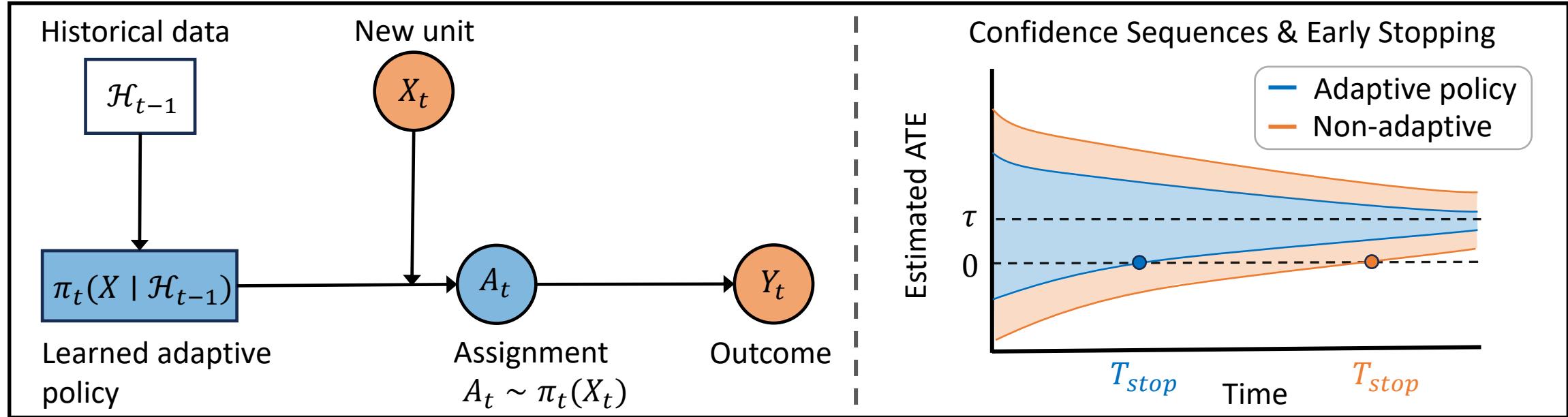


Efficient Adaptive Experimentation with Noncompliance

Miruna Oprescu, Brian M Cho, Nathan Kallus

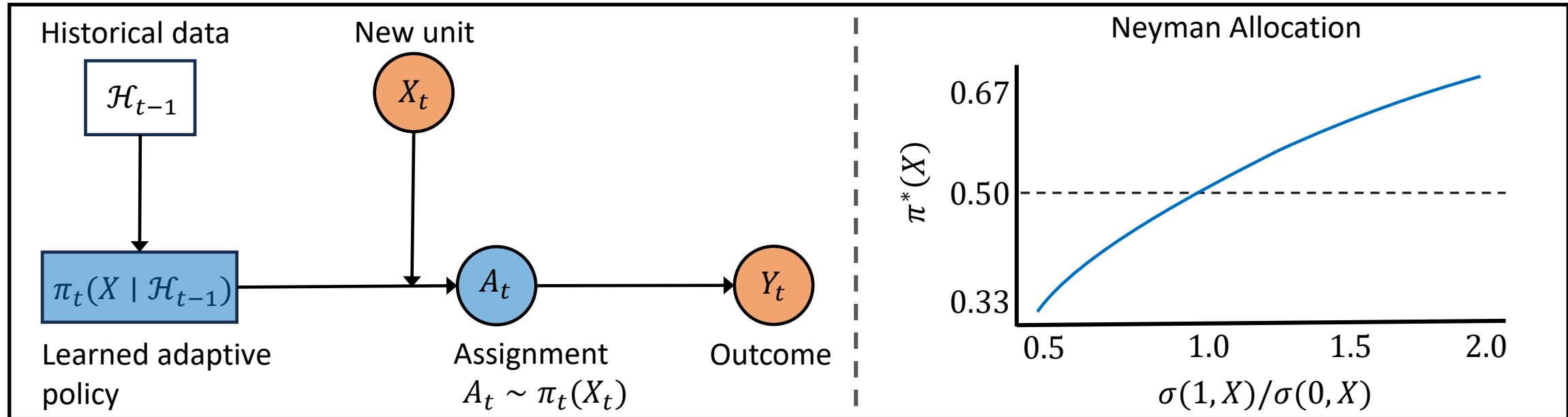
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Efficient Adaptive Experiments with Direct Treatments



