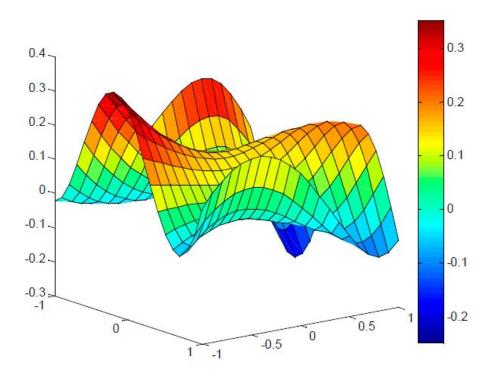
## **EXERCISE 1: GRADIENT DESCENT**

Given the function  $f(x,y) = \sin(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{4}y^2 + 3) * \cos(2x + 1 + e^y)$  determine the minimum of the function and the minimum direction in the point [0.5, 0].



- a) Use 0.1 as size step. How many iterations have been done?
- b) Change the size step at 0.01. How many iterations have been done now?
- c) And, if you change the size step at 1, what happens?
- d) Can you think any way to determine the size step that minimizes the number of iterations?

## **EXERCISE 2: NEWTON'S METHOD**

Use the Newton algorithm to determine the minimum of the function  $f(x, y) = 100(x^2 - y^2) + (1 + x)^2$  taking the point (10, 10) as initial value.