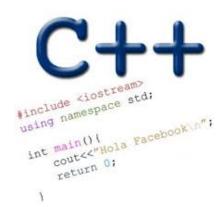
## FLOATS, MORE LOOPS

Problem Solving with Computers-I





#### Checking in

- Have you met your mentor? A. Yes B. No
- Pair programming how is that going?

#### Clickers out – frequency AB

### How is the pace of the class?

- A. Too fast
- B. Fast, but I am able to catch up once I do the labs
- C. Slow
- D. Too slow
- E. Its fine for me

#### Which of the following mediums work best for you

- A. Live coding concrete examples and games
- B. Chalk board illustrations
- C. Slides
- D. A&B
- E. A&C

#### Anonymous feedback

You may provide anonymous feedback to us by completing this form:

https://goo.gl/forms/pFbdMS1GWMd1og433

#### C++ types in expressions

```
int i =10;
double sum = 1/i;
```

What is printed by the above code?

- A. 0
- B. 0.1
- C. 1
- D. None of the above

#### Setting up output when printing doubles

```
See pages 91 and 190 of textbook
int i = 10;
double j = 1/static_cast<double>(i);
cout.setf(ios::fixed);  // Using a fixed point representation
cout.setf(ios::showpoint); //Show the decimal point
cout.precision(3);
cout<<j;</pre>
What is printed by the above code?
A. 0
B. 0.1
C. 0.10
D. 0.100
F None of the above
```

# Write a program that calculates the series: 1+ 1/2+ 1/3+ ....1/n, where `n` is specified by the user

Sample run of the program:

```
./sumSeries 2
Sum of the first 2 terms is: 1.500
```

#### Nested for loops – ASCII art!

Write a program that draws a square of a given width

#### Draw a triangle

```
Which line of the drawSquare code
(show on the right) would you modify
to draw a right angled triangle
 ./drawTriangle
Enter the width of the triangle: 5
```

```
5 void drawTriangle(n){
    for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){ //A
       for(int i=0; i < n; i++){ //B
8
          cout<<"* "; //C
9
10
       cout<<endl;
                       //D
11
12
     cout<<endl;
                      //E
13
14 }
```

#### Infinite loops

```
for (int y=0; y<10; y--)
     cout<<"Print forever\n";</pre>
int y=0;
for(;;y++)
    cout<<"Print forever\n";</pre>
int y=0;
for(;y<10;);
    y++;
int y=0;
while (y<10)
     cout<<"Print forever\n";</pre>
int y=0;
while (y=2)
     y++;
```

#### Next time

- C++ functions and function call mechanics
- Passing parameters to programs