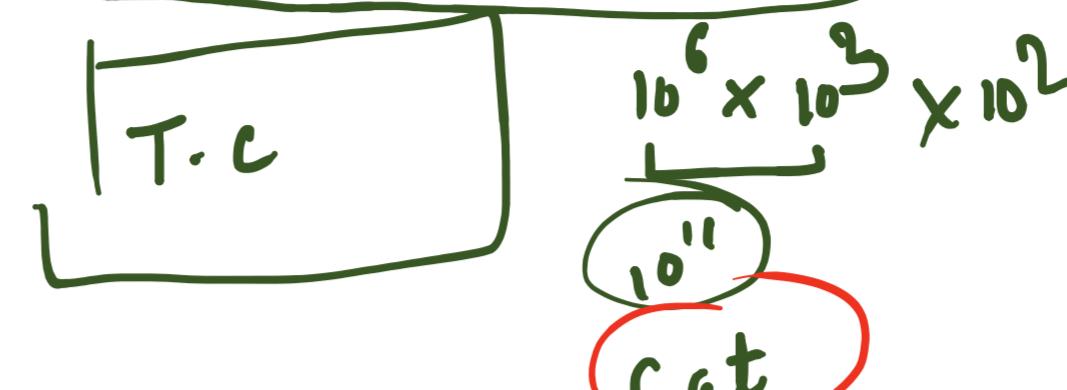


In English, we have a concept called **root**, which can be followed by some other word to form another longer word - let's call this word **derivative**. For example, when the **root** "help" is followed by the word "ful", we can form a derivative "helpful".

Given a **dictionary** consisting of many **roots** and a **sentence** consisting of words separated by spaces, replace all the derivatives in the sentence with the **root** forming it. If a derivative can be replaced by more than one **root**, replace it with the **root** that has the **shortest length**.

Return the **sentence** after the replacement.

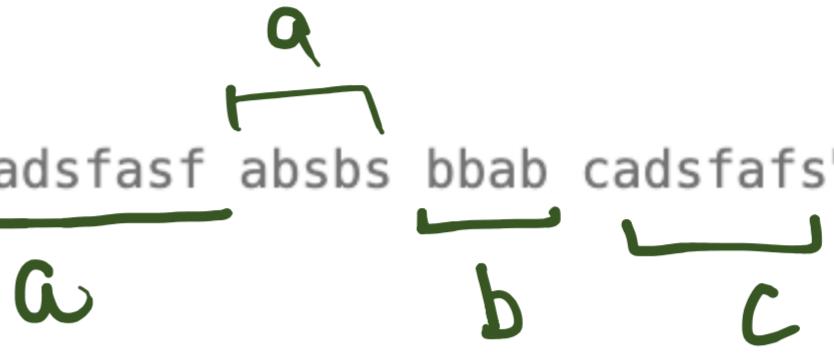


Example 1:

Input: dictionary = ["cat", "bat", "rat"], sentence = "the cattle was rattled by the battery"
Output: "the cat was rat by the bat"

Example 2:

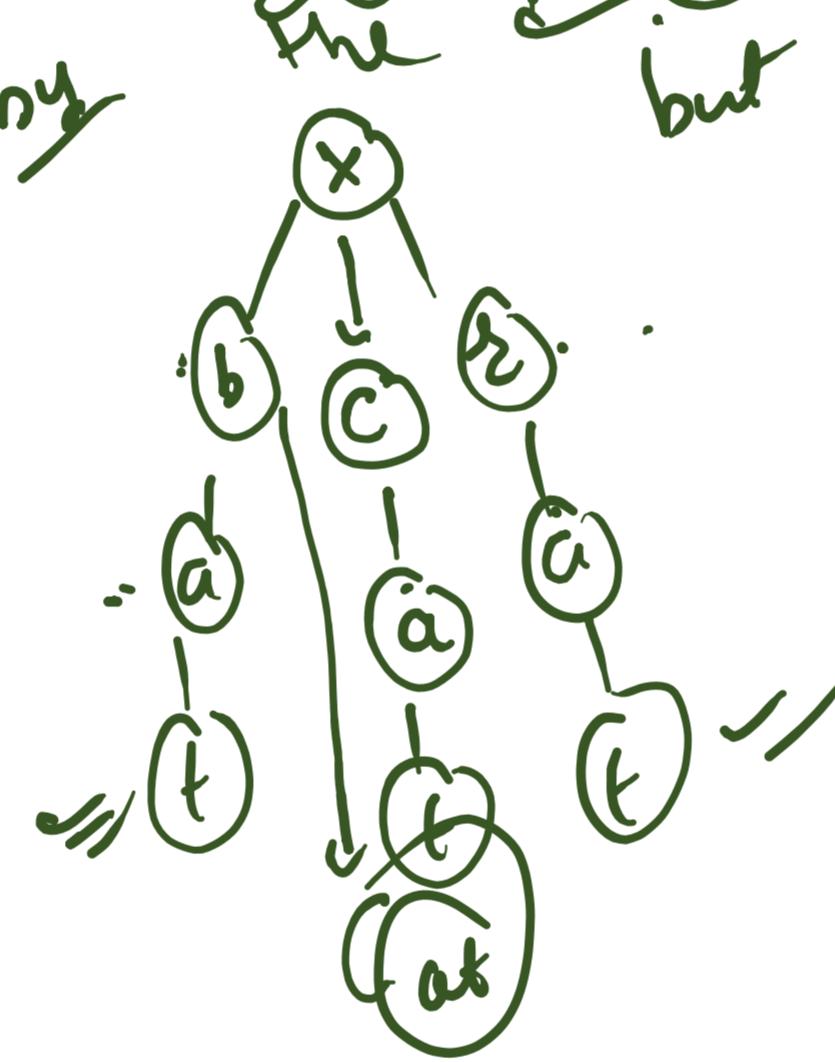
Input: dictionary = ["a", "b", "c"], sentence = "aadsfasf absbs bbab cadsfafs"
Output: "a a b c"



([at, bat, rat, cat])

dictionary = ["cat", "bat", "rat"], sentence = "the cattle was rattled by the battery"

Cat was rattled by the battery



the

o	a	a	n
e	t	a	e
i	h	k	r
i	f	l	v

words = ["oath", "pea", "eat", "rain"]

(oathy cat)

