

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

GRADE 8

INTERMEDIATE-LEVEL SCIENCE TEST

WRITTEN TEST

JUNE 3, 2019

Student Name _____

School Name _____

The possession or use of any communications device is strictly prohibited when taking this examination. If you have or use any communications device, no matter how briefly, your examination will be invalidated and no score will be calculated for you.

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines above.

The questions on this test measure your knowledge and understanding of science. The test has two parts. Both parts are contained in this test booklet.

Part I consists of 45 multiple-choice questions. Record your answers to these questions on the separate answer sheet. Use only a No. 2 pencil on your answer sheet.

Part II consists of 40 open-ended questions. Write your answers to these questions in the spaces provided in this test booklet.

You may use a calculator to answer the questions on the test if needed.

You will have two hours to answer the questions on this test.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
ALBANY, NEW YORK 12234

Part I

1 Which cell structure do nutrients pass through to enter a cell?

- (1) cell membrane (3) cytoplasm
- (2) chloroplast (4) nucleus

2 A group of tissues that work together to perform a specific function is called

- (1) an organ (3) a system
- (2) an organism (4) a cell

3 When food is being mechanically digested, it is being

- (1) changed into another substance
- (2) made smaller in size
- (3) converted into energy
- (4) excreted from the body

4 The primary purpose of which human organ system is to produce hormones that regulate body functions?

- (1) skeletal (3) circulatory
- (2) muscular (4) endocrine

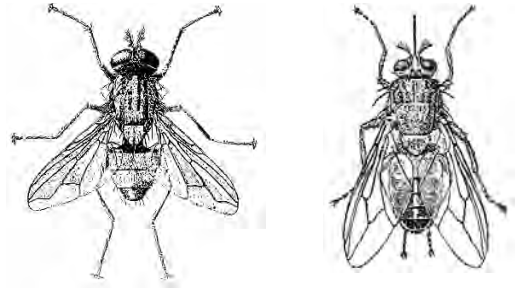
5 Which gas is used by humans in the process of cellular respiration?

- (1) methane (3) oxygen
- (2) nitrogen (4) carbon dioxide

6 Which process occurs during the growth and development of a fertilized human egg?

- (1) cell division
- (2) natural selection
- (3) germination
- (4) evolution

7 The diagram below represents two flies. They look similar but they can *not* sexually reproduce with each other and produce offspring.



This means that the two flies most likely belong to

- (1) the same kingdom and same species
- (2) the same kingdom, but different species
- (3) different kingdoms, but same species
- (4) different kingdoms and different species

8 Abnormal cell division results in

- (1) cancer (3) metabolism
- (2) homeostasis (4) microbes

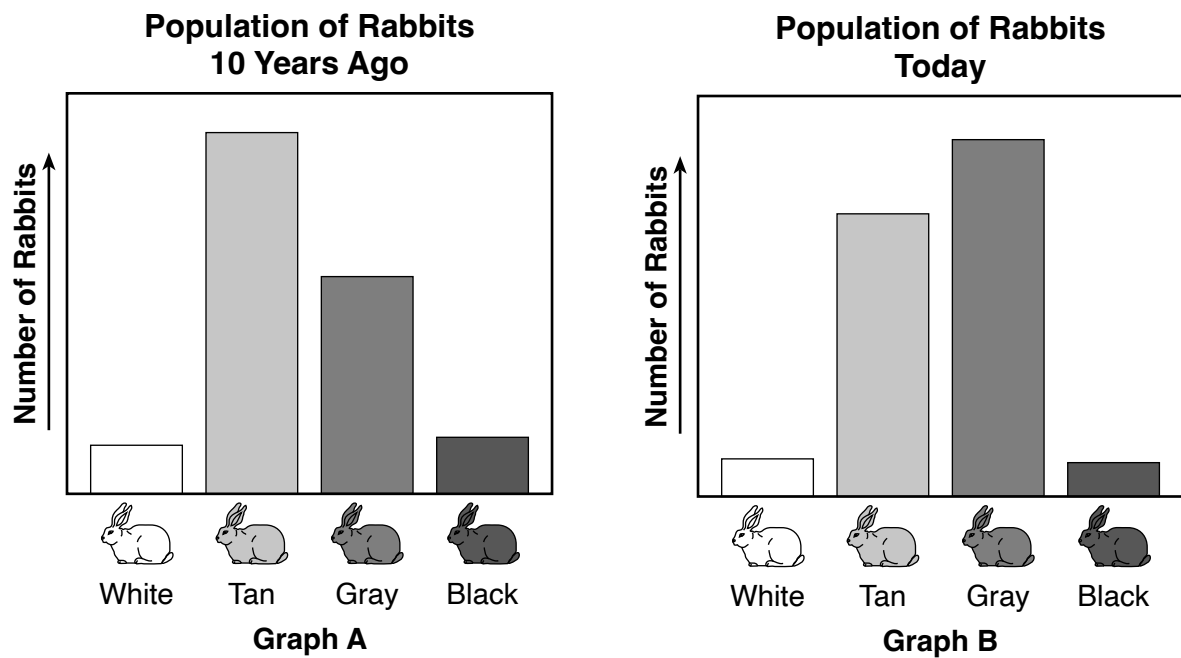
9 The carbohydrates, proteins, and minerals that are vital to an organism's survival are found in

- (1) oxygen (3) food
- (2) carbon dioxide (4) water

10 During the process of photosynthesis, green plants produce

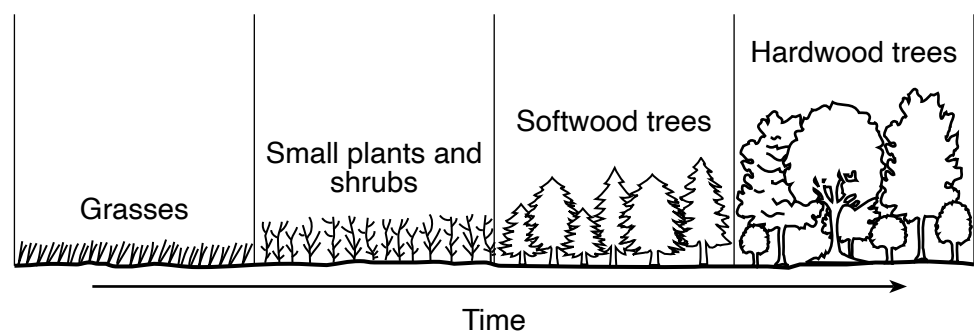
- (1) sunlight (3) nitrogen
- (2) methane (4) sugar

Base your answers to questions 11 and 12 on the graphs below and on your knowledge of science. The graphs show the populations of rabbits with four different fur colors in one area. Graph A represents the population of rabbits 10 years ago. Graph B represents the population of rabbits today.



- 11 At the end of the 10-year period, which color of rabbit appears to be best adapted to its environment?
(1) white
(2) tan
(3) gray
(4) black

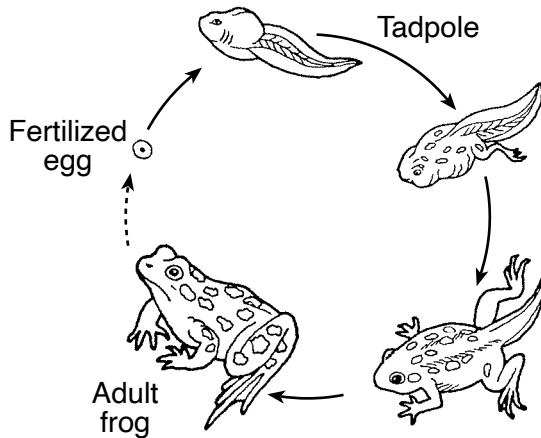
12 Variations in traits, such as the fur color of rabbits, may be caused by
(1) sexual reproduction
(2) a decrease in air pollution
(3) dynamic equilibrium
(4) adequate resources
-
- 13 The diagram below represents changes in the types of plants growing in the same area during four different time periods. Different types of plants have been labeled for each time period.



- This change in plant types over time is an example of
- (1) ecological succession
(2) urban growth

(3) selective breeding
(4) genetic engineering

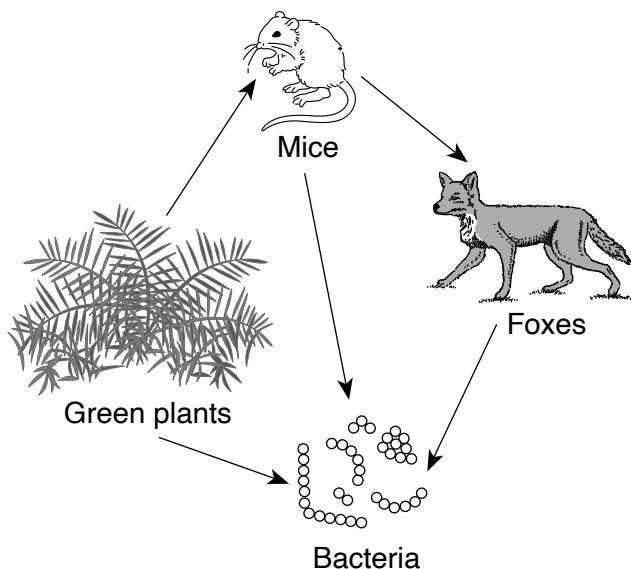
- 14 The diagram below represents the life cycle of a frog.



