Project 5

Task 1: Install OSSEC

OSSEC is one of the well known open-source host-based IDS. It analyzes the system and provides logs to detect misuses of system etc. It helps to detect intrusion to the system.

Installation

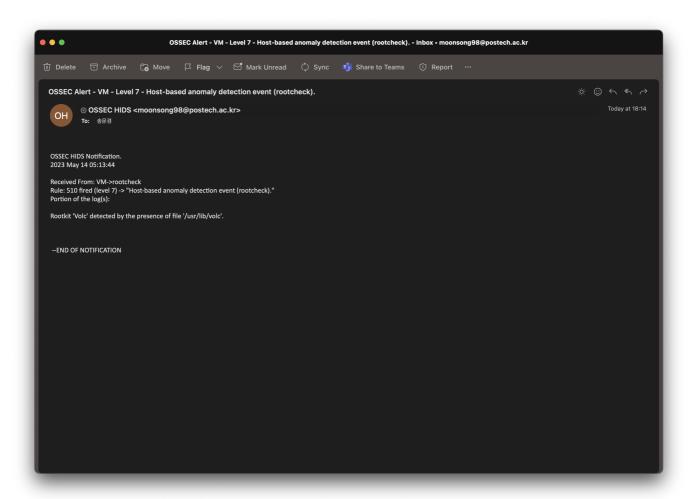
Installed on Ubuntu 20.04 provided by seed lab.

```
- System is Debian (Ubuntu or derivative).
 - Init script modified to start OSSEC HIDS during boot.
 - Configuration finished properly.
 - To start OSSEC HIDS:
      /var/ossec/bin/ossec-control start
 - To stop OSSEC HIDS:
      /var/ossec/bin/ossec-control stop
 - The configuration can be viewed or modified at /var/ossec/etc/ossec.conf
    Thanks for using the OSSEC HIDS.
    If you have any question, suggestion or if you find any bug,
    contact us at contact@ossec.net or using our public maillist at
    ossec-list@ossec.net
    ( http://www.ossec.net/main/support/ ).
    More information can be found at http://www.ossec.net
    --- Press ENTER to finish (maybe more information below). ---
[05/13/23]seed@VM:~/ossec-hids-2.9.0$ /var/ossec/bin/ossec-control start
-bash: /var/ossec/bin/ossec-control: Permission denied
[05/13/23]seed@VM:~/ossec-hids-2.9.0$ sudo /var/ossec/bin/ossec-control start
Starting OSSEC HIDS v2.9.0 (by Trend Micro Inc.)...
Started ossec-maild...
Started ossec-execd...
Started ossec-analysisd...
Started ossec-logcollector...
Started ossec-syscheckd...
Started ossec-monitord...
Completed.
```

Signature-based Detection

OSSEC manages well known rootkits in src/rootcheck/db/rootkit_files.txt [LINK]. AS shown in that file, volc is one of the well known rootkit.

Since, direct installaion could be endanger my system, I just created a file /usr/lib/volc. Since then, OSSEC detected it and sent me an email.



Anomaly-based Detection

I tested anomaly-based detection by using EVIL_RABBIT [LINK].

When it is installed, it behaves as below.

- Conceal itself and in general any file specified on the filesystem (including GNOME file manager nautilus)
- Posses a payload of TCP bind shell which is activated only if a /tmp directory contains a file named .snow_valley (i.e. /tmp/.snow_valley).

```
[05/14/23]seed@VM:~/EVIL_RABBIT$ netstat -lp | grep "LISTEN"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)

tcp 0 0 localhost:domain 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 0.0.0.0:ssh 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 localhost:ipp 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 localhost:ipp 1.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 localhost:ipp 1.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 localhost:swbission 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 localhost:submission 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp 0 0 localhost:submission 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 0 [::]:http [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 0 [::]:http [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 0 [::]:shtp [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 0 [::]:sht [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 0 [::]:sht [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 0 [::]:ssh [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 [::]:ssh [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 [::]:ssh [::]:* LISTEN - tcp6 0 [::]:ssh
```

```
| (05/14/23)seed@WM:~/EVIL_RABBITS netstat -lp | grep "LISTEN" (Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)

tcp 0 0.0.0.8:ssh 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0.0.0:ssh 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0.0.0:telnet 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:ipp 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:imp 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:imp 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:40135 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:40135 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:submission 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp 0 0.0calhost:submission 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN -

tcp6 0 0 [::]:http [::]:* LISTEN -

tcp6 0 0 [::]:ssh [::]:* LISTEN -

tcp6 0 0 [::]:ssh [::]:* LISTEN -

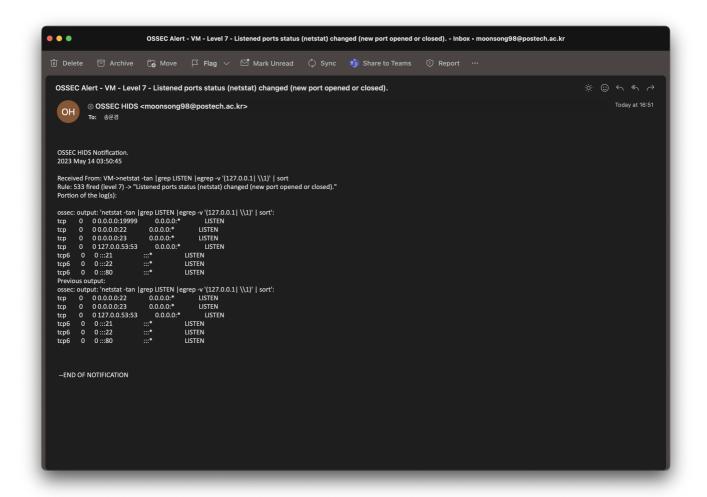
tcp6 0 0 [::]:ssh [::]:* LISTEN -
```

