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Andres More | Product Architect
Nicolas Guini | Product Security Champion
McAfee External



Introduction

This 1-hour talk will review processes and tools we use to ensure the development of secure components at our corporate offerings, including roles, tasks and software we use in our daily work. The discussion is split between processes and also our CC/FIPS certification experience.

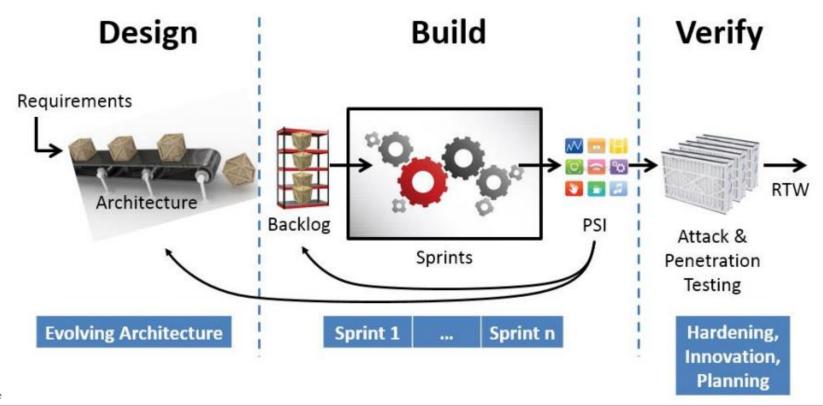
Andres More is a product architect at the Argentina Software Development Center. Andres holds a degree in CS from FaMAF and a MsC in High Performance Computing from UNLP. Andres started in security implementing Multi-Level Security at the Linux's kernel network stack and then working in several roles and products in the InfoSec topic. At the moment leads McAfee´s Threat Intelligence technical roadmap and collaborates on multiple corporate solutions on both protection and detection scenarios.

Nicolás Guini is a Software Engineer and Product Security Champion at the Argentina Software Development Center. Nicolás is System Engineer from IUA and is finishing the Information Security Specialization from the same institute. Nicolás has acquired certifications around Ethical Hacking (CPHE and CHEE) from Spain. Nicolás now is working in the Threat Intelligence Exchange project at McAfee as Software Developer and Security Specialist, leads the Security Research team on Malware Analysis and Binary Exploitation and is Virus Lab Owner.

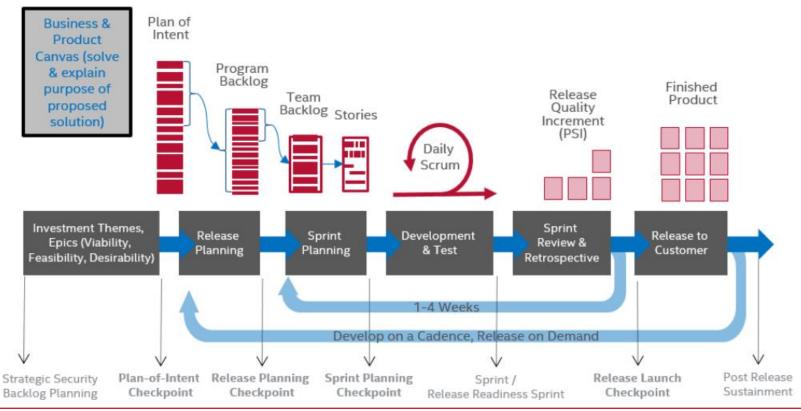
Secure Development Process

Introduction

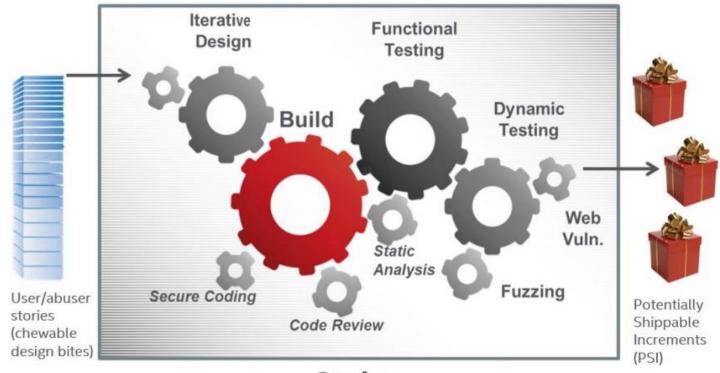
High Level SDL



Agile SDL



Potentially Shippable Increments



Sprint

Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC) at McAfee

Security Development Lifecycle (SDL)

- In line with industry standards such as ISO/IEC 27001/27002/27034, BSIMM, and SAFECode
- Our practices include designing for both privacy and security, in software and applications.
- We have rigorous product security policies and processes designed to find and remove software security defects, e.g. security vulnerabilities.
- We understand that our products must not only fulfill the stated function to help protect our customers, the software itself must also aim to protect itself from vulnerabilities and attackers.
- We strive to build software that demonstrates resilience against attacks.

Product Security Maturity Model

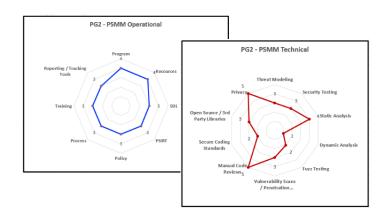
McAfee PSMM rates maturity on the execution of security practices, based on ISO 27034.

Indicates what needs to be done, but not how. Always process focused.

We use an internal model based on CMM with levels, our site got rated DFS 3 some years ago.

Initial, Repeatable, Defined, Managed, Optimized.

Product security can be split in operational and technical aspects.



