

# Fine Structure Corrections in Optical Emission Spectra of Sodium

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8.13 Experimental Physics I  
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## Outline

### 1 Introduction

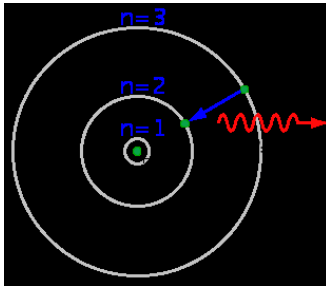
- Bohr Model of Hydrogenic Atoms
- Fine Structure Perturbation
- Sodium Doublet States

### 2 Experimental

- Czerny-Turner Monochromator (but I...)
- Peak resolution and their parameters

### 3 Results and Error Analysis

- 1800gvs/mm Mercury Calibration
- Error Accounting
- Measured Sodium Doublets
- Screening in  $s$  and  $d$  Angular Momentum States



$$\begin{aligned} E_n &= -hcR_\infty \frac{Z^2}{n^2} \\ &= -\frac{m_e e^4}{2(4\pi\epsilon_0)^2 \hbar^2} \frac{Z^2}{n^2} \end{aligned}$$

- Energy and electron orbitals are quantized.
- Electron transitions emit photons, causing discrete optical spectra.

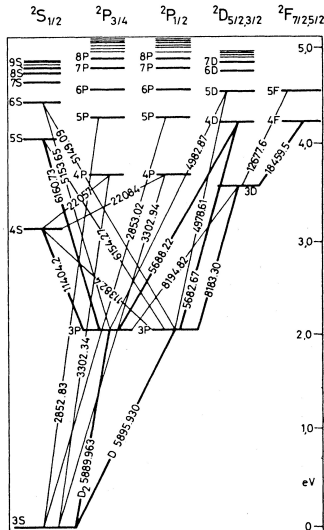
But wait!

- Electrons have angular momentum  $L = 0, 1, \dots, n - 1$ ,  $S = 1/2$
- Orbiting proton in electron frame sees a magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}$

$$H_1 = -\boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B} \rightarrow \left( \frac{e^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0} \right) \frac{1}{m^2 c^2 r^3} \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{L} \quad (1)$$

- Now  $H$ ,  $L^2$ ,  $S^2$ , and  $\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{L} + \mathbf{S}$  commute!
- From first-order perturbation, angular momentum terms are no longer degenerate

$$E_{nj} = -\frac{E_n}{n^2} \left[ 1 + \frac{\alpha^2}{n^2} \left( \frac{n}{j + 1/2} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right] \quad (2)$$



For states specified by  $|nlm\rangle$ ,  
transition probability related to

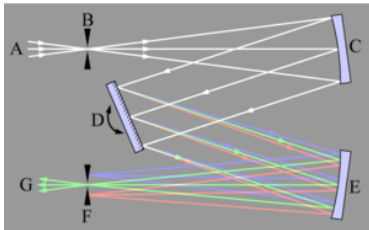
$$\langle n'l'm' | \mathbf{r} | nlm \rangle.$$

Only non-zero when,

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta l &= \pm 1 \\ \Delta m &= 0, \pm 1 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

‘Fine structure’: Energy  
difference between  $P$  states

- Jobin Yvon 1250M Monochromator.
- Sources: Mercury (Hg), Hydrogen (H), Deuterium (D), and Sodium (Na) lamps
- Diffraction grating: 1800gvs/mm and 3600gvs/mm



- (A) Emission source
- (B) Entrance slit
- (C) Collimating mirror
- (D) Diffraction grating
- (E) Focusing mirror
- (F) Exit slit
- (G) Photomultiplier Tube (950V)

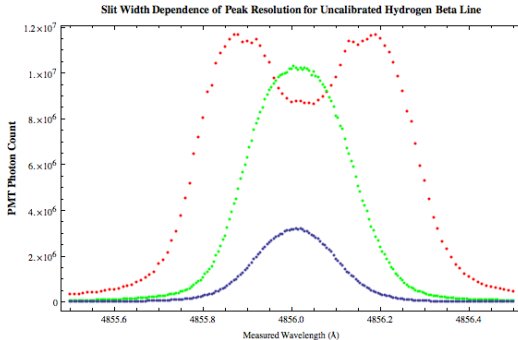
Relevant parameters: entrance/exit slit width, density of the diffraction grating, and source-entrance slit distance.

