Pennsylvania PSSA 2022 Grade 6 Math

Reference Materials
Page 2

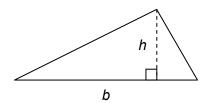
Exam & Answer Key Materials Pages 3 - 38

Grade 6 Formula Sheet

Formulas that you may need on this test are found below. You may refer back to this page at any time during the mathematics test.

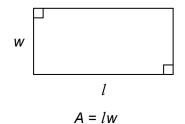
2022 Grade 6

Triangle



$$A = \frac{1}{2} bh$$

Rectangle

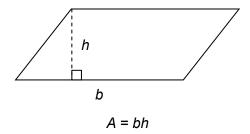


Square

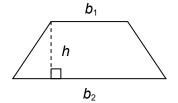


 $A = s^2$

Parallelogram

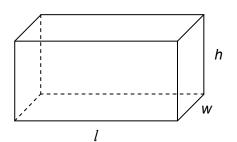


Trapezoid



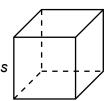
$$A = \frac{1}{2} h(b_1 + b_2)$$

Rectangular Prism



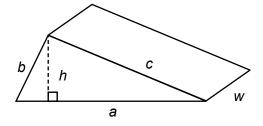
$$V = lwh$$
 $SA = 2lw + 2lh + 2wh$

Cube



$$V = s \cdot s \cdot s$$
 $SA = 6s^2$

Triangular Prism

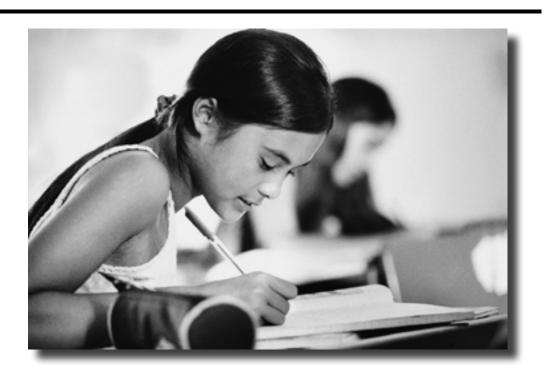


$$SA = ah + aw + bw + cw$$



The Pennsylvania System of School Assessment

Mathematics Item and Scoring Sampler



2022-2023 Grade 6

MATHEMATICS TEST DIRECTIONS

On the following pages are the mathematics questions.

 You may <u>not</u> use a calculator for question 1. You may use a calculator for all other questions on this test.

Directions for Multiple-Choice Questions

Some questions will ask you to select an answer from among four choices.

For the multiple-choice questions:

- First solve the problem on scratch paper.
- Choose the correct answer and record your choice in the answer booklet.
- If none of the choices matches your answer, go back and check your work for possible errors.
- Only one of the answers provided is the correct response.

Directions for Open-Ended Questions

Some questions will require you to write your response.

For the open-ended questions:

- These questions have more than one part. Be sure to read the directions carefully.
- You cannot receive the highest score for an open-ended question without completing all tasks in the question. For example, if the question asks you to show your work or explain your reasoning, be sure to show your work or explain your reasoning in the space provided.
- If the question does **not** ask you to show your work or explain your reasoning, you may use the space provided, but only those parts of your response that the question specifically asks for will be scored.
- Write your response in the appropriate location within the response box in the answer booklet. Some answers may require graphing, plotting, labeling, drawing, or shading. If you use scratch paper, be sure to transfer your final response and any needed work or reasoning to the answer booklet.

INFORMATION ABOUT MATHEMATICS

General Description of Scoring Guidelines for Mathematics Open-Ended Items

4—The response demonstrates a *thorough* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

The response provides correct answer(s) with clear and complete mathematical procedures shown and a correct explanation, as required by the task. The response may contain a minor "blemish" or omission in work or explanation that does not detract from demonstrating a *thorough* understanding.

3—The response demonstrates a *general* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

The response and explanation (as required by the task) are mostly complete and correct. The response may have minor errors or omissions that do not detract from demonstrating a *general* understanding.

2—The response demonstrates a *partial* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

The response is somewhat correct with *partial* understanding of the required mathematical concepts and/or procedures demonstrated and/or explained. The response may contain some work that is incomplete or unclear.

- 1—The response demonstrates a *minimal* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.
- 0—The response has no correct answer and *insufficient* evidence to demonstrate any understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task for that grade level.

The response may show only information copied from the question.

Special Categories within zero reported separately:

BLK (blank)	ls blank, is entirely erased, or gives a written refusal to respond
ОТ	ls off-task
LOE	Is in a language other than English
IL	Is illegible

Question 1 in this sampler is to be solved without the use of a calculator.

MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEMS

1. Simplify: $\frac{3 \cdot 27.25}{0.25}$

A. 81

B. 121

C. 243

D. 327

Item Information		
Alignment	A-N.2.1.1	
Answer Key	D	
Depth of Knowledge	1	
p-value A	25%	
p-value B	14%	
p-value C	13%	
p-value D	48% (correct answer)	
Option Annotations	 A. cancels the 0.25 from 27.25 and then multiplies 3 • 27 B. finds the sum of the quotients 3 ÷ 0.25 and 27.25 ÷ 0.25 C. multiplies 3 • 27 • 3 • 0.25 and then divides the result (60.75) by 0.25 D. Correct: multiplies 3 • 27.25 and then divides the result (81.75) by 0.25 	

A calculator is permitted for use in solving questions 2–16 in this sampler.