This diagram shows that, in frogs,

- (1) methods of sexual reproduction depend on the species
- (2) metabolism is the sum of all chemical reactions
- (3) body structures change during development
- (4) offspring always look like the adult

- 15 The diagram below represents a partial food web.



Which organisms in this food web decompose materials and recycle wastes?

- (1) green plants
- (2) mice
- (3) bacteria
- (4) foxes

- 16 All of the plants and animals living in the same area make up a

- (1) population
- (2) community
- (3) species
- (4) habitat

- 17 Which change would most likely cause a decrease in the number of squirrels living in an area?

- (1) a decrease in the number of predators
- (2) a decrease in competition between the squirrels
- (3) an increase in available food
- (4) an increase in the number of forest fires

- 18 The passage below describes how a catalytic converter in a car works.

How a Catalytic Converter Works

Gases produced by a car's engine flow through the catalytic converter, which contains metals. These metals start a chemical reaction that makes the gases released by the car less harmful to the environment.

The catalytic converter most likely was developed in response to

- (1) the demand for more energy-efficient cars
- (2) the demand for increased car engine power
- (3) a need for lower-priced cars
- (4) a need to reduce air pollution

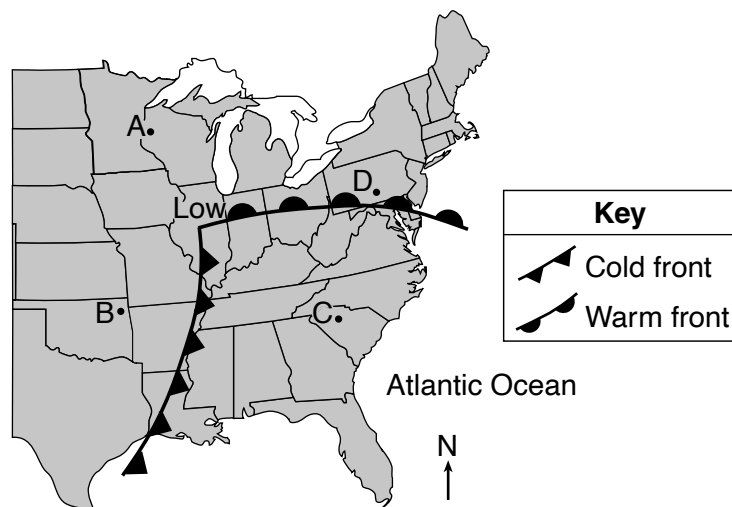
- 19 The formation of rock fragments and soil is most likely the result of

- (1) weathering
- (2) gravity
- (3) convection cells
- (4) hazardous weather

- 20 All matter is made up of

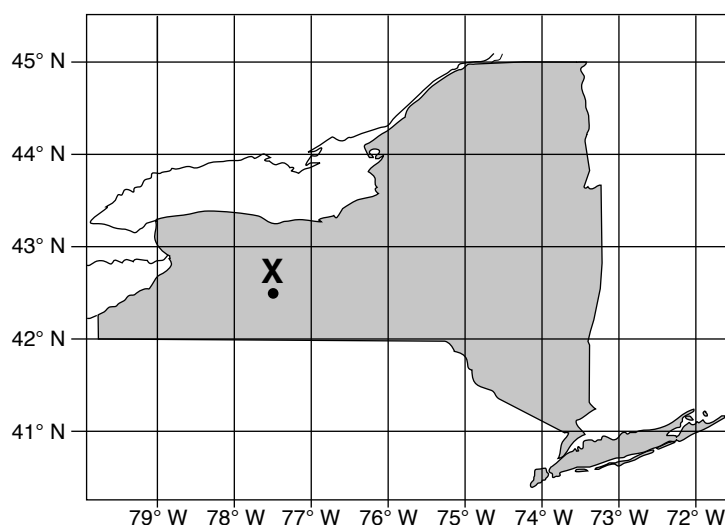
- (1) cells
- (2) atoms
- (3) molecules
- (4) compounds

- 21 The weather map below shows a low-pressure system over the eastern United States. Points A, B, C, and D represent locations on Earth's surface.



Which location is most likely experiencing rainy, unstable weather conditions?

- (1) A
 - (2) B
 - (3) C
 - (4) D
- 22 In New York State there is a greater chance of precipitation falling as snow in January than in March, because in January the Northern Hemisphere is tilted
- (1) toward the Sun, and temperatures are warmer
 - (2) toward the Sun, and temperatures are colder
 - (3) away from the Sun, and temperatures are warmer
 - (4) away from the Sun, and temperatures are colder
- 23 Point X on the map below represents a location in New York State.



What is the approximate latitude and longitude of location X?

- (1) 42.5° N, 77.5° E
- (2) 42.5° N, 77.5° W
- (3) 42.5° S, 77.5° E
- (4) 42.5° S, 77.5° W

- 24 The photograph below shows a large, deep channel that formed as a result of running water that removed the soil.

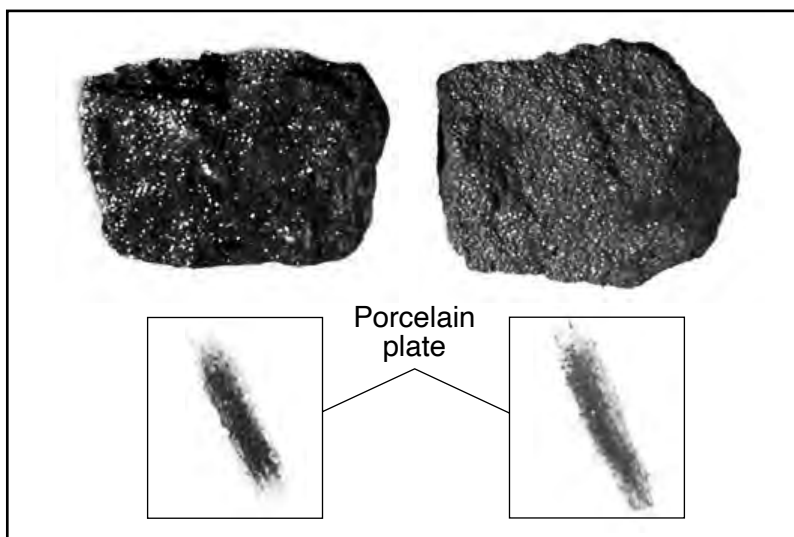


Source: *Modern Earth Science*, Ramsey & Burckley. Holt Rinehart, Winston (1965). (Adapted)

Which process was responsible for the removal of the soil?

- (1) deposition
- (2) erosion
- (3) faulting
- (4) tilting

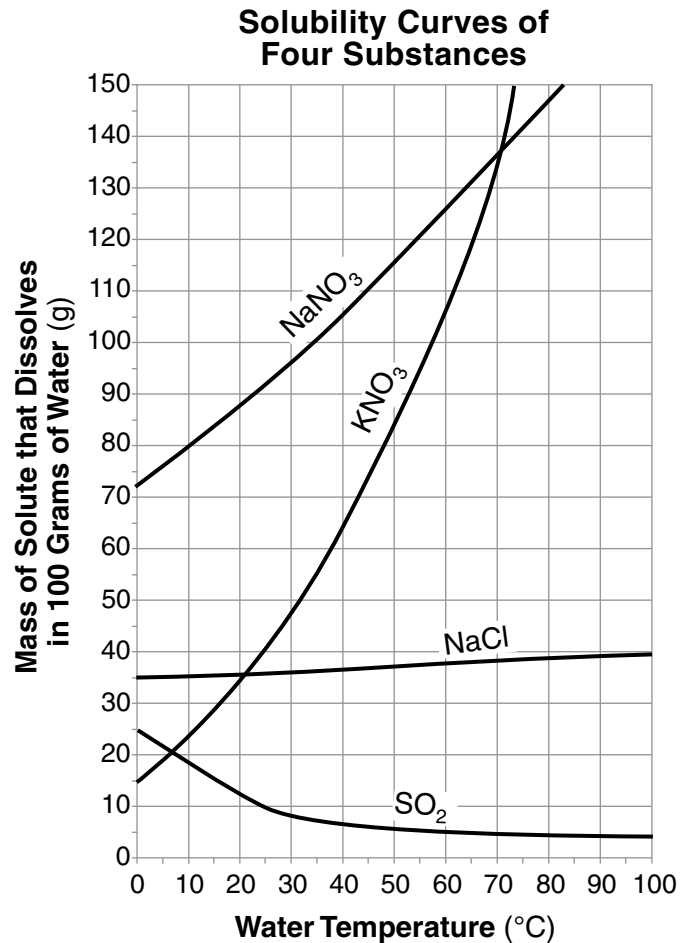
- 25 The photograph below shows a test for a mineral property.



Which mineral property is being tested?