Resolution:

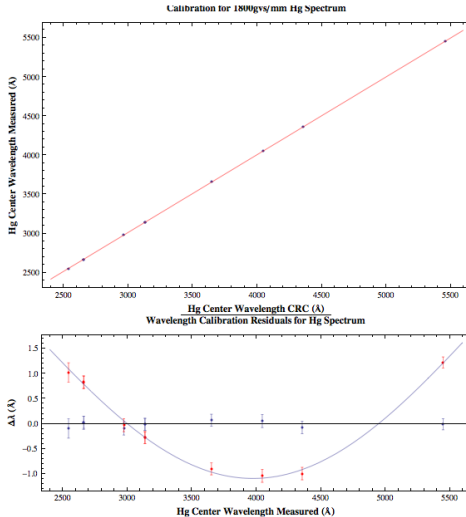
$$\sigma_{1800} = 0.10 - 0.15 \text{ \AA}$$

$$\sigma_{3600} = 0.06 \text{ \AA}$$

—



Typical 100ms  
integration times,  
4-10  $\mu\text{m}$  slit widths,  
0.01  $\text{\AA}$  step size, and  
1800gvs/mm  
diffraction grating.



$$\lambda_{\text{Predicted}} \sim 26.4612 + 0.9930x - 3.0940 \sin(7.4585 + 0.0009x)$$

Standard error is  
 $\sigma_{\text{Calib.}} \sim 0.06\text{\AA}$  at the  
98% confidence level  
from  $\chi^2$  analysis.



Systematic error in our wavelength measurements are given by:

$$\sigma_{\lambda}^2 = \sigma_{\text{FWHM}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{Calib.}}^2 \quad (4)$$

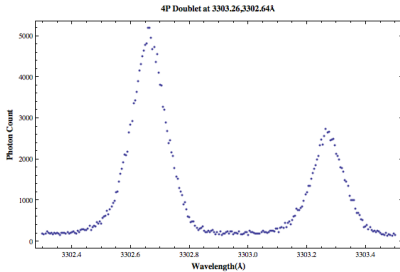
Due to finite slit width, peaks approximated as Gaussians, therefore  $\sigma_{\text{FWHM}} = \Delta\lambda_{\text{FWHM}}/\sqrt{2\ln 2}$

$$\sigma_{\text{FWHM}}^2 = \sigma_{\text{slit}}^2 + \sigma_{1800}^2 + \sigma_{\text{line width}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{doppler}}^2 \quad (5)$$

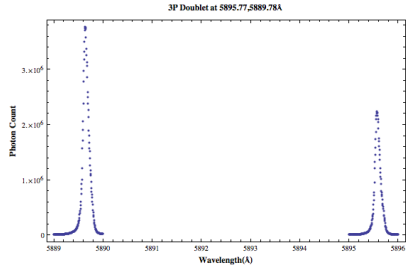
Doppler broadening for temperature  $T = 2700\text{K}$  and  $A = 11$ :

$$\Delta\lambda = \lambda \cdot 10^{-6} \sqrt{\frac{2700}{11}} = \lambda \cdot 1.57 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

For  $6160\text{\AA}$ ,  $\Delta\lambda = 0.001\text{\AA}$ .



4P Doublet at  
 $\Delta\bar{\nu} = 5.60 \pm 0.94\text{cm}^{-1}$

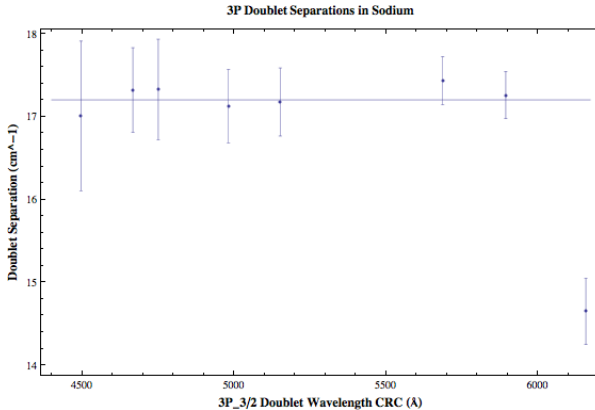


3P Doublet at  
 $\Delta\bar{\nu} = 17.25 \pm 0.28\text{cm}^{-1}$

$$b = \text{Log}_{\frac{4}{3}}[\Delta\bar{\nu}_{3P}/\Delta\bar{\nu}_{4P}] = 3.88\text{Meas. } 3.90 \text{ NIST}$$

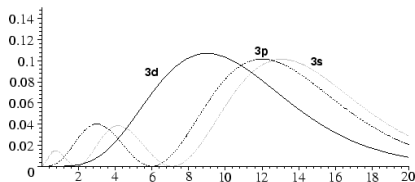
**Table:** Classification of sodium fine structure (in air).

