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|-------------|------------------|---------------------|------|--------------------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------|-----|----------------|------|----------|
| 1 | Transformir | ng Geometric Object | ts | | | nimations | cations | 5 Tools | g Tools | ctive | ctive | oof | World arios | ers | Example |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Anima | Classifi | Explore | Graphin | Intera Diagr | Intera | Pro | Real-\ Scen | Solv | Worked I |

| · | Experimenting with Rigid Motions | Students use an interactive Explore Tool to perform translations, reflections, and rotations. Students also identify vertical and horizontal symmetry and describe sequences of rigid motions that map one figure onto a congruent figure. Students observe that, after rigid motions, parallel lines remain parallel and angle measures and line segments do not change their measure. | 8.G.1 8.G.1a 8.G.1b 8.G.1c | ~ | | | • | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|----------|----------|---|---|--|--|
| Rigid Motions on | Translating Plane Figures | Students will select translations that match a pre-image to a target image figure, given a reference point. | 8.G.2 8.G.3 | | ~ | | • | | |
| the Coordinate Plane | Reflecting Plane Figures | Students will select reflections over lines that match a pre-image to target image figure, given a reference point. | 8.G.2 8.G.3 | | ~ | | • | | |
| | Rotating Plane Figures | Students will select rotations that match a pre-image to a target image figure, given a reference point. | 8.G.2 8.G.3 | | * | | • | | |
| | Describing Rigid Motions Using Coordinates | Students watch an animation showing how rigid motionstranslations, reflections, and rotationsare defined on the coordinate plane using algebraic notation. Students identify and produce rigid motions of shapes using coordinates and the coordinate plane. | 8.G.3 | ~ | | • | | | |



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| Topic 2: Simila | arity | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Similar | Defining Similarity | Students watch an animation showing how similar figures can be created by drawing and measuring lines from a point of dilation. Students distinguish between enlargement and reduction dilations and use the corresponding side length ratios to determine the scale factors of dilations. Students learn that shapes created by dilations are similar figures, which have congruent corresponding angle measures and proportional corresponding side lengths. | 8.G.4 | ~ | • | | • | | |
| Figures on the Coordinate Plane | Dilating Plane Figures | Students will select dilations that match a pre-image to target image figures, given a reference point. | 8.G.3 8.G.4 | | ~ | • | | | |
| | Performing One Transformation | Students will select a translation, rotation, reflection, or dilation that matches a preimage to a target image figure, given a reference point. | 8.G.2 8.G.3 8.G.4 | | ~ | • | | | |
| | Performing Multiple Transformations | Students will select multiple transformations from translation, rotation, reflection, and dilation to match a pre-image to a target image figure, given a reference point. | 8.G.2 8.G.3 8.G.4 | | ~ | • | | | |



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| 1 | Transformir | ng Geometric Object | S | | | tions | cations | Sloot a | g Tools | ctive | ctive | of | World arios | ers | Example |
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| Similar Figures on the Coordinate Plane (continued) | Describing Transformations Using Coordinates | Students watch a brief animation showing how dilations are defined on the coordinate plane using algebraic notation. They compare and contrast shapes and their dilations on the coordinate plane and then define a similar figure as one which is obtained from an original figure by a sequence of dilations and rigid motions. Students also define a congruent figure as one which is obtained from an original figure by a sequence of rigid motions. Finally, students identify sequences of rigid motions or rigid motions and dilations which produce a transformed figure and differentiate between transformations that produce congruent figures and those that produce similar figures that are not congruent. | 8.G.2 8.G.4 | ~ | | • | | | | | • | | | | |

| Topic 3: Line a | and Angle Relationshi | ps | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|-------|----------|----------|---|--|---|--|---|
| Angles and Triangles | Introduction to Triangle Sum and Exterior Angle Theorems | Students are informally introduced to the Triangle Sum Theorem. They derive the Exterior Angle Theorem using the Triangle Sum Theorem and substitution. Students use these theorems to determine unknown angle measures on the interior and exterior of triangles. | 8.G.5 | ~ | | | | | | • |
| | Classifying Angles Formed by Transversals | Students follow worked examples and complete sorting activities as they learn to identify angles and angle pairs formed by lines cut by a transversal. | 8.G.5 | ~ | | • | | | | |
| Lines Cut by a Transversal | Reasoning about Angles Formed by Transversals | Students solve reasoning problems involving angle measures formed by lines cut by a transversal. | 8.G.5 | ~ | | | | | | • |
| | Calculating Angle Measures Formed by Transversals | Calculate the measure of the sought angle by using angle relationships formed by two lines cut by a single transversal. | 8.G.5 | | ~ | | | • | | |