- **2.** A family traveled by car to visit a relative.
 - The family traveled 114 miles on the route they used going to the relative's home.
 - The family used a different route returning from the relative's home and traveled 156 miles.
 - The car used a total of 12 gallons of gas.

On average, how many miles did the family travel for each gallon of gas the car used?

- A. 16.4
- B. 19
- C. 22.5
- D. 26

Item Information		
Alignment	A-R.1.1	
Answer Key	С	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	12%	
p-value B	9%	
p-value C	71% (correct answer)	
p-value D	8%	
Option Annotations	 A. multiplies 12 by the quotient 156 ÷ 114 B. divides 114 by half of 12 C. Correct: divides the total distance (114 + 156) by the number of gallons (12) D. divides 156 by half of 12 	

- 3. Jamal and Lucy each build model airplanes.
 - Jamal had 10 model airplanes. After building some model airplanes last month, he had
 18 model airplanes.
 - Lucy also had some model airplanes. Last month, she built 12 model airplanes. After that, she had 20 model airplanes.

Which statement describes the ratio of the number of model airplanes Jamal built last month to the number of model airplanes Lucy built last month?

- A. For every model airplane Jamal built, Lucy built 5 model airplanes.
- B. For every 2 model airplanes Jamal built, Lucy built 3 model airplanes.
- C. For every 2 model airplanes Jamal built, Lucy built 5 model airplanes.
- D. For every 7 model airplanes Jamal built, Lucy built 3 model airplanes.

Home Information		
Item Information		
Alignment	A-R.1.1.1	
	B-E.2.1.3	
Answer Key	В	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	10%	
p-value B	58% (correct answer)	
p-value C	22%	
p-value D	10%	
Option Annotations	A. determines the correct ratio (8 to 12) but "reduces" it using subtraction	
	B. Correct: compares the number of model airplanes Jamal built last month (18 – 10) to the number of model airplanes Lucy built last month (12) and simplifies the ratio 8 to 12 by dividing each number by 4	
	C. compares the number of model airplanes Jamal built to the total number of airplanes built OR compares the number of model airplanes Jamal built to the total number of airplanes Lucy had D. compares (18 + 10) to 12 instead of (18 - 10) to 12	

- **4.** Mike buys 4 packs of baseball cards for a total of \$8. Each pack contains 10 baseball cards. How much does Mike pay for each baseball card?
 - A. \$0.05
 - B. \$0.20
 - C. \$3.20
 - D. \$5.00

Item Information		
Alignment	A-R.1.1.2	
Answer Key	В	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	17%	
p-value B	54% (correct answer)	
p-value C	18%	
p-value D	11%	
Option Annotations	 A. reverses the order of the division when determining the amount paid for each pack and calculates (4 ÷ 8) ÷ 10 B. Correct: determines the amount paid for each pack by dividing the total amount by the number of packs (\$8 ÷ 4) and then determines the amount paid for each card by dividing the amount per pack by the number of cards in each pack (\$2 ÷ 10) OR determines the total number of cards purchased by multiplying the number of packs by the number of cards in each pack (4 • 10) and then determines the amount paid for each card by dividing the amount paid by the total number of cards (\$8 ÷ 40) C. uses multiplication instead of division when determining the amount paid for each pack and calculates (8 • 4) ÷ 10 D. determines the total number of cards purchased but reverses the order of the division when determining the amount paid for each card (40 ÷ 8) 	

11

- 5. Mr. Li's yard is in the shape of a square. Each side has a length of 40 feet. Mr. Li uses 20% of the area of the yard for a garden. What is the area, in square feet, of the garden in Mr. Li's yard?
 - A. 64
 - B. 80
 - C. 320
 - D. 800

Item Information		
Alignment	A-R.1.1.5	
	C-G.1.1.1	
Answer Key	C	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	13%	
p-value B	29%	
p-value C	35% (correct answer)	
p-value D	23%	
Option Annotations	A. determines 20% of each side length (0.20 • 40 = 8) and then multiplies 8 by 8	
	B. divides the area of the yard (40 • 40) by 20	
	C. Correct: converts 20% to 0.20 before multiplying the area of the yard (40 • 40) by 0.20	
	D. divides the area of the yard (40 • 40) by 2	

- **6.** Which statement explains why -2x + 4y = 7 is **not** an expression?
 - A. An expression cannot have an equals sign.
 - B. An expression cannot have an operation symbol.
 - C. An expression cannot have any negative numbers.
 - D. An expression cannot have more than one variable.

