

## 南昌大学实验报告

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实验类型: ■	验证 □ 综合	□ 设计[	□ 创新	实验日期:	实验成绩:

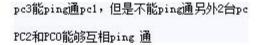
- 一、实验项目名称 熟悉交换机基本操作和 VLAN
- 二、实验目的
  - 1) 深入理解交换机的工作过程
  - 2) 掌握交换机的基本操作
  - 3) 掌握如何在交换机上建立 VLAN
- 二、实验基本原理

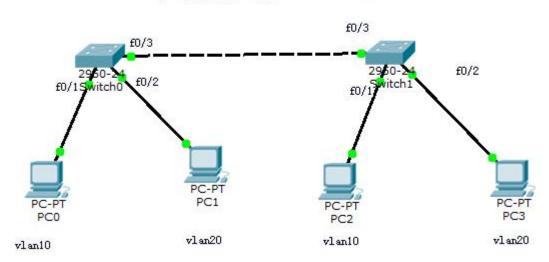
# 四、主要仪器设备及耗材

PC 机、模拟程序。

### 五、实验步骤

1、网络拓扑结构:





PC	IP 地址
PC0	192.168.1.1

PC1	192.168.1.2
PC2	192.168.1.3
PC3	192.168.1.4

Switch0 的配置

Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk witch(config)#hostname Switch0
Switch0(config)#vlan 10
Switch0(config)#vlan 20
Switch0(config)#int f0/1
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
Switch0(config)#int f0/2
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20

#### Switch 1 的配置:

Switch(config)#hostname Switch1
Switch1(config)#vlan 10
Switch1(config)#vlan 20
Switch1(config)#int f0/1
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
Switch1(config)#int f0/2
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20

#### 从 PC0 开始 ping 的结果

```
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

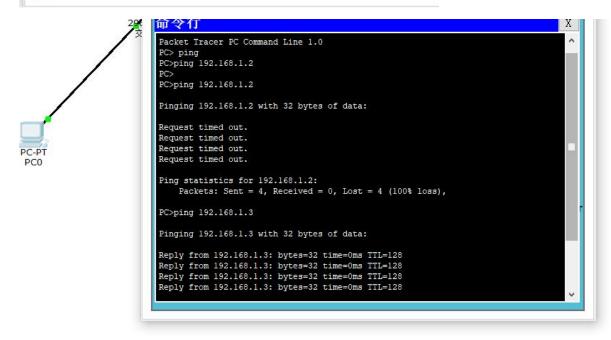
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

PC>ping 192.168.1.4

Pinging 192.168.1.4 with 32 bytes of data:

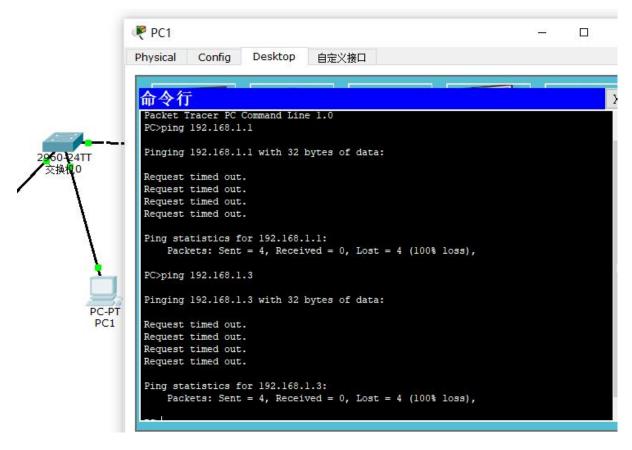
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.4:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

PC>
```



从图中看出,PC0 能 ping 通 PC2(192.168.1.3),但不能 ping 通 PC1 和 PC3.

#### 从 PC1 ping 的结果:



从图中可以看出 PC0 和 PC2 都不通,但 PC1 和 PC3(192.168.1.4)可以通

```
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

PC>ping 192.168.1.4

Pinging 192.168.1.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.4: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.4:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

PC>
```

七、思考讨论题或体会或对改进实验的建议

八、参考资料