- **Setting:** Binary treatment $A \in \{0, 1\}$ with covariates X ; online experiment: observe \mathbf{X}_t , assign \mathbf{A}_t and observe outcome \mathbf{Y}_t each round.
- **Goal:** Learn an adaptive policy $\pi_t(X | \mathcal{H}_{t-1})$ at time t that minimizes the asymptotic variance of the ATE and provide an estimator that achieves it.
- **Motivation:** Enable reliable *early stopping* by driving faster variance reduction.

Efficient Adaptive Experiments with Direct Treatments

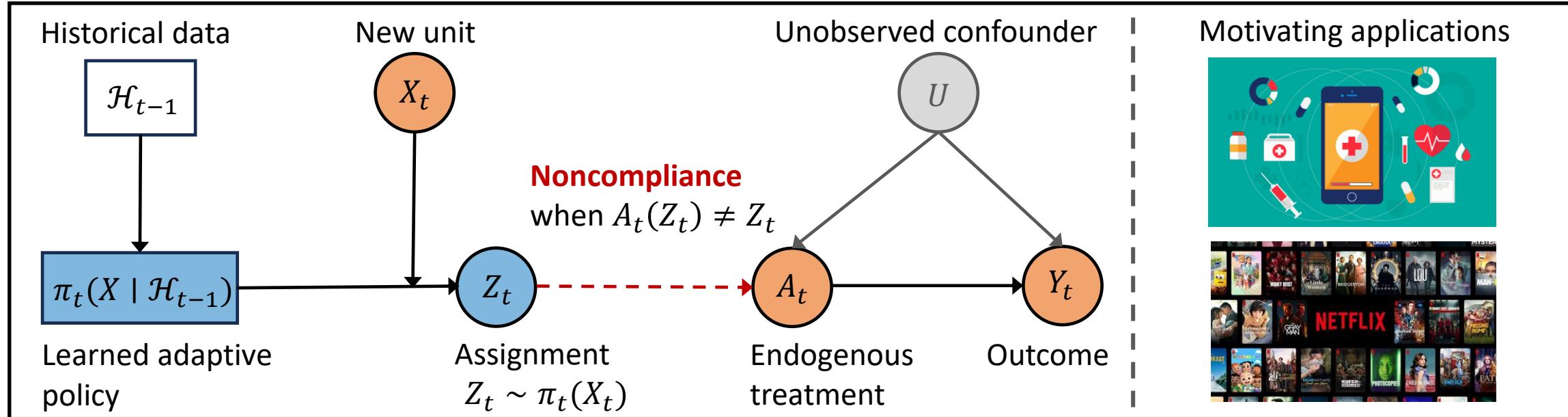


- **Classical Result:** *Neyman allocation* — assign more where (conditional) outcome variance is larger.

$$\pi^*(X) = \frac{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y | A = 1, X)}}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y | A = 0, X)} + \sqrt{\text{Var}(Y | A = 1, X)}} := \frac{\sigma(1, X)}{\sigma(0, X) + \sigma(1, X)}$$

Noncompliance

Efficient Adaptive Experiments with ~~Direct Treatments~~



- **Noncompliance:** We can assign an *encouragement (instrumental variable)*, but *cannot enforce* the treatment (e.g. ethical considerations, feasibility).
- **Issue:** A_t is *endogenous* (affected by unobserved confounding) \Rightarrow naive A/B on A_t is biased; only the instrumental variable Z_t is randomized.
- **IV Fix:** Use Z_t to identify the ATE and adapt the instrument policy instead.

