei < s.length) \{$

$11 \text{ grow}$

$if (ch == 'b') \{$

$flip++$

$\}$

$\}$

$11 \text{ shrink}$

$while (flip > k) \{$

$if (ch == 'b') \{$

$flip--$

$si++$

$\}$

$\}$

$11 \text{ ans update}$

$ans = \max(ans, ei-si+1)$

$ei++$



Input: <code>nums = [1,3,-1,-3,5,3,6,7]</code> , <code>k = 3</code>	
Output: <code>[3,3,5,5,6,7]</code>	
Explanation:	
Window position	Max
-----	-----
[1 3 -1] -3 5 3 6 7	3
1 [3 -1 -3] 5 3 6 7	3
1 [ -1 -3 5] 3 6 7	5
1 3 -1 [-3 5 3] 6 7	5
1 3 -1 -3 [5 3 6] 7	6
1 3 -1 -3 5 [3 6 7]	7

```
public static int[] maxWindow(int[] arr, int k) {  
    int n = arr.length;  
    int[] max = new int[n - k + 1];  
    int j = 0;  
    Deque<Integer> dq = new LinkedList<>();  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        while (!dq.isEmpty() && arr[dq.getLast()] <= arr[i]) {  
            dq.removeLast();  
        }  
        dq.add(i);  
    }  
}
```