# LAB II EXPERIMENTATION REPORT ON TRAINING A DETECTRON2 MODEL ON A CUSTOM DATASET

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

We experiment in depth the custom dataset preparation and training on the Detectron2. The nut dataset consists of 3 classes; datae, fig, and hazelnut with instance masks annotation.

#### 2. DATA VISUALIZATION

These are samples of randomly selected training set of the nut dataset.

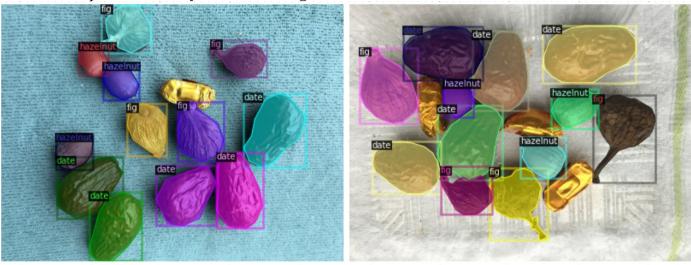


Fig 1: Visualization of randomly selected samples in the training set

# 3. TRAINING CURVES

Running 300 iterations with an initialized learning rate of 0.02, 2images per batc and 128 regions per batch we trained on the COCOinit (it uses the COCO pre-trained weights) and INinit (it uses the ImageNet pre-trained weight) models. The training curves for the mask\_rcnn and total loss for both models is given below:

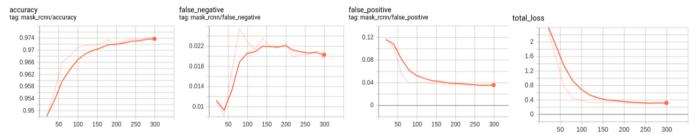


Fig 1b: Tensorboard mask rcnn and total loss curves for the COCOinit model

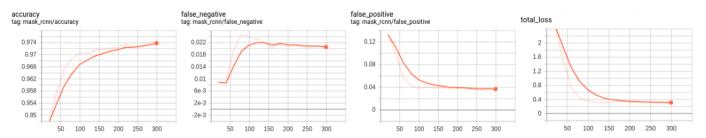


Fig 1b: Tensorboard mask\_rcnn and total\_loss curves for the INinit model

#### 4. VISUALIZATIONS OF PREDICTIONS

These are visualizations of the prediction of the trained models of COCOinit and INinit on the validation dataset.

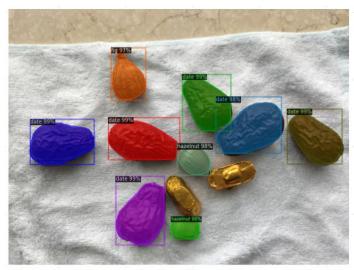


Fig 2a: Prediction visualization of Image 4 in the validation set on the COCOinit Model



Fig 2b: Prediction visualization of Image 4 in the validation set on the INinit Model



Fig 2c: Prediction visualization of Image 5 in the validation set on the COCOinit Model

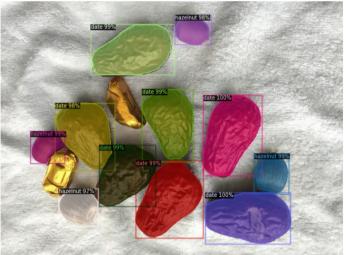


Fig 2d: Prediction visualization of Image 5 in the validation set on the INinit Model

# 5. EVALUATION

The tables below showed the evaluation metrics of the COCO api for both COCOinit and INinit models respectively. Comparing the evaluated average precision for box and segmentation per-category indicates that INinit model performed best with reported overall of 85.913 and 90.452 on both task which due to model complexity of the ImageNet on the dataset.

|          | Average Precision |                           |
|----------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Category | Per-Category Box  | Per-Category Segmentation |
| Date     | 84.364            | 95.157                    |
| Fig      | 78.416            | 88.886                    |
| Hazelnut | 81.457            | 90.017                    |

Table 1: Evaluation result of the COCOinit model

|   |          | Average Precision |                           |
|---|----------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Category | Per-Category Box  | Per-Category Segmentation |
|   | Date     | 90.452            | 96.271                    |
|   | Fig      | 82.673            | 91.386                    |
|   | Hazelnut | 84.613            | 91.624                    |

Table 2: Evaluation result of the INinit model

# 6. REFERENCES

- Georgia Gkioxari, Advanced Course in Computer Vision, AMMI Rwanda/Ghana, 2020
- Justin Johnson, Deep Learning for Computer Vision | Object Detection and Segmentation, University of Michigan, USA, 2019
- <a href="https://github.com/facebookresearch/Detectron">https://github.com/facebookresearch/Detectron</a>
- https://github.com/Tony607
- $\underline{https://github.com/gkioxari/aims2020\_visual recognition/releases/download/v1.0/nuts.zip}\\$