- (1) density
- (2) texture
- (3) streak
- (4) reaction to acid

26 The graph below shows how water temperature affects the solubility of four different substances.



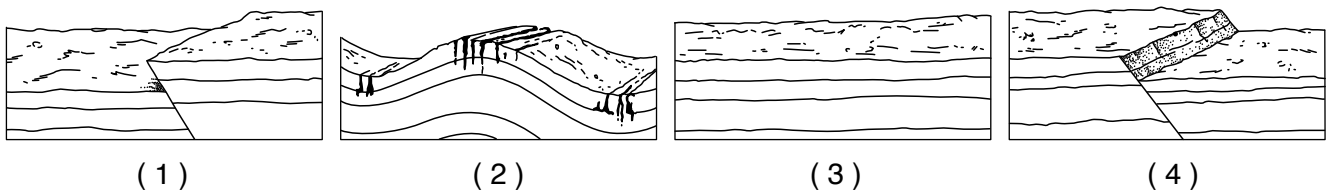
The solubility of which substance is *least* affected by the temperature of the water?

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| (1) NaNO ₃ | (3) NaCl |
| (2) KNO ₃ | (4) SO ₂ |

27 The movement of the liquid in a thermometer shows changes in temperature. An increase in temperature indicates the molecules in the liquid

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| (1) moved slower and closer together | (3) contracted in size when heated |
| (2) moved faster and spread farther apart | (4) expanded in size when heated |

28 Which diagram represents folded rock layers?



- 29 A portion of the Periodic Table of the Elements is shown below. The table provides a separate box for each chemical element, with all the elements in one vertical column having similar properties.

Portion of the Periodic Table of the Elements

28

Si

Silicon

14

approximate atomic mass

symbol

name

atomic number

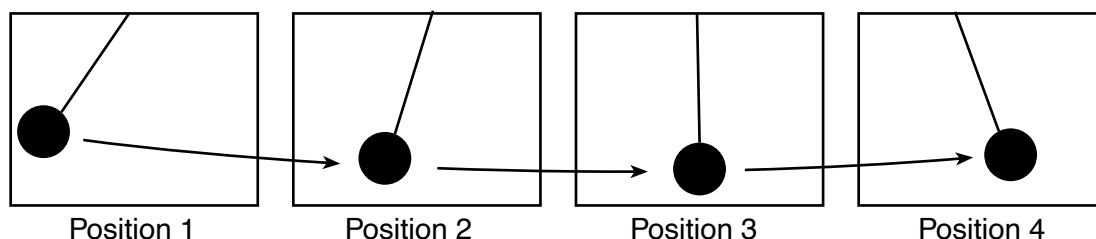
Groups

						18	
						4 He Helium 2	
		13	14	15	16	17	
		11 B Boron 5	12 C Carbon 6	14 N Nitrogen 7	16 O Oxygen 8	19 F Fluorine 9	20 Ne Neon 10
		27 Al Aluminum 13	28 Si Silicon 14	31 P Phosphorus 15	32 S Sulfur 16	35 Cl Chlorine 17	40 Ar Argon 18
11	12						
64 Cu Copper 29	65 Zn Zinc 30	70 Ga Gallium 31	73 Ge Germanium 32	75 As Arsenic 33	79 Se Selenium 34	80 Br Bromine 35	84 Kr Krypton 36
108 Ag Silver 47	112 Cd Cadmium 48	115 In Indium 49	119 Sn Tin 50	122 Sb Antimony 51	128 Te Tellurium 52	127 I Iodine 53	131 Xe Xenon 54

Which element is a noble gas?

- (1) Ag (2) Ge (3) Cl (4) Kr

- 30 The diagram below represents the same pendulum in four different positions.



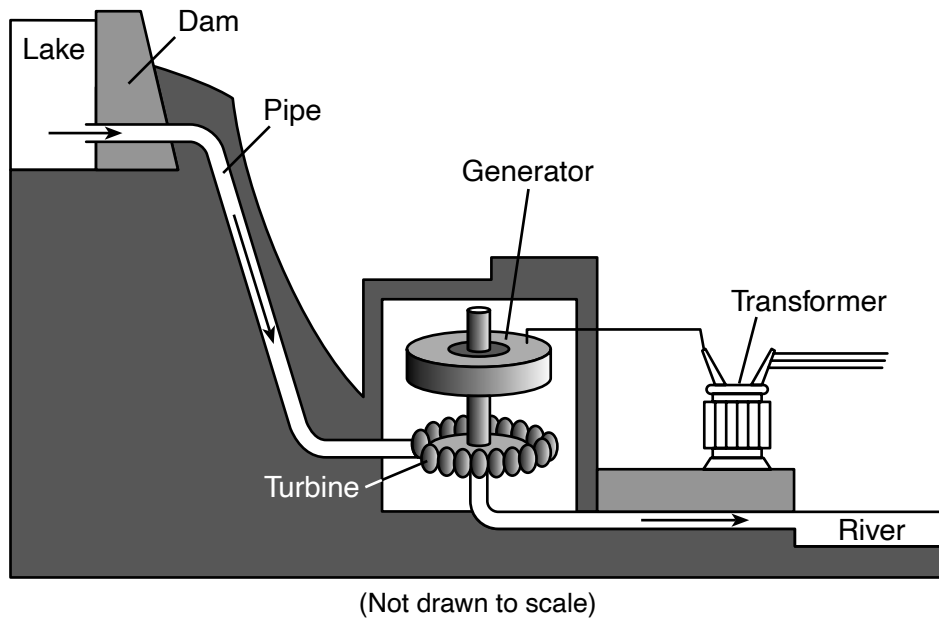
At which position does the ball have the most potential energy?

- (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 4

- 31 One characteristic that salt water and sugar-water have in common is, at room temperature, they are

- (1) gases (2) solids (3) mixtures (4) elements

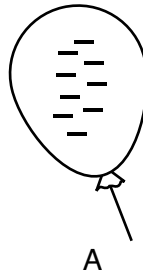
32 The diagram below represents parts of a power facility that are used to produce electricity.



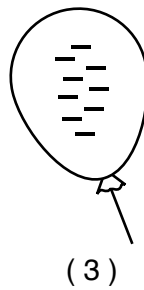
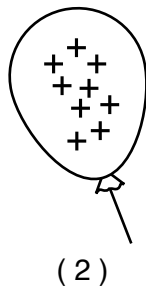
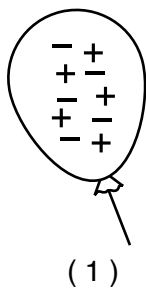
What is the major source of energy for the production of electricity in this facility?

- (1) nuclear power
- (2) prevailing winds
- (3) moving water
- (4) burning coal

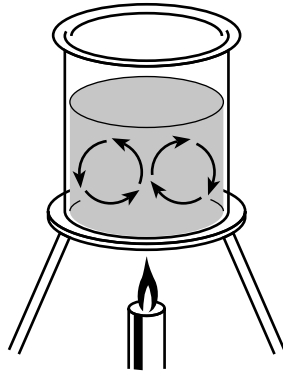
33 The illustration below represents balloon A, which has an electrical charge.



Balloon A would be most attracted to which balloon?



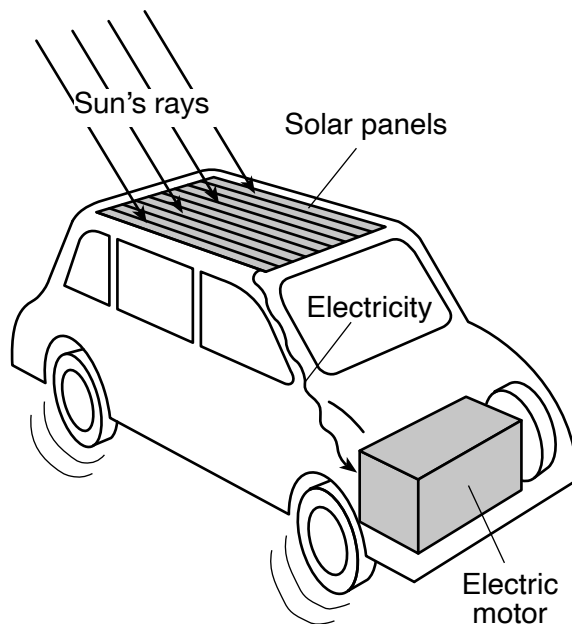
- 34 The diagram below represents a beaker of water being heated by a flame. The arrows represent heat transfer occurring in the beaker.



Which process is represented by the arrows in the diagram?

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| (1) condensation | (3) convection |
| (2) conduction | (4) radiation |

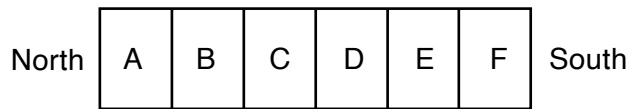
- 35 The diagram below represents energy transformations in a moving electric toy car.



Which form of energy is the original source of power for this car?

- | | |
|----------------|-----------|
| (1) electrical | (3) sound |
| (2) mechanical | (4) light |

36 The diagram below represents a bar magnet. Six locations, A through F, are labeled on the magnet.



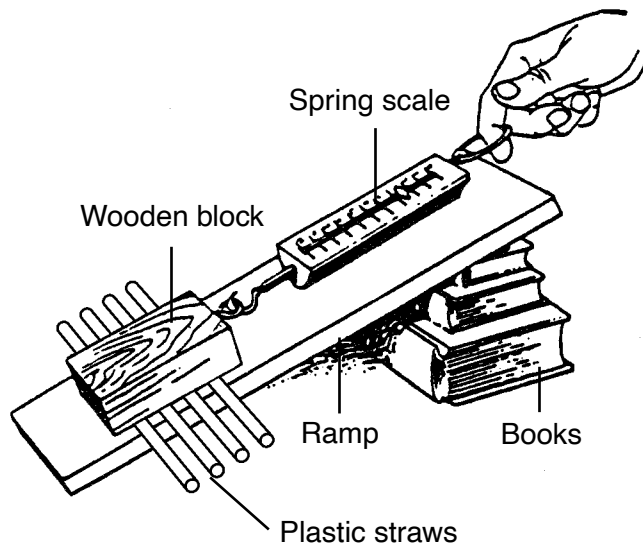
Which *two* locations on the magnet would have the greatest attractive forces?