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| 2 | Developing | Functional Foundat | ions | | | mations | cations | o Tools | g Tools | ctive | heets | oof World | arios rers | Example |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Anima | Classifi | Explore | Graphin | Intera | Works | Prc Real-\ | Scen | Worked I |

| - | | Students identify a constant of proportionality | | | | | | | | | 1 |
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| | Representing Proportional Relationships Algebraically | from a scenario. They use the constant of proportionality from a scenario. They use the constant of proportionality to select an equation that models a proportional relationship in a scenario. Students use an equation modeling a proportional relationship to determine a value for an independent variable when the value for the dependent variable is given. | 8.F.4 | ~ | | | | | • | | • |
| | Modeling the Constant of Proportionality | Given a scenario, students complete a table of values, write a direct variation equation, plot values from the table, and draw the line representing the direct variation equation. | 8.F.4 | | • | | • | • | • | • | |
| Representing Proportional Relationships | Understanding the Slopes of Lines | Students watch an animation which shows that the unit rate and constant of proportionality for a situation are both equivalent to the slope of a line representing the situation. Students answer questions, demonstrating with similar triangles that the slope of a straight line is the same between any two points on the line. They interpret the slopes of lines representing different real-world scenarios. Finally, students use an interactive Explore Tool, which helps students to build the linear equation representing a straight line on a coordinate plane. | 8.EE.6 | ~ | | • | | | | | |
| | Graphing Linear Relationships | Students will graph proportional and non- proportional linear relationships. They will examine and compare unit rates. | 8.EE.5 8.F.3 | • | | | • | | | | |



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| | 2 | Developing | Functional Foundat | ions | | | ations | cations | : Tools | g Tools | ctive | heets | Morld arios | ers | Example |
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| Topic 2: Linea | ar Relationships | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|-------|----------|---|---|---|---|--|
| | Multiple Representations of Linear Functions | Students represent scenarios with linear expressions. They compare multiple representations of linear functions and determine whether a table, graph, or equation match a given scenario. Students match graphed lines and equations to given scenarios. | 8.F.4 | ~ | • | | | | |
| Linear Models | Modeling Linear Functions Using Multiple Representations | Students model problems using expressions, tables, and graphs. Students use number properties to evaluate and solve one-step and two-step equations. | 8.F.4 | ~ | | • | • | • | |
| | Calculating Slopes | Students are given a relation and a choice as to which method to use to graph it. Students are then given information about the line appropriate to the chosen method. | 8.F.4 | ~ | | • | • |) | |
| | Connecting Slope-Intercept and Point-Slope Forms | Students watch an animation showing a situation involving a California roller coaster whose initial drop can be modeled by a linear equation in point-slope form. Students then write linear equations in point-slope form to describe lines on a coordinate plane given two points. They convert these equations in point-slope form into slope-intercept form to determine the y-intercept of each line. | 8.F.3 | ~ | • | | | | |
| Writing Equations of a Line | Writing Equations Given Slope and a Point | In real-world and mathematical problems, students write the equation of a line in slope-intercept form given the slope and a point on the line. | 8.F.4 | ~ | | • | • | • | |
| | Writing Equations Given Two Points | In real-world and mathematical problems, students write the equation of a line in slope- intercept form given two points on the line. | 8.F.4 | ~ | | • | • | • | |
| | Modeling Linear Relationships Given an Initial Point | Given a scenario describing an initial point and a second point in a linear relationship, students define variables, answer questions, and write an expression to represent the line. | 8.F.4 | • | | | • | • | |



