SENG 265 unittest introduction

### the idea

```
def assertTrue(condition):
   if not condition:
      raise AssertionError
```

```
first = None
"""operations on first which are supposed to assign
    non-None values to first..."""
assertTrue( first != None );
```

## the idea can be generalized

```
def assertEqual (a, b):
   assertTrue(a == b)
```

```
def assertFalse (condition):
   if condition:
      raise AssertionError
```

## motivating example (file: largest.py)

```
import sys

class Largest:

    def largest(list):
        max = sys.maxint
        for i in range(0 .. len(list)-1):
            if (list[i] > max):
                 max = list[i]

    return max
```

## some simple things should be true...

```
Largest.largest([7, 8, 9]) should be 9

Largest.largest([8, 9, 7]) should be 9

Largest.largest([9, 7, 8]) should be 9

Largest.largest([7, 9, 8, 9]) should be 9
```

```
Largest.largest([1]) should be 1
Largest.largest([-9, -8, -7]) should be
```

## insight: can write simple tests as asserts

```
import unittest
import Largest from largest
class TestLargest(unittest.TestCase):
    def setUp(self):
        """ set up data used in the tests. set up is
        called before each test function execution. """
        self.l = Largest()
    def testOrder(self):
        title = "Testing order"
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([8, 9, 7]))
def suite():
    suite = unittest.TestSuite()
    suite.addTest(unittest.makeSuite(TestLargest))
    return suite
if name == " main ":
    unittest.TextTestRunner(verbosity=2).run(suite())
                                                                       6
```

## what would have been output?

\$ python unittest largest.py

# oops!

### fix it

```
import sys

class Largest:

    def largest(self, list):
        max = 0
        for i in range(0, len(list)-1):
            if (list[i] > max):
            max = list[i]
        return max
```

## for completeness...

```
import unittest
from largest import Largest
class TestLargest(unittest.TestCase):
    def setUp(self):
        """ set up data used in the tests. set up is
        called before each test function execution. """
        self.l = Largest()
    def testOrder(self):
        title = "Testing order"
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([9, 8, 7]))
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([8, 9, 7]))
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([7, 8, 9]))
# Etc. etc.
```

# oops! (ver 2)

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```
import sys

class Largest:

    def largest(self, list):
        max = 0
        for i in range(0, len(list)-1):
            if (list[i] > max):
            max = list[i]
        return max
```

# fix (ver 2)

```
import sys

class Largest:

    def largest(self, list):
        max = 0
        for i in range(0, len(list)):
            if (list[i] > max):
            max = list[i]
        return max
```

## clean!

```
$ ./unittest_largest.py
testOrder (__main__.TestLargest) ... ok

Ran 1 test in 0.000s
OK
```

#### add more of the tests

```
import unittest
from largest import Largest
class TestLargest(unittest.TestCase):
    def setUp(self):
           set up data used in the tests. set up is
        called before each test function execution.
        self.l = Largest()
    def testOrder(self):
        title = "Testing order"
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([9, 8, 7]))
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([8, 9, 7]))
        self.assertEqual(9, self.l.largest([7, 8, 9]))
    def testDups(self):
        self.assertEquals(9, self.l.largest([9, 7, 9, 8]))
    def testSingleton(self):
        self.assertEquals(1, self.l.largest([1]))
# etc.
```

## clean again!

### and more...

```
def testNegative(self):
    self.assertEquals(-7, self.l.largest([-9, -8, -7]))
```

```
$ ./unittest largest.py
testDups ( main .TestLargest) ... ok
testNegative ( main .TestLargest) ... FAIL
testOrder ( main .TestLargest) ... ok
testSingleton (__main__.TestLargest) ... ok
FAIL: testNegative ( main .TestLargest)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "./unittest largest.py", line 26, in testNegative
    self.assertEquals(-7, self.l.largest([-9, -8, -7]))
AssertionFrror: -7 != 0
Ran 4 tests in 0.000s
FAILED (failures=1)
```

## testing empty

```
def testEmpty(self):
    try:
        self.l.largest([])
    except ValueError:
        pass
    else:
        self.fail("Should have thrown a ValueError exception")
```

```
FAIL: testEmpty (__main__.TestLargest)

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "./unittest_largest.py", line 34, in testEmpty

self.fail("Should have thrown a ValueError exception")

AssertionError: Should have thrown a ValueError exception
```

### asserts

```
assertEquals(first, second [,msg])
assertGreater(first, second [,msg])
assertLess(first, second [,msg])
failIfEqual(first, second [,msg])
assertIsNone(expr [,msg])
assertIsNotNone(expr [,msg])
<and many, many others>
```

#### test suites

- Without "suite", using Python reflection
- May wish to bundle tests together into distinct sets
  - Each set is a "suite"
  - Can combine long running tests into one suite
  - Leave other tests in a second suite
- We will see this construct a little later, but for now be aware it exists

### per-test setup and tear-down

- Permits each test to run independently of others
- May also involve database connection setup, network setup, (and teardown, etc.)
- Again, we will see these later.
- Important thing is to learn how to come up with the right tests