Control	
CTRL-c	Cancel running command
CTRL-d	Destroy running command
CTRL-r	Back-search previous commands (CTRL-r again to cycle backwards through matches)
CTRL-u	Clear current line
CTRL-I	Clear current window
CTRL-a	Start of current line
CTRL-e	End of current line
META-f	Move forward a word
META-b	Move backwards a word
META	Last element of previous command
META-?	Show possible completions
META-h	View man page of current command *ZSH only*
META-q	Clear current line, but return it after running next command *ZSH only*

Standard files	
0	stdin
1	stdout
2	stderr

Dev files	
/dev/null	Ignores all input (sink)
/dev/random	Stream of random bytes (can block)
/dev/urandom	Stream of random bytes (non-blocking)

Processes	
CMD &	Send cmd to background
jobs	Show all running processes
fg [%INT]	Bring last used [number] process to the foreground

Redirects	
CMD < FILE	Send file to stdin of cmd
CMD << HERE-DOC	Send here-doc to stdin of cmd
CMD <<< HERE-STRING	Send here-string to stdin of cmd
CMD > FILE	Send stdout of cmd to file
CMD &> FILE	Send both stdout and stderr of cmd to file
CMD >> FILE	Append stdout of cmd to file
CMD1   CMD2	Pipe stdout of cmd1 to stdin of cmd2

Basic utility	
man CMD	View manual for cmd
whoami	Print current user
pwd	Print working directory
cd [PATH]	Change directory to home [directory specified]
Is [-hal]	List contents of current directory [inc. hidden, in human-readable list format]
file FILE	Describe file contents
which NAME	Show alias or location
mkdir [-p PATH]	Makes directory [including any intermediates required]
mktemp [-d]	Make a temporary file [directory] and print name
yes	Print "yes" forever

Networking	
127.0.0.1	localhost
ssh [-p PORT] [-i KEYFILE] USER@SERVER	ssh into server
nmap -p RANGE HOST	Scan portsp- to scan all ports.
nc [-I] HOST PORT	Connect to host [listen for connections]
openssl s_client -connect HOST:PORT [-ign-eof]	Connect via ssl [non-interactively]
curl [-s] [-o FILE] [-w FORMAT] "HOST" OPTIONS	Transfer a url [without showing progress] [outputting to file] [writing formatted output to stdout]

grep	
grep REGEX [FILE]	Search for pattern [in file] and print matching lines
-f FILE	Get patterns from file
-i	Case-insensitve
-V	Invert match
-с	Return count of matches
-0	Print only the matched parts of a matching line

jq	
jq FLAGS "COMMANDS"	Work with JSON
setpath(KEY:VALUE)	Add value at key
FIELD=VALUE	Update value of field
keys[_unsorted]	Get keys [unsorted]
map()	Get only values
@csv	Convert to csv (must be values-only)
CMD1   CMD2	Chain commands
-M	Monochrome output
-C	Concise output (one line per object)
-r	Raw output

Other text	
cat FILE	Print contents of file
less FILE	View contents of file
sort FILE	Sort lines
uniq [-c]	Filter unique lines [count how many of each] (must be sorted)
sed -e 's/PATTERN/ REPLACEMENT/g'	Replace all occurrences of pattern with replacement
ent -c FILE	Print the number of occurrences of each byte in, and entropy of file *NON-STANDARD*

Numbers	
base64 [-D] FILE	Encode to [decode from] base64
xxd [-r] FILE	Create [reverse] hexdump
xxd -b FILE	Create binary dump

Scripts		
#!/bin/bash	Shebang. Ensures script runs in bash. Should be first line.	
while BOOLEAN; do done	While loop	
if BOOLEAN; then elif BOOLEAN; then else fi	If statement	
[]	Evaluates statement as a boolean expression. Alias for test	
{AZ}	Expands to run command with each character/ number in range. A and Z can be anything	
exit INT	End the script. 0 for success	
\$0	The script	
\$#	The number of arguments	
\$?	Exit code of previous command	
\${VAR}	Parameter substitution. Same as \$VAR, but unambiguous. Can take a variety of special characters inside the brackets to manipulate or expand variables	
\${#VAR}	Length of VAR (example of parameter substitution)	
set -e	Exit immediately is a command returns a non-zero exit code	
set -x [+x]	Print commands and their output [stop printing]	
shellcheck [-x] SCRIPT	Check script for syntax errors etc [following external sources] *NON- STANDARD*	
trap CMD SIGNAL	Run cmd when signal is received	
command -v CMD > /dev/ null	Check if cmd exists *take care to check that running command w/o arguments won't have an effect	