Optimal Policy with Noncompliance

Fixed policy that minimizes asymptotic variance:

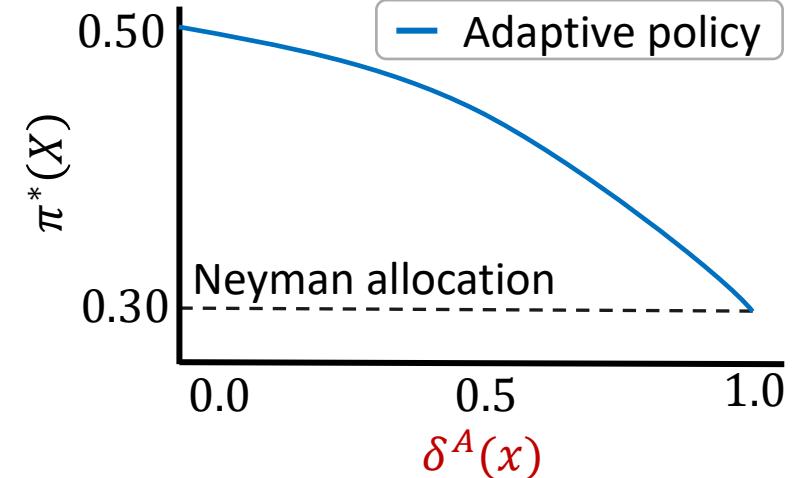
$$\pi^*(X) = \frac{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y - A\delta(X) | Z = 1, X)}}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(Y - A\delta(X) | Z = 0, X)} + \sqrt{\text{Var}(Y - A\delta(X) | Z = 1, X)}}$$

where:

$$\delta(X) = \frac{\delta^Y(X)}{\delta^A(X)} = \frac{\mathbb{E}[Y | X = x, Z = 1] - \mathbb{E}[Y | X = x, Z = 0]}{\mathbb{E}[A | X = x, Z = 1] - \mathbb{E}[A | X = x, Z = 0]}$$

$\underbrace{\delta^A(x)}$ (compliance factor)