- (1) A and F
- (2) B and E
- (3) C and D
- (4) D and F

37 The Law of Conservation of Energy states that energy cannot be created or destroyed, but energy can change

- (1) its total mass
- (2) its total volume
- (3) from one form to another
- (4) from one state of matter to another

Base your answers to questions 38 and 39 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents a person using a spring scale to pull a wooden block up a ramp.



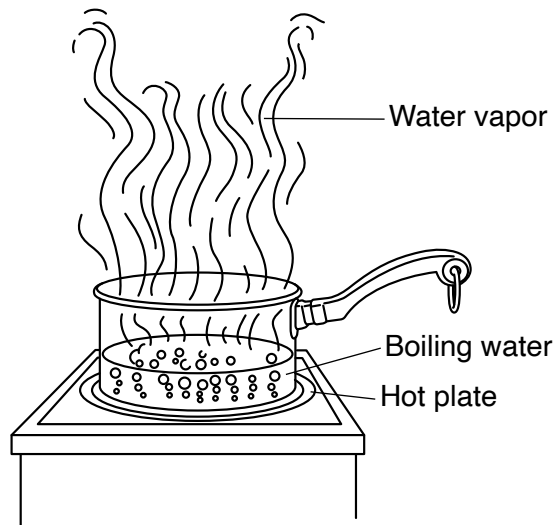
38 The plastic straws were placed under the wooden block to

- (1) decrease the mass of the block
- (2) decrease the amount of friction
- (3) increase the surface area of the ramp
- (4) increase the gravitational attraction of the block

39 The ramp would be classified as which type of simple machine?

- (1) a lever
- (2) a pulley
- (3) a wheel and axle
- (4) an inclined plane

- 40 The diagram below represents liquid water in a pan on a hot plate. The liquid water is boiling and changing into water vapor.



The process of boiling is considered to be a

- (1) chemical change, because a new substance is formed
- (2) chemical change, because a new substance is *not* formed
- (3) physical change, because a new substance is formed
- (4) physical change, because a new substance is *not* formed

Base your answers to questions 41 and 42 on the partial nutrition label below and on your knowledge of science. The label shows some nutritional information for a box of macaroni and cheese.

Macaroni and Cheese	
Nutrition Facts	
Serving Size 1 cup	
Servings Per container 2	
Amount Per Serving	
Calories 250	Calories from Fat 110

- 41 The Calories on a food label indicate the amount of energy the food contains in one serving. Which form of energy is contained in food?
- (1) chemical
 - (2) mechanical
 - (3) electrical
 - (4) light
- 42 Nutritious food choices have less than 30% of their Calories from fat per serving. The equation used to calculate the percent of Calories from fat is given below.

$$\% \text{ Calories from Fat} = \frac{\text{Calories from Fat}}{\text{Calories}} \times 100$$

What is the percent of Calories from fat in one serving of this macaroni and cheese?

- (1) 14%
- (2) 23%
- (3) 36%
- (4) 44%

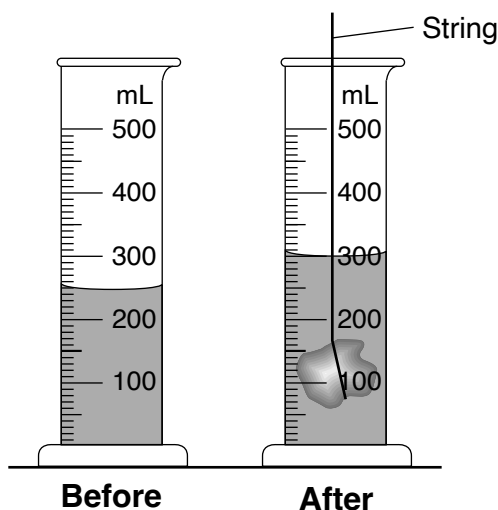
- 43 The data table below shows the number of bacteria in two samples, A and B, growing in a laboratory over a five-hour period. Data were collected every half hour.

Data Table

Elapsed Time in Hours	Number of Bacteria in Sample A	Number of Bacteria in Sample B
0	1	1
0.5	2	1
1.0	4	2
1.5	8	2
2.0	16	4
2.5	32	4
3.0	64	8
3.5	128	8
4.0	256	16
4.5	512	16
5.0	1024	32

If the pattern of growth continues, how many bacteria will be in sample B when six hours have elapsed?

- (1) 32
(2) 64
(3) 1024
(4) 2048
- 44 The diagram below represents a graduated cylinder containing water before and after a rock suspended on a string is lowered into it.



What is the approximate volume of the rock suspended in the graduated cylinder?

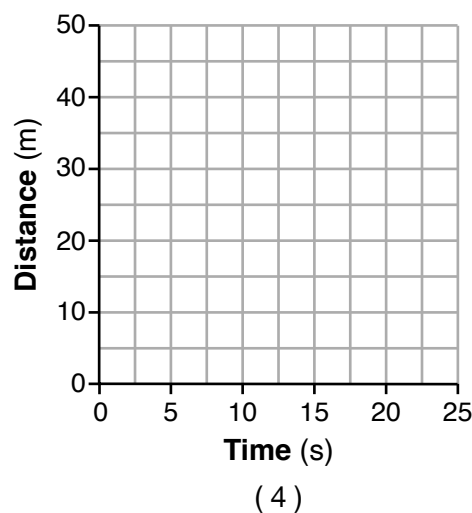
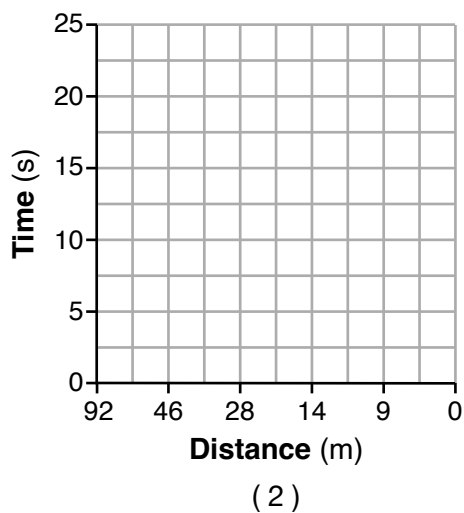
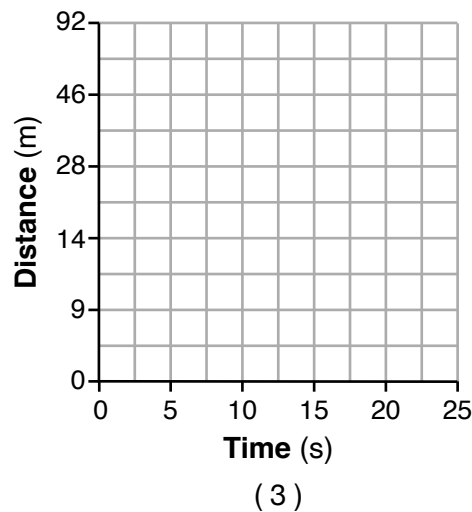
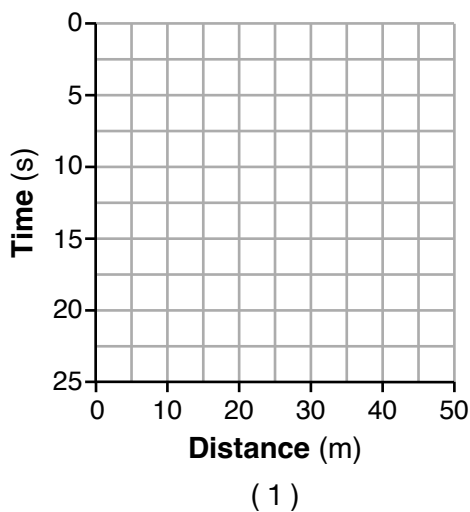
- (1) 50 mL
(2) 100 mL
(3) 250 mL
(4) 300 mL

- 45 The data table below shows information gathered from a science experiment. Time was measured in seconds (s) and distance was measured in meters (m).

Time vs. Distance

Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	0
5	9
10	14
15	28
20	46

Which grid is correctly designed to show these data in a line graph?



Part II

Directions (46–85): Record your answers in the spaces provided below each question.

Base your answers to questions 46 through 48 on the information below and on your knowledge of science.

A student is setting up an experiment. The student has twenty identical young plants and will try to answer this question: How does the amount of water given to these plants each day affect how tall the plant will grow?

