

AJP Practical Sample Solutions

1. Write a program to demonstrate status of key on a Frame such as keyPressed, keyReleased, keyTyped.

soln:

```
import java.awt.Frame;
import java.awt.Label;
import java.awt.event.KeyEvent;
import java.awt.event.KeyListener;

public class keyFrame {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Frame fr=new Frame("Key Event");

        Label l=new Label("Label");
        fr.add(l);

        fr.addKeyListener(new KeyListener() {

            @Override
            public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub
                char keychar=e.getKeyChar();
                if(keychar=='x') {
                    l.setText("x was pressed");
                }
            }

            @Override
            public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub
                l.setText("Key released");
            }

            @Override
            public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        l.setText("Key pressed");
    }
});

fr.setSize(500,500);
fr.setVisible(true);
}
}
```

2. Write a program to create a frame using AWT. Implement mouseClicked, mouseEntered() and mouseExited() events. Frame should become invisible when the mouse exits it.

soln:

```
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Frame;
import java.awt.Label;
import java.awt.event.MouseEvent;
import java.awt.event.MouseListener;

public class mouseFrame {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Frame f=new Frame("Mouse Event");

        Label la=new Label("Label");
        la.setBounds(100,100,200,80);
        f.setLayout(null);
        f.add(la);

        f.addMouseListener(new MouseListener() {

            @Override
            public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub

            }

            @Override
            public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub

            }

            @Override
            public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {
```

```

        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        f.setVisible(false);
    }

    @Override
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        la.setText("Mouse Entered frame");
        f.setBackground(Color.blue);
    }

    @Override
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        la.setText("Mouse Click detected");
        f.setBackground(Color.cyan);
    }
});

f.setSize(500,500);
f.setVisible(true);

}

}

```

3. Develop a GUI which accepts the information regarding the marks for all the subjects of a student in the examination. Display the result for a student in a separate window.

soln:

```
import java.awt.Button;
import java.awt.Frame;
import java.awt.Label;
import java.awt.TextField;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.text.Format;

public class guiDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

        Frame fr=new Frame("Student Marks");

        Label l1,l2,l3,l4,l5,l6;
        TextField tf1,tf2,tf3,tf4,tf5,tf6;
        Button b1,b2;

        l1=new Label("Name of Student: ");
        l1.setBounds(50, 50, 100, 30);

        tf1=new TextField();
        tf1.setBounds(150, 50, 130, 30);

        l2=new Label("Class: ");
        l2.setBounds(350, 50, 80, 30);

        tf2=new TextField();
        tf2.setBounds(450, 50, 130, 30);

        l3=new Label("Subject 1 Marks: ");
        l3.setBounds(50, 100, 100, 30);
```

```

tf3=new TextField();
tf3.setBounds(150, 100, 50, 30);

l4=new Label("Subject 2 Marks: ");
l4.setBounds(350, 100, 100, 30);

tf4=new TextField();
tf4.setBounds(450, 100, 50, 30);

l5=new Label("Subject 3 Marks: ");
l5.setBounds(50, 150, 100, 30);

tf5=new TextField();
tf5.setBounds(150, 150, 50, 30);

l6=new Label("Subject 4 Marks: ");
l6.setBounds(350, 150, 80, 30);

tf6=new TextField();
tf6.setBounds(450, 150, 50, 30);

b1=new Button("Result");
b1.setBounds(150, 200, 80, 30);
b2=new Button("Close");
b2.setBounds(350, 200, 80, 30);

b1.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {

    @Override
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        int s1=Integer.parseInt(tf3.getText());
        int s2=Integer.parseInt(tf4.getText());
        int s3=Integer.parseInt(tf5.getText());
        int s4=Integer.parseInt(tf6.getText());

        int sum=s1+s2+s3+s4;
        String total=Integer.toString(sum);
        Label res=new Label("The result for " +
tf1.getText() + " is " + total);

```

```

        Frame fr2=new Frame("Result");
        fr2.add(res);
        fr2.setSize(500,200);
        fr2.setVisible(true);
    }
});

b2.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {

    @Override
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        fr.dispose();
    }
});

fr.add(l1);
fr.add(tf1);
fr.add(l2);
fr.add(tf2);
fr.add(l3);
fr.add(tf3);
fr.add(l4);
fr.add(tf4);
fr.add(l5);
fr.add(tf5);
fr.add(l6);
fr.add(tf6);
fr.add(b1);
fr.add(b2);
fr.setLayout(null);
fr.setSize(800,400);
fr.setVisible(true);

}

}