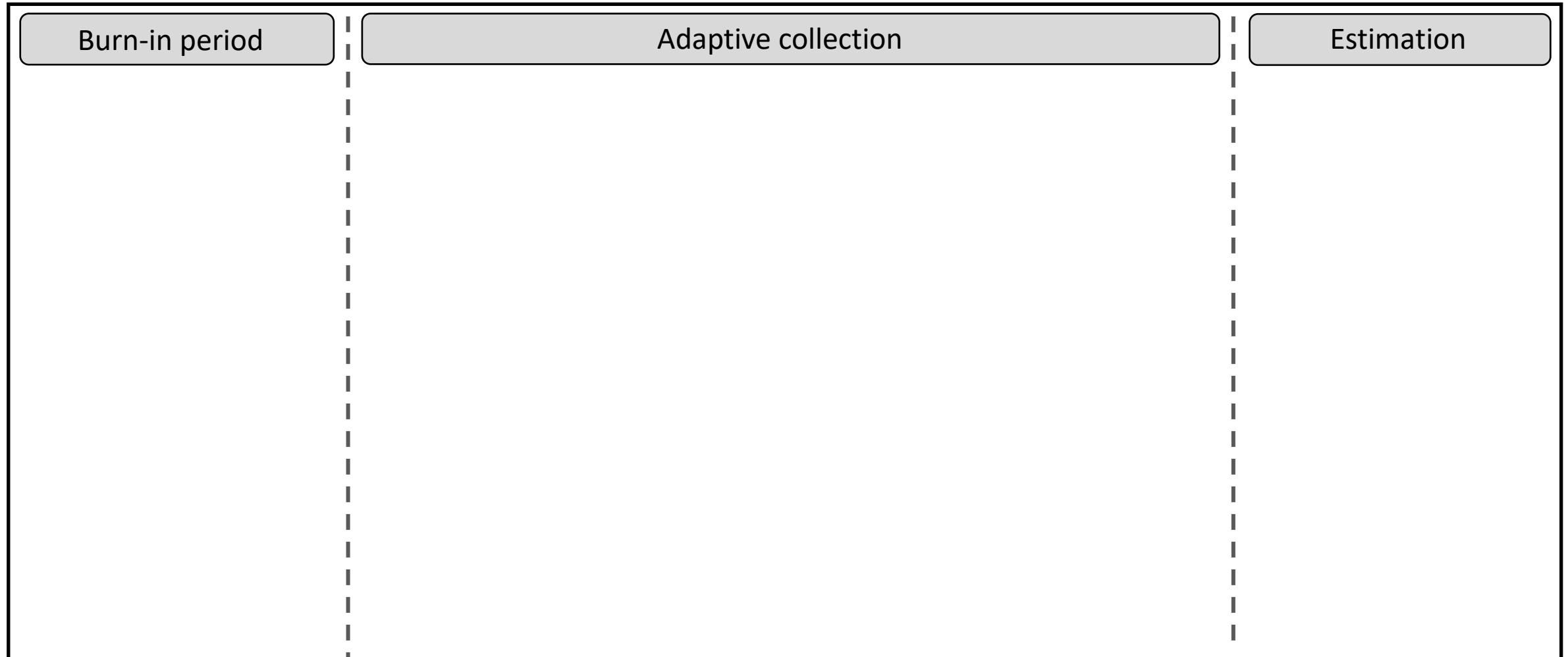
Adaptive policy vs compliance



- **ATE Identification** from Wang & Tchetgen Tchetgen (2018): $\tau = \mathbb{E}[\delta(x)]$.
 - Under IV relevance, exclusion, randomization given X and unconfounded compliance
- **Generalizes Neyman**: balances outcome noise *and* compliance noise.

