

4.8.7

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{yes}}(x) &= \Pr(X | Y = \text{yes}) \\ f_{\text{no}}(x) &= \Pr(X | Y = \text{no}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{X} = 10$$

$$\bar{X} = 6$$

$$\text{var } \sigma^2 = 36$$

$$x=4$$

$$\Pr(Y = \text{yes} | X = 4)$$

~~Bayes~~ Bayes' Theorem:
$$p_k(x) = \frac{\pi_k f_k(x)}{\sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k f_k(x)}$$

$$p_{\text{yes}}(x) = \frac{\pi_{\text{yes}} f_{\text{yes}}(x)}{\sum_{k=1}^2 \pi_k f_k(x)} = \frac{\pi_{\text{yes}} f_{\text{yes}}(x)}{\pi_{\text{yes}} f_{\text{yes}}(x) + \pi_{\text{no}} f_{\text{no}}(x)}$$

$$p_{\text{yes}}(4) = \frac{\pi_{\text{yes}} f_{\text{yes}}(4)}{\pi_{\text{yes}} f_{\text{yes}}(4) + \pi_{\text{no}} f_{\text{no}}(4)}$$

$$= 0.8 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot 36}} e^{-(4-10)^2/2 \cdot 36} \right)$$

$$\frac{0.8 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot 36}} e^{-(4-10)^2/2 \cdot 36}}{0.8 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot 36}} e^{-(4-10)^2/2 \cdot 36} + 0.2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot 36}} e^{-(4-6)^2/2 \cdot 36}}$$

$$= 0.8 \cdot e^{-4/7.2} = 0.8 \cdot 0.945959$$

$$= 0.756771$$