```

4. Write a program to insert and update the data in a database using JDBC.

Refer video on link: <https://youtu.be/Yi4Yunh8tkc>

5. Develop an RMI application which accepts a string or a number and checks that string or number is palindrome or not.

soln:

a. one.java

```
import java.rmi.*;

public interface one extends Remote
{
    public int palin(String a) throws RemoteException;
}
```

b. two.java

```
import java.rmi.*;

import java.lang.*;

import java.rmi.server.*;

public class two extends UnicastRemoteObject implements one{
```



```
public two() throws RemoteException { }

public int palin(String a) throws RemoteException

{

    System.out.println("Hello");

    StringBuffer str = new StringBuffer(a);

    String str1 = str.toString();

    System.out.println("Print : " + str1.toString());

    StringBuffer str2 = str.reverse();

    System.out.println("Print : " + str2.toString());

    int b = str1.compareTo(str2.toString());

    System.out.println("Print : " + b);

    if (b == 0)

        return 1;

    else

        return 0;

}

}
```

c. rmiserver.java

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.lang.invoke.MethodHandles.Lookup;
```

```
import java.rmi.*;
```

```
import java.rmi.registry.*;
```

```
import java.rmi.server.*;
```

```
import java.net.*;
```

```
public class rmiserver
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception
```

```
{
```

```
    try
```

```
{
```

```
        two twox = new two();
```

```
        Registry registry = LocateRegistry.createRegistry(1880);
```

```
        String name="palin";
```

```
registry.rebind(name, twox);

System.out.println("Object registered");

}
```

```
catch(Exception e)

{

System.out.println("Exception" + e);

}

}

}
```

d. rmiclient.java

```
import java.io.*;

import java.lang.invoke.MethodHandles.Lookup;// for printing reference of a

name in registry

import java.rmi.*;

import java.rmi.registry.*;
```

```
import java.net.*;

public class rmiclient

{

public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception

{

try

{

String name = "palin";

Registry registry = LocateRegistry.getRegistry(1880);

one pal = (one)registry.lookup(name);

int m = pal.palin("madam");

System.out.println("Print : " + m);

if (m == 1)

{

System.out.println("The given string is a Palindrome");

}

else

{
```

```
System.out.println("The given string is not a Palindrome");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
catch (Exception e)
```

```
{
```

```
System.out.println("Exception" + e);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

- 6. Write a program to demonstrate the use of InetAddress class and its factory methods.**

soln: Refer lab manual

- 7. Write the Servlet code (for server side and client side) to display the username and password accepted from the client.**

soln: Refer lab manual and video on link:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v1M5BgYWays>

Remember to add web.xml file and code

- 8. Write a program to retrieve the data from a database using JDBC.**

Refer video on link: <https://youtu.be/Yi4Yunh8tkc>

- 9. Write a simple JSP page to display current Date and Time.**

soln: Refer lab manual

- 10. Create a simple Calculator application using servlet.**

soln: Refer below code and video on link:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v1M5BgYWays> for procedure

a. CalculatorServlet.java

```
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class CalculatorServlet extends HttpServlet {
```

```

public void doGet(HttpServletRequest req,
HttpServletRequest res) throws ServletException {
    int result = 0;
    try {
        String number1 = req.getParameter("num1");
        String number2 = req.getParameter("num2");
        String operator = req.getParameter("opr");
        int x = Integer.parseInt(number1);
        int y = Integer.parseInt(number2);
        if(operator.equals("+")) {
            result = x + y;
        }
        else if(operator.equals("-")) {
            result = x - y;
        }
        else if(operator.equals("*")) {
            result = x * y;
        }
        else if(operator.equals("/")) {
            result = x/y;
        }
        PrintWriter p = res.getWriter();
        p.println("<h1> Result= " + result);
    }
    catch(Exception e) {}
}

```

b. Index.html

```

<html>
<head>
<meta charset="ISO-8859-1">
<title>Calculator Application Using Servlet</title>
</head>
<body>
<form method=get action="./MyURL" >
Enter First Number <input type="text" name="num1"><br>

```

```
Enter Second Number <input type="text" name="num2" ><br>
Select an Operation<input type="radio" name="opr"
value="+">
ADDITION <input type="radio" name="opr" value="-">
SUBTRACTION <input type="radio" name="opr" value="*">
MULTIPLY <input type="radio" name="opr" value="/">
DIVIDE <br><input type="reset">
<input type="submit" value="Calculate" >
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

c. web.xml

```
<web-app>

  <servlet>
    <servlet-name>calc</servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>calc.CalculatorServlet</servlet-class>
  </servlet>

  <servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>calc</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/MyURL</url-pattern>
  </servlet-mapping>

</web-app>
```