Introducing the AMRIV

- AMRIV = Adaptive **M**ultiply-**R**obust estimator for **I**V settings



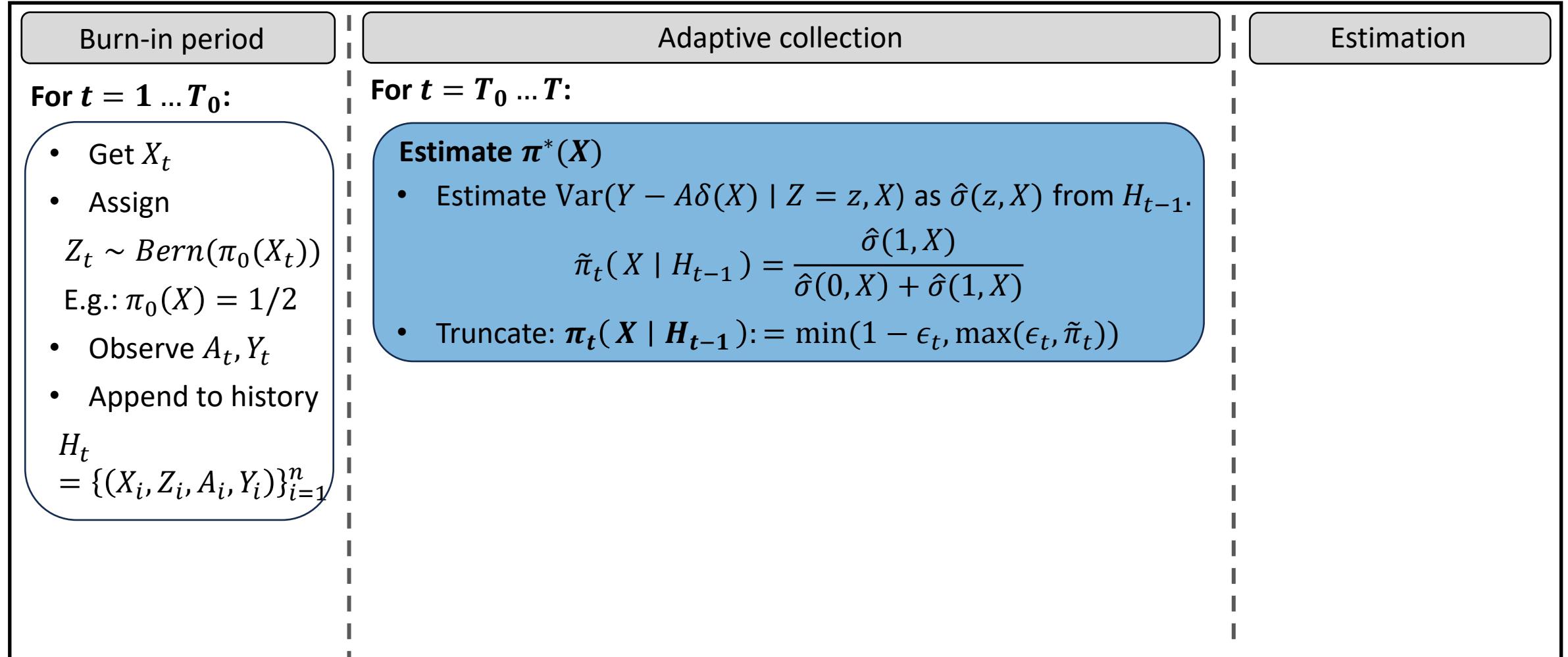
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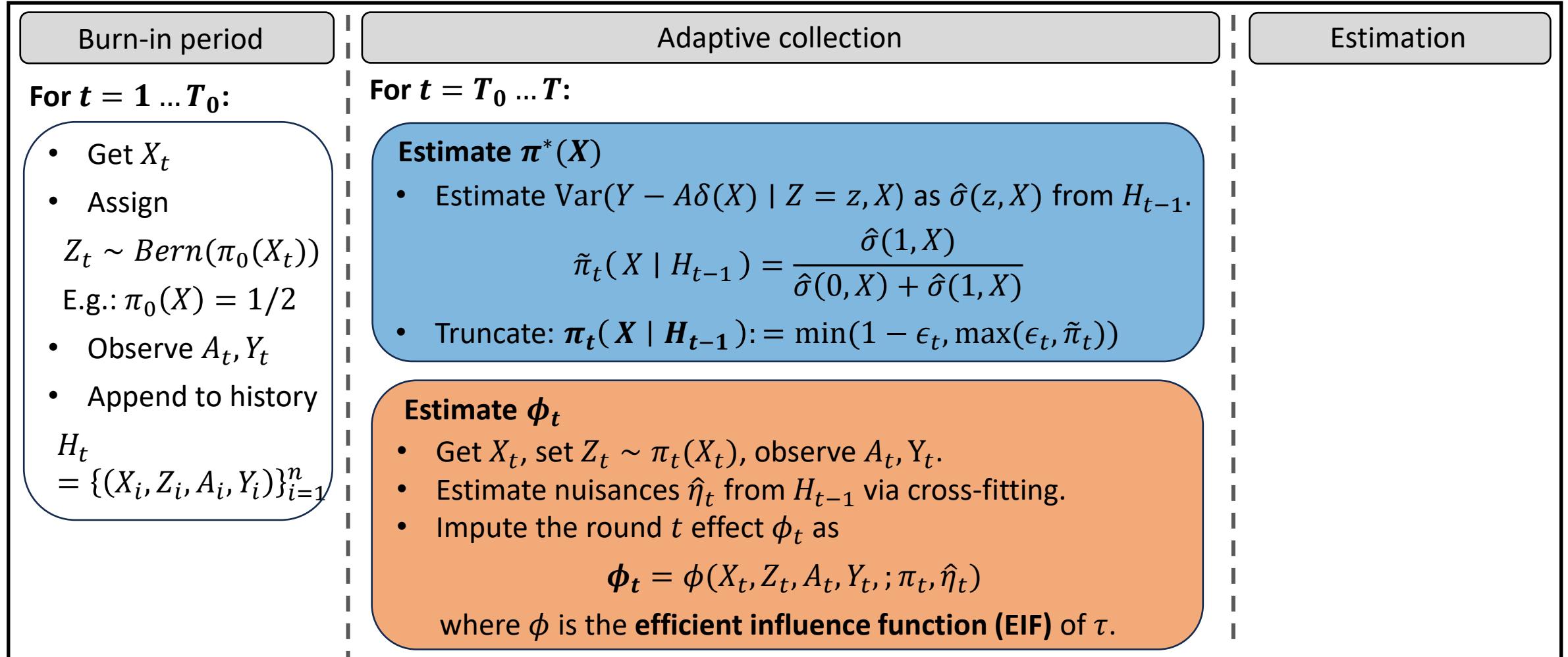
Introducing the AMRIV

