

► Question 7.1a

► coordinates to index:

$$\text{index} = x_2 L_1 + x_1$$

► index to coordinates:

$$x_1 = \text{index} \% L_1$$

$$x_2 = \text{index} // L_1$$

* remarks: % is the modulo operator

// is the integer division operator

► Question 7.2a

► coordinates to index:

For 4-dimensions:

$$\text{index} = x_4 L_3 L_2 L_1 + x_3 L_2 L_1 + x_2 L_1 + x_1$$

$$= x_4 \prod_{j=1}^{4-1} L_j + x_3 \prod_{j=1}^{3-1} L_j + x_2 \prod_{j=1}^{2-1} L_j + x_1 \prod_{j=1}^{1-1} L_j$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^4 \left(x_i \prod_{j=1}^{i-1} L_j \right)$$

Hence, for d-dimension(s):

$$\text{index} = \sum_{i=1}^d \left(x_i \prod_{j=1}^{i-1} L_j \right)$$

► index to coordinates:

For 4-dimensions:

$$x_1 = \text{index} \% L_1$$

$$x_2 = (\text{index} // L_1) \% L_2$$

$$x_3 = (\text{index} // (L_1 \cdot L_2)) \% L_3$$

$$x_4 = (\text{index} // (L_1 \cdot L_2 \cdot L_3)) \% L_4$$

Hence, for d-dimension(s):

$$x_d = (\text{index} // \prod_{i=1}^{d-1} L_i) \% L_d$$

* remarks: % is the modulo operator

// is the integer division operator.