

Exceptions

Lab 7



Exceptions Practice

- Throwing custom-made exceptions
 - Unchecked exceptions
 - Is not necessary to catch these exceptions.
 - Throw when a client cannot reasonably recover from this exception.
 - Checked exceptions
 - It is necessary to catch these exceptions.
 - Throw when a client can recover from the exception.
- Catch more specific exceptions first.
 - All the specific exceptions will be caught by the general catch block.

- Why NullPointerException?
 - As of now, creating a diary app raises a
 NullPointerException. Find where the source of
 this problem is and make the program end gracefully
 after printing relevant information.

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError
Caused by: java.lang.NullPointerException
    at java.base/java.util.Arrays.sort(Arrays.java:1440)
    at StorageManager.nameSortedDirectoryFiles(StorageManager.java:61)
    at StorageManager.directoryChildrenLines(StorageManager.java:27)
    at DiaryEntry.loadAll(DiaryEntry.java:28)
    at Diary.<init>(Diary.java:8)
    at DiaryUI.<clinit>(DiaryUI.java:4)
```

- Handling all the exceptions inside the main function
 - We want to handle all the IOExceptions inside the main() function of the DiaryUI class. Modify the readLines() and the writeLines() functions in the StorageManager class to achieve this.

```
/* Save string lines into as a file */
public static void writeLines(String fileName, List<String> strings) {
    try {
        FileWriter fileWriter = new FileWriter(fileName);
        for (String string : strings) {
            fileWriter.write(|str: string + "\n");
        }
        fileWriter.close();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

```
private static List<String> readLines(File file) {
   List<String> strings = new LinkedList<>();
   try {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(file);
        while (scanner.hasNext()) {
            String line = scanner.nextLine();
            strings.add(line);
        }
   } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
   }
   return strings;
}
```

- Handle file deletion errors
 - Currently, the output of the deleteFile() function is not used. Throw an exception at the failure of file deletion.

```
/*
  * Delete a file
  */
public static void deleteFile(String fileName) {
    File file = new File(fileName);
    file.delete();
}
```



- Inform the users of a successful termination of the diary application.
 - Whether or not the application terminates with an Exception, print the message "Diary application terminated successfully." and close all resources.

Diary directory data/ is not found. Diary application exited successfully.

```
Type a command
    create: Create a diary entry
    list: List diary entries
    read <id>: Read a diary entry with <id>
    delete <id>: Delete a diary entry with <id>
    search <keyword>: List diary entries whose contents contain <keyword>
    exit: exit the diary app

Command: exit

Diary application exited successfully.
```