Item Information		
Alignment	B-E.1.1	
Answer Key	A	
Depth of Knowledge	1	
p-value A	53% (correct answer)	
p-value B	10%	
p-value C	20%	
p-value D	17%	
Option Annotations	 A. Correct: recognizes that a comparison symbol (=) is used to compare two expressions B. thinks expressions can have only 1 term or can compare only 2 terms C. thinks expressions can have only positive numbers 	
	D. thinks expressions can have only 1 variable	

- **7.** Which expression is equivalent to $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7$?
 - A. $2^2 \times 3^4 \times 7^2$
 - B. $2^3 \times 3^4 \times 7^2$
 - C. $3^2 \times 4^3 \times 2^7$
 - D. $8^3 \times 81^4 \times 49^2$

Item Information		
Alignment	B-E.1.1.1	
Answer Key	В	
Depth of Knowledge	1	
p-value A	6%	
p-value B	89% (correct answer)	
p-value C	3%	
p-value D	2%	
Option Annotations	 A. uses 2 as the exponent of base 2 instead of 3 B. Correct: counts three 2s and rewrites 2 × 2 × 2 as 2³, counts four 3s and rewrites 3 × 3 × 3 × 3 as 3⁴, and counts two 7s and rewrites 7 × 7 as 7² C. switches the bases and the exponents D. multiplies the bases while also including the exponents 	

8. Lynda builds a wooden box in the shape of a rectangular prism. The box has no cover. The box is 12 inches long, *x* inches wide, and 24 inches high. The expression below can be used to determine the surface area, in square inches, of the box.

$$48x + 12x + 2 \cdot 288$$

What is the coefficient of the term in the expression that represents the area of the bottom of the box?

- A. 2
- B. 12
- C. 48
- D. 288

Item Information		
Alignment	B-E.1.1.3 C-G.1	
Answer Key	В	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	18%	
p-value B	33% (correct answer)	
p-value C	26%	
p-value D	23%	
Option Annotations	 A. identifies the smaller factor of the length-height product, which represents two faces of the prism B. Correct: identifies 12x as the term that represents the area of the bottom of the box since it is the only face that is not being doubled ("the top has no cover") and then identifies 12 as the coefficient of the variable x C. identifies the coefficient of the width-height product, which represents two faces of the prism D. identifies the larger factor of the length-height product, which represents two faces of the prism 	

9. An inequality is shown below.

Which equation has a solution that satisfies the inequality?

A.
$$\frac{3}{4}x = 12$$

B.
$$x = 3^3 - 7$$

C.
$$21.2 = x - 12\frac{1}{2}$$

D.
$$x = 2.2 \cdot 6 + 2^3$$

Item Information		
Alignment	B-E.2.1	
Answer Key	A	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	47% (correct answer)	
p-value B	24%	
p-value C	15%	
p-value D	14%	
Option Annotations	A. Correct: multiplies both sides of the equation by the reciprocal of $\frac{3}{4}$	
	and determines that $x = 16$, which is less than 20	
	B. identifies an equation with a solution that is equal to 20 instead of	
	less than 20	
	C. subtracts $12\frac{1}{2}$ from 21.2 instead of adding	
	D. simplifies 2 ³ as 2 • 3 and then adds the result to 2.2 • 6 (13.2 + 6)	

10. A pizza was cut into equal slices. Ben ate 4 of the slices. The amount Ben ate was $\frac{2}{3}$ of the whole pizza. Which equation represents a way to find the total number of slices that were in the whole pizza?

A.
$$\frac{2}{3} \bullet x = 4$$

B.
$$4 \cdot x = \frac{2}{3}$$

C.
$$\frac{2}{3} + x = 4$$

D.
$$x = 4 \cdot \frac{2}{3}$$

Item Information		
Alignment	B-E.2.1.3	
Answer Key	A	
Depth of Knowledge	2	
p-value A	39% (correct answer)	
p-value B	19%	
p-value C	11%	
p-value D	31%	
Option Annotations	A. Correct: recognizes that the total number of slices should be	
	multiplied by $\frac{2}{3}$ to show that $\frac{2}{3}$ of a whole pizza is 4 slices	
	B. multiplies x by 4 instead of by $\frac{2}{3}$	
	C. uses addition instead of multiplication	
	D. multiplies 4 by $\frac{2}{3}$ instead of x by $\frac{2}{3}$	

11. Mr. Kusick unpacks full boxes of textbooks to get ready for the school year. Each full box contains the same number of textbooks. The table below shows the numbers of textbooks that Mr. Kusick unpacks from different numbers of boxes.

Textbooks in Boxes

Number of Boxes	Number of Textbooks
1	8
3	24
6	48
8	64

Which statement about this relation is true?

- A. The number of boxes is the dependent variable because it is the first column in the table.
- B. The number of boxes is the dependent variable because it is the smaller number in each row.
- C. The number of textbooks is the dependent variable because each number of textbooks is a multiple of the number of boxes in the same row.
- D. The number of textbooks is the dependent variable because it is determined by the number of boxes Mr. Kusick unpacks.

Item Information	
	B-E.3
Alignment	
Answer Key	D
Depth of Knowledge	2
p-value A	11%
p-value B	12%
p-value C	35%
p-value D	42% (correct answer)
Option Annotations	A. considers that the order of the columns determines which variable is the dependent variable
	B. considers the dependent variable to always be the smaller set of values
	C. considers the dependent variable to always be a multiple of the independent variable
	D. Correct: recognizes that the number of textbooks is the dependent variable because the number of textbooks that have been unpacked is determined by (i.e., is "dependent" upon) the number of boxes that have been unpacked

12. Lara runs 2 miles each day. She uses the equation shown below to help determine some information about her running.

$$2x = y$$

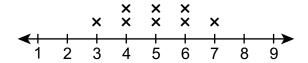
What do the variables *x* and *y* **most likely** represent in Lara's equation?