Not all	processe	:~/EVIL_RABBIT\$ netstat -1 s could be identified, nor n, you would have to be ro	-owned process info			(Not all	processe	M:~/EVIL_RABBIT\$ netstat - es could be identified, no wn, you would have to be r	n-owned process info		
ср	0	0 localhost:domain	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	0 localhost:domain	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
CD	0	0 0.0.0.0:ssh	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	0 0.0.0.0:ssh	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
СР	0	0 0.0.0.0:telnet	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	0 0.0.0.0:telnet	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
СР	ø	0 localhost:ipp	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	<pre>0 localhost:ipp</pre>	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
.p	0	0 localhost:smtp	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	<pre>0 localhost:smtp</pre>	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
D	0	0 localhost:40135	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	0 0.0.0.0:19999	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	6288
p p	0	0 localhost:submission	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	0 localhost:40135	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
:p6	0	0 [::]:http	[::]:*	LISTEN	_	tcp	0	<pre>0 localhost:submission</pre>	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	
p6	0	0 [::]:ftp	[::]:*	LISTEN		tcp6	0	0 [::]:http	[::]:*	LISTEN	
.ро :p6	0	0 [::]:ssh	[::]:*	LISTEN		tcp6	0	0 [::]:ftp	[::]:*	LISTEN	
	0	0 ip6-localhost:ipp		LISTEN		tcp6	0	0 [::]:ssh	[::]:*	LISTEN	
:p6	٧	@ ipo-tocathost:ipp	[::]:*	LISTEN		tcp6	0	0 ip6-localhost:ipp	[::]:*	LISTEN	

Before Infected After Infected

As shown pics above, new connection is established with port num 19999.

OSSEC detected this new connection and sent me an email.



Task 2: Install Snort

Snort is a packet analysis tool which is used for network traffic analysis.

Installation

Installed on Ubuntu 20.04 provided by seed lab.

Modes

Sniffer Mode

Following command display the packet data as well as the headers.

sudo snort -vde

```
[05/14/23]seed@VM:~$ sudo snort -vde
Running in packet dump mode
       --== Initializing Snort ==--
Initializing Output Plugins!
pcap DAO configured to passive.
Acquiring network traffic from "enp0s3".
Decoding Ethernet
       --== Initialization Complete ==--
         -*> Snort! <*-
         Version 2.9.7.0 GRE (Build 149)
         By Martin Roesch & The Snort Team: http://www.snort.org/contact#team
         Copyright (C) 2014 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
         Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
         Using libpcap version 1.9.1 (with TPACKET_V3)
         Using PCRE version: 8.39 2016-06-14
         Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11
Commencing packet processing (pid=51239)
05/14-13:49:32.130874 08:00:27:57:29:70 -> 52:54:00:12:35:02 type:0x800 len:0x6A
10.0.2.15:22 -> 10.0.2.2:57243 TCP TTL:64 TOS:0x10 ID:60605 IpLen:20 DgmLen:92 DF
***AP*** Seq: 0xA575C06F Ack: 0x58CF3F Win: 0xFFFF TcpLen: 20
F6 04 B8 C8 F8 E4 4C A4 F5 DB E9 A0 09 68 5C A8 .....L.....h\.
12 D6 24 0D 1E 21 A4 0D D3 E8 63 23 F6 B2 77 29 ..$..!...c#..w)
63 46 BB 0F BA 8B 3D FD 1A 8A B8 15 BD 79 BF E6 cF....=....y..
55 DA 53 53
                                           U.SS
WARNING: No preprocessors configured for policy 0.
05/14-13:49:32.131310 52:54:00:12:35:02 -> 08:00:27:57:29:70 type:0x800 len:0x3C
10.0.2.2:57243 -> 10.0.2.15:22 TCP TTL:64 TOS:0x0 ID:40249 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40
***A**** Seg: 0x58CF3F Ack: 0xA575C0A3 Win: 0xFFFF TcpLen: 20
05/14-13:49:32.131855 08:00:27:57:29:70 -> 52:54:00:12:35:02 type:0x800 len:0x62
10.0.2.15:22 -> 10.0.2.2:57243 TCP TTL:64 TOS:0x10 ID:60606 IpLen:20 DgmLen:84 DF
***AP*** Seq: 0xA575C0A3 Ack: 0x58CF3F Win: 0xFFFF TcpLen: 20
F3 53 73 70 61 D2 1A 66 0B BA 4A 8B 46 0E 47 9E .Sspa..f..J.F.G.
80 09 A0 60 71 79 8D 75 84 02 27 6F 77 C9 C5 1E ... qy.u.. ow...
47 27 6B 67 DB 78 48 EF FE E2 5D 7F
                                           G'kg.xH...].
```