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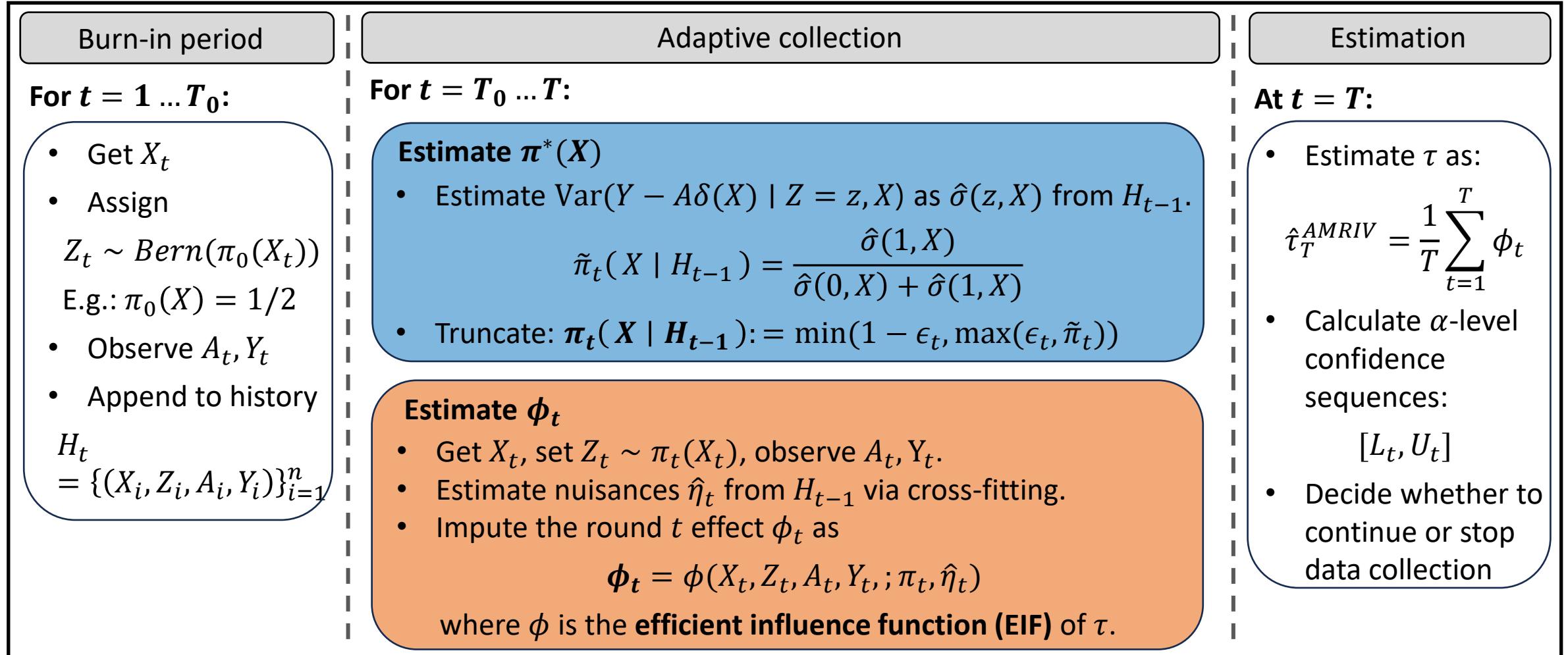
Introducing the AMRIV