- A. The variable *x* represents the total number of miles Lara runs in *y* days.
- B. The variable *y* represents the total number of miles Lara runs in *x* days.
- C. The variable *x* represents Lara's rate, in miles per hour, and the variable *y* represents the total time, in hours, she runs each day.
- D. The variable *y* represents Lara's rate, in miles per hour, and the variable *x* represents the total time, in hours, she runs each day.

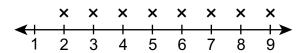
Item Information				
Alignment	B-E.3.1			
Answer Key	В			
Depth of Knowledge	2			
p-value A	28%			
p-value B	45% (correct answer)			
p-value C	19%			
p-value D	8%			
Option Annotations	 A. switches the meanings of the variables B. Correct: recognizes that the total number of miles Lara runs is 2 times the number of days, so identifies x as the number of days since the x is being multiplied by 2 in the equation C. uses the equation d = rt and describes it as d = xy D. uses the equation d = rt and describes it as d = yx 			

13. Which line plot shows a data distribution that has the same range and interquartile range?

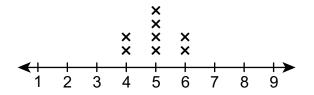
A.



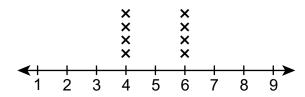
В.



C.



D.



Item Information					
Alignment	D-S.1				
Answer Key	D				
Depth of Knowledge	2				
p-value A	24%				
p-value B	20%				
p-value C	22%				
p-value D	34% (correct answer)				
Option Annotations	A. considers that the range and interquartile range would be the same				
	when a symmetric data set is somewhat spread out				
	B. considers that the range and interquartile range would be the same				
	when all the data points are unique				
	C. considers that the range and interquartile range would be the same				
	when a symmetric data set is clustered in the center				
	Correct: recognizes that a data set that is distributed equally over				
	only two unique values has the same range and interquartile range				
	OR determines the range of the data set to be 2 by subtracting the				
	minimum value from the maximum value (6 - 4) and determines the				
	interquartile range to also be 2 by first identifying the first and third				
	quartile values (the first quartile value is the average of the 2nd and				
	3rd smallest data points, $\frac{4+4}{2}$ = 4; the third quartile value is the				
	average of the 6th and 7th smallest data points, $\frac{6+6}{2}$ = 6) and then				
	subtracting the first quartile value from the third quartile value (6 - 4)				

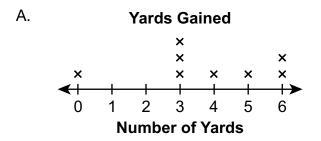
14. Carter is a quarterback for a football team. The list below shows the number of yards his team gained on his last 10 completed passes.

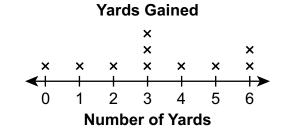
6 3 4 -2 -1 6 5 0 3 3

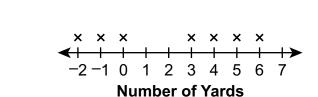
В.

D.

Which line plot also shows the number of yards Carter's team gained on his last 10 completed passes?

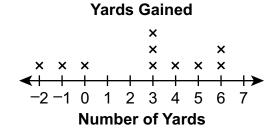






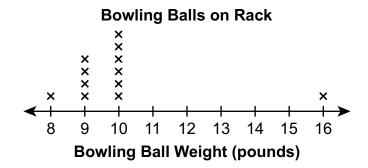
Yards Gained

C.



Item Information			
Alignment	D-S.1.1.1		
Answer Key	D		
Depth of Knowledge	2		
p-value A	8%		
p-value B	8%		
p-value C	6%		
p-value D	78% (correct answer)		
Option Annotations	 A. does not plot the negative values B. plots the negative values as positive values C. does not plot repeated values D. Correct: extends the number line below 0 to include the negative numbers and uses one × for each number, including three ×s for 3 and two ×s for 6 		

15. The line plot below shows the weights, in pounds, of twelve bowling balls on a rack.



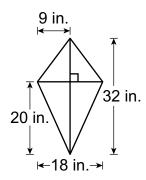
Which statement about the weights of these bowling balls is true?

- A. The weights cluster from 8 pounds to 10 pounds, and 8 pounds is an outlier.
- B. The weights cluster from 11 pounds to 15 pounds, and 8 pounds is an outlier.
- C. The weights cluster from 8 pounds to 10 pounds, and 16 pounds is an outlier.
- D. The weights cluster from 11 pounds to 15 pounds, and 16 pounds is an outlier.

Item Information	
Alignment	D-S.1.1.3
Answer Key	С
Depth of Knowledge	2
p-value A	15%
p-value B	5%
p-value C	73% (correct answer)
p-value D	7%
Option Annotations	 A. concludes that 8 is an outlier since there is only one value at that weight B. confuses definitions of cluster and gap and concludes that 8 is an outlier since there is only one value at that weight C. Correct: identifies that 11 of the 12 data points are grouped (i.e., "clustered") together from 8 pounds to 10 pounds and identifies the 16-pound weight as an outlier since it is significantly greater than the other data values (i.e., it is more than 1.5 times the interquartile range above the third quartile value, since Q1 = 9, Q3 = 10, IQR = 10 − 9 = 1, 1.5 • 1 = 1.5, 9 + 1.5 = 10.5, and 16 > 10.5) D. confuses definitions of cluster and gap

OPEN-ENDED QUESTION

16. Devonte bought a kite that needs to be put together. When finished, the kite will look like the diagram shown below.



A. What is the area, in square inches, of the kite when it is put together?

The box that the kite came in is a rectangular prism with dimensions of 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 2 inches.

