WHERE IS THE UNCERTAINTY IN NEU-RAL NETWORKS?



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WHY BEING BAYESIAN?

WHY BEING BAYESIAN?/PROBLEM

- Neural Networks output point estimates.
- Uncertainties of the outputs are unknown.
- Bad for safety-critical applications (e.g. self-driving cars).
- ⇒ Need for posterior distribution over weights.



SOLUTION



- Bayesian Neural Networks apply uncertainty to NNs.
- Methods to get a posterior over the weights.
- Yields a bound of confidence for weights and outputs.
- benefits in decision-making (e.g. to brake, or not to brake).

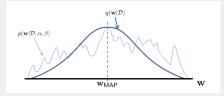
In many cases the posterior over the weights is intractable ⇒ Need for approximating methods.

APPROXIMATING METHODS: LAPLACE

Laplace approximation for NNs

- approx. true posterior by Gaussian centered at the maximum-aposteriori/mode of the weights W_{MAP}
- curvature is given by Hessian H w.r.t to the Loss L evaluated at W_{MAP}
- KFAC:
 - Hessian of every layer gets approximated by a Kronecker-product of two smaller matrices.





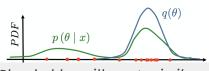
Placeholder, will create similar one

APPROXIMATING METHODS: VARIATIONAL INFERENCE

Variational Inference

- approx. true posterior p(W|D) with parameterized variational distribution $q(W|\theta)$.
- objective: minimize the Kullback-Leibler divergence $KL(q(W|\theta)||p(W|D))$.
- tractable objective: maximize ELBO instead.





Placeholder, will create similar one

RESEARCH GOALS

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What I want to achieve/know:

- main objectives:
 - ► are there differences in the weight distributions (i.e. the uncertainties) of the layers in a trained network?
 - are there differences in the weight distribution of a single layer?
- extension: are there differences in the weight distributions of the layers during training?

RESEARCH GOALS



Possible implications:

- Uneven distributions in uncertainty (e.g. much in the last layer) could implicate to not even consider the uncertainties in the other layers.
- If a weight or layer stays unidentified during training, the network could be pruned at this location.
 - yields possible improvements in model's training procedure and architecture.
- Tracking the uncertainty over the weights during training might give insights into convergence criteria (extension).

PROCEDURE

First goal:

- Use a network with simple architecture (starting with MNIST).
- Apply Laplace approximation and Variational Inference to get uncertainty estimates.
- Find the location of the uncertainty.
- create visualisation tools to make findings more comprehensible.

Second goal:

- Use more complex network, such as VGG
- Transfer previous methods
- visualization

PROCEDURE

possible extensions:

- observe, how the uncertainty behaves during training
- measure the influence of the size of the weights to the resulting uncertainty.
- add a third method (e.g. KFAC) two get uncertainty estimates from used NNs.

RESULTS SO FAR

- tbd
- tbd
- **...**