- 46 State an appropriate hypothesis for this experiment. [1]

- 47 Identify *one* condition, other than identical young plants, that should be held constant during the experiment. [1]

- 48 Identify *one* measurement tool needed for this experiment and describe the type of data measured by this tool. [1]

Measurement tool: _____

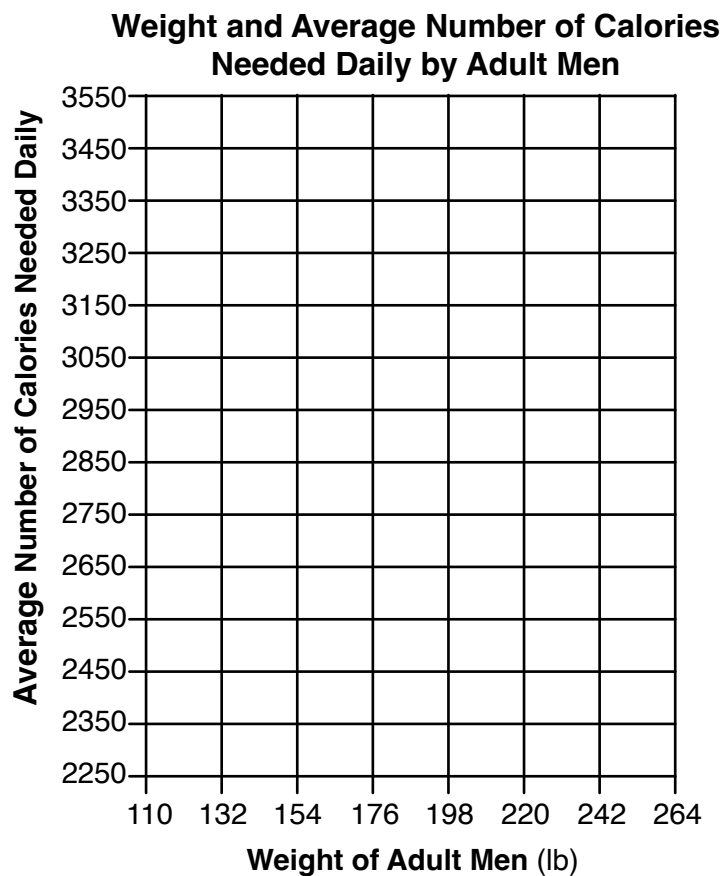
Type of data measured by tool: _____

Base your answers to questions 49 through 51 on the data table below and on your knowledge of science. The data table shows the average number of Calories needed daily by adult men of different weights, measured in pounds (lb), to maintain a steady weight. All of the men performed moderate levels of physical activity each day.

Data Table

Weight of Adult Men (lb)	Average Number of Calories Needed Daily
132	2250
154	2450
176	2650
198	2850
220	3050
242	3250

- 49 On the graph below, use an **X** to plot the average number of Calories needed daily for each of the men's weights given on the data table. Connect the **Xs** with a solid line. [1]



-
-
-

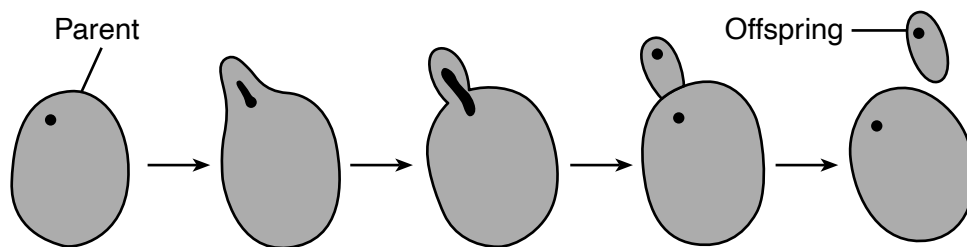
- The weight of the man will _____
- Explanation: _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

- A Punnett square for a monohybrid cross. The top parent (Parent 1) is labeled 'Bb' and has a black fur phenotype. The left parent (Parent 2) is labeled 'Bb' and has a black fur phenotype. The Punnett square shows the possible genotypes of the offspring: BB (black fur), Bb (black fur), Bb (black fur), and bb (white fur). A key indicates that B represents black fur and b represents white fur.

	B	b
B	BB	Bb
b	Bb	bb

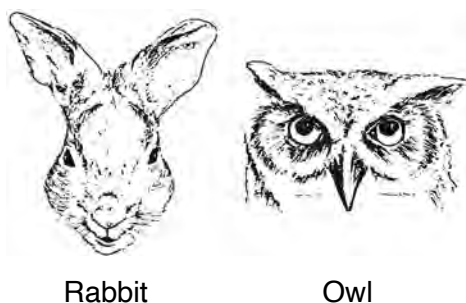
Key
B = black fur
b = white fur

53 The diagram below represents the reproduction of a single-celled organism.



Give *one* piece of evidence from the diagram that indicates that this organism reproduces *asexually*. [1]

Base your answers to questions 54 and 55 on the diagrams below and on your knowledge of science. The diagrams represent a rabbit and an owl. Rabbits eat only plants and typically feed during the day in open areas such as fields and meadows. Owls eat only rabbits and other small animals and hunt mainly at night.



54 Identify *one* physical adaptation represented in the diagram that helps the rabbit survive in its environment. Describe how this adaptation helps the rabbit to survive. [1]

Physical adaptation: _____

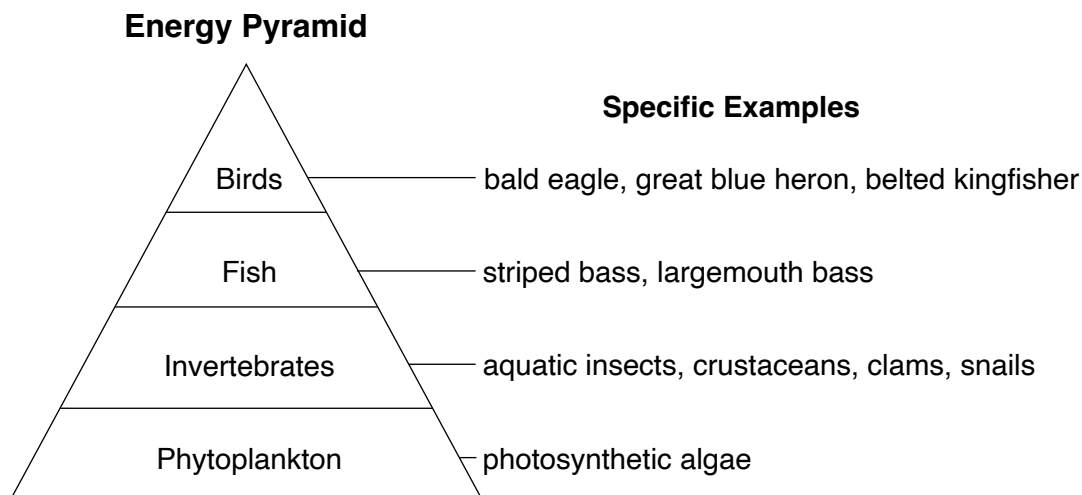
Description: _____

55 Organisms are classified as carnivores, omnivores, producers, or herbivores. Identify the classification of the rabbit and the owl based on how they obtain their food. [1]

Rabbit: _____

Owl: _____

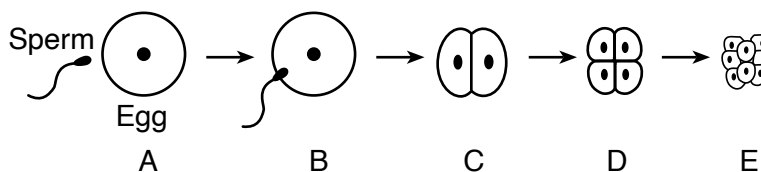
Base your answers to questions 56 and 57 on the energy pyramid below, which shows feeding relationships between organisms in a section of the Hudson River near Albany, New York. Some specific examples of organisms in the pyramid are provided.



56 Explain why the bottom of the energy pyramid is larger than the top. [1]

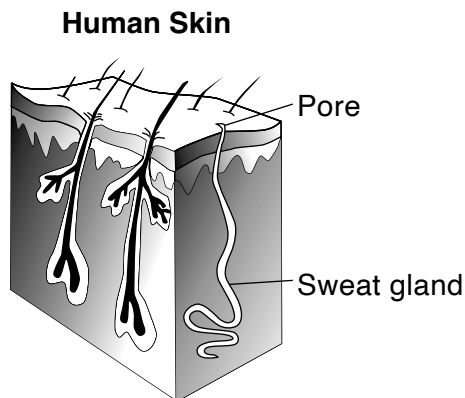
57 Explain why invertebrates are placed directly above the phytoplankton in this energy pyramid. [1]

The diagram below represents the formation of a multicellular organism at different stages of early development. The stages are labeled A through E. The sperm and egg are labeled in stage A.



58 Identify the sexual reproductive process that is occurring at stage B. [1]

- 59 The diagram below represents a magnified cross section of human skin. The skin is an organ in the human excretory system. Two structures in the skin are labeled.



Describe *one* way the release of sweat allows the skin to function as part of the human excretory system. [1]

Base your answers to questions 60 and 61 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents a structure found in the nucleus of a cell. Some genes are represented by dark bands. Other genes are represented by white bands.