B. What is the surface area, in square inches, of the box? Show or explain all your work.

Go to the next page to finish question 16.

GOON

16. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Miriam bought a kite that is already put together. It is the same size as Devonte's kite. The box that Miriam's kite came in is a rectangular prism with dimensions of $32\frac{1}{2}$ inches by $18\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 1 inch. Miriam thinks that since both her kite and Devonte's kite are the same size, the volumes of the boxes they came in are the same.

C. Show or explain why Miriam is **not** correct. As part of your response, find the correct volume, in cubic inches, of each box.

Devonte's box: _____ cubic inches

Miriam's box: _____ cubic inches

After you have checked your work, close your answer booklet and test booklet so your teacher will know you are finished.



Item-Specific Scoring Guideline

#16 Item Information

Alignment	C-G.1.1.2 C-G.1.1.3 C-G.1.1.6	Depth of Knowledge	2	Mean Score	1.38
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Assessment Anchor this item will be reported under:

M06.C-G.1—Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.

Specific Anchor Descriptor addressed by this item:

M06.C-G.1.1—Find area, surface area, and volume by applying formulas and using various strategies.

Item-Specific Scoring Guide

Score	In this item, the student
4	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of solving real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume by correctly solving problems and clearly explaining procedures.
3	Demonstrates a general understanding of solving real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume by correctly solving problems and clearly explaining procedures with only minor errors or omissions.
2	Demonstrates a partial understanding of solving real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume by correctly performing a significant portion of the required task.
1	Demonstrates minimal understanding of solving real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
0	The response has no correct answer and insufficient evidence to demonstrate any understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures as required by the task. The response may show only information copied from the question.

Top-Scoring Student Response and Training Notes

Score	Description
4	Student earns 4 points.
3	Student earns 3.0–3.5 points.
2	Student earns 2.0–2.5 points.
1	Student earns 0.5–1.5 points. OR Student demonstrates minimal understanding of solving real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
0	Response is incorrect or contains some correct work that is irrelevant to the skill or concept being measured.

Top-Scoring Response

Part A (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?
288 (square inches)	

Part B (1 point):

 $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct answer

 $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct and complete support

What?	Why?
509.5 (square inches)	Sample Work:
	$2\left(20\frac{1}{2}\bullet 9\frac{1}{2}\right) = 389\frac{1}{2}$
	$2\left(20\frac{1}{2}\bullet2\right)=82$
	$2\left(9\frac{1}{2}\bullet2\right)=38$
	$389\frac{1}{2} + 82 + 38 = 509\frac{1}{2}$
	OR
	Sample Explanation:
	The area of one of the sides is $20\frac{1}{2}\left(9\frac{1}{2}\right) = 194\frac{3}{4}$. The area of one
	of the other sides is $20 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 41$, and another side is $9 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 19$.
	These 3 sides add up to 254 $\frac{3}{4}$, and this is half the surface area, so
	$254\frac{3}{4} \times 2$ is the entire surface area, which is $509\frac{1}{2}$ square inches.
	OR equivalent

Part C (2 points):

 $\frac{1}{2}$ point for <u>each</u> correct answer

1 point for correct and complete support

 $OR \frac{1}{2}$ point for correct but incomplete support

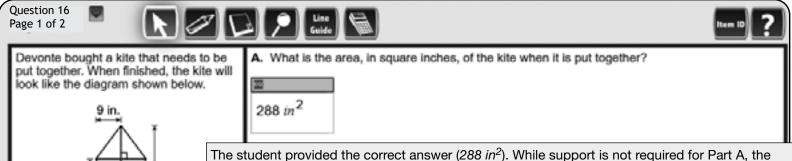
What?	Why?
Devonte's box: 389.5 (cubic inches)	Sample Work:
Miriam's box: 601.25 (cubic inches)	$20.5 \times 9.5 \times 2 = 389.5$ cubic inches (Devonte)
	$32.5 \times 18.5 \times 1 = 601.25$ cubic inches (Miriam)
	OR
	Sample Explanation:
	The volume of the boxes depends on the dimensions of the box, not the contents in the box. One box will have more empty space around the materials that make up the kite.
	OR equivalent

STUDENT RESPONSE

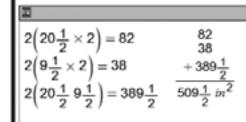
Response Score: 4 points

PARTS A and B





student likely found the areas of all four triangles, using the area of a triangle formula $[A = \frac{1}{2}bh]$, then added the four areas together. [1 point]