Transition	CRC	1800gvs/mm	
	$\lambda(\text{\AA})$	$\lambda(\text{\AA})$	$\Delta\bar{\nu}(\text{cm}^{-1})$
$5S \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	6160.75	$6159.65 \pm 0.25$	$14.65 \pm 0.40$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	6154.23	$6154.09 \pm 0.20$	
$3P_{3/2} \rightarrow 3S$	5895.92	$5895.77 \pm 0.13$	$17.25 \pm 0.28$
$3P_{1/2} \rightarrow 3S$	5889.95	$5889.78 \pm 0.13$	
$4D \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	5688.21	$5688.25 \pm 0.12$	$17.43 \pm 0.29$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	5682.63	$5682.61 \pm 0.12$	
$6S \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	5153.40	$5153.58 \pm 0.16$	$17.17 \pm 0.41$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	5148.84	$5149.03 \pm 0.14$	
$5D \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	4982.81	$4983.11 \pm 0.15$	$17.12 \pm 0.44$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	4978.54	$4978.86 \pm 0.16$	
$7S \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	4751.82	$4752.09 \pm 0.22$	$17.32 \pm 0.61$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	4749.94	$4748.18 \pm 0.20$	
$6D \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	4668.56	$4668.77 \pm 0.16$	$17.32 \pm 0.51$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	4664.81	$4665.00 \pm 0.15$	
$7D \rightarrow 3P_{3/2}$	4497.66	$4497.89 \pm 0.27$	$17.00 \pm 0.90$
$\rightarrow 3P_{1/2}$	4494.18	$4494.45 \pm 0.31$	
$4P_{3/2} \rightarrow 3S$	3302.98	$3303.26 \pm 0.14$	$5.60 \pm 0.94$
$4P_{1/2} \rightarrow 3S$	3302.37	$3302.64 \pm 0.14$	
$5P_{3/2} \rightarrow 3S$	2853.01	—	—
$5P_{1/2} \rightarrow 3S$	2852.81	—	



$$\sigma_{\Delta\nu}^2 = \frac{\sigma_{\lambda_1}^2}{\lambda_1^4} + \frac{\sigma_{\lambda_2}^2}{\lambda_2^4}, \chi^2 = 0.02$$

Angular momentum  $L \rightarrow$  Electrons 'see' effective charge of nucleus  $Z_{\text{eff}}e$

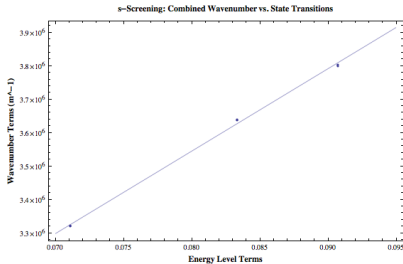


Assume final and initial states differ in  $Z_{\text{eff}}$ :

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = -R_{\text{Na}} \left( \frac{Z_{\text{eff}_i}^2}{n_i^2} - \frac{Z_{\text{eff}_f}^2}{n_f^2} \right).$$

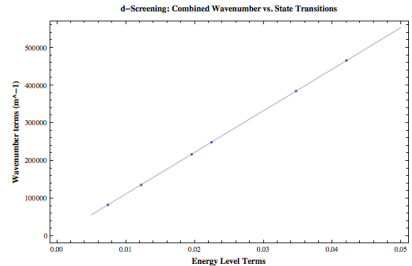
and equate common initial and final states:

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_2} \pm \frac{1}{\lambda_1} = Z_{\text{eff}}^2 R_{\text{Na}} \left( \frac{1}{n_f^2} - \frac{1}{n_i^2} \right) \quad (6)$$



$$Z_s = 1.50 \pm 0.10$$

$$\lambda_{\text{vac}} = \lambda_{\text{meas.}} \cdot n_{\text{air}}$$



$$Z_d = 1.00 \pm 0.09$$

$$n_{\text{air}} = 1.0002739$$

## Summary

**Table:** Classification of sodium fine structure.

	Measured	CRC/NIST
$\Delta\nu_{\tilde{3}P}$	$17.12 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.05\text{cm}^{-1}$	$17.196\text{cm}^{-1}$
$\Delta\nu_{\tilde{4}P}$	$5.60 \pm 0.94\text{cm}^{-1}$	$5.59\text{cm}^{-1}$
$Z_s$	$1.50 \pm 0.10$	1.1456
$Z_d$	$1.00 \pm 0.09$	1
$ E_1$	$7.65 \pm 0.03\text{eV}$	5.1391eV

- We have confirmed correction to Bohr model from the spin-orbit perturbation, and have verified the angular momentum selection rules.
- Confirmed the effect of screening for outer ‘shell’ electrons, and

## Acknowledgements

- Charles Herder: For the lab and having a reasonable taste in music.
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