SDLC Phases

0	1	2	3	4	5
Concept	Planning	Design & Development	Readiness	Release & Launch	Support & Sustain
1				1	
Security Assessment	Architecture	Design & De	evelopment	Ship	Post-Release, Legacy, & M&A
S0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5
Product security team is looped in early (Product Security Group & Product Security Champions) Product security team hosts a discovery meeting Product security team creates an S-PLF project plan (states what further work will be done) Product team initiates a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)	S1 Security Plan S-PLF policy assessment & scoping Threat modeling / architecture security analysis Privacy information gathering and analysis	Security Plan Security test plan composition Static analysis Threat model updating Design security analysis & review Privacy implementation assessment	Sa Security Plan Security test case execution Static analysis Dynamic analysis Fuzz testing Manual code review Privacy validation and remediation	S4 Security Plan Final security review Vulnerability scan Penetration test Open source licensing review Final privacy review	External vulnerability disclosure response (PSIRT) Reviews by service contractors Post-release certifications Internal review for new product combinations or cloud deployment Security architectural reviews & tool-based assessments of legacy and M&A products

Agile SDL Activities

Design

SDL.T01 Security Definition of Done

SDL.T02 Security Architecture Review

SDL.T03 Security Design Review

SDL.T04 Threat Modeling

Testing

SDL.T05 Security Testing

SDL.T06 Static Analysis

SDL.T07 Dynamic Analysis

SDL.T08 Fuzz Testing

SDL.T09 Vulnerability Scan

SDL.T10 Penetration Testing

Source

Peer Review

SDL.T11 Manual Code Review

SDL.T12 Security Coding Standards

External

SDL.T13 Vendor Management

SDL.T14 Open Source / 3rd Party COTS Libraries

SDL.T15 Privacy

Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC) at McAfee

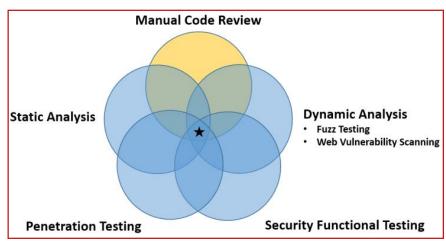
Product Security Champions and Evangelists: a.k.a. Security architects.

Trust and Verify: All new code is peer reviewed and goes thru automation layers.

Complimentary Independent Security Testing: Third party analysis.

External Policies: Transparent dialog.

Software Security Tools: Open Source, internal, commercial

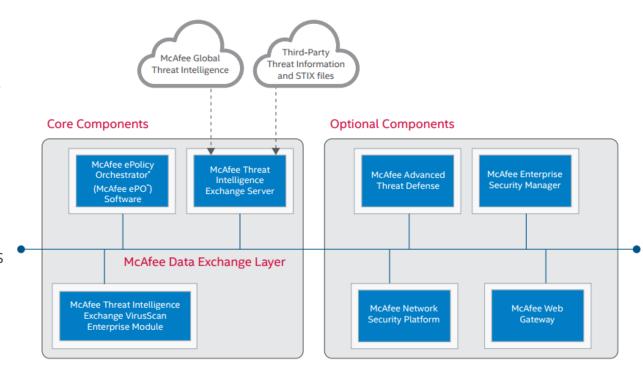


Applying SDL Case Study

Threat Intelligence Exchange

McAfee® Threat Intelligence Exchange enables adaptive threat detection and response by operationalizing intelligence across your endpoint, gateway, network, and data center security solutions in real time. Combining imported global threat information with locally collected intelligence and sharing it instantly, allows your security solutions to operate as one, exchanging and acting on shared intelligence.

mcafee.com/tie



Common Criteria

We underwent CC EAL 2+ certification recently.

Process:

- We documented the solution thread model
- Identified potential attacks and ensured mitigations where in place for them
- We secured every communication channel
- Performed several penetration testing exercises closing all identified gaps
- We automated the upgrade from the Beta release into the hardened version without manual steps

Common Criteria Global Threa CERTIFIED Intelligence TIE Server Extensions Database Database NTLN **DXL Broke** LDAP Server TIE Client TOE VirusScan Endpoint Enterprise

https://www.cse-cst.gc.ca/en/system/files/pdf documents/mcafee-threat-200-cert-eng 0.pdf

Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS)



Process:

- 1. We met with federal-sector experts and reviewed the whole process.
- 2. We reviewed all our components to ensure they were using compliant algorithms and key sizes.
- 3. Then worked with a contractor for the paperwork of the solution: how it works, its communication channels, which libraries where used, how we configure them, etc.
- 4. At last, we provided support for an independent lab to setup an environment to gather specific evidence of secure communication.





Supporting Tools

Management console is a web interface for easier remote management.

Our continuous deployment tooling run integration builds that include security tools

We use Coverity, OpenVAS, MVM, Nessus, nmap, OWASP dependency-check, Defensics, codecollab.









Product Security Incident Response Team

We formally answer customer requests on vulnerabilities or security-related concerns such as independent penetration testing as required for PCI-compliance and similar.

Some of our products have their own CVEs, but usually we patch our appliance components.

Impact of Vulnerability:	Permissions, Privileges, and Access Control (CWE-264) Improper Access Control (CWE-284)			
CVE Numbers:	CVE-2015-7238			
Severity Rating:	Low			
Base / Overall CVSS v3 Scores:	3.7 / 3.5			
Base / Overall CVSS v2 Scores:	3.0 / 2.6			
Recommendations:	Upgrade to TIE 1.2.0			
Security Bulletin Replacement:	None			
Affected Software:	Threat Intelligence Exchange (TIE) 1.1.1 and earlier			
Location of Updated Software:	http://www.mcafee.com/us/downloads/downloads.aspx			

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