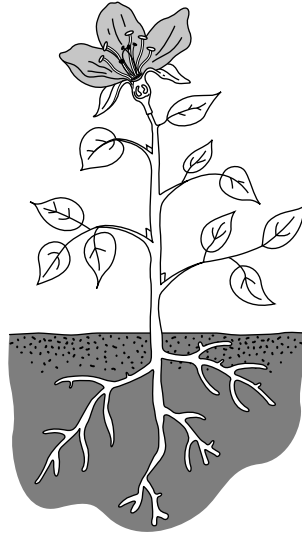
Genetic Material



60 Identify the name of the structure represented in the diagram that is composed of genes. [1]

61 Genes are composed of hereditary material. Identify this hereditary material. [1]

Base your answers to questions 62 through 64 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents a green plant with a flower.



62 Describe *one* function of the roots. [1]

63 Identify *one* plant structure in this diagram that mainly carries out photosynthesis. [1]

64 Seeds are produced during sexual reproduction. Describe *one* function of the seeds produced by plants. [1]

65 The chart below lists the names of several human diseases and their causes.

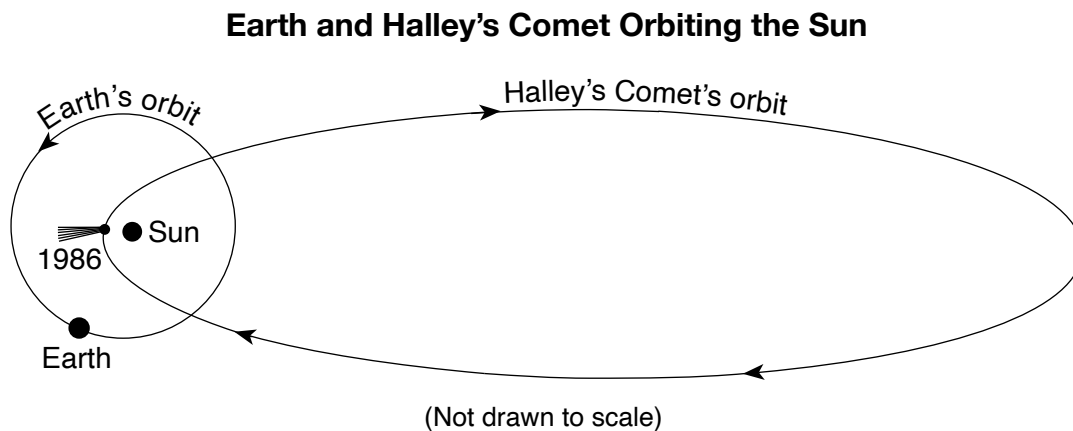
Some Human Diseases and Their Causes

Disease	Cause
anemia	lack of iron in diet
athlete's foot	invading fungus
botulism	bacteria in uncooked food
diabetes	malfunctioning pancreas
hemophilia	inherited trait

Identify *two* diseases listed on the chart that are the result of damage by infection from another organism. [1]

_____ and _____

Base your answers to questions 66 and 67 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents the orbits of Earth and Halley's Comet around the Sun in our solar system. The position of Halley's Comet in 1986 is represented.

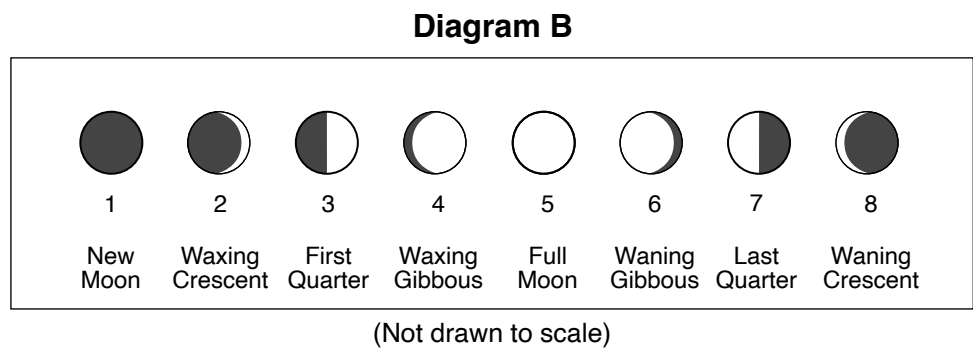
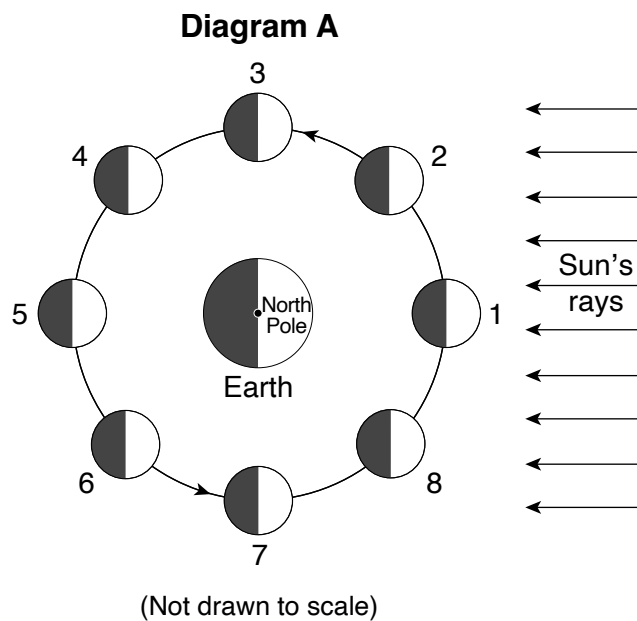


66 State the number of days it takes Earth to complete one orbit around the Sun. [1]

_____ days

67 Explain why Halley's Comet is part of our solar system. [1]

Base your answers to questions 68 through 70 on the diagrams below and on your knowledge of science. Numbers 1 through 8 on diagram A represent positions of the Moon in its orbit around Earth. Diagram B represents the Moon's phases observed from Earth's Northern Hemisphere when the Moon is at the position shown.



68 It takes the Moon approximately 30 days to complete one cycle of the phases. Determine the number of days between the First Quarter Moon phase and the Last Quarter Moon phase. [1]

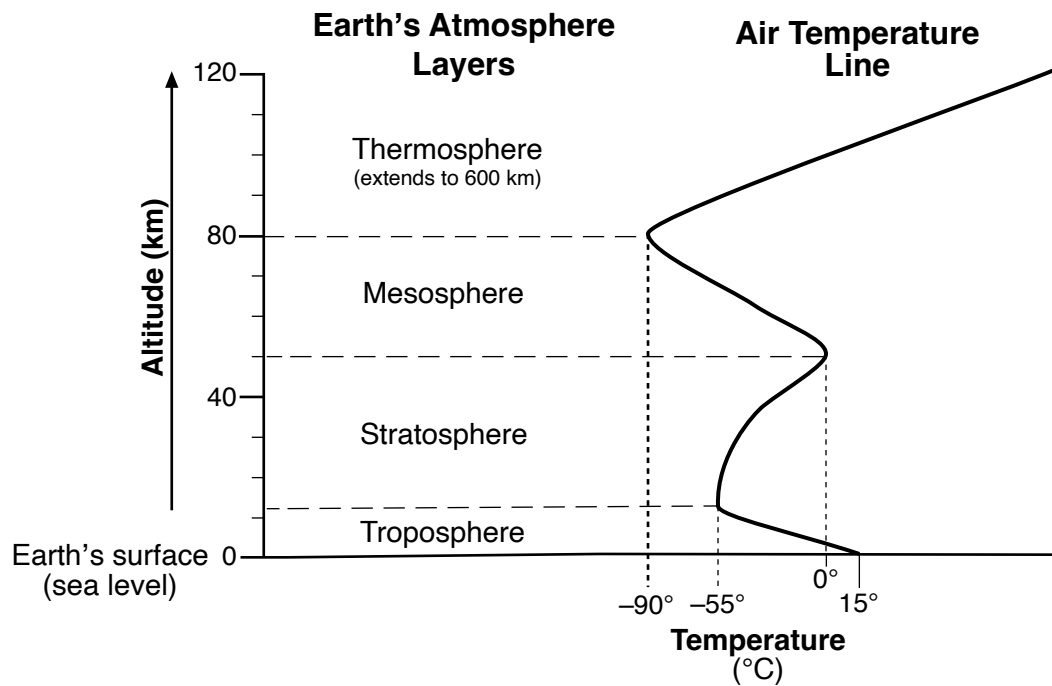
_____ days

69 Identify *one* Moon position where an eclipse would most likely occur. [1]

Position number: _____

70 Identify another natural cyclic event, other than phases and eclipses, that is caused by the Moon's gravitational pull on Earth. [1]

Base your answers to questions 71 through 73 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents four different layers of Earth's atmosphere above Earth's surface, measured in kilometers (km). The horizontal dashed lines represent the boundary between each atmospheric layer. The air temperature line represents the relationship between altitude (km) and air temperature measured in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$).