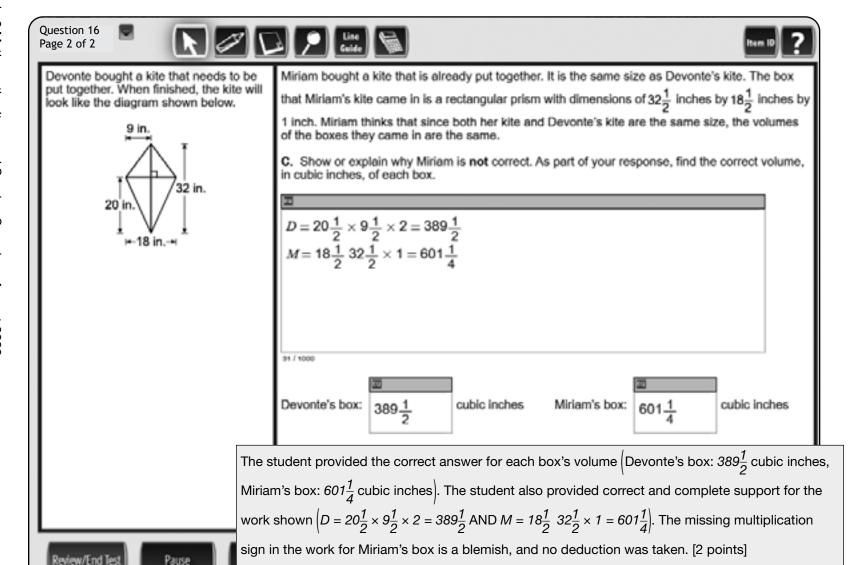


The student provided the correct answer $\left(509\frac{1}{2}in^2\right)$ with correct and complete support. To find the surface area [SA = 2lw + 2lh + 2wh] of the whole box, the student multiplied $[2(20\frac{1}{2} \times 2)] = 82$, AND $2(9\frac{1}{2} \times 2) = 38$, AND $2(20\frac{1}{2} + 9\frac{1}{2}) = 389\frac{1}{2}$] and then added the 82, 38, and $389\frac{1}{2}$ to arrive at the correct answer of $509\frac{1}{2}$ in². The missing multiplication sign in the work for Devonte's box is a blemish, and no deduction was taken. [1 point]





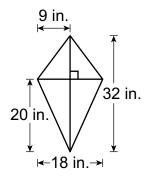




STUDENT RESPONSE

Response Score: 3 points

16. Devonte bought a kite that needs to be put together. When finished, the kite will look like the diagram shown below.



A. What is the area, in square inches, of the kite when it is put together?

$$\frac{1}{2}bh$$
 $\frac{1}{2}18 \times 12 = 108$
 $\frac{108}{288}$
 $\frac{1}{2}18 \times 20 = 180$
 $\frac{1}{2}18 \times 20 = 180$

The student provided the correct answer (288 in^2). The work shown is correct, though not necessary for credit. The student wrote out the formula for finding the area of a triangle $\left(\frac{1}{2}bh\right)$. The student then calculated the area of the top half of the kite, which is a triangle $\left(\frac{1}{2}18\times12=108\right)$, with the base = 18 and the height = 12 (to find the height of the top triangle, take the full 32 in. height of the kite and subtract the 20 in. height of the bottom triangle). The student then calculated the area of the bottom half of the kite, also a triangle $\left(\frac{1}{2}18\times20=180\right)$, with the base = 18 and the height = 20. The student then added these two areas together to calculate the total area of the kite (108+180=288). [1 point]

B. What is the surface area, in square inches, of the box? Show or explain all your work.

The student provided an incorrect answer $(14,883 \ in^2)$ with incomplete support. The student had a correct expression $\left(82+389\frac{1}{2}+38\right)$ that has the correct areas of the sides [82 is a result of multiplying $2\left(20\frac{1}{2}\times2\right)$, $389\frac{1}{2}$ is the result of multiplying $2\left(20\frac{1}{2}\times9\frac{1}{2}\right)$, and 38 is the result of multiplying $2\left(9\frac{1}{2}\times2\right)$]. These are all of the pairs of sides of the box. However, no work or explanation was provided for calculating these areas of the sides of the box. Complete and correct work or explanation is required for full credit of $\frac{1}{2}$ point for the support. [0 points]

Go to the next page to finish question 16.



16. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Miriam bought a kite that is already put together. It is the same size as Devonte's kite. The box that Miriam's kite came in is a rectangular prism with dimensions of $32\frac{1}{2}$ inches by $18\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 1 inch. Miriam thinks that since both her kite and Devonte's kite are the same size, the volumes of the boxes they came in are the same.

C. Show or explain why Miriam is **not** correct. As part of your response, find the correct volume, in cubic inches, of each box.

Miriam is not correct because

Devante's box nos a different. Devante's

5120

VOIUME is 389 ½ and Miriam is

VOIUME 15 601 4

The student provided the correct answer for each box's volume $\left(\text{Devonte's box: } 389\frac{1}{2} \text{ cubic inches}, \text{Miriam's box: } 601\frac{1}{4} \text{ cubic inches}\right)$. The student also provided correct and complete support in the explanation (*Miriam is not correct because Devonte's box has a different size*). [2 points]