Packet Logger Mode

Following command record the packets to the disk, if logging directory is specified. Snort will automatically know to go into packet logger mode

```
sudo snort -dev -l ./log
```

```
[05/14/23]seed@VM:~$ sudo snort -dev -l ./log
Running in packet logging mode
       --== Initializing Snort ==--
Initializing Output Plugins!
Log directory = ./log
pcap DAQ configured to passive.
Acquiring network traffic from "enp0s3".
Decoding Ethernet
       --== Initialization Complete ==--
          -*> Snort! <*-
          Version 2.9.7.0 GRE (Build 149)
          By Martin Roesch & The Snort Team: http://www.snort.org/contact#team
          Copyright (C) 2014 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
          Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
          Using libpcap version 1.9.1 (with TPACKET_V3)
          Using PCRE version: 8.39 2016-06-14
          Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11
Commencing packet processing (pid=51309)
```

NIDS Mode

Following command enable NIDS mode so that each packet would be recorded by rules given by rules file after -c option.

```
sudo snort -b -l /tmp/snort-log -h 192.168.1.0/24 -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

```
[05/14/23]seed@VM:~/snort$ sudo snort -b -l /tmp/snort-log -h 192.168.1.0/24 -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
Running in IDS mode

--= Initializing Snort ==--
Initializing Preprocessors!
Initializing Preprocessors!
Initializing Plug-ins!
Parsing Rules file '/etc/snort/snort.conf"
PortVar 'HTP' PORTS' defined : [ 80:81 311 383 591 593 901 1220 1414 1741 1830 2301 2381 2809 3037 3128 3702 4343 4848 5250 6988 7000:7001 7144:7145 7510 777
7.779 8000 8008 8014 8028 8080 8085 8088 8090 8118 8123 8180:8181 8243 8280 8300 8800 8888 8899 9000 9060 9080 9090:9091 9443 9999 11371 34443:34444 41080 50
902. 55555 ]
PortVar 'SHELLCODE_PORTS' defined : [ 0:79 81:65535 ]
PortVar 'SHELLCODE_PORTS' defined : [ 1024:65535 ]
PortVar 'SHELCODE_PORTS' defined : [ 122 1200 3535 ]
PortVar 'FIP_PORTS' defined : [ 21 2100 3535 ]
PortVar 'FIP_PORTS' defined : [ 21 2100 3535 ]
PortVar 'SIP_PORTS' defined : [ 80:81 110 143 311 383 591 593 901 1220 1414 1741 1830 2301 2381 2809 3037 3128 3702 4343 4848 5250 6988 7000:7001 7144:
7145 7510 7777 7779 8000 8008 8014 8028 8080 8085 8088 8090 8118 8123 8180:8181 8243 8280 8300 8800 8808 8899 9000 9060 9080 9090:9091 9443 9999 11371 34443:3
4444 41800 50002 55555 ]
PortVar 'FIP_PORTS' defined : [ 80:81 110 143 311 383 591 593 901 1220 1414 1741 1830 2301 2381 2809 3037 3128 3702 4343 4848 5250 6988 7000:7001 7144:
7145 7510 7777 7779 8000 8008 8014 8028 8080 8085 8088 8090 8118 8123 8180:8181 8243 8280 8300 8800 8808 8899 9000 9060 9080 9090:9091 9443 9999 11371 34443:3
4444 41800 50002 55555 ]
PortVar 'GIP_PORTS' defined : [ 2123 2152 3386 ]
Detection:
Search-Method = AC-Full-Q
Split Any/Any group = enabled
Maximum pattern length = 20
Tagged Packet Limit: 256
```

Detection

Signature-based Detection

I tested signature-based detection via DDOS attack. Direct attack would endanger my system, so I alternatively sent packet whose packet is 15104.

In ddos.rules, it treats packet whose port is from 15104 as DDOS atack. I sent a packet via command below

```
nc 172.30.1.76 15104
```

Then snort detects it as a DDOS attack.

```
[05/14/23]seed@VM:-$ sudo snort -q -A console -b -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
05/14-14:34:31.640889 [**] [1:249:8] DDOS mstream client to handler [**] [Class
ification: Attempted Denial of Service] [Priority: 2] {TCP} 172.30.1.19:58749 ->
_172.30.1.76:15104
```

Anomaly-based Detection

To test anomaly based detection, I created a local rule at /etc/snort/rules/local.rules. When a TCP packet which contains "admin" arrives, it treats as a intrusion. Below pics shows the result.

```
moon@MoonKyungSong nc 172.30.1.76 11111
```

Create a Local Rule

Send "Admin"

Anomaly Detected