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| 2 | Developing | Functional Foundati | ons | | | tions | ations | : Tools | g Tools | ctive ams ctive | of | Vorld arios | ers | Example |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Animations | Classifications | Explore Tools | Graphing Tools | Interactive Diagrams Interactive Worksheets | Proof | Real-World Scenarios | Solvers | Worked Example |
| Writing Equations of a Line (continued) | Modeling Linear Relationships Given Two Points | Given a scenario describing two points in a linear relationship, students define variables, answer questions, and write an expression to represent the line. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | | | | • | | • | • | |
| | Analyzing Models of Linear Relationships | Students analyze scenarios of linear relationships. They are given an equation that models the scenario. Students then match the different expressions in the equation to verbal descriptions of these quantities in the context of the scenario. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | • | | | | | • | | |
| | Graphing Given an Integer Slope and y-Intercept | Students will write the equations of lines given an integer slope and a y-intercept. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | | | • | • | | • | | |
| Cuanha af Linaan | Graphing Given a Decimal Slope and y-Intercept | Students will write the equations of lines given a decimal-value slope and a y-intercept. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | | | • | • | | • | | |
| Graphs of Linear Equations in Two Variables | Modeling Linear Equations in Standard Form | Students follow worked examples and analyze linear equations in standard form. Students identify components of linear equations and their meaning in terms of problem situations. | 8.F.4 | • | | | • | | | | | • | | • |
| | Graphing Linear Equations using a Given Method | Students graph relations given in standard form by applying an indicated method: the slope-intercept method, two-points method, or two-intercepts method. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | | | • | | | | | |
| | Graphing Linear Equations using a Chosen Method | Students are given a relation and a choice as to which method to use to graph it. Students are then given information about the line appropriate to the chosen method. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | | | • | | | | | |
| Tonic 3: Introd | luction to Functions | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Topic 3. Inti ou | | Students use an interactive function machine | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Relations and Functions | Exploring Functions | to explore mystery functions. Students use the function machine and a table to identify functions. They also use the machine along | 8.F.1 | • | | | • | • | | | | | | |

07/22/19

functions. They also use the machine along with sorting activities to identify the domain

and range of different functions.



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| 2 | Developing | Functional Foundati | ions | | | tions | ations | Tools | g Tools | ams ctive | of | Vorld | ers | xample |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Animations | Classifications | Explore Tools | Graphing Tools | Interactive Diagrams Interactive | Proof | Real-World Scenarios | Solvers | Worked Example |
| | Exploring Graphs of Functions | Students use an interactive function machine and a graph to identify and analyze function equations and graphs. Students identify intercepts of the graphs. | 8.F.1 | ~ | | | | • | | | | | | |
| Relations and Functions (continued) | Classifying Relations and Functions | Students watch an animation and follow worked examples as they learn how to classify relations as functions or non-functions. | 8.F.1 | ~ | | • | | | | | | • | | • |
| | Identifying Key Characteristics of Graphs of Functions | Students will identify key characteristics from the graph of a function, such as the intercepts, minimum and maximum x-values, minimum and maximum y-values, domain, and range. | 8.F.5 | | ~ | | | | • | | | | | |

| Topic 4: Patter | ns in Bivariate Data | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|---------------|----------|----------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Lines of Best Fit | Estimating Lines of Best Fit | Students describe the patterns of association in scatter plots and select the most appropriate line of best fit for a scatter plot. They use an interactive Explore Tool to plot, analyze, interpret, and reason with lines of best fit using real-world data. | 8.SP.1 8.SP.2 | ~ | | • | • | | • | |
| | Using Lines of Best Fit | Students practice interpreting the meaning of lines of best fit and using the lines to make predictions. | 8.SP.2 8.SP.3 | ~ | | | | | • | |
| | Building Marginal Frequency Distributions | Students construct a Marginal Frequency Distribution from an input Data Table for a contextual scenario. | 8.SP.4 | | * | | | • | • | |
| Categorical Data | Analyzing Marginal Frequency Distributions | Students analyze a Marginal Frequency Distribution to answer questions about frequencies for interior and total cells, categories with minimum or maximum frequencies for interior and/or total cells, and comparing frequencies in different rows or columns | 8.SP.4 | | ~ | | | | | |
| | Building Marginal Relative Frequency Distributions | Students construct a Marginal Relative Frequency Distribution from an input Marginal Frequency Distribution for a contextual scenario. | 8.SP.4 | | • | | | • | • | |