Devonte's box: 389 5 cubic inches

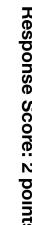
Miriam's box: wol to cubic inches

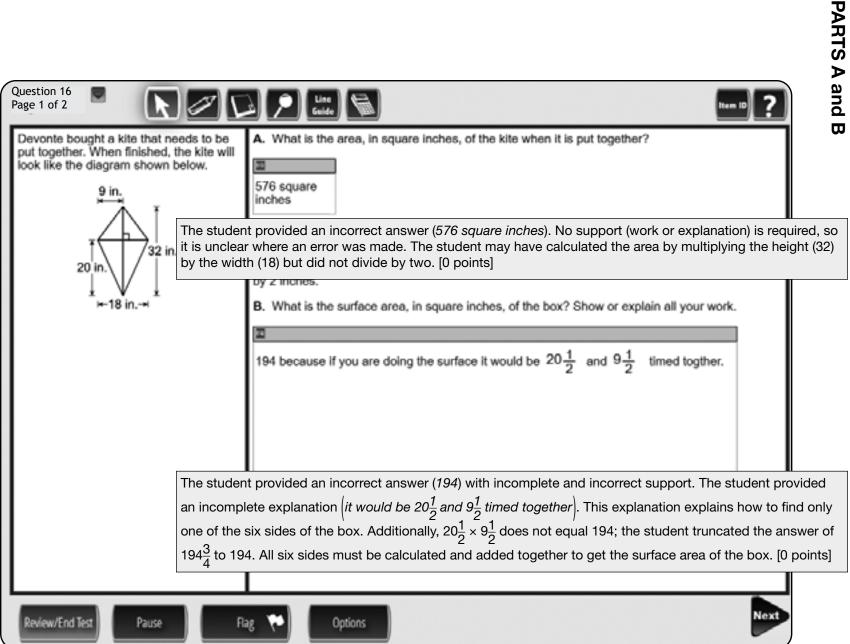
After you have checked your work, close your answer booklet and test booklet so your teacher will know you are finished.



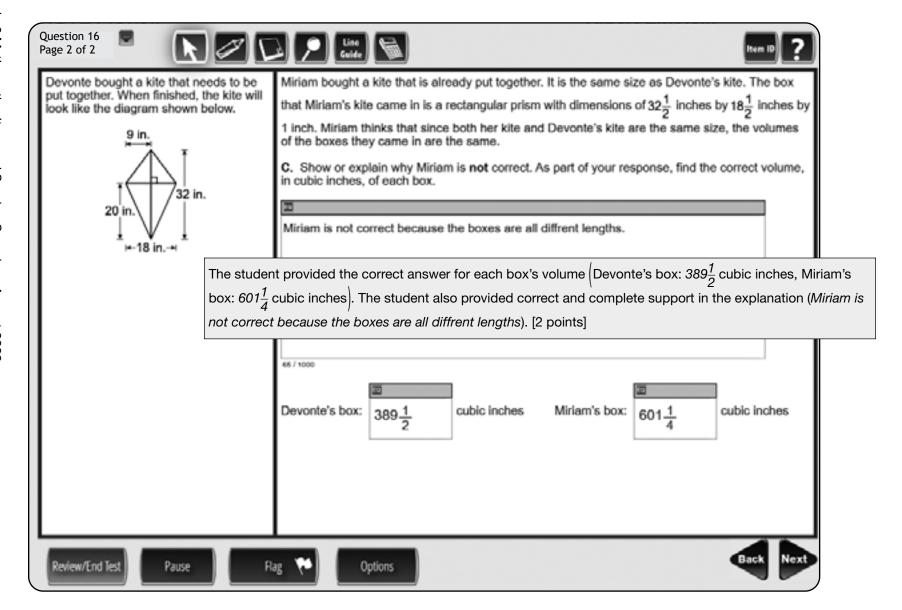
STUDENT RESPONSE

Response Score: 2 points





PART

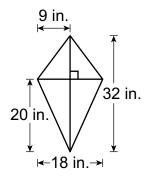




STUDENT RESPONSE

Response Score: 1 point

16. Devonte bought a kite that needs to be put together. When finished, the kite will look like the diagram shown below.



A. What is the area, in square inches, of the kite when it is put together?

The student provided an incorrect answer (1.7 in.). The student divided the overall length by the overall width. [0 points]

The box that the kite came in is a rectangular prism with dimensions of 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 2 inches.

B. What is the surface area, in square inches, of the box? Show or explain all your work.

$$20\frac{1}{2} + 9\frac{1}{2} + 2 = 32$$

The student provided an incorrect answer (32) with incorrect support. The student added the three provided dimensions of the box $\left|20\frac{1}{2}+9\frac{1}{2}+2\right|$. All six sides must be calculated and added together to get the surface area of the box. [0 points]

Go to the next page to finish question 16.

GO ON

16. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Miriam bought a kite that is already put together. It is the same size as Devonte's kite. The box that Miriam's kite came in is a rectangular prism with dimensions of $32\frac{1}{2}$ inches by $18\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 1 inch. Miriam thinks that since both her kite and Devonte's kite are the same size, the volumes of the boxes they came in are the same.

C. Show or explain why Miriam is **not** correct. As part of your response, find the correct volume, in cubic inches, of each box.

Miriam is not correct, because one of their Kites could weight more and have a different volume even if they both have the same area or size.

