

# Computer Networks

Internetworking (§5.5, 5.6.1)



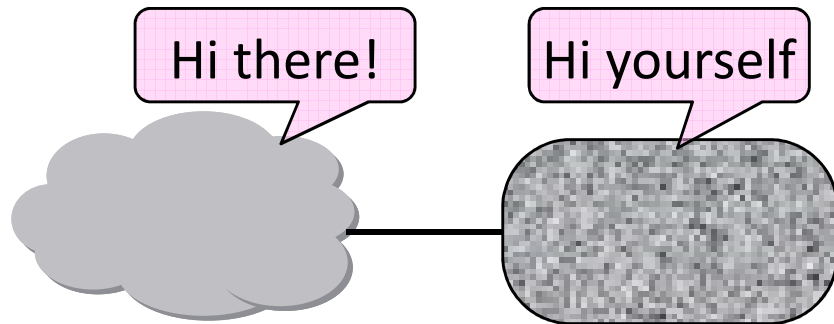
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# Topic

- How do we connect different networks together?
    - This is called internetworking
- We'll look at how IP does it

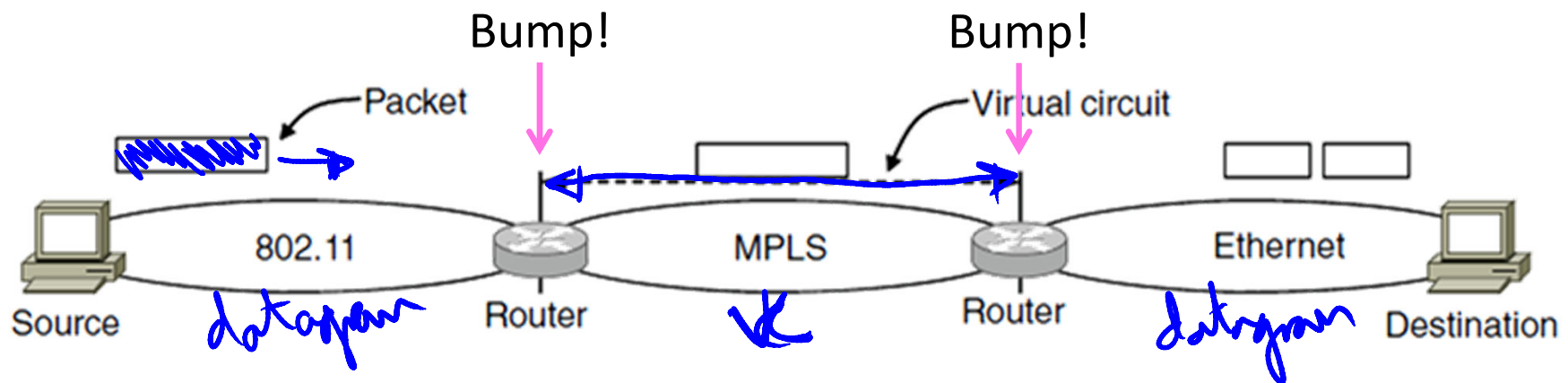


# How Networks May Differ

- Basically, in a lot of ways:
  - Service model (datagrams, VCs)
  - Addressing (what kind)
  - QOS (priorities, no priorities)
  - Packet sizes
    - Security (whether encrypted)
- Internetworking hides the differences with a common protocol. (Uh oh.)

# Connecting Datagram and VC networks

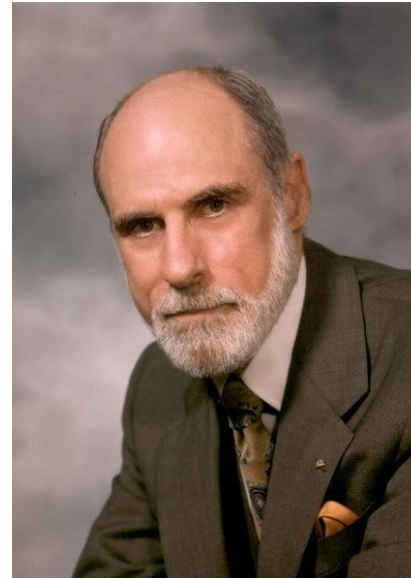
- An example to show that it's not so easy
  - Need to map destination address to a VC and vice-versa
  - A bit of a “road bump”, e.g., might have to set up a VC



# Internetworking – Cerf and Kahn

- Pioneered by Cerf and Kahn, the “fathers of the Internet”
  - In 1974, later led to TCP/IP
- Tackled the problems of interconnecting networks
  - Instead of mandating a single network technology

Vint Cerf



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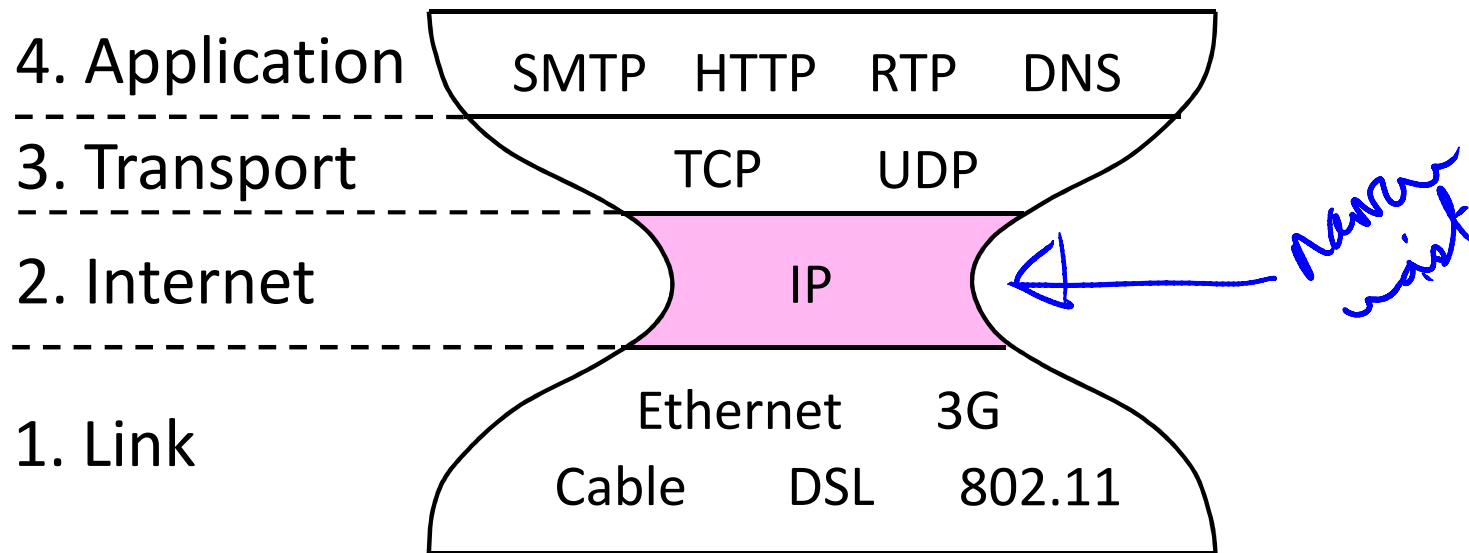
Bob Kahn




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# Internet Reference Model

- IP is the “narrow waist” of the Internet
  - Supports many different links below and apps above

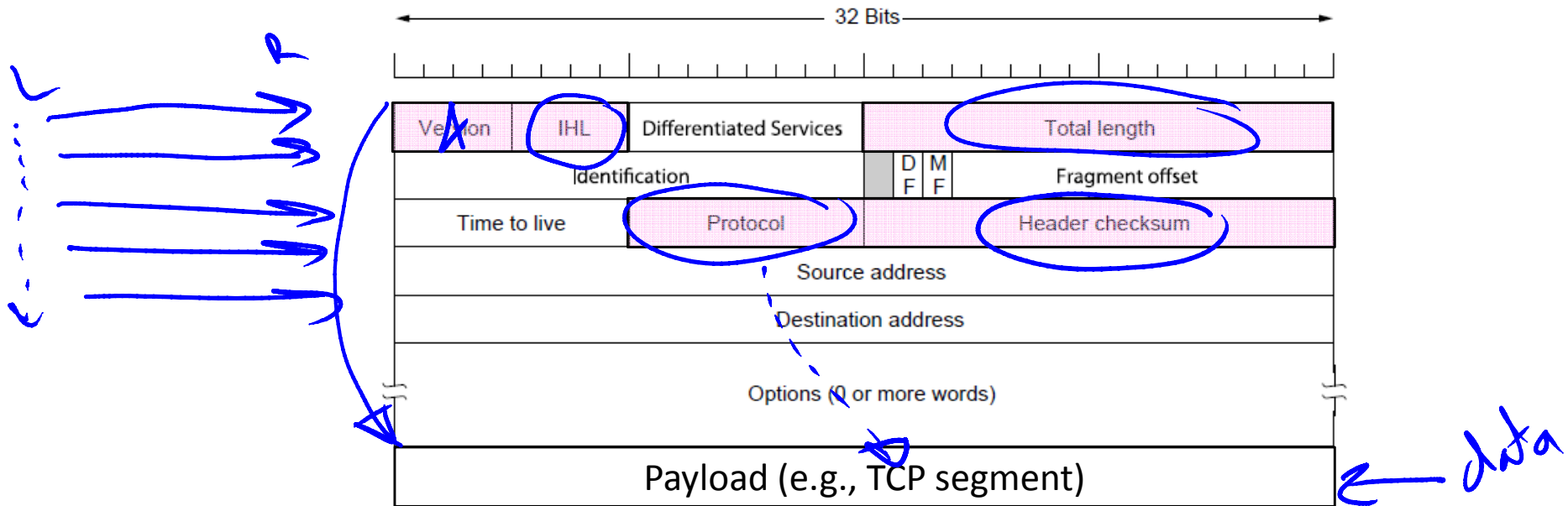


# IP as a Lowest Common Denominator

-  Suppose only some networks support QOS or security etc.
  - Difficult for internetwork to support
- Pushes IP to be a “lowest common denominator” protocol
  - Asks little of lower-layer networks
  - Gives little as a higher layer service

# IPv4 (Internet Protocol)

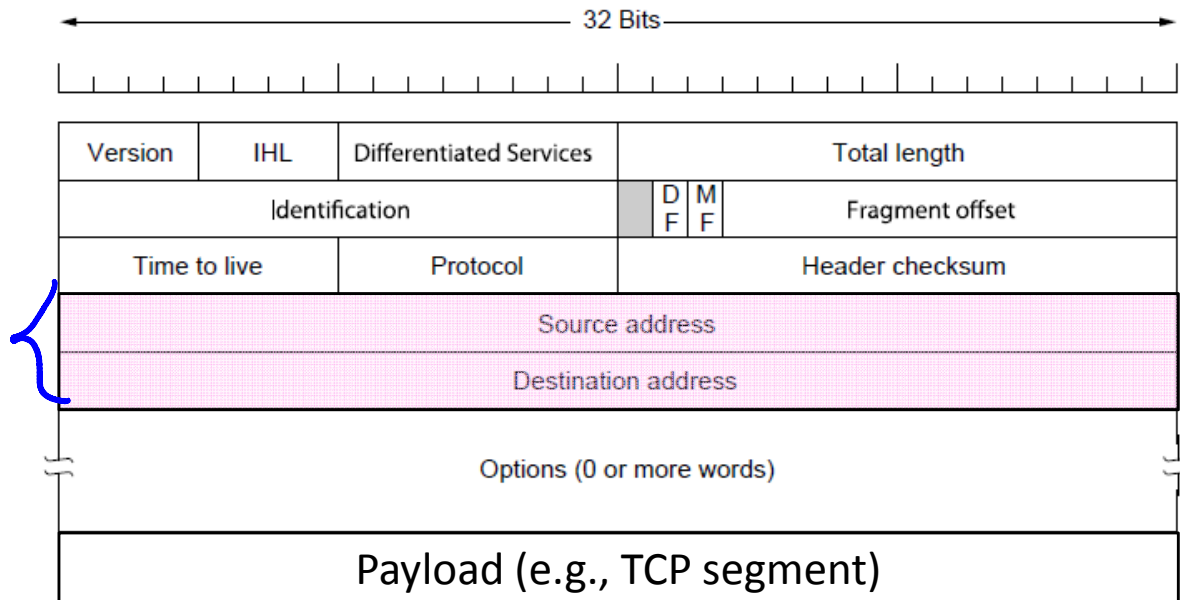
- Various fields to meet straightforward needs
  - Version, Header (IHL) and Total length, Protocol, and Header Checksum





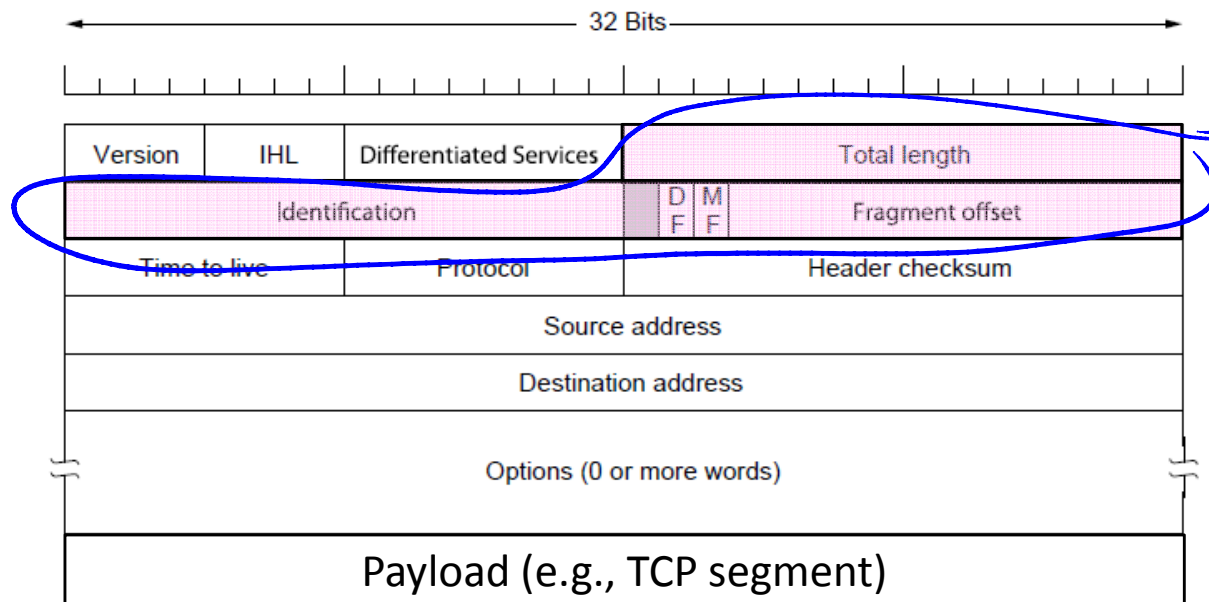
# IPv4 (2)

- Network layer of the Internet, uses datagrams
  - Provides a layer of addressing above link addresses (next)



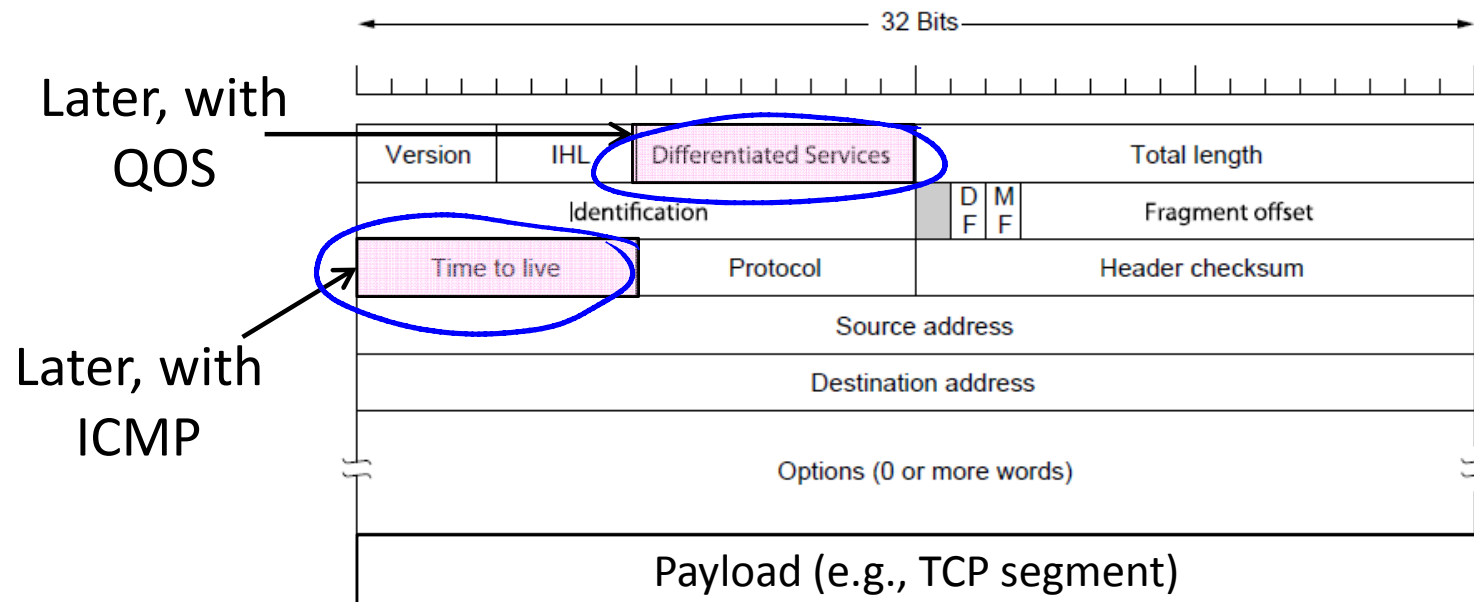
# IPv4 (3)

- Some fields to handle packet size differences (later)
  - Identification, Fragment offset, Fragment control bits



# IPv4 (4)

- Other fields to meet other needs (later, later)
  - Differentiated Services, Time to live (TTL)



# END

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