- AMRIV = Adaptive **M**ultiply-**R**obust estimator for **I**V settings



Introducing the AMRIV

- AMRIV = Adaptive **M**ultiply-**R**obust estimator for **IV** settings



Introducing the AMRIV

Theoretical properties:

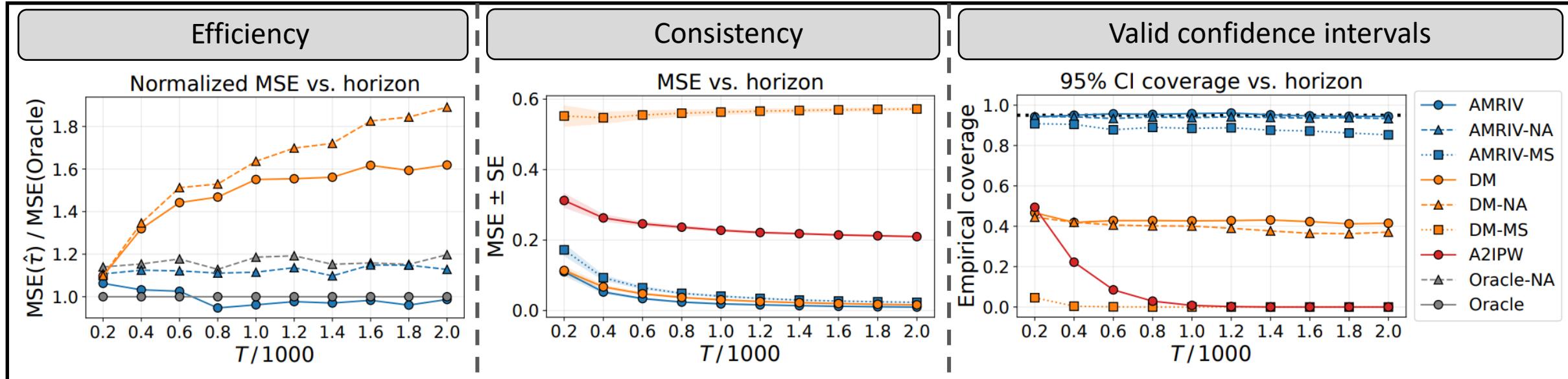
- **Efficient:**

$$\sqrt{T} (\hat{\tau}_T^{AMRIV} - \tau) \rightarrow \mathcal{N}(0, V_{eff}(\pi))$$

with $\pi = \pi^*$ achieving the minimum bound.

- **Multiply-robust:** Consistent if either $\delta(X)$ or $\delta^A(X)$ is learned consistently; AMRIV is $O_p(T^{-1/2})$ if both $\delta(X)$ and $\delta^A(X)$ are $o_p(T^{-1/4})$.
- **Anytime-valid:** Can build anytime valid asymptotic confidence sequences (AsymCS) from online EIF variance \Rightarrow peek-safe early stopping.

Experimental Results



- **Efficiency:** Adaptivity improves efficiency of all estimators.
- **Consistency:** AMRIV-MS is consistent even when one of the nuisances is misspecified, whereas the direct method DM-MS is not.
- **Valid confidence intervals:** AMRIV achieves nominal (95%) coverage unlike non-robust methods.

Summary of Contributions and Impact

Key Contributions:

- We proposed an **adaptive IV framework** for online experiments with noncompliance and derived an **optimal instrument assignment policy** to minimize asymptotic variance.
- We introduced **AMRIV**, an adaptive IV estimator that provides strong theoretical guarantees: **asymptotic efficiency**, **multiply-robust consistency**, and **time-uniform confidence sequences**.
- We validated our framework through simulations and real-world applications.

Broader Impact:

- We enabled adaptive experimentation **when treatment isn't assignable**, delivering **more information**, **earlier stopping**, and **valid inference** for digital platforms, personalized medicine, and beyond.