The student provided the correct answer for each box's volume $\left(\text{Devonte's box: } 389\frac{2}{4} \text{ cubic inches}, \text{Miriam's box: } 601\frac{1}{4} \text{ cubic inches}\right)$ with incorrect support (one of their kites could weight more and have a different volume). A correct explanation would discuss the difference in the sizes or volumes of the boxes. [1 point]

Devonte's box: $389\frac{2}{4}$ cubic inches

Miriam's box: 60 4 cubic inches

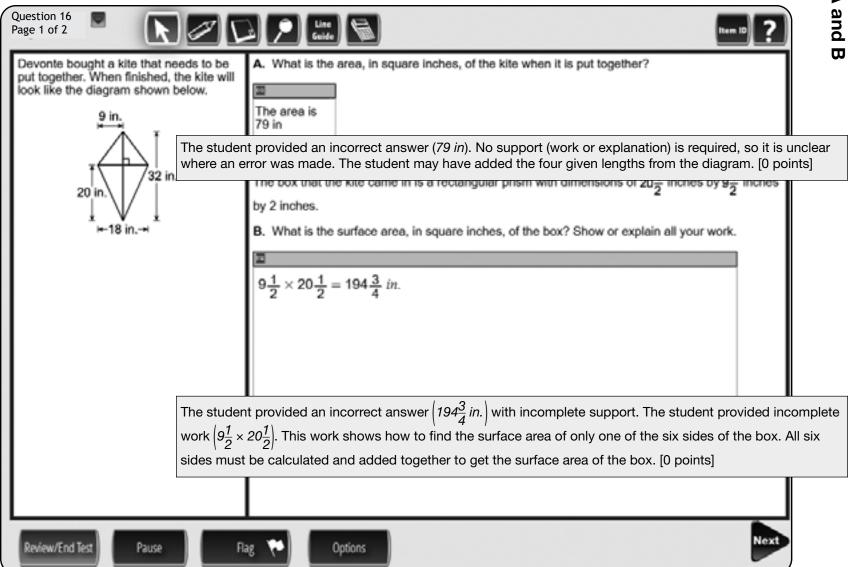
After you have checked your work, close your answer booklet and test booklet so your teacher will know you are finished.



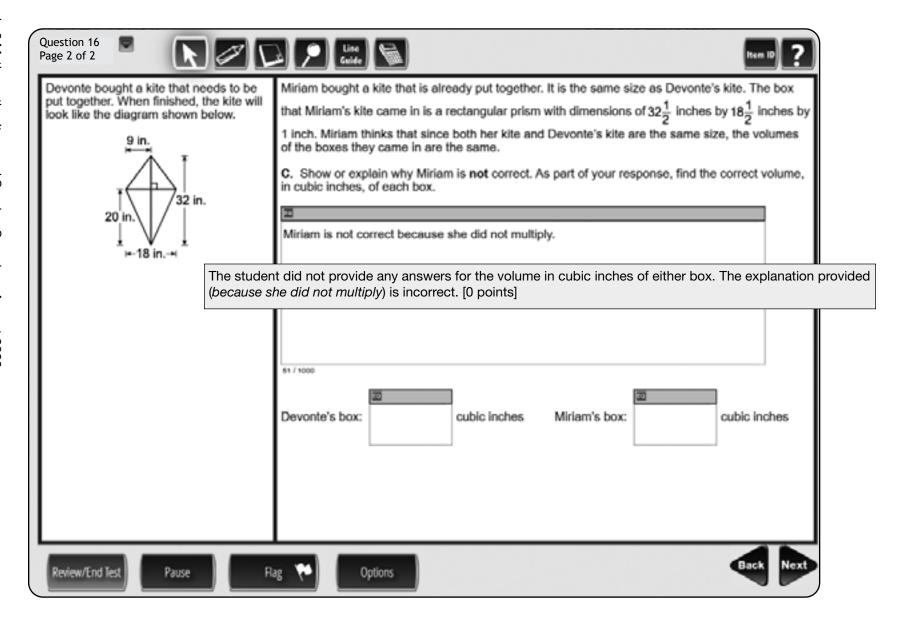
STUDENT RESPONSE

Response Score: 0 points





PART





MATHEMATICS—SUMMARY DATA

Multiple-Choice

Sample Number	Alignment	Answer Key	Depth of Knowledge	p-value A	<i>p</i> -value B	p-value C	<i>p</i> -value D
1	A-N.2.1.1	D	1	25%	14%	13%	48%
2	A-R.1.1	С	2	12%	9%	71%	8%
3	A-R.1.1.1 B-E.2.1.3	В	2	10%	58%	22%	10%
4	A-R.1.1.2	В	2	17%	54%	18%	11%
5	A-R.1.1.5 C-G.1.1.1	С	2	13%	29%	35%	23%
6	B-E.1.1	А	1	53%	10%	20%	17%
7	B-E.1.1.1	В	1	6%	89%	3%	2%
8	B-E.1.1.3 C-G.1	В	2	18%	33%	26%	23%
9	B-E.2.1	А	2	47%	24%	15%	14%
10	B-E.2.1.3	А	2	39%	19%	11%	31%
11	B-E.3	D	2	11%	12%	35%	42%
12	B-E.3.1	В	2	28%	45%	19%	8%
13	D-S.1	D	2	24%	20%	22%	34%
14	D-S.1.1.1	D	2	8%	8%	6%	78%
15	D-S.1.1.3	С	2	15%	5%	73%	7%

Open-Ended

Sample Number	Alignment	Points	Depth of Knowledge	Mean Score
	C-G.1.1.2			
16	C-G.1.1.3	4	2	1.38
	C-G.1.1.6			