Lec-1 30/03/25 12:40 PM Java divides the into the following groups: **//** Arithmetic operators Assignment operators • Comparison operators Bit-wricing Logical operators Bitwise operators Arithmetic Operators Arithmetic operators are used to perform common mathematical operations. **Description** Operator Name Example Try it Adds together two values Addition x + y Try it » Try it » Subtracts one value from another Subtraction x - y > jast calls x \* y Multiplication | Multiplies two values Try it » Try it » Divides one value by another x / y Division Returns the division remainder x % y Modulus Iry it » Increases the value of a variable by 1 ++x Try it » Try it » Decreases the value of a variable by 1 | --x Decrement **ADVERTISEMENT** ひころ Java Assignment Operators Assignment operators are used to assign values to variables. In the example below, we use the **assignment** operator (=) to assign the value **10** to a variable called **x**: Example intx =10; Try it Yourself » 5(>> 5/3=1 The **addition assignment** operator (+=) adds a value to a variable: Example intx =10;x +=5; Try it Yourself » x = 5 $x = 3 \longrightarrow x = 7 + 3$  x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 2 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 2 - 3 - 2 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 2 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 2 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 x = 3 - 3 -A list of all assignment operators: Operator **Example** Same As Try it x = 5x = 5Try it » Try it » x += 3x = x + 3+=x = x - 3 Try it » x -= 3x = x \* 3 Try it » x \*= 3x = x / 3 Try it » x /= 3x = x % 3 Try it » %= x % = 3x = x & 3x &= 3Try it » Try it » x = 3 $x = x \mid 3$  $x ^= 3$  $x = x^{3}$ Try it » x <<= 3 x = x << 3 Try it » <<= x!= y Java Comparison Operators カレンタ ノンとくな Comparison operators are used to compare two values: Operator Name **Example** Try it Equal to Try it » x == yNot equal Try it » != x != yTry it » Greater than x > yLess than Try it » x < yGreater than or equal to |x>=y|Try it » >= Less than or equal to Try it » | x <= y <= Java Logical Operators a & & b b Logical operators are used to determine the logic between variables or values: Operator Name Example **Description** Try it x < 5 && x < 10 | Try it » Logical and Returns true if both statements are true x < 5 || x < 4 Returns true if one of the statements is true Try it » Logical or Logical not Reverse the result, returns false if the result is true # 1 Rearbo assignment. > 18 to 18 2) Horo -> 19 xo 20 7 X TM J manu cule 1 300 KINDO KUTKIDE CHUR TO 100 to 120