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| 2 | Developing | Functional Foundat | ions | | | tions | ations | : Tools | g Tools | ctive | heets | Vorld | ers | Example |
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| Categorical Data (continued) | Analyzing Marginal Relative Frequency Distributions | Students analyze a Marginal Relative Frequency Distribution to answer questions about relative frequencies for interior and total cells, categories with minimum or maximum relative frequencies for interior and/or total cells, and comparing relative frequencies in different rows or columns. | 8.SP.4 | | ~ | | | | | | | | | |

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| 3 | Modeling Li | near Equations | | | | tions | ations | Tools | g Tools | ctive ams ctive neets of | Vorld | ers | xample |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Animations | Classifications | Explore Tools | Graphing Tools | Interactive Diagrams Interactive Worksheets Proof | Real-World Scenarios | Solvers | Worked Example |
| Tonic 1: Solvi | ng Linear Equations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Solving Linear | Exploring Two-Step Equations | Students use a balance tool to explore two- step equations. They use a general strategy to solve any two-step equation. | 8.EE.7b | • | | | • | • | | | | | • |
| Equations | Solving Multi-Step Equations | Students practice solving equations algebraically using a variety of strategies, including using a balance tool. | 8.EE.7b | ~ | | | | • | | | | | • |
| | Solving by Combining Like Variable Terms and a Constant with Integers (No Type In) | Students combine like terms and then solve for a variable given an equation with integer coefficients and constants. | 8.EE.7b | | ~ | | | | | | | • | |
| Solving Linear | Solving by Combining Like Variable Terms and a Constant with Integers (Type In) | Students combine like terms and then solve for a variable given an equation with decimal coefficients and constants. | 8.EE.7b | | ~ | | | | | | | • | |
| Equations with Similar Terms | Solving by Combining Like Variable Terms and a Constant with Decimals (No Type In) | Students combine like terms and then solve for a variable given an equation with decimal coefficients and constants. | 8.EE.7b | | ~ | | | | | | | • | |
| | Solving by Combining Like Variable Terms and a Constant with Decimals (Type In) | Students combine like terms and then solve for a variable given an equation with decimal coefficients and constants. | 8.EE.7b | | ~ | | | | | | | • | |
| Linear Models and the Distributive | Analyzing Models of Linear Relationships Involving the Distributive Property | Students analyze scenarios of one-step linear relationships involving the distributive property. They are given an equation that models the scenario. Students then match the different expressions in the equation to verbal descriptions of these quantities in the context of the scenario. | 8.F.4 | | ~ | | • | | | | • | | |
| Property | Modeling Integer Rates of | Students will determine linear expressions with fraction or decimal coefficients that | 8.F.4 | | _ | | | | | • | • | • | |

07/22/19

represent real-world contexts. They will use these expressions to solve problems.



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| 3 | Modeling Li | near Equations | | | | Animations | Classifications | Explore Tools | Graphing Tools | Interactive Diagrams | active | Proof | Real-World Scenarios | Solvers | Worked Example |
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| | Modeling Fractional Rates of Change | Students will determine linear expressions with fraction or decimal coefficients that represent real-world contexts. They will use these expressions to solve problems. | 8.F.4 | | > | | | | | | • | | • | • | |
| Linear Models and the Distributive Property | Modeling using the Distributive Property over Division | Students will use the Distributive Property over Division to determine and represent expressions for real-world contexts. They will use these expressions to solve problems. | 8.F.4 | | > | | | | | | • | | • | • | |
| (continued) | Solving with the Distributive Property Over Multiplication | Students will solve equations with variables embedded in distribution expressions. | 8.EE.7b | | * | | | | | | | | | • | |
| | Solving with the Distributive Property Over Division | Students will solve equations with variables embedded in distribution expressions in fractions. | 8.EE.7b | | > | | | | | | | | | • | |
| | Solving with Integers (No Type In) | Students will solve equations with variables on both sides of the equals sign. | 8.EE.C.7b | | > | | | | | | | | | • | |
| | Solving with Integers (Type In) | Students will solve equations with variables on both sides of the equals sign. | 8.EE.C.7b | | * | | | | | | | | | • | |
| Linear Equations with Variables on Both Sides | Solving Equations with One Solution, Infinite, and No Solutions | Students follow worked examples as they learn to identify equations with one solution, no solutions, and infinite solutions. Students also check the solutions to equations. | 8.EE.C.7a | ~ | | | | | | | | | | | • |
| | Sorting Equations by Number of Solutions | Students complete sorting activities to practice identifying linear equations with one, no, and infinite solutions. | 8.EE.C.7a | ~ | | | • | | | | | | | | |



