Name: Chaitanya more

Roll\_no :- 01 "B"

Batch :- TB1-B2

## Pratical No 5

1. Implement logistic regression using Python/R to perform classification on Social\_Network\_Ads.csv dataset. 2. Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP,

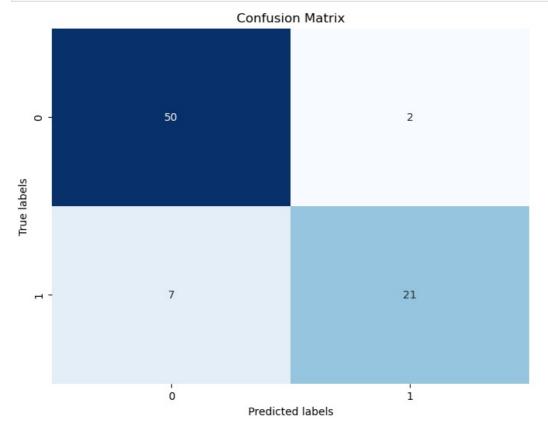
```
TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision, Recall on the given datast.
   In [1]:
            import numpy as np
            import pandas as pd
   In [2]: df=pd.read_csv('Social Network Ads.csv')
             df.head()
   In [3]:
                User ID Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased
            0 15624510
                           Male
                                  19
                                              19000
                                                             0
            1 15810944
                           Male
                                 35
                                              20000
                                                             0
            2 15668575 Female
                                              43000
                                 26
                                                             0
            3 15603246 Female
                                 27
                                              57000
                                                             0
            4 15804002
                                                             0
                           Male
                                              76000
   In [4]: df.info()
            <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
            RangeIndex: 400 entries, 0 to 399
            Data columns (total 5 columns):
             #
                 Column
                                     Non-Null Count Dtype
            - - -
             0
                  User ID
                                     400 non-null
                                                       int64
             1
                  Gender
                                     400 non-null
                                                       object
             2
                                     400 non-null
                                                       int64
                  Age
             3
                  EstimatedSalary 400 non-null
                                                       int64
             4
                                     400 non-null
                  Purchased
                                                       int64
            dtypes: int64(4), object(1)
            memory usage: 15.8+ KB
   In [5]:
             df.describe()
                        User ID
                                      Age EstimatedSalary Purchased
            count 4.000000e+02 400.000000
                                               400.000000 400.000000
            mean 1.569154e+07
                                37.655000
                                             69742.500000
                                                            0.365000
              std 7 165832e+04
                                10 482877
                                             34096 960282
                                                            0.482033
              min 1.556669e+07
                                18.000000
                                             15000.000000
                                                            0.000000
              25% 1.562676e+07
                                29.750000
                                             43000.000000
                                                            0.000000
              50% 1.569434e+07
                                37 000000
                                             70000 000000
                                                            0.000000
              75% 1.575036e+07
                                46.000000
                                             88000.000000
                                                            1.000000
              max 1.581524e+07
                                60.000000
                                            150000.000000
                                                            1.000000
 In [10]: X=df[['Age','EstimatedSalary']]
            Y=df['Purchased']
 In [12]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
            scaler = StandardScaler()
            X = scaler.fit_transform(X)
 In [13]:
            from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
            X_{train}, X_{test}, Y_{train}, Y_{test} = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.20,random_state = 42) print(f'Train_Dataset_Size-X:{X_train.shape},\overline{Y}:{Y_train.shape}')
            print(f'Test Dataset Size-X:{X_test.shape},Y:{Y_test.shape}')
            Train Dataset Size-X:(320, 2),Y:(320,)
            Test Dataset Size-X:(80, 2),Y:(80,)
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 In [14]:
            import seaborn as sns
            import warnings
            warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

In [16]: from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression

lm= LogisticRegression(random\_state = 42, n\_jobs =-1)

```
lm.fit(X train, Y train)
       predictions = lm.predict(X_test)
print('Classification report : \n',cm)
       Classification report :
                    precision
                               recall f1-score
                                               support
                 0
                       0.88
                                0.96
                                        0.92
                                                  52
                 1
                       0.91
                                0.75
                                        0.82
                                                  28
                                        0.89
                                                  80
           accuracy
          macro avg
                       0.90
                                0.86
                                        0.87
                                                  80
       weighted avg
                       0.89
                                0.89
                                        0.88
                                                  80
```

```
In [18]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
    conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(Y_test,predictions)
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False)
    plt.xlabel('Predicted labels')
    plt.ylabel('True labels')
    plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [19]: y_pred =lm.predict(X_test)
    cm=confusion_matrix(Y_test,y_pred)
    TN = cm[0,0]
    FP =cm[0,1]
    FN =cm[1,0]
    TP = cm[1,1]
    accuracy=(TP+TN)/float(TP+TN+FP+FN)
    error_rate=(FP+FN)/float(TP+FN+FP+FN)
    precision =TP/ float(TP+FP)
    recall = TP/float(TP+FN)
    print("\nPerformanc Metrics:")
    print("True Positives (TP):",TP)
    print("False Positives(FP):",FP)
    print("False Negatives(TN):", TN)
    print("False Negatives(FN):",FN)
    print("Facuracy:", accuracy)
    print("Error Rate:", error_rate)
    print("Precision:", precision)
    print("Recall:", recall)
```

Performanc Metrics: True Positives (TP): 21 False Positives(FP): 2 True Negatives(TN): 50 False Negatives (FN): 7 Accuracy: 0.8875

Error Rate: 0.1125 Precision: 0.9130434782608695 Recall: 0.75

In [ ]:

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