- 71 More than 50% of the gas molecules in Earth's atmosphere are found in the troposphere layer. Identify the force responsible for pulling these molecules closer to Earth's surface. [1]

- 72 The greatest concentration of ozone gas is located at an altitude between 20 and 30 kilometers. Identify the layer of Earth's atmosphere in which the greatest concentration of ozone gas is located. [1]

- 73 Calculate the temperature difference from the bottom of the mesosphere to the top of the mesosphere as shown on the air temperature line. [1]

$^{\circ}\text{C}$

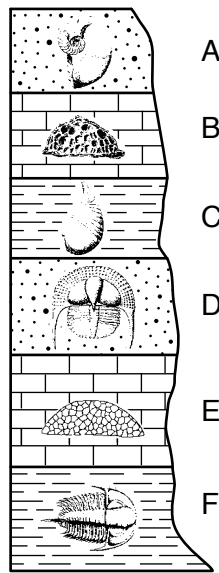
Base your answers to questions 74 and 75 on the table below and on your knowledge of science. The table shows Mohs hardness scale, which is commonly used to identify minerals. The softest mineral, talc, has a value of 1. The hardest mineral, diamond, has a value of 10. The approximate hardnesses of some common objects are listed next to Mohs scale.

Mohs Hardness Scale		
Mineral	Hardness Value	Hardness of Common Objects
Talc	1	Fingernail (2.5)
Gypsum	2	
Calcite	3	
Fluorite	4	Iron nail (4.5)
Apatite	5	Glass (5.5)
Feldspar	6	Steel file (6.5)
Quartz	7	
Topaz	8	
Corundum	9	
Diamond	10	

74 Identify *one* mineral on Mohs hardness scale that would be soft enough for an iron nail to scratch. [1]

75 Explain why the property of hardness is usually better to use to identify a mineral instead of the color of the mineral. [1]

Base your answers to questions 76 and 77 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents a cross section of exposed rock layers *A* through *F* that contain fossils. The rock layers have *not* been overturned.



76 Identify the letter of the layer that contains the oldest fossil. Explain why you selected that layer. [1]

Layer: _____

Explanation: _____

77 Explain why the study of fossils is important to scientists. [1]

78 Describe the best method for separating small pieces of iron from a mixture of sand and iron when the particles of sand and iron are identical in size. [1]

Base your answers to questions 79 and 80 on the chart below and on your knowledge of science. The chart shows the Enhanced Fujita Scale, which is used to measure the strength of a tornado.

Enhanced Fujita Scale

Rating	Estimated Wind Speeds in Miles per Hour	Typical Damage
EF0	65–85	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • branches broken • chimneys damaged
EF1	86–110	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cars pushed off roads • shingles torn from roofs
EF2	111–135	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • roofs torn from some buildings • some trees torn from ground or split
EF3	136–165	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • walls and roofs torn from buildings • most trees uprooted
EF4	166–200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cars thrown • houses collapsed
EF5	200+	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • houses collapsed and torn from foundations • reinforced-concrete buildings damaged

79 The wind speed of a tornado was estimated to be 100 miles per hour. Identify its rating on the Enhanced Fujita Scale and describe *one* type of damage that most likely occurred. [1]

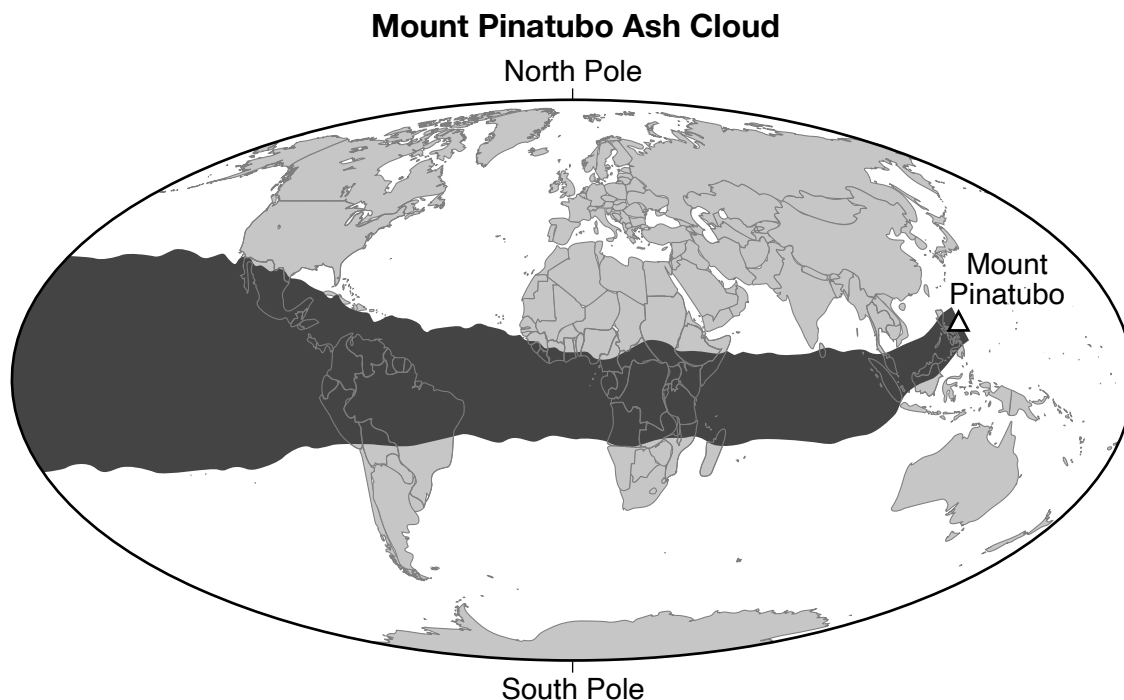
Rating: _____

Type of damage: _____

80 Describe *one* action that residents of an area should take when a tornado is approaching. [1]

Base your answers to questions 81 through 83 on the information and map below, and on your knowledge of science. The map shows the location of Mount Pinatubo, a volcano in the Philippines. The dark area represents the direction and location of the volcanic ash that spread out over the next several months following its eruption.

Mount Pinatubo in the Philippines erupted in 1991. During the eruption, ash particles were spread high into the atmosphere, and eventually circled the globe. The ash particles produced pollution that affected the climate and human health. Over time, the particles blocked some of the Sun's energy from reaching Earth.

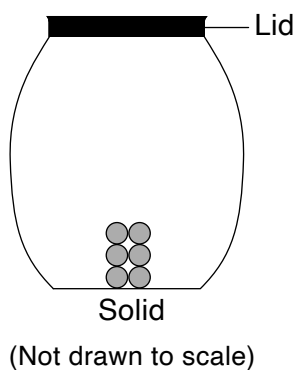


81 Describe the effect the ash cloud had on Earth's global temperatures. [1]

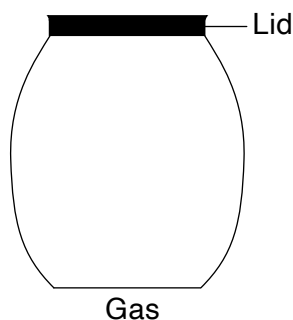
82 Identify the general compass direction in which the volcanic ash traveled away from Mount Pinatubo. [1]

83 Based on the Theory of Plate Tectonics, where are most volcanoes, like Mount Pinatubo, found? [1]

Base your answers to questions 84 and 85 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of science. The diagram represents a model of six particles of a substance. The substance is in a solid phase and has been placed in a closed container.



- 84 Use the empty closed-container below to draw a model of these six particles as they would look when the substance is in the gas phase. [1]



- 85 List the *three* phases of matter in order from the greatest attractive forces between particles to the least attractive forces between particles. [1]

_____	_____	_____
Greatest attractive forces	→	Least attractive forces

Grade 8 Intermediate-Level Science Test**June 2019 Written Test****Answer Key: Part I (Multiple-Choice Questions)**

Note: All schools (public, nonpublic, and charter) administering the **Grade 8 Intermediate-Level Science Test** in the 2018–2019 school year are required to make arrangements to obtain answer sheets and associated scanning services from a Regional Information Center (RIC) or a large-city scanning center. These centers will scan and score the answer sheets according to the following criteria:

1. One credit will be awarded for each correct response.
2. Credit will not be allowed if two or more answers have been marked for the same question.
3. The raw score for Part I will be determined by counting the number of correct responses.

For information only, correct responses are listed in the chart below.

Test	Date	Question Number	Correct Response	Question Type	Credit	Weight
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	1	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	2	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	3	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	4	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	5	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	6	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	7	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	8	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	9	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	10	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	11	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	12	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	13	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	14	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	15	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	16	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	17	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	18	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	19	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	20	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	21	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	22	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	23	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	24	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	25	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	26	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	27	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	28	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	29	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	30	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	31	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	32	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	33	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	34	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	35	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	36	1	MC	1	1

Grade 8 ILS	June '19	37	3	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	38	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	39	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	40	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	41	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	42	4	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	43	2	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	44	1	MC	1	1
Grade 8 ILS	June '19	45	4	MC	1	1

Key
MC = Multiple-choice question

46 [1] Allow 1 credit for a testable hypothesis (statement). Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- If young plants receive the greatest amount of water, then they will grow tallest.
- The young plants that receive the least water will grow tallest.
- The more water a plant receives, the taller the plant will grow.

Note: Do *not* allow credit for responses written as a question since a hypothesis is a testable statement.