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| 3 | Modeling Li | near Equations | | | | nimations | cations | Sloot s | g Tools | ctive | ctive | oof | - 0 | Example |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Anime | Classifica | Explore | Graphin | Intera | Intera Works | Pro | ce S | Worked F |

| Topic 2: Syster | ns of Linear Equation | ns | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Systems of Linear Equations | Introduction to Systems of Linear Equations | Students watch an animation introduces systems of linear equations and demonstrating that linear systems may have one solution, no solutions, or an infinite number of solutions. Students represent systems with one solution graphically and algebraically in order to understand that the solution to such a system is represented by a point of intersection of the graphs of the two linear equations. Students verify solutions to systems and interpret a system in context, making sense of the point of intersection as the break-even point in a cost-income situation. | 8.EE.C.8a | ~ | • | • | | | | |
| anical aquadono | Modeling Linear Systems Involving Integers | Students will write multiple expressions with integer coefficients and use equations to solve systems and determine break-even points in the context of real-world problems. | 8.EE.8 8.EE.C.8a 8.EE.C.8b 8.EE.C.8c | | ~ | • | • | • | • | |
| | Modeling Linear Systems Involving Decimals | Students will write multiple expressions with decimal coefficients and use equations to solve systems and determine break-even points in the context of real-world problems. | 8.EE.8 8.EE.C.8a 8.EE.C.8b 8.EE.C.8c | | ~ | • | • | • | • | |
| | Solving Linear Systems Using Substitution | Students will solve systems of equations with one solution using substitution in mathematical contexts | 8.EE.C.8b | | ~ | • | | | • | |



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| 4 | Expanding N | Number Systems | | | | nimations | cations | Sloot e | g Tools | ctive ams | ctive heets | oof | Morld arios | ers | Example |
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| Topic 1: The R | eal Number System | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rational and | Introduction to Irrational Numbers | Students determine perfect squares and their square roots. They use rational approximations to determine decimal approximations of square roots of nonperfect squares. Students watch an animation about the real number system and classify real numbers as rational or irrational. | 8.NS.1 8.NS.2 8.EE.2 | • | • | • | • | • |
| Irrational Numbers | Graphing Real Numbers on a Number Line | Students practice plotting various real numbers on a number line. Students approximate, if necessary, and plot decimals, percents, fractions, square roots, and pi. | 8.NS.1 8.NS.2 | • | | • | | |
| | Ordering Rational and Irrational Numbers | Students use a number line tool to plot approximate values of real numbers and then compare and order the numbers. | 8.NS.1 8.NS.2 | ~ | | • | | |

| Topic 2: Pythag | gorean Theorem | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--------------|----------|---|--|---|---|
| | Exploring the Pythagorean Theorem | Students explore a variety of right triangles and answer questions about proofs of the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse. | 8.G.6 | ✓ | • | | | |
| The Pythagorean | Applying the Pythagorean Theorem | Students increase their familiarity with using the Pythagorean Theorem by analyzing worked examples. | 8.G.7 8.EE.2 | ✓ | | | | • |
| Theorem | Problem Solving Using the Pythagorean Theorem | Students solve for an unknown side length of a right triangle in real-world problems by using the Pythagorean Theorem. | 8.G.7 8.EE.2 | ✓ | | | • | |
| | Calculating Distances on the Coordinate Plane | Students determine distances on the coordinate plane using the Pythagorean Theorem. | 8.G.8 8.EE.2 | ~ | • | | | |

07/22/19 12



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| 5 | Applying Po | wers | | | | mations | cations | . Tools | g Tools | ctive | heets | Norld | ers | Example |
| MATHia Unit | MATHia Workspace | Overview | ccss | Concept Builder | Mastery | Anima | Classifi | Explore | Graphin | Intera | Works | Pro Real-V | Solv | Worked I |

| Topic 1: Expo | nents and Scientific N | lotation | | | | | |
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| | Introduction to the Power Rules | Students analyze worked examples for the power rules, including the Product Rule, Quotient Rule, Power to a Power Rule, Zero Power, and Negative Exponent Rules. They then answer questions and derive a general formula for each rule. Finally, students practice applying the rules. | 8.EE.1 | • | • | | • |
| | Using the Product Rule and the Quotient Rule | Students will simplify mathematical expressions using the Product and Quotient Rules. | 8.EE.1 | ~ | | • | |
| Properties of Whole Number | Using the Power to a Power Rule | Students will simplify mathematical expressions using the Power to a Power Rule. | 8.EE.1 | ~ | | • | |
| Exponents | Using the Product to a Power Rule and the Quotient to a Power Rule | Students will simplify mathematical expressions using the Product to a Power and the Quotient to a Power Rules. | 8.EE.1 | ~ | | • | |
| | Using Properties of Exponents with Whole Number Powers | Students will use a variety of strategies, including the Power to a Power Rule, the Product to a Power Rule, and the Quotient to a Power Rule to simplify mathematical expressions with exponents. | 8.EE.1 | ~ | | • | |
| | Rewriting Expressions with Negative and Zero Exponents | Students will simplify mathematical expressions involving negative exponents and exponents of 0. | 8.EE.1 | ~ | | • | |
| Scientific | Using Scientific Notation | Students write numbers in standard form as numbers in scientific notation and write numbers in scientific notation as numbers in standard form. | 8.EE.4 | ~ | • | | |
| Notation | Comparing Numbers using Scientific Notation | Students follow worked examples as they learn how to compare numbers written in scientific notation. | 8.EE.3 | ~ | | | • |



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| 5 | Applying Po | wers | | | | nimations | cations | • Tools | g Tools | ctive | ctive | oof | arios | |
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| Topic 2: Vo | olume of Curved Figures | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|---------|---|----------|--|---|---|---|--|
| Volume | Relating Volumes of Cylinders, Cones, and Spheres | Students analyze a cylinder and its circular bases to understand the volume formulas $V = Bh$ and $V = pi * r^2$ for the cylinder. They watch an animation which shows filling a cone with liquid and pouring its volume into first a cylinder and then a hemisphere. Students infer the volume formulas for the cone and sphere. Finally, students solve mathematical problems related to the volumes of cylinders, cones, and spheres. | 8.G.9 | • | • | | | | | |
| | Calculating Volume of Cylinders | Students will use mathematical and real-world objects to determine the volume of cylinders. | 8.G.C.9 | | ✓ | | • | • | • | |
| | Using Volume of Cylinders | Students will apply the formula for the volume of a cylinder to solve a variety of different problems. | 8.G.C.9 | | ✓ | | • | • | • | |
| | Calculating Volume of Cones | Students will use mathematical and real-world objects to determine the volume of cones. | 8.G.C.9 | | ✓ | | • | • | • | |
| | Using Volume of Cones | Students will apply the formula for the volume of a cone to solve a variety of different problems. | 8.G.C.9 | | ✓ | | • | • | • | |
| | Calculating Volume of Spheres | Students will use mathematical and real-world objects to determine the volume of spheres. | 8.G.C.9 | | ✓ | | • | • | • | |
| | Using Volume of Spheres | Students will apply the formula for the volume of a sphere to solve a variety of different problems. | 8.G.C.9 | | ✓ | | • | • | • | |