47 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

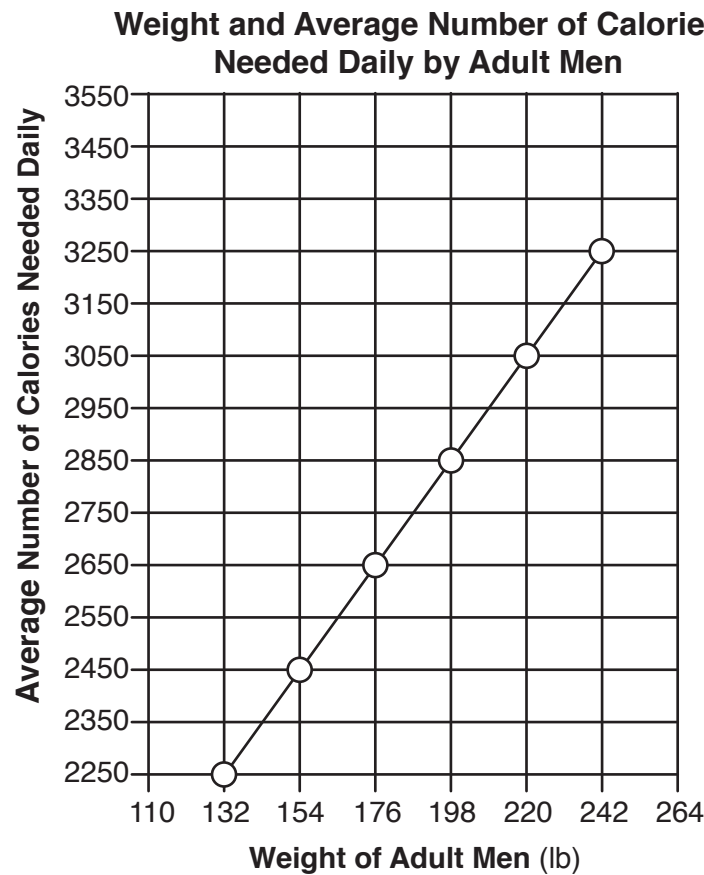
- size of planters/containers
- type of soil
- amount of soil
- same amount of light/sunlight
- same location
- temperature of the water
- temperature of the environment
- source of water
- time of day watered

48 [1] Allow 1 credit for an acceptable measurement tool and its use. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

Measurement Tool	Data Measured by Tool
<ul style="list-style-type: none">— ruler— meterstick— tape measure— yardstick	<ul style="list-style-type: none">— measure height of plants— if plant got taller or larger
<ul style="list-style-type: none">— graduated cylinder— beaker— measuring cup	<ul style="list-style-type: none">— volume of water to add to plants— amount of soil
<ul style="list-style-type: none">— balance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">— mass of soil for each planter
<ul style="list-style-type: none">— thermometer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">— temperature of water— temperature of environment

49 [1] Allow 1 credit if the centers of *all six Xs* are within or touch the circles shown and are correctly connected with a line that passes within or touches the circles.

Example of a 1-credit response:



Note: Do *not* allow credit for a bar graph.

Allow credit if the student-drawn line correctly extends the line beyond the data points.

Allow credit if the student uses a symbol other than an **X** to plot the points.

It is recommended that an overlay of the same scale as the student test booklet be used to ensure rating reliability.

50 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- As weight increases, the number of daily Calories increases.
- As one goes up, the other goes up.
- a direct/positive relationship
- Men who weigh less need fewer Calories to maintain weight.
- For every 22 extra pounds on an adult man, he will need 200 more Calories to maintain his weight.
- The graph shows a positive slope.

51 [1] Allow 1 credit for indicating an increase in the weight of the man *and* a correct explanation. Acceptable explanations include, but are not limited to:

- He will gain weight because he is consuming more Calories than he needs.
- The man is consuming more Calories than he needs to maintain his weight.
- 2700 Calories is greater than the 2450 Calories a 154-lb man needs to maintain weight.
- The man is eating the number of Calories necessary for a 185-lb male, not a 154-lb male.
- He only needs 2450 Calories to maintain his weight.
- The man is taking in 250 additional Calories.

52 [1] Allow 1 credit for the Punnett square completed correctly with each parent having either *BB* or *Bb*, for black fur.

Examples of 1-credit responses:

	<i>B</i>	<i>B</i>		<i>B</i>	<i>b</i>		<i>B</i>	<i>B</i>		<i>B</i>	<i>b</i>
<i>B</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>Bb</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>Bb</i>
<i>b</i>	<i>Bb</i>	<i>Bb</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>Bb</i>	<i>bb</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>BB</i>	<i>Bb</i>

Note: Allow credit for *Bb* or *bB*.

Acceptable responses must include genotypes of *both* parents and their possible offspring.

53 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- There is only one parent.
- There is no sperm or egg used.
- Budding is a type of asexual reproduction.
- The parent and offspring are genetically identical.

54 [1] Allow 1 credit for a physical adaptation represented in the diagram *and* a correct description. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

Physical Adaptation	Description
— big ears	— helps them hear approaching danger — regulates body temperature
— nose	— helps it find food — detect predators
— eyes (side-facing)	— able to see predators approach from the sides
— fur	— helps it stay warm — camouflage/blend in

Note: Do *not* allow credit for behavioral adaptations because they are not represented in the diagram (e.g., running fast, eating during the day).

55 [1] Allow 1 credit for indicating a rabbit is an herbivore *and* an owl is a carnivore.

56 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Some energy is lost to the surrounding environment as heat at each level, making the top smaller.
- There are a greater number of organisms at the base/bottom of the pyramid.
- The bottom layer of the pyramid has the most food and/or energy.
- As you move up the pyramid, the amount of energy available decreases.

57 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- The invertebrates listed in the pyramid eat phytoplankton.
- The energy from the phytoplankton is transferred directly to the invertebrates.
- Some invertebrates are herbivores.

58 [1] Allow 1 credit for fertilization.

59 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Sweating is a way of getting rid of liquid waste.
- removal of wastes/salt
- Sweating helps remove excess heat from the body.

60 [1] Allow 1 credit for chromosome.

61 [1] Allow 1 credit for DNA *or* deoxyribonucleic acid.

62 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- absorb nutrients from the soil
- anchor the plant in the ground
- absorb water
- store food

Note: Do *not* accept “absorb food” as they absorb nutrients used to produce food.

63 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- leaf/leaves
- stem
- sepals

64 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- produces/grows a new plant
- stores food
- provides energy for germinating plants
- germinates into a plant
- dispersal or a description of seed dispersal (carried by wind, water, or animals.)

65 [1] Allow 1 credit for athlete's foot *and* botulism.

Note: Do *not* accept fungus and bacteria, as they are the cause, not the disease.

66 [1] Allow 1 credit for any value from 365 days to 365.26 days *or* any equivalent fraction that fits into this range, e.g., $365 \frac{1}{4}$.

67 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Halley's Comet revolves around the Sun.
- It orbits the Sun.
- gravitational pull of the Sun keeps the comet in its orbit
- moves around the Sun

Note: Do *not* allow credit for "rotation around the Sun" because the motion is revolution, not rotation.

68 [1] Allow 1 credit for any value from 14 to 15 days.

69 [1] Allow 1 credit for position 1/New Moon *or* position 5/Full Moon.

70 [1] Allow 1 credit for ocean tides *or* tides.

71 [1] Allow 1 credit for gravity *or* gravitational attraction.

72 [1] Allow 1 credit for stratosphere.

73 [1] Allow 1 credit for 90°C *or* -90°C .

74 [1] Allow 1 credit for fluorite *or* calcite *or* gypsum *or* talc.

75 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Many minerals may have similar colors.
- The same mineral can have a variety of colors.
- Many minerals are colorless.
- Hardness is consistent from sample to sample, but the color can vary.
- Impurities affect the color of a mineral.

76 [1] Allow 1 credit for identifying layer *F* *and* an acceptable explanation. Acceptable explanations include, but are not limited to:

- It is on the bottom.
- Other layers were deposited after layer *F*.

77 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- provides evidence for the theory of evolution
- indicates types of past environments
- provides evidence that a great variety of species once existed
- indicates past climate conditions

78 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Use a magnet.
- Use a magnet to pull the iron particles out of the mixture.

79 [1] Allow 1 credit for a rating of EF1 *and* a correct type of damage. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Cars are pushed off the road.
- Shingles are torn from roofs.
- branches broken
- chimneys damaged

80 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Go into a basement or storm shelter.
- Stay away from windows.
- Go inside a building.
- Listen for emergency broadcasts.
- Go to an interior room or closet.
- Make sure emergency supplies are ready.

Note: Do *not* allow credit for “evacuate area” or “board up windows” because there is no time to do this with an approaching tornado.

81 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Global temperatures were cooler.
- colder

82 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- W
- from east to west
- southwest

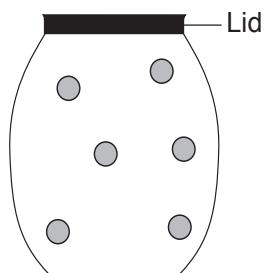
Note: Do *not* accept a direction of “left” as this is not a compass direction.

83 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Volcanoes form at plate boundaries/subduction zones.
- at some plate boundaries where magma rises to the surface
- along the Ring of Fire
- where plates collide or separate

84 [1] Allow 1 credit for showing *all six* particles randomly spaced throughout the container.

Example of a 1-credit response:



Note: Allow credit if motion lines are shown with particles *or* if particles are a different size.

Do *not* allow credit if more than six or fewer than six particles are shown.

85 [1] Allow 1 credit if *all three* phases of matter are in the correct sequence, as shown below:

